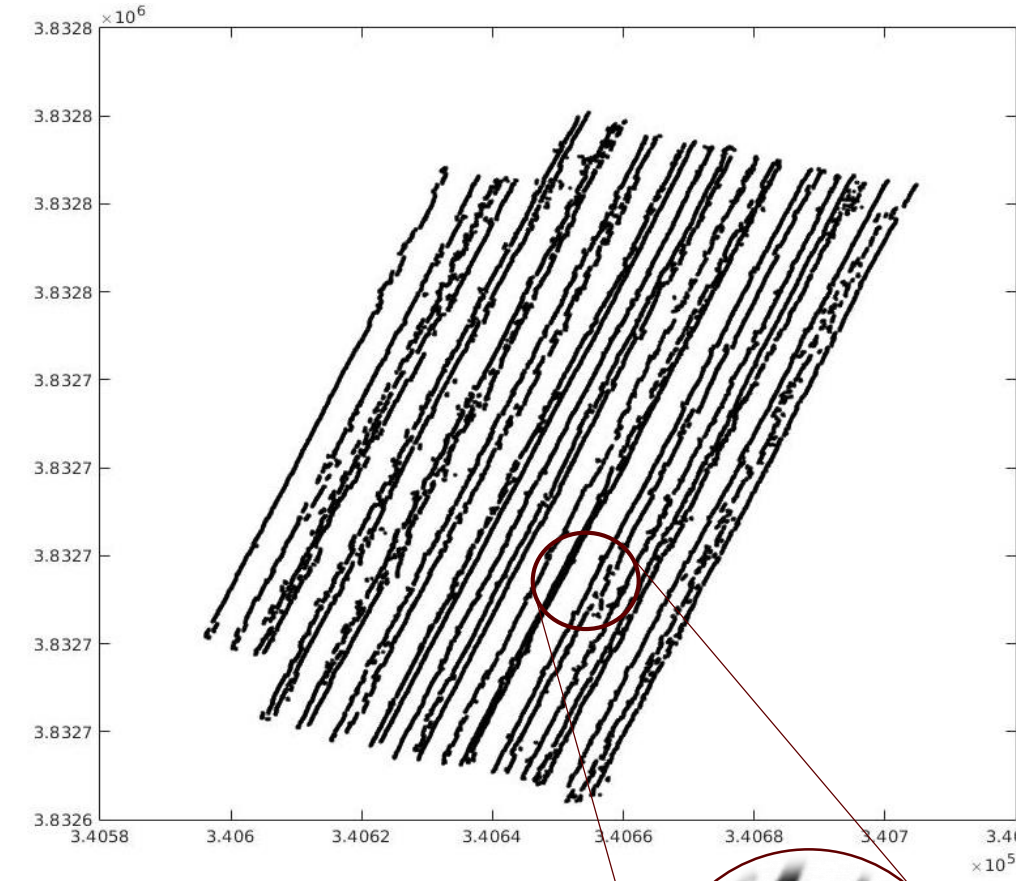


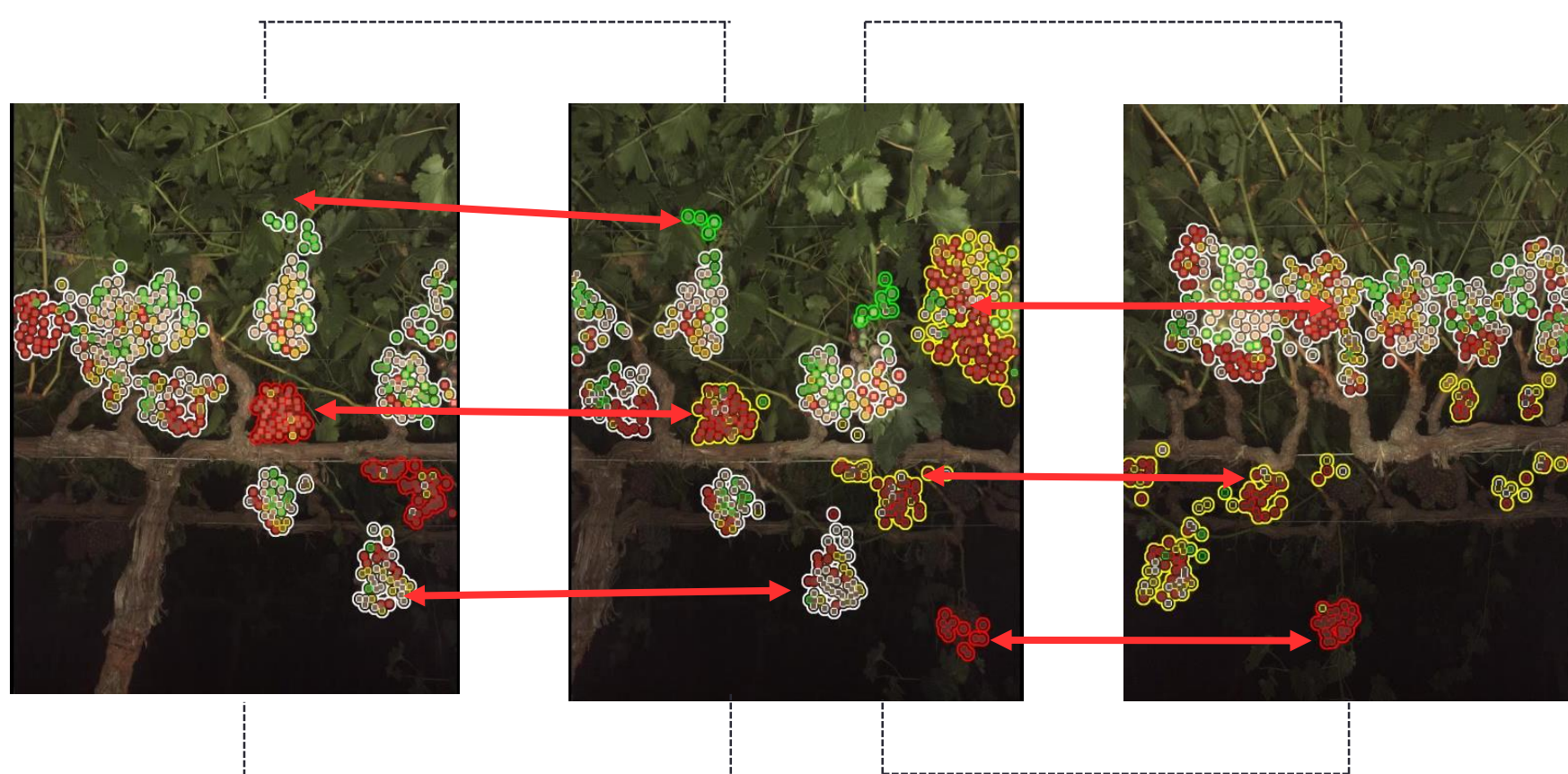
MOTIVATION AND OBJECTIVE

- We use robots for automated visual yield mapping.
- Current system utilizes an expensive GPS to geotag raw stereo images. Accuracy is within a meter range.



- Overlaps between consecutive frames can lead to inaccurate output yield estimates or over counting.

