




The Graphics Pipeline



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What is the Vulkan Graphics Pipeline?




Don't worry if this is too small to read – a larger version is coming up.

There is also a Vulkan Compute Pipeline – we will get to that later.

Here's what you need to know:

- The Vulkan Graphics Pipeline is like what OpenGL would call "The State", or "The Context". It is a **data structure**.
- The Vulkan Graphics Pipeline is *not* the processes that OpenGL would call "the graphics pipeline".
- For the most part, the Vulkan Graphics Pipeline is meant to be immutable – that is, once this combination of state variables is combined into a Pipeline, that Pipeline never gets changed. To make new combinations of state variables, create a new Graphics Pipelines.
- The shaders get compiled the rest of the way when their Graphics Pipeline gets created.



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Graphics Pipeline Stages and what goes into Them

The GPU and Driver specify the Pipeline Stages – the Vulkan Graphics Pipeline declares what goes in them

Vertex Shader module Specialization info Vertex Input binding Vertex Input attributes	↓	Vertex Input Stage
Topology	↓	Input Assembly
Tessellation Shaders, Geometry Shader	↓	Tessellation, Geometry Shaders
Viewport Scissoring	↓	Viewport
Depth Clamping DiscardEnable PolygonMode CullMode FrontFace LineWidth	↓	Rasterization
Which states are dynamic	↓	Dynamic State
DepthTestEnable DepthWriteEnable DepthCompareOp StencilTestEnable	↓	Depth/Stencil
Fragment Shader module Specialization info	↓	Fragment Shader Stage
Color Blending parameters	↓	Color Blending Stage

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The First Step: Create the Graphics Pipeline Layout

The Graphics Pipeline Layout is fairly static. Only the layout of the Descriptor Sets and information on the Push Constants need to be supplied.


```

VkResult
Init14GraphicsPipelineLayout( )
{
    VkResult result;

    VkPipelineLayoutCreateInfo
    vplci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_LAYOUT_CREATE_INFO;
    vplci.pNext = nullptr;
    vplci.flags = 0;
    vplci.setLayoutCount = 4;
    vplci.pSetLayouts = &DescriptorSetLayouts[0];
    vplci.pushConstantRangeCount = 0;
    vplci.pushConstantRanges = (VkPushConstantRange *)nullptr;

    result = vkCreatePipelineLayout( LogicalDevice, IN &vplci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &GraphicsPipelineLayout );
    return result;
}
    
```

Let the Pipeline Layout know about the Descriptor Set and Push Constant layouts.




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Vulkan: A Pipeline Records the Following Items:

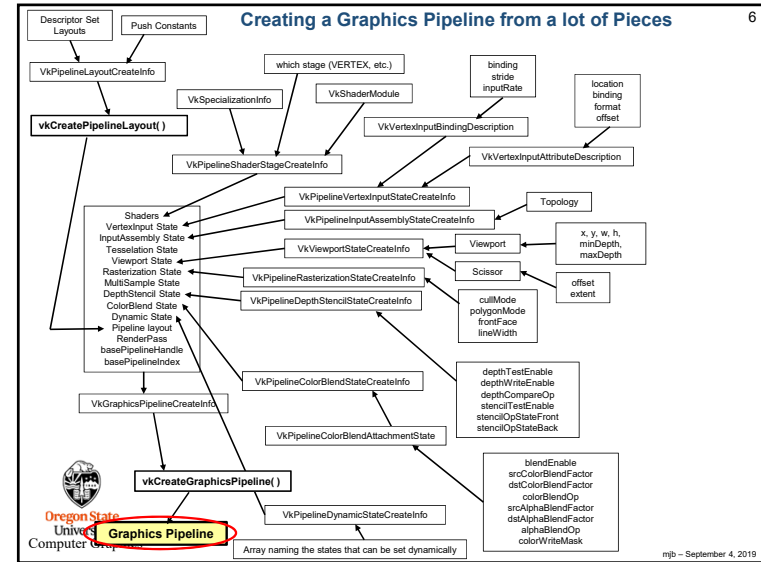
- Pipeline Layout: DescriptorSets, PushConstants
- Which Shaders are going to be used
- Per-vertex input attributes: location, binding, format, offset
- Per-vertex input bindings: binding, stride, inputRate
- Assembly: topology
- **Viewport**: x, y, w, h, minDepth, maxDepth
- **Scissoring**: x, y, w, h
- Rasterization: cullMode, polygonMode, frontFace, **lineWidth**
- Depth: depthTestEnable, depthWriteEnable, depthCompareOp
- Stencil: stencilTestEnable, stencilOpStateFront, stencilOpStateBack
- Blending: blendEnable, **srcColorBlendFactor**, **dstColorBlendFactor**, colorBlendOp, **srcAlphaBlendFactor**, **dstAlphaBlendFactor**, alphaBlendOp, colorWriteMask
- DynamicState: which states can be set dynamically (bound to the command buffer, outside the Pipeline)

