




The Graphics Pipeline



Oregon State University
Mike Bailey
mjb@cs.oregonstate.edu



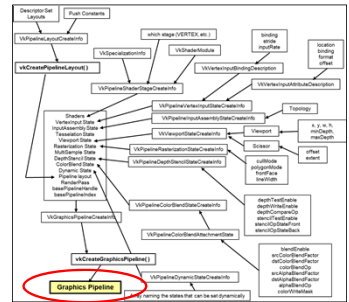
This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/)



Oregon State University
Computer Graphics

GraphicsPipeline.pptx
mjb - September 17, 2018

What is the Vulkan Graphics Pipeline?



Don't worry if this is too small to read – a larger version is coming up.

There is also a Vulkan Compute Pipeline – we will get to that later.

Here's what you need to know:

1. The Vulkan Graphics Pipeline is like what OpenGL would call "The State", or "The Context".
2. There's a lot that goes into it.
3. For the most part, the Graphics Pipeline is meant to be immutable – that is, once this combination of state variables is combined into a Pipeline, that Pipeline never gets changed. To make new combinations of state variables, create a new Graphics Pipelines.
4. The shaders get compiled the rest of the way when their Graphics Pipeline gets created.

Cont
2018

Graphics Pipeline Stages and what goes into Them

The GPU and Driver specify the Pipeline Stages – the Vulkan Graphics Pipeline declares what goes in them

Vertex Shader module
Specialization info
Vertex Input binding
Vertex Input attributes

→

Vertex Input Stage

↓

Topology

→

Input Assembly

↓

Tessellation Shaders, Geometry Shader

→

Tessellation, Geometry Shaders

↓

Viewport
Scissoring

→

Viewport

↓

Depth Clamping
DiscardEnable
PolygonMode
CullMode
FrontFace
LineWidth

→

Rasterization

↓

Which states are dynamic

→

Dynamic State

↓

DepthTestEnable
DepthWriteEnable
DepthCompareOp
StencilTestEnable

→

Depth/Stencil

↓

Fragment Shader module
Specialization info
Uniformity

→

Fragment Shader Stage

↓

Color Blending parameters

→

Color Blending Stage

Cont
mjb - September 17, 2018

The First Step: Create the Graphics Pipeline Layout

The Graphics Pipeline Layout is fairly static. Only the layout of the Descriptor Sets and information on the Push Constants need to be supplied.


```

VkResult
Init14GraphicsPipelineLayout( )
{
    VkResult result;

    VkPipelineLayoutCreateInfo vplci;
    vplci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_LAYOUT_CREATE_INFO;
    vplci.pNext = nullptr;
    vplci.flags = 0;
    vplci.setLayoutCount = 4;
    vplci.pSetLayouts = &DescriptorSetLayouts[0];
    vplci.pushConstantRangeCount = 0;
    vplci.pPushConstantRanges = (VkPushConstantRange *) nullptr;

    result = vkCreatePipelineLayout( LogicalDevice, IN &vplci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &GraphicsPipelineLayout );
    return result;
}
    
```


Let the Pipeline Layout know about the Descriptor Set and Push Constant layouts.


mjb - September 17, 2018

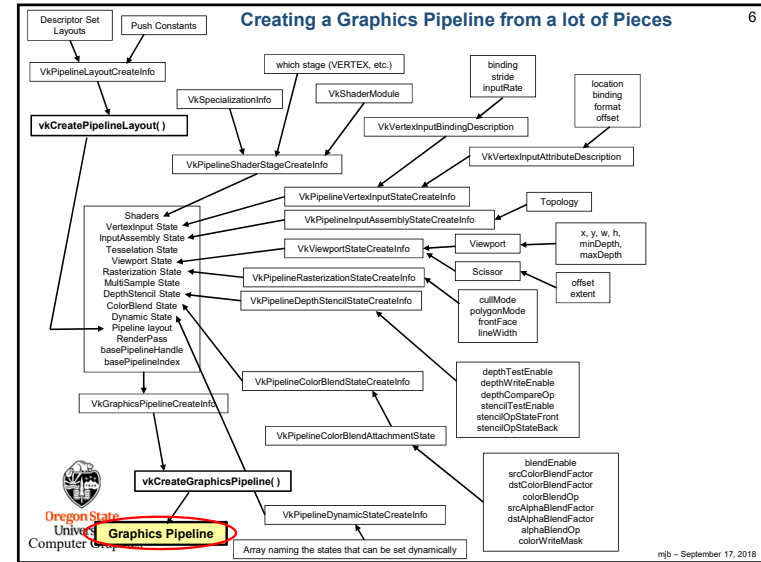
Vulkan: A Pipeline Records the Following Items:

- Pipeline Layout: DescriptorSets, PushConstants
- Which Shaders are going to be used
- Per-vertex input attributes: location, binding, format, offset
- Per-vertex input bindings: binding, stride, inputRate
- Assembly: topology
- **Viewport**: x, y, w, h, minDepth, maxDepth
- **Scissoring**: x, y, w, h
- Rasterization: cullMode, polygonMode, frontFace, **lineWidth**
- Depth: depthTestEnable, depthWriteEnable, depthCompareOp
- Stencil: stencilTestEnable, stencilOpStateFront, stencilOpStateBack
- Blending: blendEnable, **srcColorBlendFactor**, **dstColorBlendFactor**, colorBlendOp, **srcAlphaBlendFactor**, **dstAlphaBlendFactor**, alphaBlendOp, colorWriteMask
- DynamicState: which states can be set dynamically (bound to the command buffer, outside the Pipeline)

Bold/Italics indicates that this state item can also be set with Dynamic Variables



mjb - September 17, 2018




Creating a Typical Graphics Pipeline

```

VkResult
Init14GraphicsVertexFragmentPipeline( VkShaderModule vertexShader, VkShaderModule fragmentShader,
                                     VkPrimitiveTopology topology, OUT VkPipeline *pGraphicsPipeline )
{
    #ifdef ASSUMPTIONS
        wvibd[0].inputRate = VK_VERTEX_INPUT_RATE_VERTEX;
        vprsci.depthClampEnable = VK_FALSE;
        vprsci.rasterizerDiscardEnable = VK_FALSE;
        vprsci.polygonMode = VK_POLYGON_MODE_FILL;
        vprsci.cullMode = VK_CULL_MODE_NONE; // best to do this because of the projectionMatrix[1][1] != -1.;
        vprsci.frontFace = VK_FRONT_FACE_COUNTER_CLOCKWISE;
        vprsci.rasterizationSamples = VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_ONE_BIT;
        vpcbas.blendEnable = VK_FALSE;
        vpcbsci.logicOpEnable = VK_FALSE;
        vpdssci.depthTestEnable = VK_TRUE;
        vpdssci.depthWriteEnable = VK_TRUE;
        vpdssci.depthCompareOp = VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS;
    #endif
    ...
}
    
```

These settings seem pretty typical to me. Let's write a simplified Pipeline-creator that accepts Vertex and Fragment shader modules and the topology, and always uses the settings in red above.



mjb - September 17, 2018

Link in the Shaders

```

VkPipelineShaderStageCreateInfo vpscsc[2];
vpscsc[0].sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_SHADER_STAGE_CREATE_INFO;
vpscsc[0].pNext = nullptr;
vpscsc[0].flags = 0;
vpscsc[0].stage = VK_SHADER_STAGE_VERTEX_BIT;

//def BITS
VK_SHADER_STAGE_VERTEX_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_TESSELLATION_CONTROL_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_TESSELLATION_EVALUATION_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_GEOMETRY_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_FRAGMENT_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_COMPUTE_BIT
VK_SHADER_STAGE_ALL_GRAPHICS
VK_SHADER_STAGE_ALL
#endif

vpscsc[0].module = vertexShader;
vpscsc[0].pName = "main";
vpscsc[0].pSpecializationInfo = (VkSpecializationInfo *)nullptr;


vpscsc[1].sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_SHADER_STAGE_CREATE_INFO;
vpscsc[1].pNext = nullptr;
vpscsc[1].flags = 0;
vpscsc[1].stage = VK_SHADER_STAGE_FRAGMENT_BIT;
vpscsc[1].module = fragmentShader;
vpscsc[1].pName = "main";
vpscsc[1].pSpecializationInfo = (VkSpecializationInfo *)nullptr;

VkVertexInputBindingDescription vvb[1]; // an array containing one of these per buffer being used
vb[0].binding = 0; // which binding # this is
vb[0].stride = sizeof( struct vertex ); // bytes between successive
vb[0].inputRate = VK_VERTEX_INPUT_RATE_VERTEX;

//def CHOICES
VK_VERTEX_INPUT_RATE_VERTEX
VK_VERTEX_INPUT_RATE_INSTANCE
#endif
    
```