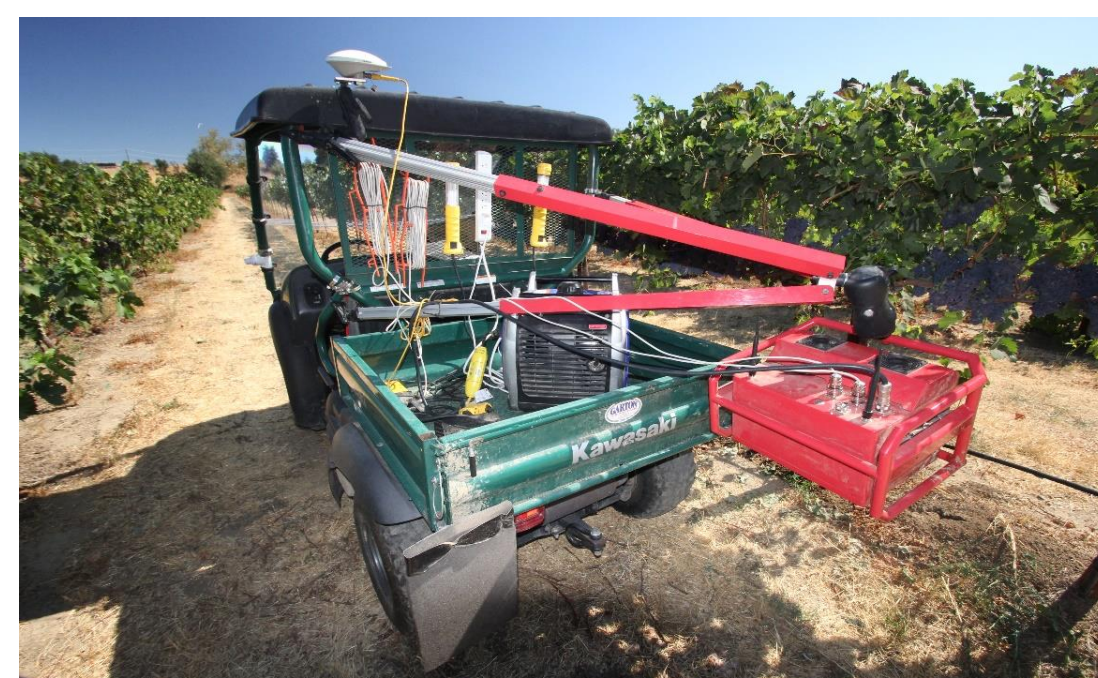
Overlaps



- Develop a new visual odometry pipeline to robustly estimate the 6 DoF camera pose for a wide baseline stereo camera that logs high resolution images at low frame rates.
- Improve the accuracy of yield estimates by establishing a pose relation between individual image frames

DATASET COLLECTION AND HARDWARE SETUP

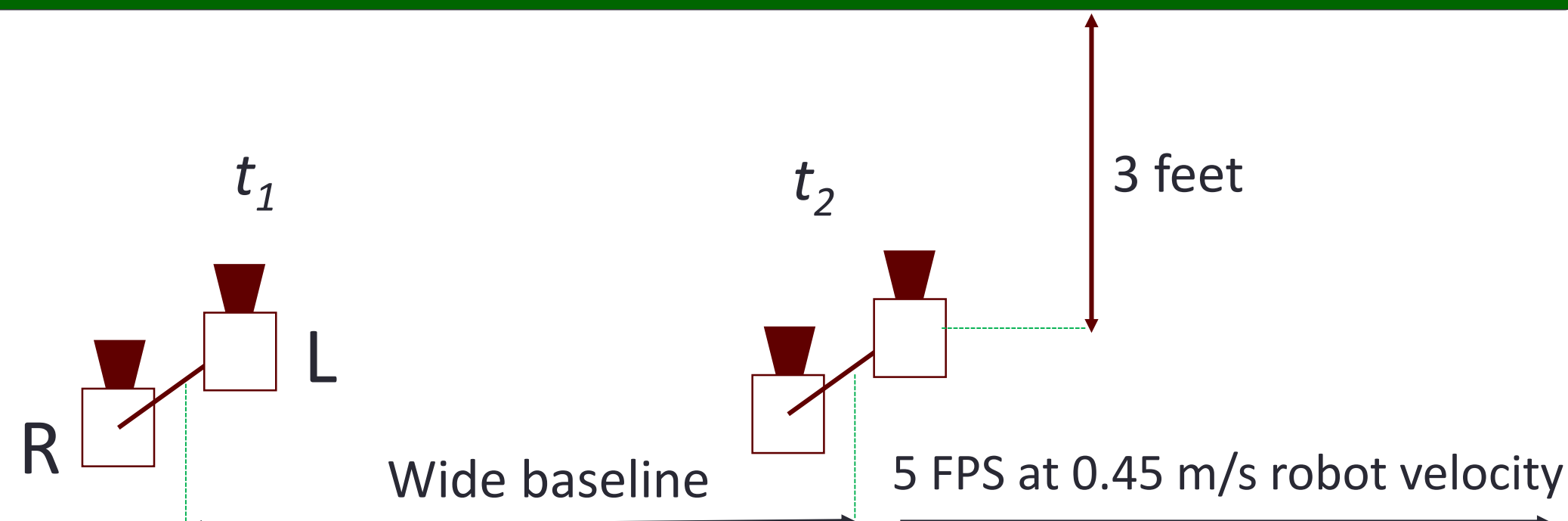
Hardware: Pointgrey Flea3 Stereo Camera | Trimble GPS



