The Swap Chain

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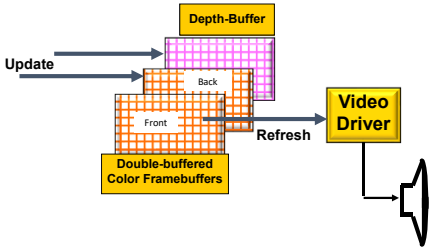
How We Think of OpenGL Framebuffers



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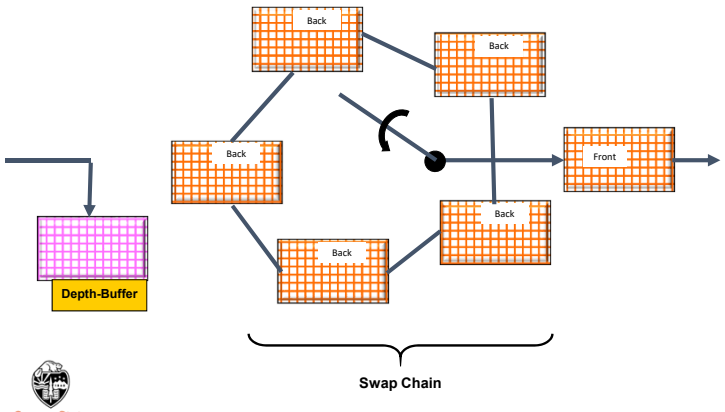
Vulkan Thinks of it as a Ring Buffer



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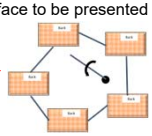
What is a Swap Chain?

Vulkan does not use the idea of a "back buffer". So, we need a place to render into before moving an image into place for viewing. The is called the **Swap Chain**.

In essence, the Swap Chain manages one or more image objects that form a sequence of images that can be drawn into and then given to the Surface to be presented to the user for viewing.

Swap Chains are arranged as a ring buffer



Swap Chains are tightly coupled to the window system.

After creating the Swap Chain in the first place, the process for using the Swap Chain is:

1. Ask the Swap Chain for an image
2. Render into it via the Command Buffer and a Queue
3. Return the image to the Swap Chain for presentation
4. Present the image to the viewer (copy to "front buffer")

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What is a Swap Chain?

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Because it has the word “chain” in it, let’s try to visualize the Swap Chain as a physical chain.

A bicycle chain isn’t far off. A bicycle chain goes around and around, each section of the chain taking its turn on the gear teeth, off the gear teeth, on, off, on, off, etc.

Because the Swap Chain is actually a ring buffer, the images in a Swap Chain go around and around too, each image taking its turn being drawn into, being presented, drawn into, being presented etc.

In the same way that bicycle chain links are “re-used”, Swap Chain images get re-used too.

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What is a Swap Chain?

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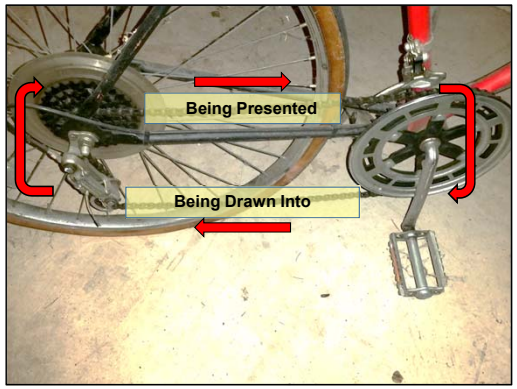

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This is a pretty good analogy, except that there can be many more images in the ring buffer than are being shown here.

We Need to Find Out What our Display Capabilities Are

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```
VkSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR                vsc;
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, OUT &vsc );
VkExtent2D surfaceRes = vsc.currentExtent;
fprintf( FpDebug, "\nvkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR:\n" );

        . . .

VkBool32  supported;
result = vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceSupportKHR( PhysicalDevice, FindQueueFamilyThatDoesGraphics( ), Surface, &supported );
if( supported == VK_TRUE )
        fprintf( FpDebug, "** This Surface is supported by the Graphics Queue **\n" );


uint32_t formatCount;
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceFormatsKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, &formatCount, (VkSurfaceFormatKHR *) nullptr );
VkSurfaceFormatKHR * surfaceFormats = new VkSurfaceFormatKHR[ formatCount ];
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceFormatsKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, &formatCount, surfaceFormats );
fprintf( FpDebug, "\nFound %d Surface Formats:\n", formatCount )

        . . .

