# Oregon Standards Section A

www.ode.state.or.us/go/newspaper

### **What's New in 2006-07**

#### ■ Revised Oregon Second Language Content Standards

The Revised Oregon Second Language Standards were adopted by the State Board of Education on June 16, 2005, for use in schools beginning September 2006. Changes included the addition of several introductory pages to help provide clarity and context for the standards, a change in the overall format of the standards document to align the Oregon Standards more closely with the National Foreign Language Standards, and the addition of functions to support standards to help define each of the individual standards. There were a few changes in the actual standards; most of which were in the interest of clarity and using consistent terminology. For more information visit: www.ode.state. or.us/go/secondlanguage.

#### ■ Standards Numbering System

In response to requests from educators across the state, an Oregon Standards Numbering System has been developed to uniquely identify each standard using a combination of letters and numbers. Inside each content area you will find specific information about the numbering system.

#### ■ 2010 Diploma Requirements

House Bill 3129, passed during the 2005 legislative session, increases the number of credits in mathematics and English language arts that are required for the diploma. All Oregon students graduating after June 30, 2009 will need to complete 3 credits in mathematics and 4 credits in English language arts. Districts must adjust their diploma requirements, as necessary, to ensure that they meet this new state requirement.

### ■ Math Problem Solving work samples are still required

Students meeting standard on the multiple-choice mathematics tests AND successfully completing the required number of mathematics problem solving work samples meet the Mathematics Standard. The state temporarily suspended the Mathematics Problem Solving assessment starting with the 2004-05 school year. See What's New on page 1C.

#### **■ Social Science Work Samples**

For 2006-07, a Social Science Analysis Work Sample must be scored in the dimensions of Frame, Research, and Conclude for a student to earn a Social Sciences CIM Endorsement. Students in grade 10 in 2006-07 (graduating class of 2009) will be required to meet or exceed work sample requirements (in addition to meeting or exceeding the standards on the Social Sciences Knowledge and Skills Test) to earn the Social Sciences CIM Endorsement.

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# Message from Susan Castillo



primary goals of the Department of Education is to support each of you as you help all students prepare for success. Oregon's standards-

One of the

based system makes that goal achievable because the purpose of statewide content standards is to create consistency in what all students will know and be able to do throughout Oregon schools.

Before we had standards, teachers generally used textbooks and a variety of teacher resources to plan instruction. While these resources are still important—especially if they are closely aligned to the standards—a top priority for all of us now is to consider Oregon content standards first in planning because we want all students to be successful.

Standards serve as beginning points for teachers when they make decisions about what to teach and at what cognitive level to approach instruction. Because we hold students accountable for what they have learned each year, it is important to monitor their progress throughout

the year. If all Oregon teachers have the same content standard expectations for all students at each level, equity and rigor will be the "standard" for Oregon.

I urge you to put Oregon's content standards front and center in your lesson-planning, instruction, class assignments, and feedback to students. A standards-based system puts the focus on students and what each one needs next. I know many districts are currently requiring teachers to incorporate standards-based education in planning and curriculum. I applaud you for your efforts.

One new and useful addition to this 2006-07 Oregon Standards that will help you with standards-based planning is a Numbering System designed to support conversations around standards.

The Numbering System will allow:

- A group of elementary teachers to plan lessons that target standards from several content areas much more easily.
- Inter-and intra-disciplinary planning teams in secondary schools to target and track specific standards from several content areas related to a project, unit, or for each quarter's focus—all by number.

Looking for related or cross-over standards not only strengthens instruction, but it also lightens the load of each teacher—knowing that another teacher in another subject is teaming up to target that same knowledge or skill.

The enhanced Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL) website offers Teaching and Learning Resources, Searchable Standards, Strategies for Student Success, and the Online Standards Newspaper. Visit REAL at www.ode. state.or.us/go/real.

Content standards are one piece of the overall educational experience and learning opportunities we want to provide for students. I hope students go well beyond mastery of the content standards and please remember as you focus on content standards not to forget that standards are the means and not the end.

Oregon's educators have the most important job in our society. The new school year will present obstacles unknown to us now, but the year will also bring new opportunities to renew our focus and strengthen our partnership in a standards-based system that delivers high quality instruction to all Oregon children.

## **National Assessment of Education Progress (NAEP)**

Elaine Hultengren

NAEP State Coordinator, Oregon Department of Education

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), often referred to as "the Nation's Report Card," is the only nationally representative and continuing assessment of what America's students know and can do in various subjects. Its two major goals are to measure student achievement and to report change in performance over time. NAEP provides results for the nation as a whole and for the states individually at the 4th, 8th and 12th grades. Performance is reported by groups of students, for example, by gender, by different racial and ethnic groups, and by participation in special programs. The assessment is not designed to provide results for individual students or for their schools.

Starting in 1990, NAEP assessments became available on a voluntary basis to give results for participating states in reading, mathematics, science and writing. Oregon has participated since that time. "No Child Left Behind" legislation stipulates that states, districts, and schools within districts that receive Title I funds must participate in NAEP if selected. Reading and mathematics must be administered every two years in grades 4 and 8.

NAEP is a comprehensive assessment of content areas due to its ability to sample thousands of representative student populations, its use of a variety of item types, and the very large amount of content tested. Each NAEP assessment is built around an organizing framework that guides the development of the assessment instrument and determines the content to be assessed. Frameworks capture a range of subject-specific content and thinking skills needed by students in order to deal with the complex issues they encounter inside and outside their classrooms. The

National Assessment Governing Board (NAGB) develops and approves the NAEP frameworks.

NAEP Frameworks can serve as guidelines for planning assessments or revising curricula at the state and local levels. These frameworks also can provide information on skills appropriate to the three grade levels assessed and can be models for measuring these skills in innovative ways. Oregon educators utilize the NAEP assessment frameworks as an integral part of the process for reviewing and revising the state's content standards.

For information on NAEP Assessments visit www.ode.state.or.us/go/NAEP. The following is a schedule for the administration of NAEP assessments.