Bold/Italics indicates that this state item can also be set with Dynamic Variables



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Creating a Typical Graphics Pipeline

```

VkResult
Init14GraphicsVertexFragmentPipeline( VkShaderModule vertexShader, VkShaderModule fragmentShader,
                                     VkPrimitiveTopology topology, OUT VkPipeline *pGraphicsPipeline )
{
    #ifdef ASSUMPTIONS
        vwid[0].inputRate = VK_VERTEX_INPUT_RATE_VERTEX;
        vprsci.depthClampEnable = VK_FALSE;
        vprsci.rasterizerDiscardEnable = VK_FALSE;
        vprsci.polygonMode = VK_POLYGON_MODE_FILL;
        vprsci.cullMode = VK_CULL_MODE_NONE; // best to do this because of the projectionMatrix[1][1] != -1.;
        vprsci.frontFace = VK_FRONT_FACE_COUNTER_CLOCKWISE;
        vprsci.rasterizationSamples = VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_ONE_BIT;
        vpcbas.blendEnable = VK_FALSE;
        vpcbsci.logicOpEnable = VK_FALSE;
        vpdssci.depthTestEnable = VK_TRUE;
        vpdssci.depthWriteEnable = VK_TRUE;
        vpdssci.depthCompareOp = VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS;
    #endif
    ...
    
```

These settings seem pretty typical to me. Let's write a simplified Pipeline-creator that accepts Vertex and Fragment shader modules and the topology, and always uses the settings in red above.



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Link in the Shaders

```

VkPipelineShaderStageCreateInfo
vpssci[0].sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_SHADER_STAGE_CREATE_INFO;
vpssci[0].pNext = nullptr;
vpssci[0].flags = 0;
vpssci[0].stage = VK_SHADER_STAGE_VERTEX_BIT;
vpssci[0].module = vertexShader;
vpssci[0].pName = "main";
vpssci[0].pSpecializationInfo = (VkSpecializationInfo *)nullptr;

#ifdef BITS
VK_SHADER_STAGE_VERTEX_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_TESSELLATION_CONTROL_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_GEOMETRY_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_FRAGMENT_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_COMPUTE_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_ALL_GRAPHICS
VK_SHADER_STAGE_ALL
#endif


vpssci[1].sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_SHADER_STAGE_CREATE_INFO;
vpssci[1].pNext = nullptr;
vpssci[1].flags = 0;
vpssci[1].stage = VK_SHADER_STAGE_FRAGMENT_BIT;
vpssci[1].module = fragmentShader;
vpssci[1].pName = "main";
vpssci[1].pSpecializationInfo = (VkSpecializationInfo *)nullptr;

VkVertexInputBindingDescription
vwid[0].binding = 0; // which binding # this is
vwid[0].stride = sizeof( struct vertex ); // bytes between successive
vwid[0].inputRate = VK_VERTEX_INPUT_RATE_VERTEX;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_VERTEX_INPUT_RATE_VERTEX
VK_VERTEX_INPUT_RATE_INSTANCE
#endif
    
```