uint32_t presentModeCount;
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfacePresentModesKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, &presentModeCount, (VkPresentModeKHR *) nullptr );
VkPresentModeKHR * presentModes = new VkPresentModeKHR[ presentModeCount ];
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfacePresentModesKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, &presentModeCount, presentModes );
fprintf( FpDebug, "\nFound %d Present Modes:\n", presentModeCount );

        . . .
```

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We Need to Find Out What our Display Capabilities Are

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VulkanDebug.txt output:

```
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR:
        minImageCount = 2 ; maxImageCount = 8
        currentExtent = 1024 x 1024
        minImageExtent = 1024 x 1024
        maxImageExtent = 1024 x 1024
        maxImageArrayLayers = 1
        supportedTransforms = 0x0001
        currentTransform = 0x0001
        supportedCompositeAlpha = 0x0001
        supportedUsageFlags = 0x009f

** This Surface is supported by the Graphics Queue **


Found 2 Surface Formats:
  0:    44          0           ( VK_FORMAT_B8G8R8A8_UNORM,  VK_COLOR_SPACE_SRGB_NONLINEAR_KHR )
  1:    50          0           ( VK_FORMAT_B8G8R8A8_SRGB,   VK_COLOR_SPACE_SRGB_NONLINEAR_KHR )


Found 3 Present Modes:
  0:    2                       ( VK_PRESENT_MODE_FIFO_KHR )
  1:    3                       ( VK_PRESENT_MODE_FIFO_RELAXED_KHR )
  2:    1                       ( VK_PRESENT_MODE_MAILBOX_KHR )
```

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Creating a Swap Chain

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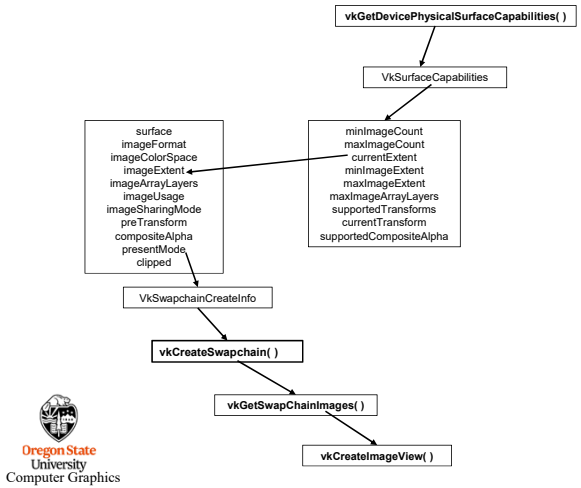

Creating a Swap Chain

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```
VkSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR        vsc;
vkGetPhysicalDeviceSurfaceCapabilitiesKHR( PhysicalDevice, Surface, OUT &vsc );
VkExtent2D surfaceRes = vsc.currentExtent;

VkSwapchainCreateInfoKHR        vscci;
        vscci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_SWAPCHAIN_CREATE_INFO_KHR;
        vscci.pNext = nullptr;
        vscci.flags = 0;
        vscci.surface = Surface;
        vscci.minImageCount = 2;                    // double buffering
        vscci.imageFormat = VK_FORMAT_B8G8R8A8_UNORM;
        vscci.imageColorSpace = VK_COLORSPACE_SRGB_NONLINEAR_KHR;
        vscci.imageExtent.width = surfaceRes.width;
        vscci.imageExtent.height = surfaceRes.height;
        vscci.imageUsage = VK_IMAGE_USAGE_COLOR_ATTACHMENT_BIT;
        vscci.preTransform = VK_SURFACE_TRANSFORM_IDENTITY_BIT_KHR;
        vscci.compositeAlpha = VK_COMPOSITE_ALPHA_OPAQUE_BIT_KHR;
        vscci.imageArrayLayers = 1;
        vscci.imageSharingMode = VK_SHARING_MODE_EXCLUSIVE;
        vscci.queueFamilyIndexCount = 0;
        vscci.pQueueFamilyIndices = (const uint32_t *)nullptr;
        vscci.presentMode = VK_PRESENT_MODE_MAILBOX_KHR;
        vscci.oldSwapchain = VK_NULL_HANDLE;
        vscci.clipped = VK_TRUE;

result = vkCreateSwapchainKHR( LogicalDevice, IN &vscci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &SwapChain );
```


Creating the Swap Chain Images and Image Views

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```
uint32_t  imageCount;           // # of display buffers – 2?  3?
result = vkGetSwapchainImagesKHR( LogicalDevice, IN SwapChain, OUT &imageCount, (VkImage *)nullptr );

PresentImages = new VkImage[ imageCount ];
result = vkGetSwapchainImagesKHR( LogicalDevice, SwapChain, OUT &imageCount, PresentImages );