NAEP Content Area	<b>Assessment Schedule</b>
English Language Arts Reading Writing	2005, 2007, 2009 2007, 2011
Foreign Language (Spanish)	After 2006
Mathematics	2005, 2007, 2009, 2011
Science	2005, 2009
Social Sciences Civics Economics Geography U.S. History World History	2006, 2010 2006 2010 2006, 2010 2012
The Arts	2008

### **National Associations**

OREGON ACADEMIC STANDARDS CONTENT AREA	ORGANIZATIONS SETTING NATIONAL STANDARDS	WEB ADDRESS
English Language Arts	Standards for English Language Arts (1996), National Council of Teachers of English (NCTE)	www.ncte.org
	<ul> <li>A Compendium of Standards and Benchmarks for K-12 Education, McREL and ASCD</li> </ul>	www.mcrel.org/standards-benchmarks
English Language Proficiency	<ul> <li>Teachers of English to Speakers of Other Languages (TESOL) Standards, revised in 2006.</li> </ul>	• www2.tesol.org
Mathematics	<ul> <li>Principles and Standards for School Mathematics 2000, National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM)</li> </ul>	• www.nctm.org
Science	National Science Education Standards (1996), National Research Council	• www.nas.edu
Science	<ul> <li>Benchmarks for Science Literacy (1993), American Association for the Advancement of Science</li> </ul>	www.project2061.org
Social Sciences	National Standards for US History, National Center for History in the Schools (NCHS)	www.sscnet.ucla.edu/nchs     www.sscnet.ucla.edu/nchs
	•National Standards for World History, NCHS	www.civiced.org
	•National Standards for Civic and Government, Center for Civic Education	www.nationalgeographicsociety.com
	National Geography Standards, National Geographic Society	www.ncss.org     www.mcrel.org/standards-benchmarks
	•Curriculum Standards for Social Studies, National Council for the Social Studies	www.increi.org/standards-benchmarks     www.ncee.org
The Arts	National Standards for Arts Education (1994), Consortium of National Arts Education Associates	www.artsedge.kennedy-center.org
Second Language	<ul> <li>National Standards for Foreign Language Learning, American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (ACTFL)</li> </ul>	• www.actfl.org
Physical Education	<ul> <li>National Standards for the Physical Education, National Association for Sport and Physical Education (NASPE)</li> </ul>	• www.aahperd.org
Health Education	National Health Education Standards, The American Cancer Society	www.cancer.org
Early Childhood	Head Start Child Outcomes Framework	www.hsnrc.org

# CAREER-RELATED LEARNING STANDARDS

Adopted December 1998

The career-related learning standards (CRLS) are fundamental skills essential for success in employment, college, family, and community life. The CRLS will be most meaningful when demonstrated through integrated, interdisciplinary approaches and hands-on activities such as accomplishing a task or discovering a solution to a problem in the classroom or career-related learning experiences. The CRLS are a requirement for the Certificate of Advanced Mastery (CAM) and the high school diploma (in 2006-07). Proficiency and sufficiency criteria have been drafted for local assessment of the CRLS for the CAM. The CRLS are aligned with the Career and Life Roles Common Curriculum Goals at grades 3, 5, 8, and 10. This document and more information is available on the Department's web site at <a href="https://www.ode.state.or.us/go/newspaper.">www.ode.state.or.us/go/newspaper.</a>

STANDARD	CRITERIA
PERSONAL MANAGEMENT (PM)	CS.PM.01 Identify tasks that need to be done and initiate action to complete the tasks.
Exhibit appropriate work ethic and behaviors in school, community, and workplace.	CS.PM.02 Plan, organize, and complete projects and assigned tasks on time, meeting agreed upon standards of quality.
	CS.PM.03 Take responsibility for decisions and actions and anticipate consequences of decisions and actions.
	CS.PM.04 Maintain regular attendance and be on time.
	CS.PM.05 Maintain appropriate interactions with colleagues.
PROBLEM SOLVING (PS) Apply decision-making and	CS.PS.01 Identify problems and locate information that may lead to solutions.
problem-solving techniques in school, community, and	CS.PS.02 Identify alternatives to solve problems.
workplace.	CS.PS.03 Assess the consequences of the alternatives.
	CS.PS.04 Select and explain a proposed solution and course of action.
	CS.PS.05 Develop a plan to implement the selected course of action.
	CS.PS.06 Assess results and take corrective action.
COMMUNICATION (CM) Demonstrate effective com-	CS.CM.01 Locate, process, and convey information using traditional and technological tools.
munication skills to give and receive information in school, community, and workplace.	CS.CM.02 Listen attentively and summarize key elements of verbal and non-verbal communication.
	CS.CM.03 Give and receive feedback in a positive manner.
	CS.CM.04 Read technical/instructional materials for information and apply to specific tasks.
	CS.CM.05 Write instructions, technical reports, and business communications clearly and accurately.
	CS.CM.06 Speak clearly, accurately, and in a manner appropriate for the intended audience when giving oral instructions, technical reports, and business communications.

STANDARD	CRITERIA
TEAMWORK (TW) Demonstrate effective teamwork in school, community,	CS.TW.01 Identify different types of teams and roles within each type of team; describe why each role is important to effective teamwork.
and workplace.	CS.TW.02 Demonstrate skills that improve team effectiveness (e.g., negotiation, compromise, consensus building, conflict management, shared decision-making and goal-setting).
EMPLOYMENT FOUNDATIONS (EF)	CS.EF.01 Apply academic knowledge and technical skills in a career context.
Demonstrate academic, technical, and organizational knowledge and skills required	CS.EF.02 Select, apply, and maintain tools and technologies appropriate for the workplace.
for successful employment.	CS.EF.03 Identify parts of organizations and systems and how they fit together.
	CS.EF.04 Describe how work moves through a system.
	CS.EF.05 Describe the changing nature of work, work- places, and work processes on individuals, organiza- tions, and systems.
	CS.EF.06 Demonstrate dress, appearance, and personal hygiene appropriate for the work environment and situation.
	CS.EF.07 Explain and follow health and safety practices in the work environment.
	CS.EF.08 Explain and follow regulatory requirements, security procedures, and ethical practices.
CAREER DEVELOPMENT (CD)	CS.CD.01 Assess personal characteristics related to educational and career goals.
Demonstrate career develop- ment skills in planning for post-high school experiences.	CS.CD.02 Research and analyze career and educational information.
post mgn sensor experiences.	CS.CD.03 Develop and discuss a current plan designed to achieve personal, educational, and career goals.
	CS.CD.04 Monitor and evaluate educational and career goals.
	CS.CD.05 Demonstrate job-seeking skills (e.g., writing resumes, completing applications, and participating in interviews).

# **TECHNOLOGY COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS**

Adopted March 2002

Technology is one of many tools that students have at their disposal as they engage in the learning process. Educational technology is the application of technology to the teaching and learning process. Technologically literate students access and acquire knowledge, exchange ideas and opinions, solve problems, and create, innovate and express themselves through the skillful use of a variety of technologies. As with any other tool, technology should be used by students when its use will increase understanding and enhance learning.

As technology filters out to every aspect of our society, it is essential that students not develop technological skills in isolation. Rather, technology should be integrated into every content area. By providing access to information, opening pathways to communication, and facilitating personal understanding, technology supports learning in all subjects.