• Sorghum Fields, SC

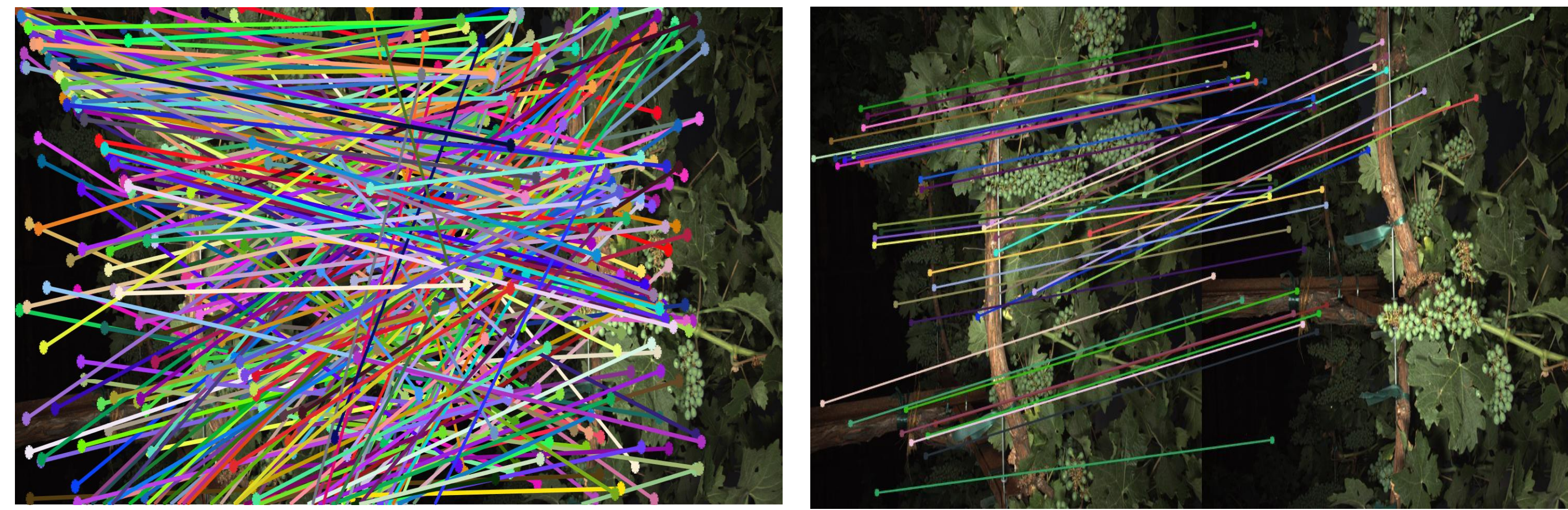
• Grape Vineyards, CA

Plantation Wall



NOVEL SAMPLING SCHEME: UNISAC

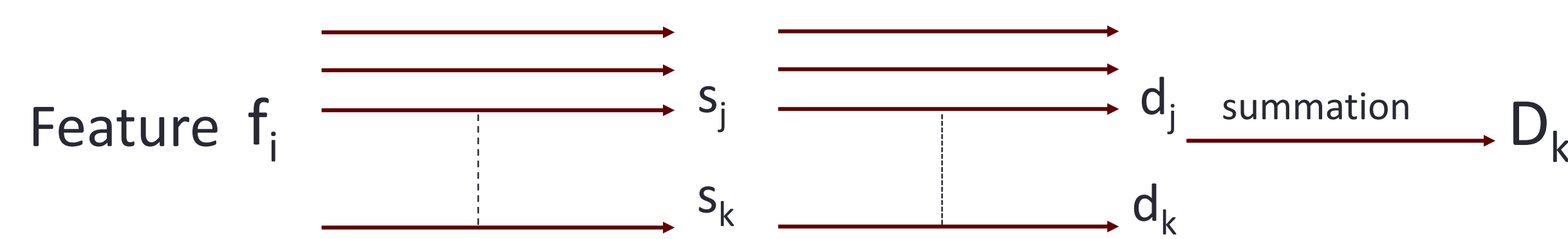
- We observe that the fraction of inliers from a set of matched correspondence is very small (~10%). Many false matches can pass the inlier test causing bad solutions to appear as good solutions.



- Uniqueness Sampling and Consensus (UniSAC)** utilizes the feature quality to evaluate geometry solutions.

Algorithm