// present views for the double-buffering:

PresentImageViews = new VkImageView[ imageCount ];

for( unsigned int i = 0; i < imageCount; i++ )
{
        VkImageViewCreateInfo           vivci;
                vivci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_IMAGE_VIEW_CREATE_INFO;
                vivci.pNext = nullptr;
                vivci.flags = 0;
                vivci.viewType = VK_IMAGE_VIEW_TYPE_2D;
                vivci.format = VK_FORMAT_B8G8R8A8_UNORM;
                vivci.components.r = VK_COMPONENT_SWIZZLE_R;
                vivci.components.g = VK_COMPONENT_SWIZZLE_G;
                vivci.components.b = VK_COMPONENT_SWIZZLE_B;
                vivci.components.a = VK_COMPONENT_SWIZZLE_A;
                vivci.subresourceRange.aspectMask = VK_IMAGE_ASPECT_COLOR_BIT;
                vivci.subresourceRange.baseMipLevel = 0;
                vivci.subresourceRange.levelCount = 1;
                vivci.subresourceRange.baseArrayLayer = 0;
                vivci.subresourceRange.layerCount = 1;
                vivci.image = PresentImages[ i ];

        result = vkCreateImageView( LogicalDevice, IN &vivci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &PresentImageViews[ i ] );
}
```


Rendering into the Swap Chain, I

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```
VkSemaphoreCreateInfo           vsci;
        vsci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_SEMAPHORE_CREATE_INFO;
        vsci.pNext = nullptr;
        vsci.flags = 0;

VkSemaphore  imageReadySemaphore;
result = vkCreateSemaphore( LogicalDevice, IN &vsci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &imageReadySemaphore );

uint32_t  nextImageIndex;
uint64_t  tmeout = UINT64_MAX;
vkAcquireNextImageKHR( LogicalDevice,    IN SwapChain, IN timeout, IN imageReadySemaphore,
                       IN VK_NULL_HANDLE,  OUT &nextImageIndex );
        . . .

result = vkBeginCommandBuffer( CommandBuffers[ nextImageIndex ], IN &vcbbi );

        . . .

vkCmdBeginRenderPass( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex], IN &vrpbi,
                                IN  VK_SUBPASS_CONTENTS_INLINE );

vkCmdBindPipeline( CommandBuffers[nextImageIndex], VK_PIPELINE_BIND_POINT_GRAPHICS, GraphicsPipeline );

        . . .

vkCmdEndRenderPass( CommandBuffers[ nextImageIndex ] );
vkEndCommandBuffer(  CommandBuffers[ nextImageIndex ] );
```

Rendering into the Swap Chain, II


```
VkFenceCreateInfo                       vfci;
        vfci.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_FENCE_CREATE_INFO;
        vfci.pNext = nullptr;
        vfci.flags = 0;

VkFence  renderFence;
vkCreateFence( LogicalDevice, &vfci, PALLOCATOR, OUT &renderFence );

VkQueue presentQueue;
vkGetDeviceQueue( LogicalDevice, FindQueueFamilyThatDoesGraphics( ), 0,
                  OUT &presentQueue );

    . . .

VkSubmitInfo                            vsi;
        vsi.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_SUBMIT_INFO;
        vsi.pNext = nullptr;
        vsi.waitSemaphoreCount = 1;
        vsi.pWaitSemaphores = &imageReadySemaphore;
        vsi.pWaitDstStageMask = &waitAtBottom;
        vsi.commandBufferCount = 1;
        vsi.pCommandBuffers = &CommandBuffers[ nextImageIndex ];
        vsi.signalSemaphoreCount = 0;
        vsi.pSignalSemaphores = &SemaphoreRenderFinished;

result = vkQueueSubmit( presentQueue, 1, IN &vsi, IN renderFence );     // 1 = submitCount
```


Rendering into the Swap Chain, III


```
result = vkWaitForFences( LogicalDevice, 1, IN &renderFence, VK_TRUE, UINT64_MAX );

VkPresentInfoKHR                        vpi;
        vpi.sType = VK_STRUCTURE_TYPE_PRESENT_INFO_KHR;
        vpi.pNext = nullptr;
        vpi.waitSemaphoreCount = 0;
        vpi.pWaitSemaphores = (VkSemaphore *)nullptr;
        vpi.swapchainCount = 1;
        vpi.pSwapchains = &SwapChain;
        vpi.pImageIndices = &nextImageIndex;
        vpi.pResults = (VkResult *) nullptr;

result = vkQueuePresentKHR( presentQueue, IN &vpi );
```