#### **COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS**

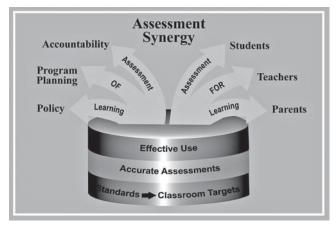
- $\blacksquare$  TG.01 Demonstrate proficiency in the use of technological tools and devices.
- TG.02 Select and use technology to enhance learning and problem solving.
- TG.03 Access, organize, and analyze information to make informed decisions, using one or more technologies.
- TG.04 Use technology in an ethical and legal manner and understand how technology affects society.
- TG.05 Design, prepare, and present unique works using technology to communicate information and ideas.
- TG.06 Extend communication and collaboration with peers, experts, and other audiences using telecommunications.

#### CONTENT STANDARDS AND BENCHMARKS

School districts may establish their own content standards in technology.

# THE ROLE OF ASSESSMENT LITERACY IN STUDENT SUCCESS

Educators across the country now realize that assessment literacy is an essential tool in their teaching and learning toolkit. Absent this critical knowledge, educators may fall prey to a common misconception that accountability and compliance are the only purposes for assessments. Educators entrenched in this view focus on assessment of learning and may tend to "teach to the test." However, we can choose to allocate our efforts toward assessment for learning, which can have a powerful influence on improving student performance by engaging and empowering the teachers and students throughout the assessment process. To provide students with the tools to ensure their academic success and help them make assessments part of their strategy for becoming life-long learners, administrators and teachers must continue to develop their assessment literacy skills.



Source: Chappuis, Stephen. "A Systemic Framework for Sound Assessment Practice"

What is assessment literacy? Nationally recognized teacher competencies in educational assessment of students are based on the knowledge and skills required:

- to align assessments to content standards.
- to develop a variety of testing instruments to measure who, what, how well and when students learn,
- to interpret results, and then
- to apply the results to improve student learning and program effectiveness so that students can meet educational expectations as they are defined by Oregon's content standards.

The creation of a balanced assessment system relies on summative assessments to provide data that can be used for accountability, program planning, and policy decisions, but they aren't enough to provide an accurate picture of student learning. Formative classroom assessments provide the data that can highlight a student's academic strengths and weaknesses. A strong foundation in assessment literacy supports:

- the alignment of both summative and formative assessments to Oregon's content standards
- development of appropriate assessments based on an explicit understanding of assessment purposes,
- the understanding of the concepts used in educational measurement so they can interpret student results,
- application of the results for program improvement,
- communication with students about what they can learn from their assessment results about their own strengths and weaknesses in achieving mastery of content and performance standards, and
- guidance for students to develop specific strategies that target academic weaknesses

Source: Chappuis, Stephen. "A Systemic Framework for Sound Assessment Practice." Assessment Training Institute, Portland, OR. September, 2005.

### **Oregon's English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA)**

In April 2006, Oregon's K-12 English Language Learners (ELL) began participating in ODE's new web-based assessment for the first time as part of statewide testing. The English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA) was designed to measure proficiency levels of students' English acquisition to meet the federal requirements for Title III accountability set by the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) legislation. ELPA, combined with other indicators of English language proficiency, may be used to help students develop linguistic access to the curriculum and strengthen their ability for academic success.

#### **Understanding What Is Being Assessed**

In grades Kindergarten through 12, ELPA assesses proficiency in four domains—reading, listening, writing, and speaking. The competencies within each of these domains include:

- Grammatical Competencies—vocabulary, syntax, and morphology
- Illocutionary Competencies—ideational and manipulative
- Ideational functions that are used to convey information and ideas. For example, descriptions, comparisons, etc.
- Manipulative functions that are used to influence another person's behavior. For example, requesting, giving instructions, etc.

#### **Understanding How ELL Students Are Assessed**

ELPA is delivered electronically like TESA, but has different components that require the use of headsets so that students can listen to the directions and item prompts. They must speak into a microphone on the headset that records the students' responses to the items. The microphones are sensitive to background noises, conversations, intercoms, and other sounds in the room.

#### **Ensuring a Proper Testing Environment**

Students with limited English proficiency often struggle with not only communicating in English, but with new schools in a new country, a new culture, and academic expectations that may be different. It is extremely important that the schools develop a plan for helping ELL students to do their best on the ELPA. The plan should ensure that:

■ The testing environment minimizes distractions and disruptions for students.

- All rooms used for test administrations are quiet, orderly, comfortable, and have adequate lighting.
- Students have had a drink of water and a bathroom break before beginning the assessment.
- Coaching during the assessment is strictly avoided.

#### **Preparing Students for Assessment Day**

Providing pretest activities to develop effective and appropriate test-taking skills and attitudes can be very helpful to students when they are approaching a new type of assessment. Suggestions include:

- Explain that the purpose of ELPA is to help teachers understand if students are beginning, intermediate, or advanced English Language Learners
- Assure students that they cannot fail ELPA
- Familiarize students with test and question formats by letting them take the practice test
- Help students relax and be confident by providing simple testing strategies before the day of the test, such as advising them to
  - Listen carefully to the instructions from Mr. Lopez, the online instructor
  - Answer all parts of the questions, using as many complete sentences as they can
  - Speak clearly into the microphone
  - $\hfill\blacksquare$  Try questions and tasks even if they are uncertain about them
  - Discard chewing gum before starting the test
- Excessive test rehearsal should be avoided
- Younger students may need some training to use the computer mouse

#### **Ensuring Success In and Out of the Classroom**

Oregon schools are making great strides in helping students close the achievement gap and increase their chances for success. ELPA is one step toward accurately identifying those students who need support in English acquisition and in developing the skills essential for academic success that will help them succeed in Oregon classrooms and in Oregon communities. Thank you for your help with this critical project.

See related article "English Language Development" in Section B.

# PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

### **2006-07 Performance Standards Summary**

The following charts show the performance standards (requirements to meet and exceed the standard on state tests) and work sample requirements by content area for each grade level or Benchmark level.

Grade 3	MEET	EXCEED
Reading/Literature State Test (multiple-choice)	201	215
Mathematics State Test (multiple-choice)	202	215
Writing, Speaking, Science, Social Sciences	No state test	

Grade 4	MEET	EXCEED
Reading/Literature	208	223
State Test (multiple-choice)	200	223
Writing		
Composite Score	32 to 39* (out of 48)	40 to 48* (out of 48)
Minimum score in each trait	3**	4**
Conventions score	Not doubled	Not doubled

Voice and Word Choice are scored on the state assessment, but are not included in the performance standard.