Use one **vpscsc** array member per shader module you are using

Use one **wvibd** array member per vertex input array-of-structures you are using



mjb - September 17, 2018

Link in the Per-Vertex Attributes

```

VkVertexInputAttributeDescription  vviad[4]; // an array containing one of these per vertex attribute in all bindings
// 4 = vertex, normal, color, texture coord
// location in the layout
vviad[0].location = 0; // which binding description this is part of
vviad[0].binding = 0; // x, y, z
vviad[0].format = VK_FORMAT_VEC3; // x, y, z
vviad[0].offset = offsetof( struct vertex, position ); // 0
#endif EXTRAS_DEFINED_AT_THE_TOP
// these are here for convenience and readability:
#define VK_FORMAT_VEC4 VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32A32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_XYZW VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32A32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_VEC3 VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_STP VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_XYZ VK_FORMAT_R32G32B32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_VEC2 VK_FORMAT_R32G32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_ST VK_FORMAT_R32G32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_XY VK_FORMAT_R32G32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_FLOAT VK_FORMAT_R32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_S VK_FORMAT_R32_SFLOAT
#define VK_FORMAT_X VK_FORMAT_R32_SFLOAT
#endif

vviad[1].location = 1;
vviad[1].binding = 0;
vviad[1].format = VK_FORMAT_VEC3; // nx, ny, nz
vviad[1].offset = offsetof( struct vertex, normal ); // 12

vviad[2].location = 2;
vviad[2].binding = 0;
vviad[2].format = VK_FORMAT_VEC3; // r, g, b
vviad[2].offset = offsetof( struct vertex, color ); // 24

vviad[3].location = 3;
vviad[3].binding = 0;
vviad[3].format = VK_FORMAT_VEC2; // s, t
vviad[3].offset = offsetof( struct vertex, texCoord ); // 36
    
```

Use one **vviad** array member per element in the struct for the array-of-structures element you are using as vertex input

These are defined at the top of the sample code so that you don't need to use confusing image-looking formats for positions, normals, and tex coords

University Computer Graphics mjb - September 17, 2018

```

VkPipelineVertexInputStateCreateInfo vpiasci; // used to describe the input vertex attributes
vpiasci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_VERTEX_INPUT_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpiasci.pNext = nullptr;
vpiasci.flags = 0;
vpiasci.vertexBindingDescriptionCount = 1;
vpiasci.pVertexBindingDescriptions = vviad;
vpiasci.vertexAttributeDescriptionCount = 4;
vpiasci.pVertexAttributeDescriptions = vviad;

VkPipelineInputAssemblyStateCreateInfo vpiasci;
vpiasci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_INPUT_ASSEMBLY_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpiasci.pNext = nullptr;
vpiasci.flags = 0;
vpiasci.topology = VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_LIST;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_POINT_LIST
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_LIST
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_LIST
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_STRIP
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_STRIP
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_FAN
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_LIST_WITH_ADJACENCY
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_STRIP_WITH_ADJACENCY
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_LIST_WITH_ADJACENCY
VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_STRIP_WITH_ADJACENCY
#endif
vpiasci.primitiveRestartEnable = VK_FALSE;

VkPipelineTessellationStateCreateInfo vtpscisci;
vtpscisci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_TESSELLATION_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vtpscisci.pNext = nullptr;
vtpscisci.flags = 0;
vtpscisci.patchControlPoints = 0; // number of patch control points

// VkPipelineGeometryStateCreateInfo vpgscisci;
// vpgscisci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_TESSELLATION_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
// vpgscisci.pNext = nullptr;
// vpgscisci.flags = 0;
    
```

Declare the binding descriptions and attribute descriptions

Declare the vertex topology

Tessellation Shader info

Geometry Shader info

Oregon University Computer Graphics mjb - September 17, 2018

Options for vpiasci.topology

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_POINT_LIST

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_LIST

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_LIST

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_STRIP

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_LINE_STRIP

VK_PRIMITIVE_TOPOLOGY_TRIANGLE_FAN

Oregon University Computer Graphics mjb - September 17, 2018

What is "Primitive Restart Enable"?

```

vpiasci.primitiveRestartEnable = VK_FALSE;
    
```

