The Swap Chain

Vulkan does not use the idea of a “back buffer”. So, we need a place to render into before moving an image into place for viewing. This is called the Swap Chain.

In essence, the Swap Chain manages one or more image objects that form a sequence of images that can be drawn into and then given to the Surface to be presented to the user for viewing.

Swap Chains are tightly coupled to the window system. After creating the Swap Chain in the first place, the process for using the Swap Chain is:

1. Ask the Swap Chain for an image
2. Render into it via the Command Buffer and a Queue
3. Return the image to the Swap Chain for presentation
4. Present the image to the viewer (“front buffer”)

What is a Swap Chain?

Because it has the word “chain” in it, let’s try to visualize the Swap Chain as a physical chain. A bicycle chain isn’t far off. A bicycle chain goes around and around, each section of the chain taking its turn on the gear teeth, off the gear teeth, on, off, on, off, etc.

Because the Swap Chain is actually a ring buffer, the images in a Swap Chain go around and around too, each image taking its turn being drawn into, being presented, drawn into, being presented etc.

In the same way that bicycle chain links are “re-used”, Swap Chain images get re-used too.

We Need to Find Out What our Display Capabilities Are

```cpp
VkSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR vsc;
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, OUT &vsc );
VkExtent2D surfaceRes = vsc.currentExtent;
fprintf( FpDebug, "vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR:
" );
VkBool32 supported;
result = vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceSupportKHR( PhysicalDevice, FindQueueFamilyThatDoesGraphics( ), Surface, &supported );
if( supported == VK_TRUE )
  fprintf( FpDebug, "** This Surface is supported by the Graphics Queue **
" );
uint32_t formatCount;
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceFormatsKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, &formatCount, (VkSurfaceFormatKHR *) nullptr );
VkSurfaceFormatKHR * surfaceFormats = new VkSurfaceFormatKHR[ formatCount ];
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceFormatsKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, &formatCount, surfaceFormats );
fprintf( FpDebug, "Found %d Surface Formats:
" );
uint32_t presentModeCount;
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfacePresentModesKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, &presentModeCount, (VkPresentModeKHR *) nullptr );
VkPresentModeKHR * presentModes = new VkPresentModeKHR[ presentModeCount ];
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfacePresentModesKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, &presentModeCount, presentModes );
fprintf( FpDebug, "Found %d Present Modes:
" );
```

We Need to Find Out What our Display Capabilities Are

Creating a Swap Chain

Rendering into the Swap Chain, I

Rendering into the Swap Chain, II
result = vkWaitForFences( LogicalDevice, 1, &renderFence, VK_TRUE, UINT64_MAX );

vpi.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PRESENT_INFO_KHR;
vpi.pNext = nullptr;
vpi.waitSemaphoreCount = 0;
vpi.pWaitSemaphores = (VkSemaphore *)nullptr;
vpi.swapchainCount = 1;
vpi.pSwapchains = &SwapChain;
vpi.pImageIndices = &nextImageIndex;
vpi.pResults = (VkResult *) nullptr;
result = vkQueuePresentKHR( presentQueue, IN &vpi );