\* A state test receiving a composite score of 28 to 31 points conditionally meets the standard. The school district may determine that the standard has been met IF that student has met all writing work sample requirements.

\*\* A state test receiving a score of 1 or 2 points in any trait will not meet the standard, even if the test meets the overall required composite score. A state test receiving a score of 1, 2 or 3 points in any trait will not exceed the standard, even if the test meets the overall required composite score.

Mathematics State Test (multiple-choice)	208	223
Speaking, Science, and Social	No	state test

Grade 5	MEET	EXCEED	
Reading/Literature	215	231	
State Test (multiple-choice)	213	231	
Mathematics	215	231	
State Test (multiple-choice)	210		
Science	223	239	
State Test (multiple-choice)	223	239	
Social Sciences #	215	225	
State Test (multiple-choice)	215	225	
# - To measure progress for students seeking an endorsement in Social Sciences or to meet			

# - To measure progress for students seeking an endorsement in Social Sciences or to meet district requirements.

Writing, Speaking No state test

Grade 6	MEET EXCEED		
Reading/Literature	219	233	
State Test (multiple-choice)	219	233	
Mathematics	219	233	
State Test (multiple-choice)	217	233	
Writing, Speaking, Science, Social			
Sciences	No state test		

#### **Work Sample Requirements**

Grades	3	4	5	6	7	8	CIM
Writing * at CIM one persuasive, one expository, and one either imaginative or narrative	1	1	1	1	1	1	3*
Speaking * at CIM one persuasive, one informative and one unrehearsed	1	1	1	1	1	1	3*
Mathematics Problem Solving * at CIM one each from two of these: geometry; algebraic relationships; and statistics/probability;	1	1	1	1	1	1	2*
Scientific Inquiry*	-	1	1	1	1	1	1*
Social Science Analysis* # for students seeking an endorsement in Social Sciences or to meet district requirements.	-	-	-	1#	1#	1#	1#
*Mork camples require a minimum score of A	in roqui	rad trait	s to ma	at stand	dard and	d a minii	mum

\*Work samples require a minimum score of 4 in required traits to meet standard and a minimum score of 5 in required traits to exceed standard. The exception to this is at grade 3 in writing and speaking, where a score of 3 meets and scores of 4 and above exceed.

Grade 7	MEET	EXCEED
Reading/Literature State Test (multiple-choice)	226	236
Writing Composite Score Minimum score in each trait Conventions score	40 to 49* (out of 60) 3*** Doubled	50 to 60* (out of 60) 4** Doubled

Voice and Word Choice are scored on the state assessment, but are not included in the performance standard.

\* A state test receiving a composite score of 35 to 39 points conditionally meets the standard. The school district may determine that the standard has been met IF that student has met all writing work sample requirements.

\*\* A state test receiving a score of 1 or 2 points in any trait will not meet the standard, even if the test meets the overall required composite score. A state test receiving a score of 1, 2 or 3 points in any trait will not exceed the standard, even if the test meets the overall required composite score.

Mathematics State Test (multiple-choice)	226	236
Speaking, Science, and Social Sciences	No stat	e test

Grade 8	MEET	EXCEED
Reading/Literature State Test (multiple-choice)	231	239
Mathematics State Test (multiple-choice)	231	239
Science State Test (multiple-choice)	233	247
Social Sciences # State Test (multiple-choice)	231	241

# - To measure progress for students seeking an endorsement in Social Sciences or to meet district requirements

Writing, Speaking No state test

CIM	MEET	EXCEED		
Reading/Literature State Test (multiple-choice)	239	249		
Writing Composite Score Minimum score in each trait Conventions score	40 to 49* (out of 60) 3*** Doubled	50 to 60* (out of 60) 4** Doubled		

Voice and Word Choice are scored on the state assessment, but are not included in the performance standard.

\* A state test receiving a composite score of 35 to 39 points conditionally meets the standard. The school district may determine that the standard has been met IF that student has met all writing work sample requirements.

\*\* A state test receiving a score of 1 or 2 points in any trait will not meet the standard, even if the test meets the overall required composite score. A state test receiving a score of 1, 2 or 3 points in any trait will not exceed the standard, even if the test meets the overall required composite score.

Mathematics State Test (multiple-choice)	239	249
Science State Test (multiple-choice)	239	252
Social Sciences # State Test (multiple-choice)	239	249

# - For students seeking an endorsement in Social Sciences or to meet district requirements.

Speaking	No state test

### State Test Administration Accommodations Q and A

#### What are accommodations?

Accommodations are adaptations or changes that can be made to the setting, scheduling, directions, presentation, allowable responses, or allowable tools in an instructional environment to allow students to access information and reduce the effects that a disability (or other condition) may have on their ability to fully participate. These changes to the environment do not alter the skill that is intended or assessed by the material. For example, a student with a visual impairment may benefit from having his or her reading assessment materials presented in a larger font. This accommodation reduces the effects of the visual impairment, allowing the student to fully participate without altering the content of the assessment material or the skill being assessed (reading).

#### Why does the ODE provide accommodations for students?

The Oregon Department of Education would like all students to have an opportunity to participate in instruction and assessment to the greatest extent possible. To that end, currently: (1) all state general assessments incorporate the principals of universal design. These principles have been incorporated in recent years leading to the elimination of the need for a separate plain-language assessment; (2) students with the most significant cognitive disabilities can be assessed with the state's alternate (Extended) assessments; (3) students who are able to perform at grade level expectations, but for whom statewide assessment is an inappropriate method to demonstrate their skills, may take the juried assessment; and (4) students can gain access to the general assessment by using approved accommodations.

#### What are modifications?

Modifications are alterations that impact the intended skill that is being taught or assessed and, as a result, alter the assessment or instruction's intended purpose. For example, providing an accommodation to a student with a visual impairment that allows a reading comprehension assessment to be read out loud by a proctor alters the purpose of the assessment (to measure the student's reading comprehension skill) to one that measures the student's listening comprehension skill.

### How do educators know when an alteration is an accommodation and when it is a modification?

In Oregon, this determination is made by the Accommodations Panel and the results are published in accommodations and modifications tables which are made public as reference materials for educators who must make educational decisions for individual students.

#### What is the Accommodations Panel?

The Accommodations Panel is a group of district personnel, researchers, educators, and advocates who meet quarterly to discuss any assessment accommodations requests that are submitted by parents or by educators in the field. The panel summarizes and synthesizes current research on the issues surrounding the proposed accommodation and submits their joint recommendation to the Assistant Superintendents of the Office of Student Learning and Partnerships and the Office of Assessment and Information Systems.