"Restart Enable" is used with:

- Indexed drawing.
- Triangle Fan and *Strip topologies

If `vpiasci.primitiveRestartEnable` is `VK_TRUE`, then a special "index" indicates that the primitive should start over. This is more efficient than explicitly ending the current primitive and explicitly starting a new primitive of the same type.

```

typedef enum VkIndexType
{
    VK_INDEX_TYPE_UINT16 = 0, // 0 - 65,535
    VK_INDEX_TYPE_UINT32 = 1, // 0 - 4,294,967,295
} VkIndexType;
    
```

If your `VkIndexType` is `VK_INDEX_TYPE_UINT16`, then the special index is `0xffff`
 If your `VkIndexType` is `VK_INDEX_TYPE_UINT32`, it is `0xffffffff`

When using the primitive restart code, the easy way to do it is like this:

```

short int restartIndex = -0;
    
```

or,

```

int restartIndex = -0;
    
```

Oregon University Computer Graphics mjb - September 17, 2018

One Really Good use of Restart Enable is in Drawing Terrain Surfaces with Triangle Strips

Triangle Strip #0:
Triangle Strip #1:
Triangle Strip #2:
...

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - September 17, 2018

```

VkViewport          vv;
vv.x = 0;
vv.y = 0;
vv.width = (float)Width;
vv.height = (float)Height;
vv.minDepth = 0.0f;
vv.maxDepth = 1.0f;

VkRect2D           vr;
vr.offset.x = 0;
vr.offset.y = 0;
vr.extent.width = Width;
vr.extent.height = Height;

VkPipelineViewportStateCreateInfo  vpvsci;
vpvsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_VIEWPORT_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpvsci.pNext = nullptr;
vpvsci.flags = 0;
vpvsci.viewportCount = 1;
vpvsci.pViewports = &vv;
vpvsci.scissorCount = 1;
vpvsci.pScissors = &vr;
    
```

Declare the viewport information

Declare the scissoring information

Group the viewport and scissor information together

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - September 17, 2018

What is the Difference Between Changing the Viewport and Changing the Scissoring?

Viewporting operates on **vertices** and takes place right before the rasterizer. Changing the vertical part of the **viewport** causes the entire scene to get scaled (scrunched) into the viewport area.

Original Image

Scissoring operates on **fragments** and takes place right after the rasterizer. Changing the vertical part of the **scissor** causes the entire scene to get clipped where it falls outside the scissor area.

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - September 17, 2018

Setting the Rasterizer State

```

VkPipelineRasterizationStateCreateInfo  vprsci;
vprsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_RASTERIZATION_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vprsci.pNext = nullptr;
vprsci.flags = 0;
vprsci.depthClampEnable = VK_FALSE;
vprsci.rasterizerDiscardEnable = VK_FALSE;
vprsci.polygonMode = VK_POLYGON_MODE_FILL;

#define CHOICES
VK_POLYGON_MODE_FILL
VK_POLYGON_MODE_LINE
VK_POLYGON_MODE_POINT
#undef CHOICES

vprsci.cullMode = VK_CULL_MODE_NONE; // recommend this because of the projMatrix[1][1] != -1.;

#define CHOICES
VK_CULL_MODE_NONE
VK_CULL_MODE_FRONT_BIT
VK_CULL_MODE_BACK_BIT
VK_CULL_MODE_FRONT_AND_BACK_BIT
#undef CHOICES

vprsci.frontFace = VK_FRONT_FACE_COUNTER_CLOCKWISE;

#define CHOICES
VK_FRONT_FACE_COUNTER_CLOCKWISE
VK_FRONT_FACE_CLOCKWISE
#undef CHOICES

vprsci.depthBiasEnable = VK_FALSE;
vprsci.depthBiasConstantFactor = 0.f;
vprsci.depthBiasClamp = 0.f;
vprsci.depthBiasSlopeFactor = 0.f;
vprsci.lineWidth = 1.f;
    
```

Declare information about how the rasterization will take place

Oregon State University Computer Graphics

mjb - September 17, 2018

What is "Depth Clamp Enable"?