Use one **vpssci** array member per shader module you are using

Use one **vwid** array member per vertex input array-of-structures you are using



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Link in the Per-Vertex Attributes

```

VkVertexInputAttributeDescription  vviad[4]; // an array containing one of these per vertex attribute in all bindings
// 4 = vertex, normal, color, texture coord
// viad[0].location = 0; // location in the layout
// viad[0].binding = 0; // which binding description this is part of
// viad[0].format = VK_FORMAT_VEC3; // x, y, z
// viad[0].offset = offsetof( struct vertex, position ); // 0
#endif EXTRAS_DEFINED_AT_THE_TOP
// these are here for convenience and readability:
#define VK_FORMAT_VEC4 VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32A32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_XYZW VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32A32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_VEC3 VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_STP VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_XYZ VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_VEC2 VK_FORMAT_R32G32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_ST VK_FORMAT_R32G32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_XY VK_FORMAT_R32G32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_FLOAT VK_FORMAT_R32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_S VK_FORMAT_R32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_X VK_FORMAT_R32_SFLOAT
#endif

vviad[1].location = 1;
vviad[1].binding = 0;
vviad[1].format = VK_FORMAT_VEC3; // nx, ny, nz
vviad[1].offset = offsetof( struct vertex, normal ); // 12

vviad[2].location = 2;
vviad[2].binding = 0;
vviad[2].format = VK_FORMAT_VEC3; // r, g, b
vviad[2].offset = offsetof( struct vertex, color ); // 24

vviad[3].location = 3;
vviad[3].binding = 0;
vviad[3].format = VK_FORMAT_VEC2; // s, t
vviad[3].offset = offsetof( struct vertex, texCoord ); // 36
    
```

Use one **vviad** array member per element in the struct for the array-of-structures element you are using as vertex input

These are defined at the top of the sample code so that you don't need to use confusing image-looking formats for positions, normals, and tex coords

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```

VkPipelineVertexInputStateCreateInfo vpiasci; // used to describe the input vertex attributes
vpiasci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_VERTEX_INPUT_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpiasci.pNext = nullptr;
vpiasci.flags = 0;
vpiasci.vertexBindingDescriptionCount = 1;
vpiasci.pVertexBindingDescriptions = vviad;
vpiasci.vertexAttributeDescriptionCount = 4;
vpiasci.pVertexAttributeDescriptions = vviad;

VkPipelineInputAssemblyStateCreateInfo vpiasci;
vpiasci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_INPUT_ASSEMBLY_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpiasci.pNext = nullptr;
vpiasci.flags = 0;
vpiasci.topology = VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_LIST;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_POINT_LIST
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_LIST
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_LIST
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_STRIP
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_STRIP
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_FAN
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_LIST_WITH_ADJACENCY
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_STRIP_WITH_ADJACENCY
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_LIST_WITH_ADJACENCY
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_STRIP_WITH_ADJACENCY
#endif
vpiasci.primitiveRestartEnable = VK_FALSE;

VkPipelineTessellationStateCreateInfo vtpsc;
vtpsc.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_TESSELLATION_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vtpsc.pNext = nullptr;
vtpsc.flags = 0;
vtpsc.patchControlPoints = 0; // number of patch control points

// VkPipelineGeometryStateCreateInfo vpgsci;
// vpgsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_TESSELLATION_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
// vpgsci.pNext = nullptr;
// vpgsci.flags = 0;
    
```

Declare the binding descriptions and attribute descriptions

Declare the vertex topology

Tessellation Shader info

Geometry Shader info

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Options for vpiasci.topology

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_POINT_LIST

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_LIST

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_LIST

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_STRIP

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_STRIP

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_FAN

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What is "Primitive Restart Enable"?

vpiasci.primitiveRestartEnable = VK_FALSE;

"Restart Enable" is used with:

- Indexed drawing.
- Triangle Fan and *Strip topologies

If vpiasci.primitiveRestartEnable is VK_TRUE, then a special "index" indicates that the primitive should start over. This is more efficient than explicitly ending the current primitive and explicitly starting a new primitive of the same type.

```

typedef enum VkIndexType
{
    VK_INDEX_TYPE_UINT16 = 0, // 0 - 65,535
    VK_INDEX_TYPE_UINT32 = 1, // 0 - 4,294,967,295
} VkIndexType;
    
```

If your VkIndexType is VK_INDEX_TYPE_UINT16, then the special index is 0xffff.
 If your VkIndexType is VK_INDEX_TYPE_UINT32, it is 0xffffffff.

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One Really Good use of Restart Enable is in Drawing Terrain Surfaces with Triangle Strips

Triangle Strip #0:
Triangle Strip #1:
Triangle Strip #2:
...

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```

VkViewport
vv.x = 0;
vv.y = 0;
vv.width = (float)Width;
vv.height = (float)Height;
vv.minDepth = 0.0f;
vv.maxDepth = 1.0f;

VkRect2D
vr.offset.x = 0;
vr.offset.y = 0;
vr.extent.width = Width;
vr.extent.height = Height;

VkPipelineViewportStateCreateInfo vpvsci;
vpvsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_VIEWPORT_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpvsci.pNext = nullptr;
vpvsci.flags = 0;
vpvsci.viewportCount = 4;
vpvsci.pViewports = &vv;
vpvsci.scissorCount = 1;
vpvsci.pScissors = &vr;
    
```

Declare the viewport information

Declare the scissoring information

Group the viewport and scissor information together

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What is the Difference Between Changing the Viewport and Changing the Scissoring?