### How do educators and parents submit proposed accommodations to the panel for review?

Parents and educators can submit recommendations for accommodations to the Accommodations Panel for review and approval. Submit requests to Dianna.Carrizales@state.or.us or Jennifer.Doolittle@state.or.us for review by the panel. Email subject lines should read "Attention: Accommodations Panel."

### Where can educators and parents find a list of approved accommodations?

Approved accommodations are published as two tables of accommodations. These can be found at www.ode.state.or.us/teachlearn/testing/manuals/tables and in the appendix of the test administration manual. The "2005-2006 Accommodations Table: Knowledge and Skills Test

Administration" provides approved accommodations information for the Reading, Mathematics, Science, and Social Science Assessments. The "2005-2006 Accommodations Table: Writing Test Administration" provides approved accommodations information for the Writing Assessment.

### When should educators use modifications instead of accommodations?

Modifications should be used when no accommodation or approved alternative approach to assessment or instruction will allow for the participation of the student. Educators must be aware that the provision of modifications for statewide assessment compromises the validity of the assessment and the scores do not count toward meeting state standards.

#### How should accommodations be applied?

Accommodations are intended to remove or diminish the unique barriers experienced by some students in certain academic settings. Though in theory accommodations are applicable to all students, in practice accommodations should be considered specific to an individual student's needs.

Any accommodations that educators consider to be beneficial for a whole class should be submitted for approval to the accommodations panel as an "all class accommodation."

### Are accommodations on the accommodations table required by schools and districts to be supplied for all children on IEPs?

No. The student's IEP team makes the determination of need for an accommodation. The accommodations tables represent possible accommodations that can be selected from. An IEP team is not limited to the accommodations listed; however, if a student requires an accommodation that is not on the list of acceptable accommodations, this compromises the validity of the assessment and the scores are not counted toward statewide participation.

### Who gets to use accommodations during a statewide assessment?

In many cases, the implementation of an accommodation in the assessment setting that is not used in the classroom setting is not recommended unless the unique features of the assessment situation require it. For students on IEPs, the IEP should specify the accommodations the student requires to access and participate in the general curriculum and in the classroom, and these accommodations should also be provided during assessment if necessary. If assessment presents a unique situation that triggers the need for an accommodation that is not typically used in the classroom setting, that should also be specified on the IEP or 504 plan. For those students in general education who are not on IEPs, accommodations should be applied according to a consistent standardized school or district-level decision making process. However, accommodation decisions should not be made on a class or school basis. The decision process should consider each student and his or her needs individually and should be able to be replicated and revisited for analysis and review.

### Is it an accommodation unless proven otherwise or is it a modification unless proven otherwise?

Educators must refer to the approved accommodations tables to apply accommodations for students. If an accommodation is not listed on the accommodations table it is considered a modification until it has been through the approval process.

### **Subject Area Endorsements**

The follo	owing Subject Area Endorsement timeline	was approved by the State Board	of Education on January 20, 2005.		
Subject Area Estimated Field-test Period Performance CIM Subject Area Estimated Field-test Period From ODE to Districts By: Requirements No					
Social Sciences	Scoring Guides: March 1, 2004–Feb. 28, 2005. Phase-in was established June 17, 2004.	June 2004	May 1, 2004, based on State Knowledge and Skills Test. Work Samples will be required to earn the endorsement by May, 2006 (2008 graduates)		
The Arts	May 1, 2005–May 31, 2006	November 30, 2006	May 1, 2008*		
Second Languages	May 1, 2005–May 31, 2006	November 30, 2006	May 1, 2008*		
Physical Education	May 1, 2005–May 31, 2006	November 30, 2006	May 1, 2008*		
Health Education	May 1, 2005–May 31, 2006	November 30, 2006	May 1, 2008*		

PERFORMANCE
REQUIREMENTS FOR
THE ARTS, SECOND
LANGUAGES, PHYSICAL
EDUCATION, AND HEALTH
EDUCATION, FALL 2006

The Subject Area Endoresment Performance Requirements in the The Arts, Second Languages, Physical Education, and Health Education will be presented to the State Board of Education for adoption in Fall 2006. The Oregon Department of Education will make these requirements available to districts by November 2006. Districts must implement them no later than May 2008.

# **Engaging Students with the Content Standards**

Teresa Greene Oregon Department of Education

Children are world explorers, arriving in the classroom carrying a suitcase, packed by their families and previous teachers with experiences that will help or hinder them on their journey. How they view themselves, their ability, and the responsiveness of their environment is filtered through the lens of what is in that suitcase

Recognizing how these perceptions influence academic behavior is critical in communicating content standards to students. They need explicit teaching about how they can understand what it is that they need to know and be able to do (Content Standards). They need to personally know why these things matter. As their metacognitive skills grow, so will their understanding about who they are and who they are becoming. Affording them the time through service learning opportunities and extended practice allows them to personalize their understanding and apply it to the content standards.

Students who view the world as responsive to attempts to direct their own outcomes will interpret classroom standards as opportunities for mastery and learning and will engage enthusiastically. On the other hand, children who view the world as hostile and chaotic, believing their own competence to be lacking, will view the standards as threatening and unachievable, feeling powerless to control their outcomes. Unpacking the suitcase is the key to understanding these different views of classroom standards.

#### **Unpacking the suitcase involves:**

- Treating the child holistically, as a human being of worth, capable of exerting effort and gaining knowledge
- Setting clear expectations for classroom behavior and learning objectives
- Offering learning choices relevant to a child's experience and supporting a positive sense of self
- Being open, supportive, and nonjudgmental with parents, who have made the largest contribution to their child's suitcase

Educator Aura Beatty reports, "By creating a responsive classroom... parents who were traditionally uninvolved began to engage because they saw their child felt safe, and they were more willing to trust. Trust is key with kids, and trust is key with parents."



# **Standards Make Sense:** An Overview for Parents

Michelle Jensen, Ph.D. Oregon Department of Education

Students do better in school when parents are involved in their schooling. Understanding academic standards—those much-talked statements about what students should know and be able to do—can challenge even the most dedicated parents.

Standards are about setting high expectations for all students' learning. Content standards, which are developed by the State, provide a set of common learning goals. Teachers are expected to encompass the standards in their teaching, students must achieve these standards, and schools are assessed based on student performance on the state assessments which are based on the same content standards.

Content Standards are important because they define the way schools work. Standards focus education on instruction and achievement. Standards demand accountability. For teachers, standards are the guide to what needs to be taught. For students, standards clearly explain what they should know and be able to do. Standards are a tool to hold schools and districts accountable for high student learning, and they can be used as a starting place in student performance dialogue between parents, educators and community stakeholders. High performing schools explicitly train parents and students to understand standards, train teachers in aligning content to standards, and teach students the skills and content necessary to meet those standards

Student work and performance are critical elements in standards-based education.