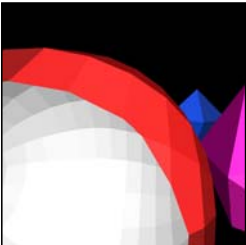
17

```
vprsci.depthClampEnable = VK_FALSE;
```

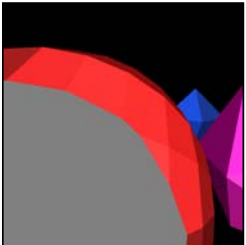
Depth Clamp Enable causes the fragments that would normally have been discarded because they are closer to the viewer than the near clipping plane to instead get projected to the near clipping plane and displayed.


A good use for this is **Polygon Capping**:

The front of the polygon is clipped, revealing to the viewer that this is really a shell, not a solid



The gray area shows what would happen with depthClampEnable (except it would have been red).





mjg - September 17, 2018

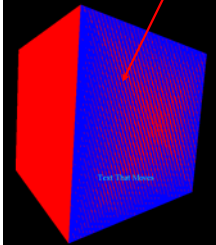
What is "Depth Bias Enable"?


18

```
vprsci.depthBiasEnable = VK_FALSE;
vprsci.depthBiasConstantFactor = 0.f;
vprsci.depthBiasClamp = 0.f;
vprsci.depthBiasSlopeFactor = 0.f;
```

Depth Bias Enable allows scaling and translation of the Z-depth values as they come through the rasterizer to avoid Z-fighting.

Z-fighting






mjg - September 17, 2018

MultiSampling State

19

```
VkPipelineMultisampleStateCreateInfo vpmsci:
vpmsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_MULTISAMPLE_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpmsci.pNext = nullptr;
vpmsci.flags = 0;
vpmsci.rasterizationSamples = VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_1_BIT;
vpmsci.sampleShadingEnable = VK_FALSE;
vpmsci.minSampleShading = 0;
vpmsci.pSampleMask = (VkSampleMask *)nullptr;
vpmsci.alphaToCoverageEnable = VK_FALSE;
vpmsci.alphaToOneEnable = VK_FALSE;
```

Declare information about how the multisampling will take place



mjg - September 17, 2018


Color Blending State for each Color Attachment

20

Create an array with one of these for each color buffer attachment.
Each color buffer attachment can use different blending operations.

```
VkPipelineColorBlendAttachmentState vpcbas:
vpcbas.blendEnable = VK_FALSE;
vpcbas.srcColorBlendFactor = VK_BLEND_FACTOR_SRC_COLOR;
vpcbas.dstColorBlendFactor = VK_BLEND_FACTOR_ONE_MINUS_SRC_COLOR;
vpcbas.colorBlendOp = VK_BLEND_OP_ADD;
vpcbas.srcAlphaBlendFactor = VK_BLEND_FACTOR_ONE;
vpcbas.dstAlphaBlendFactor = VK_BLEND_FACTOR_ZERO;
vpcbas.alphaBlendOp = VK_BLEND_OP_ADD;
vpcbas.colorWriteMask =
    VK_COLOR_COMPONENT_R_BIT
    | VK_COLOR_COMPONENT_G_BIT
    | VK_COLOR_COMPONENT_B_BIT
    | VK_COLOR_COMPONENT_A_BIT;
```

This controls blending between the output of each color attachment and its image memory.



mjg - September 17, 2018

Color Blending State for each Color Attachment


```

VkPipelineColorBlendStateCreateInfo          vpcbsci:
vpcbsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_COLOR_BLEND_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpcbsci.pNext = nullptr;
vpcbsci.flags = 0;
vpcbsci.logicOpEnable = VK_FALSE;
vpcbsci.logicOp = VK_LOGIC_OP_COPY;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_LOGIC_OP_CLEAR
VK_LOGIC_OP_AND
VK_LOGIC_OP_AND_REVERSE
VK_LOGIC_OP_COPY
VK_LOGIC_OP_AND_INVERTED
VK_LOGIC_OP_AND_OP
VK_LOGIC_OP_XOR
VK_LOGIC_OP_OR
VK_LOGIC_OP_OR_REVERSE
VK_LOGIC_OP_OR_INVERTED
VK_LOGIC_OP_NAND
VK_LOGIC_OP_NOR
VK_LOGIC_OP_EQUIVALENT
VK_LOGIC_OP_INVERT
VK_LOGIC_OP_OR_REVERSE
VK_LOGIC_OP_COPY_INVERTED
VK_LOGIC_OP_OR_INVERTED
VK_LOGIC_OP_NAND
VK_LOGIC_OP_SET
#endif

vpcbsci.attachmentCount = 1;
vpcbsci.pAttachments = &vpcbas;
vpcbsci.blendConstants[0] = 0;
vpcbsci.blendConstants[1] = 0;
vpcbsci.blendConstants[2] = 0;
vpcbsci.blendConstants[3] = 0;
    
```

This controls blending between the output of the fragment shader and the input to the color attachments.