Viewport:
Viewporting operates on **vertices** and takes place right before the rasterizer. Changing the vertical part of the **viewport** causes the entire scene to get scaled (scrunched) into the viewport area.

Original Image

Scissoring:
Scissoring operates on **fragments** and takes place right after the rasterizer. Changing the vertical part of the **scissor** causes the entire scene to get clipped where it falls outside the scissor area.

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Setting the Rasterizer State

```

VkPipelineRasterizationStateCreateInfo vprsci;
vprsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_RASTERIZATION_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vprsci.pNext = nullptr;
vprsci.flags = 0;
vprsci.depthClampEnable = VK_FALSE;
vprsci.rasterizerDiscardEnable = VK_FALSE;
vprsci.polygonMode = VK_POLYGON_MODE_FILL;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_POLYGON_MODE_FILL
VK_POLYGON_MODE_LINE
VK_POLYGON_MODE_POINT
#endif
vprsci.cullMode = VK_CULL_MODE_NONE; // recommend this because of the projMatrix[1][1] != -1;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_CULL_MODE_NONE
VK_CULL_MODE_FRONT_BIT
VK_CULL_MODE_BACK_BIT
VK_CULL_MODE_FRONT_AND_BACK_BIT
#endif
vprsci.frontFace = VK_FRONT_FACE_COUNTER_CLOCKWISE;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_FRONT_FACE_COUNTER_CLOCKWISE
VK_FRONT_FACE_CLOCKWISE
#endif
vprsci.depthBiasEnable = VK_FALSE;
vprsci.depthBiasConstantFactor = 0.f;
vprsci.depthBiasClamp = 0.f;
vprsci.depthBiasSlopeFactor = 0.f;
vprsci.lineWidth = 1.f;
    
```

Declare information about how the rasterization will take place

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What is "Depth Clamp Enable"?

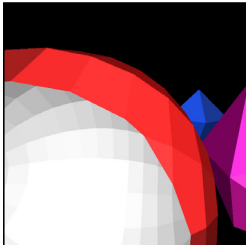
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```
vprsci.depthClampEnable = VK_FALSE;
```

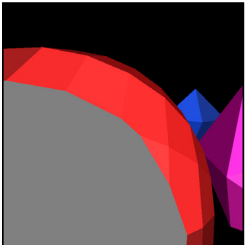
Depth Clamp Enable causes the fragments that would normally have been discarded because they are closer to the viewer than the near clipping plane to instead get projected to the near clipping plane and displayed.


A good use for this is **Polygon Capping**:

The front of the polygon is clipped, revealing to the viewer that this is really a shell, not a solid



The gray area shows what would happen with depthClampEnable (except it would have been red).





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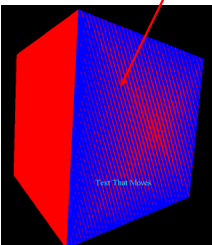
What is "Depth Bias Enable"?


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```
vprsci.depthBiasEnable = VK_FALSE;
vprsci.depthBiasConstantFactor = 0.f;
vprsci.depthBiasClamp = 0.f;
vprsci.depthBiasSlopeFactor = 0.f;
```

Depth Bias Enable allows scaling and translation of the Z-depth values as they come through the rasterizer to avoid Z-fighting.

Z-fighting






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MultiSampling State

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```
VkPipelineMultisampleStateCreateInfo
vpmsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_MULTISAMPLE_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpmsci.pNext = nullptr;
vpmsci.flags = 0;
vpmsci.rasterizationSamples = VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_1_BIT;
vpmsci.sampleShadingEnable = VK_FALSE;
vpmsci.minSampleShading = 0;
vpmsci.pSampleMask = (VkSampleMask *) nullptr;
vpmsci.alphaToCoverageEnable = VK_FALSE;
vpmsci.alphaToOneEnable = VK_FALSE;
```

Declare information about how the multisampling will take place



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Color Blending State for each Color Attachment

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Create an array with one of these for each color buffer attachment.
Each color buffer attachment can use different blending operations.