# When parents understand standards, they are better able to support their child's learning:

- Review the standards for your child's grade. If you have questions, ask the teacher or principal to explain in more "parent friendly" language.
- Ask the teacher to explain how the work in the classroom relates to the content standards.
- By third grade, all children are required to complete work samples that meet content standards. Ask your child to explain the assignment to you. Talk with your child about how the work connects with the particular standards and to other things in your child's life.
- to evaluate student work according to the standards. The state has scoring guides in writing, speaking, math problem solving, scientific inquiry, and social science analysis. When your child comes home with an assignment, ask your child if there is a scoring guide. Before beginning the assignment, review the guide with your child. Help your child plan tasks and chart progress against the guide.
- Once the assignment is completed, review the work according to the guide.

For more resources to support family involvement, visit <a href="https://www.ode.state.or.us/go/family">www.ode.state.or.us/go/family</a>.

To find content standards for your child's grade level, visit www.ode.state.or.us/go/standards.

## Healthy Kids Learn Better

Jess Bogli Health Specialist, Office of Student Learning Partnerships Oregon Department of Education

Connecting students and families to the education standards begins with healthy schools. The Healthy Kids Learn Better Partnership (HKLB) is an interagency agreement between the Department of Human Resources and Department of Education funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. HKLB efforts include helping local schools and communities form partnerships that address students' physical, social, and emotional barriers to learnerships

ing. Research continues to support the links between health, behavior and academic achievement through academic standards. By addressing health-related issues, schools foster students' educational success, and also help establish lifelong healthenhancing behaviors.

Since its inception in 2000, HKLB Partnership has been working to assist Oregon Schools in using a coordinated school health approach to addressing physical, emotional and social needs of youth, improving their potential to learn and succeed in school. Coordinated school health is a systems approach to assist schools in successfully forming partnerships with their community to develop and implement a program

to address the unique needs of their local community by integrating the efforts and resources of education, health and social services.

Cindy Easton, a teacher at H.B. Lee Middle School in the Reynolds School District says, "It's amazing the shift and focus we've seen as a result of Healthy Kids Learn Better. More students are eating breakfast; staff and students are aware of their health and are making better choices. People are setting and reaching goals that they otherwise would not have undertaken as a result of our staff's physical activity challenge. In addition our wellness staff, including our health teachers, is proactive, aligned and engaged. It's been a great asset to us."

A part of coordinated school health is the work around health education curriculum. The health education standards in Oregon support a comprehensive, effective approach to teaching health education. It is essential that health education focuses on the skills that students learn, practice and transfer to everyday life. Oregon has a Statewide Health Education Cadre that offers free professional development opportunities in the areas of using health education standards and assessment in the classroom, and curriculum trainings.

For Oregon Health Standards visit www.ode.state.or.us/go/health.

For additional resources visit www.healthykidslearnbetter.org.

Adopted April 2001

The study of the social sciences (civics, economics, geography, and history) prepares students for responsible citizenship. It enables students to evaluate historical and contemporary issues, understand global relationships, and make connections between the past, present, and future. See Standards Numbering System Key on page 16A. CIVICS AND GOVERNMENT: Understand and apply knowledge about government and political systems, and the rights and responsibilities of citizens.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Understand the origins, purposes, and functions of U.S. government, including the structure and meaning of the U.S. Constitution.	Understand the purposes of government and the basic constitutional principles of the United States republican form of government.	SS.03.CG.01 Identify es- sential ideas and values ex- pressed in national symbols, heroes, and patriotic songs of the United States.	SS.05.CG.01 Identify essential ideas of our republican form of government as expressed in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution.	SS.08.CG.01 Understand the purposes of government as stated in the Constitution and the specific provisions that limit the power of government in order to protect the rights of individuals.	SS.CM.CG.01 Understand the purpose of laws and government, provisions to limit power, and the ability to meet changing needs as essential ideas of the Constitution.	Understand the philosophy and principles upon which the government of the United States is based. (Standard E.1)
			SS.05.CG.01.01 Know the concept of "rule of law."	SS.08.CG.01.01 Distinguish the purposes of government as stated in the Preamble.	SS.CM.CG.01.01 Understand the "supremacy clause" of the U.S. Constitution as a means of resolving conflicts between state and federal law.	
				SS.08.CG.01.02 Understand how the power of government is limited in the United States.	SS.CM.CG.01.02 Understand the concept of judicial review as a means of resolving conflict over the interpretation of the Constitution and the actions	
				SS.08.CG.01.03 Recognize the provisions of the Bill of Rights (Amendments 1-10) that protect individual rights.	of government. SS.CM.CG.01.03 Understand how to amend the U.S. Constitution and the Oregon Constitution, including how amendments may be introduced, what is required for passage, and how the process accommodates changing needs and the preservation of values and principles.	
Understand the organization, responsibilities, and interrelationships of local, state, and federal governments in the United States.	Understand the responsibilities and interrelationships of local, state, and national government in the U.S.		SS.05.CG.02 Identify the primary functions of federal, state, and local governments.	SS.08.CG.02 Identify and distinguish how powers and responsibilities are distributed and balanced among the federal, state, and local levels.	SS.CM.CG.02 Under- stand the interrelationship between local, state, and federal government.	Understand the interrela- tionships of government under the U.S. Constitutio (Standard E.2)
			SS.05.CG.02.01 Identify public safety, transportation, education, and recreation as responsibilities of local governments.	SS.08.CG.02.01 Identify the power or responsibility of each level of government.	SS.CM.CG.02.01 Understand the primary function of federal, state, and local levels of government and how the actions of one influence the workings of the others.	
			SS.05.CG.02.02 Know how laws are made.	SS.08.CG.02.02 Understand how laws are made and enforced at the federal, state, and local levels.	SS.CM.CG.02.02 Understand how federalism creates shared and reserved powers at each level of government.	
Understand the roles of the three branches of government and explain how their powers are distributed and shared.	Understand the roles and powers of the executive, legislative, and judicial branches.		SS.05.CG.03 Understand the roles and responsibilities of the three branches of government.	SS.08.CG.03 Understand the powers of each branch of government as stated in the Constitution.	SS.CM.CG.03 Understand how the branches of govern- ment have powers and limitations.	
			SS.05.CG.03.01 Name and distinguish the primary function of each branch of government at the federal and state levels.	SS.08.CG.03.01 Understand the basic idea of checks and balances of each branch of the federal government.	SS.CM.CG.03.01 Understand how laws are developed and applied to provide order, set limits, protect basic rights, and promote the common good.	
				SS.08.CG.03.02 Identify the legislative, executive, and judicial institutions at each level of government.	SS.CM.CG.03.02 Understand the process by which laws are developed at the federal level, and key differences between how laws are developed at the federal level and in Oregon.	
				SS.08.CG.03.03 Understand the powers and responsibilities of the executive branch of government.	SS.CM.CG.03.03 Identify and understand the powers and limits to power of the Presidency.	
			SS.08.CG.03.04 Understand how courts are organized by level and jurisdiction, and that law is divided into Constitutional Law, criminal law, and civil law.			

