

OpenCL Events

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OpenCL Events

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An event is an object that communicates the status of OpenCL commands

Read Buffer dC Execute Kernel Write Buffer dB Write Buffer dA Event

Whopp-a, whopp-a

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From the OpenCL Notes: 11. Enqueue the Kernel Object for Execution

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```
size_t globalWorkSize[ 3 ] = { NUM_ELEMENTS, 1, 1 };
size_t localWorkSize[ 3 ] = { LOCAL_SIZE, 1, 1 };

status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernel, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 0, NULL, NULL );
```

event that will be thrown when this kernel is finished executing

```
status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernel, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 0, NULL, NULL );
```

events to wait for before this kernel is allowed to execute event wait list

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Creating an Event

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event that will be thrown when this kernel is finished executing

```
cl_event waitKernelA, waitKernel B, waitKernelC;
```

status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel(cmdQueue, kernel, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 0, NULL, &waitKernelC);

event(s) to wait for before this kernel is allowed to execute

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Waiting for Events from Previously-Executed Kernels

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```
cl_event waitKernelA, waitKernel B, waitKernelC;

...
cl_event dependenciesAB[ 2 ];

dependenciesAB[ 0 ] = waitKernelA;
dependenciesAB[ 1 ] = waitKernelB;

status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernelC, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 2, dependenciesAB, NULL );
```

event that will be thrown when this kernel is finished executing

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Creating an Execution Graph Structure

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```
cl_event waitKernelA, waitKernel B, waitKernelC;

cl_event dependenciesAB[ 2 ];

dependenciesAB[ 0 ] = waitKernelA;
dependenciesAB[ 1 ] = waitKernelB;

status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernelC, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 2, dependenciesAB, &waitKernelC );
```

event that will be thrown when this kernel is finished executing

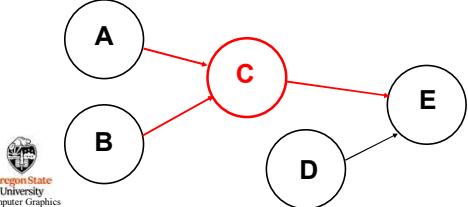
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Creating the Full Execution Graph Structure

```
cl_event waitKernelA, waitKernelB, waitKernelC, waitKernelD;
cl_event dependenciesAB[2];
dependenciesAB[0] = waitKernelA;
dependenciesAB[1] = waitKernelB;

cl_event dependenciesCD[2];
dependenciesCD[0] = waitKernelC;
dependenciesCD[1] = waitKernelD;

status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernelA, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 0, NULL, &waitKernelA );
status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernelB, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 0, NULL, &waitKernelB );
status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernelC, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 0, NULL, &waitKernelC );
status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernelD, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 0, NULL, &waitKernelD );
status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernelE, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 2, dependenciesCD, NULL );
```



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Waiting for One Event

```
cl_event waitKernelA, waitKernelB;
...
status = clEnqueueNDRangeKernel( cmdQueue, kernelC, 1, NULL, globalWorkSize, localWorkSize, 1, &waitKernelA );

```

event(s) to wait for



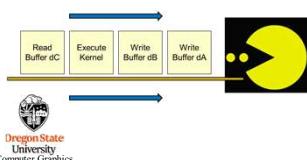
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Placing a Barrier in the Command Queue

```
status = clEnqueueBarrier( cmdQueue );
```

Note: this *cannot* throw its own event

This does not complete until all commands enqueued before it have completed.



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Placing an Event Marker in the Command Queue

```
cl_event waitMarker;
status = clEnqueueMarker( cmdQueue, &waitMarker );
```

Note: this *can* throw its own event

This does not complete until all commands enqueued before it have completed.

This is just like a barrier, but it can throw an event to be waited for.



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Waiting for Events Without Enqueuing Another Command

```
status = clWaitForEvents( 2, dependencies );
```

event(s) to wait for

This **blocks** until the specified events are thrown, so use it carefully!



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I Like Synchronizing Things This Way

```
// wait until all queued tasks have taken place:
void
Wait( cl_command_queue queue )
{
    cl_event wait;
    cl_int status;

    status = clEnqueueMarker( queue, &wait );
    if( status != CL_SUCCESS )
        fprintf( stderr, "Wait: clEnqueueMarker failed\n" );

    status = clWaitForEvents( 1, &wait ); // blocks until everything is done!
    if( status != CL_SUCCESS )
        fprintf( stderr, "Wait: clWaitForEvents failed\n" );
}
```

Call this before starting the timer, before ending the timer, and before retrieving data from an array computed in an OpenCL program.

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Getting Event Statuses Without Blocking

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CL_EVENT_COMMAND_QUEUE
CL_EVENT_CONTEXT
CL_EVENT_COMMAND_TYPE
CL_EVENT_COMMAND_EXECUTION_STATUS

Specify one of these

```
cl_int eventStatus;  
status = clGetEventInfo( waitKernelC, CL_EVENT_COMMAND_EXECUTION_STATUS, sizeof(cl_int),  
&eventStatus, NULL );
```

CL_EVENT_COMMAND_EXECUTION_STATUS
returns one of these
CL_QUEUED
CL_SUBMITTED
CL_RUNNING
CL_COMPLETE

cl_int is what type
CL_EVENT_COMMAND_EXECUTION_STATUS
returns

Note that this is a nice way to check on event statuses without blocking. Thus, you could put
this in a loop and go get some other work done in between calls.

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