```
VkPipelineColorBlendAttachmentState
vpcbas.blendEnable = VK_FALSE;
vpcbas.srcColorBlendFactor = VK_BLEND_FACTOR_SRC_COLOR;
vpcbas.dstColorBlendFactor = VK_BLEND_FACTOR_ONE_MINUS_SRC_COLOR;
vpcbas.colorBlendOp = VK_BLEND_OP_ADD;
vpcbas.srcAlphaBlendFactor = VK_BLEND_FACTOR_ONE;
vpcbas.dstAlphaBlendFactor = VK_BLEND_FACTOR_ZERO;
vpcbas.alphaBlendOp = VK_BLEND_OP_ADD;
vpcbas.colorWriteMask =
    VK_COLOR_COMPONENT_R_BIT
    | VK_COLOR_COMPONENT_G_BIT
    | VK_COLOR_COMPONENT_B_BIT
    | VK_COLOR_COMPONENT_A_BIT;
```

This controls blending between the output of each color attachment and its image memory.



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Color Blending State for each Color Attachment

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```

VkPipelineColorBlendStateCreateInfo
vpbcsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_COLOR_BLEND_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpbcsci.pNext = nullptr;
vpbcsci.flags = 0;
vpbcsci.logicOpEnable = VK_FALSE;
vpbcsci.logicOp = VK_LOGIC_OP_COPY;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_LOGIC_OP_CLEAR
VK_LOGIC_OP_AND
VK_LOGIC_OP_AND_REVERSE
VK_LOGIC_OP_COPY
VK_LOGIC_OP_AND_INVERTED
VK_LOGIC_OP_AND_OP
VK_LOGIC_OP_OR
VK_LOGIC_OP_OR_REVERSE
VK_LOGIC_OP_OR_INVERTED
VK_LOGIC_OP_NAND
VK_LOGIC_OP_SET
#endif

vpbcsci.attachmentCount = 1;
vpbcsci.pAttachments = &vpbcas;
vpbcsci.blendConstants[0] = 0;
vpbcsci.blendConstants[1] = 0;
vpbcsci.blendConstants[2] = 0;
vpbcsci.blendConstants[3] = 0;
    
```

This controls blending between the output of the fragment shader and the input to the color attachments.

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Which Pipeline Variables can be Set Dynamically

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```

VkDynamicState
#ifdef CHOICES
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_VIEWPORT
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_SCISSOR
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_LINE_WIDTH
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_DEPTH_BIAS
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_BLEND_CONSTANTS
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_DEPTH_BOUNDS
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_STENCIL_COMPARE_MASK
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_STENCIL_WRITE_MASK
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_STENCIL_REFERENCE
#endif

VkPipelineDynamicStateCreateInfo
vpdsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_DYNAMIC_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpdsci.pNext = nullptr;
vpdsci.flags = 0;
vpdsci.dynamicStateCount = 0; // leave turned off for now
vpdsci.pDynamicStates = vds;
    
```

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Stencil Operations for Front and Back Faces

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```

VkStencilOpState
vsosf.depthFailOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP; // what to do if depth operation fails
vsosf.failOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP; // what to do if stencil operation fails
vsosf.passOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP; // what to do if stencil operation succeeds

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP // keep the stencil value as it is
VK_STENCIL_OP_ZERO // set stencil value to 0
VK_STENCIL_OP_REPLACE // replace stencil value with the reference value
VK_STENCIL_OP_INCREMENT_AND_CLAMP // increment stencil value
VK_STENCIL_OP_DECREMENT_AND_CLAMP // decrement stencil value
VK_STENCIL_OP_INVERT // bit-invert stencil value
VK_STENCIL_OP_INCREMENT_AND_WRAP // increment stencil value
VK_STENCIL_OP_DECREMENT_AND_WRAP // decrement stencil value
#endif

vsosf.compareOp = VK_COMPARE_OP_NEVER;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_COMPARE_OP_NEVER // never succeeds
VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS // succeeds if stencil value is < the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_EQUAL // succeeds if stencil value == the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS_OR_EQUAL // succeeds if stencil value is <= the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_GREATER // succeeds if stencil value is > the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_NOT_EQUAL // succeeds if stencil value != the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_GREATER_OR_EQUAL // succeeds if stencil value is >= the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_ALWAYS // always succeeds
#endif

vsosf.compareMask = -0;
vsosf.writeMask = -0;
vsosf.reference = 0;

VkStencilOpState
vsosb.depthFailOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP;
vsosb.failOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP;
vsosb.passOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP;
vsosb.compareOp = VK_COMPARE_OP_NEVER;
vsosb.compareMask = -0;
vsosb.writeMask = -0;
vsosb.reference = 0;
    
```