N-dim feature descriptor $\xrightarrow{\text{sample } K \text{ times}}$ M-dim sub-features $\xrightarrow{\text{quantize}}$ K integers



Feature quantization: $q(v, p, z) = [v^p z]$

- Feature Uniqueness score is used for sampling correspondences

$$U_f = \sum_{k=0}^K \frac{1 - C(D_k)}{C_{MAX}} \quad p(C(i)) = w(\vec{f}_1(i)) w(\vec{f}_2(i))$$

- Inliers plotted follow a heat-map color scheme, where red is a unique feature and blue is a frequently occurring feature.

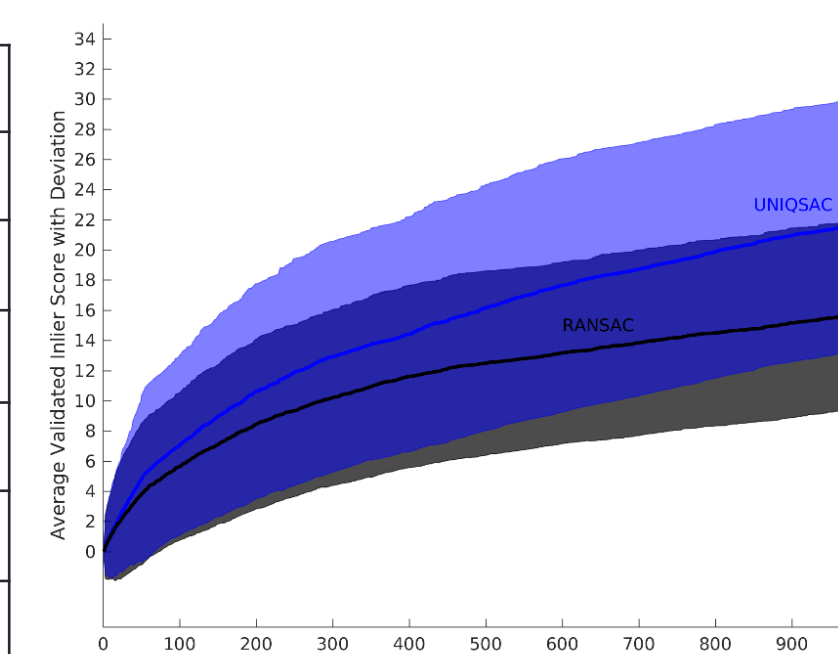


- Lot of blue/green points indicate that the plant dataset consists of images that have repetitive features.