Oregon State University
Computer Graphics


mjb - September 17, 2018

Which Pipeline Variables can be Set Dynamically?

```

VkDynamicState          vds[] = { VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_VIEWPORT, VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_SCISSOR };
#ifdef CHOICES
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_VIEWPORT          -- vkCmdSetViewport( )
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_SCISSOR          -- vkCmdSetScissor( )
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_LINE_WIDTH        -- vkCmdSetLineWidth( )
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_DEPTH_BIAS        -- vkCmdSetDepthBias( )
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_BLEND_CONSTANTS   -- vkCmdSetBlendConstants( )
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_DEPTH_BOUNDS      -- vkCmdSetDepthZBounds( )
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_STENCIL_COMPARE_MASK -- vkCmdSetStencilCompareMask( )
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_STENCIL_WRITE_MASK -- vkCmdSetStencilWriteMask( )
VK_DYNAMIC_STATE_STENCIL_REFERENCE -- vkCmdSetStencilReferences( )
#endif

VkPipelineDynamicStateCreateInfo vpdsci:
vpdsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_DYNAMIC_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpdsci.pNext = nullptr;
vpdsci.flags = 0;
vpdsci.dynamicStateCount = 0; // leave turned off for now
vpdsci.pDynamicStates = vds;
    
```



Oregon State University
Computer Graphics

mjb - September 17, 2018

Stencil Operations for Front and Back Faces

```

VkStencilOpState          vsosf: // front
vsosf.depthFailOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP; // what to do if depth operation fails
vsosf.failOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP; // what to do if stencil operation fails
vsosf.passOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP; // what to do if stencil operation succeeds


#ifdef CHOICES
VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP          -- keep the stencil value as it is
VK_STENCIL_OP_ZERO          -- set stencil value to 0
VK_STENCIL_OP_REPLACE       -- replace stencil value with the reference value
VK_STENCIL_OP_INCREMENT_AND_CLAMP -- increment stencil value
VK_STENCIL_OP_DECREMENT_AND_CLAMP -- decrement stencil value
VK_STENCIL_OP_INVERT        -- bit-invert stencil value
VK_STENCIL_OP_INCREMENT_AND_WRAP -- increment stencil value
VK_STENCIL_OP_DECREMENT_AND_WRAP -- decrement stencil value
#endif

vsosf.compareOp = VK_COMPARE_OP_NEVER;

#ifdef CHOICES
VK_COMPARE_OP_NEVER        -- never succeeds
VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS         -- succeeds if stencil value is < the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_EQUAL        -- succeeds if stencil value is == the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS_OR_EQUAL -- succeeds if stencil value is <= the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_GREATER      -- succeeds if stencil value is > the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_NOT_EQUAL    -- succeeds if stencil value is != the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_GREATER_OR_EQUAL -- succeeds if stencil value is >= the reference value
VK_COMPARE_OP_ALWAYS       -- always succeeds
#endif

vsosf.compareMask = -0;
vsosf.writeMask = -0;
vsosf.reference = 0;

VkStencilOpState          vsosb: // back
vsosb.depthFailOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP;
vsosb.failOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP;
vsosb.passOp = VK_STENCIL_OP_KEEP;
vsosb.compareOp = VK_COMPARE_OP_NEVER;
vsosb.compareMask = -0;
vsosb.writeMask = -0;
vsosb.reference = 0;
    
```