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Uses for Stencil Operations

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Magic Lenses

Polygon edges without Z-fighting

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Operations for Depth Values

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```

VkPipelineDepthStencilStateCreateInfo
  vpdssci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_DEPTH_STENCIL_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
  vpdssci.pNext = nullptr;
  vpdssci.flags = 0;
  vpdssci.depthTestEnable = VK_TRUE;
  vpdssci.depthWriteEnable = VK_TRUE;
  vpdssci.depthCompareOp = VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS;
  VK_COMPARE_OP_NEVER          -- never succeeds
  VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS          -- succeeds if new depth value is < the existing value
  VK_COMPARE_OP_EQUAL         -- succeeds if new depth value is == the existing value
  VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS_OR_EQUAL -- succeeds if new depth value is <= the existing value
  VK_COMPARE_OP_GREATER       -- succeeds if new depth value is > the existing value
  VK_COMPARE_OP_NOT_EQUAL     -- succeeds if new depth value is != the existing value
  VK_COMPARE_OP_GREATER_OR_EQUAL -- succeeds if new depth value is >= the existing value
  VK_COMPARE_OP_ALWAYS        -- always succeeds
#endif
  vpdssci.depthBoundsTestEnable = VK_FALSE;
  vpdssci.front = vsosf;
  vpdssci.back = vsosb;
  vpdssci.minDepthBounds = 0.;
  vpdssci.maxDepthBounds = 1.;
  vpdssci.stencilTestEnable = VK_FALSE;
    
```

vpdssci



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Putting it all Together! (finally...)

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```


VkGraphicsPipelineCreateInfo
  vgpcci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_GRAPHICS_PIPELINE_CREATE_INFO;
  vgpcci.pNext = nullptr;
  vgpcci.flags = 0;
# ifdef CHOICES
  VK_PIPELINE_CREATE_DISABLE_OPTIMIZATION_BIT
  VK_PIPELINE_CREATE_ALLOW_DERIVATIVES_BIT
  VK_PIPELINE_CREATE_DERIVATIVE_BIT
# endif
  vgpcci.stageCount = 2; // number of stages in this pipeline
  vgpcci.pStages = vpsvsci;
  vgpcci.pVertexInputState = &vpvsci;
  vgpcci.pInputAssemblyState = &vpiasci;
  vgpcci.pTessellationState = (VkPipelineTessellationStateCreateInfo *) nullptr;
  vgpcci.pViewportState = &vpvsci;
  vgpcci.pRasterizationState = &vprsci;
  vgpcci.pMultisampleState = &vpmsci;
  vgpcci.pDepthStencilState = &vpdssci;
  vgpcci.pColorBlendState = &vpbcsci;
  vgpcci.pDynamicState = &vpdsci;
  vgpcci.layout = IN GraphicsPipelineLayout;
  vgpcci.renderPass = IN RenderPass;
  vgpcci.subpass = 0; // subpass number
  vgpcci.basePipelineHandle = (VkPipeline) VK_NULL_HANDLE;
  vgpcci.basePipelineIndex = 0;

  result = vkCreateGraphicsPipelines( LogicalDevice, VK_NULL_HANDLE, 1, IN &vgpcci,
    PALLOCATOR, OUT pGraphicsPipeline );

  return result;
    
```

vgpcci

Group all of the individual state information and create the pipeline




mjb - September 4, 2019

Later on, we will Bind the Graphics Pipeline to the Command Buffer when Drawing

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```

vkCmdBindPipeline( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex],
  VK_PIPELINE_BIND_POINT_GRAPHICS, GraphicsPipeline );
    
```



mjb - September 4, 2019