CIVICS AND GOVERNMENT: (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Understand personal and political rights of citizens in the United States.	Understand the roles, rights, and responsibilities of citizens in the United States.	SS.03.CG.02 Identify rights that people have in their communities.	SS.05.CG.04 Identify the rights of U.S. citizens.	SS.08.CG.04 Understand citizens' rights and how the Constitution protects those rights.	SS.CM.CG.04 Understand the role of the courts and of the law in protecting the rights of U.S. citizens.	Explore citizen participa- tion and responsibilities as informed participants within the U.S. government's politi- cal system. (Standard E.3)
			SS.05.CG.04.01 Identify basic rights that are given to citizens of the United States.	SS.08.CG.04.01 Identify and understand the rights of citizens guaranteed under the Bill of Rights.	SS.CM.CG.04.01 Understand how the Bill of Rights offers protection of individual rights and how rights are limited for the benefit of the common good.	cal system. (Standard E.S)
					SS.CM.CG.04.02 Understand the role of due process in the protection of individuals. SS.CM.CG.04.03	
					Understand how the rights of citizens have been augmented by case law decisions.	
Understand participatory responsibilities of citizens in the community (voluntarism) and in the political process (becoming informed about public issues and candidates,	Understand the participatory obligations of U.S. citizens.	SS.03.CG.03 Identify ways that people can participate in their communities and the responsibilities of participation.	SS.05.CG.05 Understand how citizens can learn about public issues.	SS.08.CG.05 Understand how citizens can make their voices heard in the political process.	SS.CM.CG.05 Understand the civic responsibilities of U.S. citizens and how they are met.	
joining political parties/interest groups/associations, commu- nicating with public officials, voting, influencing lawmaking through such processes as petitions/initiatives).			SS.05.CG.05.01 Identify and give examples of resources that provide information about public issues.	SS.08.CG.05.01 Identify and give examples of ways that citizens can let their opinions be known in the political process.	SS.CM.CG.05.01 Identify the responsibilities of citizens of the United States and understand what an individual can do to meet these responsibilities.	
Understand how government is influenced and changed by support and dissent of individuals, groups, and international organizations.	Understand how individuals, groups, and international organizations influence government.		SS.05.CG.06 Identify and give examples of how individuals can influence the actions of government.	SS.08.CG.06 Identify and give examples of how groups and organizations can influence the actions of government.	SS.CM.CG.06 Understand how government policies and decisions have been influenced and changed by individuals, groups, and international organizations.	
			SS.05.CG.06.01 Identify and give examples of actions citizens can take to influence government policy and decision-making.	SS.08.CG.06.01 Identify and give examples of how groups and organizations can influence government policy or decisions and describe how these actions can lead to such influence.	SS.CM.CG.06.01 Understand how U.S. political parties have influenced government policy and decisions.  SS.CM.CG.06.02 Understand the causes, course, and impact of the civil rights/equal rights movements.	
					SS.CM.CG.06.03 Understand the Constitutional changes that resulted from major events in the 20th century.	
Understand how nations interact with each other, how events and issues in other countries can affect citizens in the United States, and how actions and concepts of democracy and individual rights	Understand how the United States government relates and interacts with other nations.	SS.03.CG.04 Distinguish local and world issues.	SS.05.CG.07 Recognize and give examples of how nations interact with one another through trade, diplomacy, cultural contacts, treaties, and agreements.	SS.08.CG.07 Understand how actions of the U.S. government affect citizens of both the United States and other countries.	SS.CM.CG.07 Understand the purposes and functions of major international organizations and the role of the United States in them.	
of the United States can affect other peoples and nations.			SS.05.CG.07.01 Know how the United States makes treaties with other nations, including Indian nations.	SS.08.CG.07.01 Know how the U.S. government affects citizens of other countries.	SS.CM.CG.07.01 Understand and give examples of how international organizations influence policies or decisions.	
			SS.05.CG.07.02 Know how nations demonstrate good will toward other nations in a variety of ways.	SS.08.CG.07.02 Know how U.S. government actions with other nations affect citizens of the United States.	SS.CM.CG.07.02 Understand the purposes and functions of the United Nations, and the role of the United States in the United Nations.	
					SS.CM.CG.07.03 Understand the purpose and function of international humanitarian agencies and special interest advocacy groups, and how the United States interacts with people in other nations through these organizations.	

Adopted April 2001

CIVICS AND GOVERNMENT: (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Analyze major political systems of the world.	Understand that there are different ways for governments to be organized and to hold power.		SS.05.CG.08 Understand that there are different ways for governments to be organized.	SS.08.CG.08 Understand various forms of government.	SS.CM.CG.08 Understand how various forms of gov- ernment function in different situations.	
			SS.05.CG.08.01 Recognize that governments are organized in different ways.	SS.08.CG.08.01 Compare and contrast various forms of government to the United States' government.	SS.CM.CG.08.01 Compare and contrast how various forms of government function in similar and different situations.	
Analyze the concepts of political power, authority, conflict, and conflict management.						