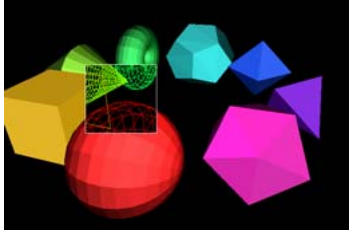


Oregon State University
Computer Graphics

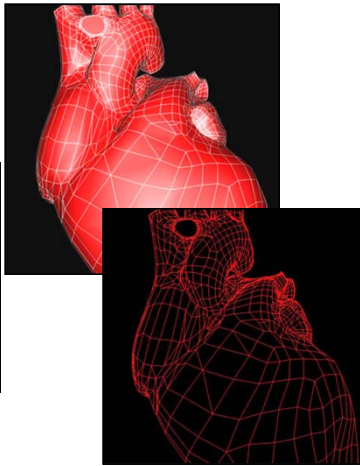
mjb - September 17, 2018


Uses for Stencil Operations

Magic Lenses



Polygon edges without Z-fighting





Oregon State University
Computer Graphics

mjb - September 17, 2018


Operations for Depth Values 25

```

VkPipelineDepthStencilStateCreateInfo vpdssci;
vpdssci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PIPELINE_DEPTH_STENCIL_STATE_CREATE_INFO;
vpdssci.pNext = nullptr;
vpdssci.flags = 0;
vpdssci.depthTestEnable = VK_TRUE;
vpdssci.depthWriteEnable = VK_TRUE;
vpdssci.depthCompareOp = VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS;

VK_COMPARE_OP_NEVER          -- never succeeds
VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS          -- succeeds if new depth value is < the existing value
VK_COMPARE_OP_EQUAL         -- succeeds if new depth value is == the existing value
VK_COMPARE_OP_LESS_OR_EQUAL -- succeeds if new depth value is <= the existing value
VK_COMPARE_OP_GREATER       -- succeeds if new depth value is > the existing value
VK_COMPARE_OP_NOT_EQUAL     -- succeeds if new depth value is != the existing value
VK_COMPARE_OP_GREATER_OR_EQUAL -- succeeds if new depth value is >= the existing value
VK_COMPARE_OP_ALWAYS        -- always succeeds
#endif

vpdssci.depthBoundsTestEnable = VK_FALSE;
vpdssci.front = vsosf;
vpdssci.back = vsosb;
vpdssci.minDepthBounds = 0.;
vpdssci.maxDepthBounds = 1.;
vpdssci.stencilTestEnable = VK_FALSE;
    
```



Oregon State
University
Computer Graphics

mjb - September 17, 2018

Putting it all Together! (finally...) 26

```

VkGraphicsPipelineCreateInfo vgpcci;
vgpcci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_GRAPHICS_PIPELINE_CREATE_INFO;
vgpcci.pNext = nullptr;
vgpcci.flags = 0;


#ifdef CHOICES
VK_PIPELINE_CREATE_DISABLE_OPTIMIZATION_BIT
VK_PIPELINE_CREATE_ALLOW_DERIVATIVES_BIT
VK_PIPELINE_CREATE_DERIVATIVE_BIT
#endif

vgpcci.stageCount = 2; // number of stages in this pipeline
vgpcci.pStages = vpsdci;
vgpcci.pVertexInputState = &vpvsci;
vgpcci.pInputAssemblyState = &vpiasci;
vgpcci.pTessellationState = (VkPipelineTessellationStateCreateInfo *)nullptr;
vgpcci.pViewportState = &vpvsci;
vgpcci.pRasterizationState = &vprsci;
vgpcci.pMultisampleState = &vpmsci;
vgpcci.pDepthStencilState = &vpdssci;
vgpcci.pColorBlendState = &vpbcsci;
vgpcci.pDynamicState = &vpdsci;
vgpcci.layout = IN GraphicsPipelineLayout;
vgpcci.renderPass = IN RenderPass;
vgpcci.subpass = 0; // subpass number
vgpcci.basePipelineHandle = (VkPipeline) VK_NULL_HANDLE;
vgpcci.basePipelineIndex = 0;

result = vkCreateGraphicsPipelines( LogicalDevice, VK_NULL_HANDLE, 1, IN &vgpcci,
PALLOCATOR, OUT pGraphicsPipeline );

return result;
    
```

Group all of the individual state information and create the pipeline




Oregon State
University
Computer Graphics

mjb - September 17, 2018

Later on, we will Bind the Graphics Pipeline to the Command Buffer when Drawing 27

```

vkCmdBindPipeline( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex],
VK_PIPELINE_BIND_POINT_GRAPHICS, GraphicsPipeline );
    
```



Oregon State
University
Computer Graphics

mjb - September 17, 2018