RESULTS

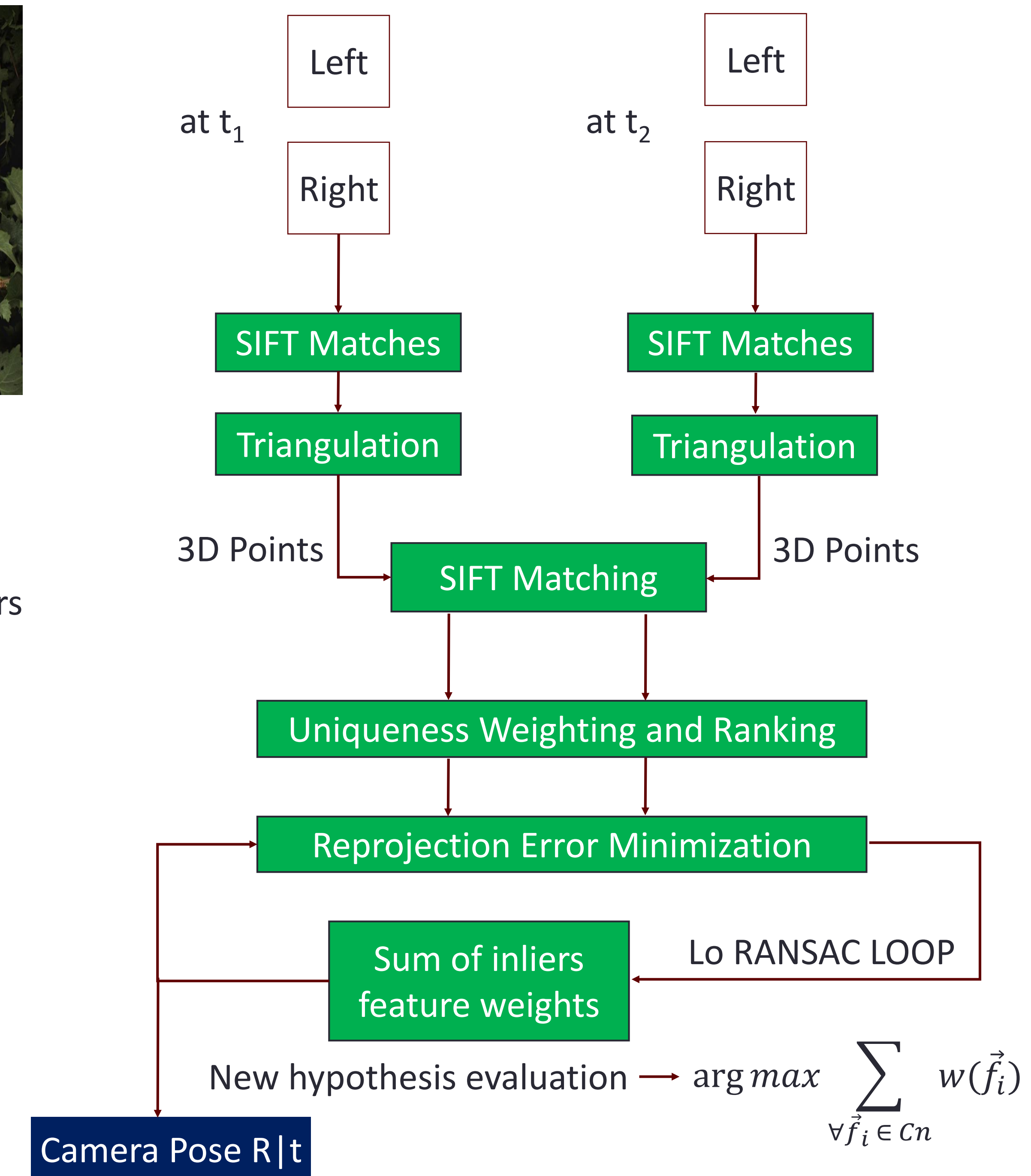
F-matrix estimation

Image Pair	Statistic	RANSAC	Lo RANSAC	BEEM	UniSAC
Vineyard Data	Correspondences	301	301	301	301
	Inliers	20	25	34	31
	Time (s)	0.124	0.68	0.61	.51
Office	Correspondences	306	306	306	306
	Inliers	56	78	86	93
	Time (s)	0.129	0.61	0.83	0.82



POSE ESTIMATION PIPELINE

- The proposed sampling scheme is wrapped into our pose estimation pipeline. Implemented visual odometry method similar to Libviso2 [1].



REFERENCES

[1] A. Geiger, et al. 2011.

FUTURE WORK

- ROS Package and systems integration for future field tests.
- Experiment with different feature descriptors to obtain best possible results.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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