Antialiasing and Multisampling

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Aliasing

"Aliasing" is a signal-processing term for "under-sampled compared with the frequencies in the signal".

What the signal really is: what we want

Sampling Interval

What we think the signal is: too often, what we get

Sampled Points

The Nyquist Criterion

"The Nyquist [sampling] rate is twice the maximum component frequency of the function [i.e., signal] being sampled." — Wikipedia

MultiSampling

Multisampling is a computer graphics technique to improve the quality of your output image by looking inside every pixel to see what the rendering is doing there.

There are two approaches to this:

1. **Supersampling**: Pick some number of unique sub-pixels within a pixel, render the image at each of these sub-pixels (including depth and stencil tests), then average them together.

2. **Multisampling**: Perform a single color render for the one pixel. Then, pick some number of unique sub-pixels within that pixel and perform depth and stencil tests there. Assign the single color to all the sub-pixels that made it through the depth and stencil tests.
Consider Two Triangles Whose Edges Pass Through the Same Pixel

Supersampling

Multisampling

Setting up the Image
Setting up the Image

```cpp
VkPipelineMultisampleStateCreateInfo vpmsci;

vpmsci.minSampleShading = 0.5;
```

At least this fraction of samples will get their own fragment shader calls (as long as they pass the depth and stencil tests).

0. produces simple multisampling

(0.1) produces partial supersampling

1. Produces complete supersampling

### Resolving the Image: Converting the Multisampled Image to a VK_SAMPLE_COUNT_1_BIT Image

```cpp
V1Offset3D vo3;
vo3.x = 0;
vo3.y = 0;
vo3.z = 0;

VkExtent3D ve3;
ve3.width = Width;
ve3.height = Height;
ve3.depth = 1;

VkImageSubresourceLayers visl;
visl.aspectMask = VK_IMAGE_ASPECT_COLOR_BIT;
visl.mipLevel = 0;
visl.baseArrayLayer = 0;
visl.layerCount = 1;

VkImageResolve vir;
vir.srcSubresource = visl;
vir.srcOffset = vo3;

vir.dstSubresource = visl;
vir.dstOffset = vo3;

vir.extent = ve3;

result = vkCmdResolveImage( cmdBuffer, srcImage, srcImageLayout, dstImage, dstImageLayout, 1, &vir);
```