ECONOMICS: Understand economic concepts and principles and how available resources are allocated in a market economy.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Understand that resources are limited (e.g., scarcity).	Understand the economic concept of scarcity.	SS.03.EC.01 Understand that limited resources make economic choice necessary.	SS.05.EC.01 Understand that all economic choices have costs and benefits, and compare options in terms of costs and benefits.	SS.08.EC.01 Understand incentives in a market economy that influence individuals and businesses in allocating resources (time, money, labor, and natural resources).	SS.CM.EC.01 Understand how specialization and competition influence the allocation of resources.	Examine how a market economy functions as a system and compares with other economic systems. (Standard F.1)
			SS.05.EC.01.01 Know that whenever a choice is made, there is a cost.	Ss.08.EC.01.01 Know that people respond predictably to positive and negative incentives.	SS.CM.EC.01.01 Understand how specialization increases efficiency, potential output, and consumer well being, but may have negative side effects.	
Understand economic trade- offs and how choices result in both costs and benefits to individuals and society.	Understand how trade-offs and opportunity costs are decisions that can be measured in terms of costs and benefits.		SS.05.EC.02 Identify and give examples of the concepts of "trade-off" and "opportunity costs."	SS.08.EC.02 Understand how trade-offs and opportu- nity costs can be identified and measured.	SS.CM.EC.02 Understand a cost-benefit analysis of economic choices.	
			SS.05.EC.02.01 Identify and give examples of consequences of economic choices in terms of trade-off and opportunity cost.	SS.08.EC.02.01 Know and give examples of how changes in the economy impose costs on some and benefits on others because they arbitrarily redistribute purchasing power.	SS.CM.EC.02.01 Compare and contrast the allocation of goods and servies in market and command economies.	
			SS.05.EC.02.02 Understand the difference between "needs" and "wants" and their relationship to economic trade-offs.	SS.08.EC.02.02 Distinguish between "needs" and "wants" in the U.S. and other countries of the world, and the impact of the media.	SS.CM.EC.02.02 Understand how people make decisions by analyzing economic conditions and changes.	
Understand how conditions in an economy influence and are influenced by the decisions of consumers, producers, economic institutions, and government.	Understand the concept of supply and demand.		SS.05.EC.03 Understand how supply and demand in- fluence price, and how price increases or decreases influence the decisions of consumers.	SS.08.EC.03 Understand how price is an incentive for both buyers and producers/ sellers in the marketplace.	SS.CM.EC.03 Understand how consumer demand and market price directly impact one another.	Analyze trends in economic conditions and indicators and their relationship to national and international political, social, and geographic factors. (Standard F.2)
			SS.05.EC.03.01 Understand that prices rise and fall depending on supply and demand.	SS.08.EC.03.01 Understand how supply and demand respond predictably to changes in economic circumstances.	SS.CM.EC.03.01 Understand that competition among sellers leads to lower prices and impacts production.	
					SS.CM.EC.03.02 Understand that competition among buyers increases prices and allocates goods and services only to those who can afford them.	

**ECONOMICS:** (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Understand economic concepts, principles, and factors affecting the allocation of available resources in an economy.	Understand and evaluate the underlying philosophies and characteristics of various economic systems, including that of the U.S. economy.			SS.08.EC.04 Understand how decisions regarding what to produce, how to produce, and for whom to produce are answered in various economic systems.	SS.CM.EC.04 Evaluate different economic systems, comparing advantages and disadvantages of each.	Analyze and evaluate economic issues, problems, and decisions at local, national, or international levels, considering economic data, concepts, and theories. (Standard F.3)
				SS.08.EC.04.01 Understand how decisions about production are made in traditional, capitalist, and command economies.	SS.CM.EC.04.01 Use cost- benefit analysis to compare and contrast economic systems.	
Understand the role of government and institutions (i.e., banks, labor unions) in various economic systems in an economy.	Understand the role of government and institutions in an economy.			SS.08.EC.05 Understand how banks function within the economy.	SS.CM.EC.05 Understand how government can affect the national economy through policy.  SS.CM.EC.06 Understand	
					how government can affect international trade through tariffs, quotas and trade agreements.	
				SS.08.EC.05.01 Identify and give examples of the services of a bank, and know the role of banks in the economy.	SS.CM.EC.06.01 Understand how government responds to problems in the economy (rapid inflation or rising unemployment) with fiscal and/or monetary policies.	
					SS.CM.EC.06.02 Identify and give examples of ways that the U.S. government can affect the economy through legislation or policy decisions.  SS.CM.EC.06.03 Identify tariffs, quotas, and trade agreements, and understand the consequences of their use in the economy.	
Understand the interdependence of the global economy and the role played by the United States.	Understand how the United States economy relates and interacts with other nations.		SS.05.EC.04 Recognize examples of how nations interact economically.	SS.08.EC.06 Identify and give examples of how the United States economy affects citizens of both the United States and other countries.	SS.CM.EC.07 Understand the purposes and functions of major international economic organizations and the role of the United States in them.	
			SS.05.EC.04.01 Recognize that nations interact through trade.	SS.08.EC.06.01 Give examples of how the United States economy affects citizens of the United States. SS.08.EC.06.02 Give examples of how the United States economy affects the citizens of other countries.	SS.CM.EC.07.01 Understand the purpose and function of international economic agencies and groups and how the United States interacts with people in other nations through these groups.	
Understand how money makes it easier to trade, borrow, save, invest, and compare the value of goods and services.	Understand the purpose and functions of money in the economy.		SS.05.EC.05 Identify the characteristics of money and the advantages of its use over barter.	SS.08.EC.07 Understand the function of money.	SS.CM.EC.08 Understand how money makes saving and borrowing easier.	
aliu selvices.			SS.05.EC.05.01 Distinguish between "barter" and "money" and how they facilitate the exchange of goods.	SS.08.EC.07.01 Understand how money functions as a means of exchange, a store of value, and a measure of value.	SS.CM.EC.08.01 Understand how money functions in the banking system and as part of fiscal policy.	

**ECONOMICS:** (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Apply economic concepts and principles to issues of personal finance.	Demonstrate the knowledge and skills necessary to make reasoned and responsible financial decisions as a consumer, producer, saver, and investor in a market economy.	SS.03.EC.02 Identify ways of making money to buy a desired product and what it will cost in time and energy for each option.	SS.05.EC.06 Understand the processes of earning, saving, spending, budgeting, and record keeping in money management.  SS.05.EC.06.01 Recognize that people earn income by exchanging their labor for wages and salaries.  SS.05.EC.06.02 Recognize that savings are the part of income not spent on taxes or consumption.  SS.05.EC.06.03 Recognize that spending involves exchanging money for goods or services.  SS.05.EC.06.04 Recognize that a budget is a record-keeping plan for managing income and spending.	SS.08.EC.08 Understand factors that determine personal income and predict future earnings, based on plans for education and training. SS.08.EC.08.01 Understand how a wage or salary is the price of labor, and is usually determined by the supply and demand for labor. SS.08.EC.08.02 Understand that people's incomes, in part, reflect choices they have made about education, training, skill development, and careers. SS.08.EC.08.03 Understand how workers can increase their productivity by improving their skills or by using tools and machinery.	SS.CM.EC.09 Understand the potential risks and returns of various investment opportunities, including entrepreneurship, in a market economy.  SS.CM.EC.09.01 Identify and give examples of potential incentives and disincentives of entrepreneurship.  SS.CM.EC.09.02 Identify and give examples of potential risks and returns of economic decisions under various economic conditions.  SS.CM.EC.09.03 Understand the risks and benefits to the use of credit.	
			SS.05.EC.07 Understand how banks and credit unions serve savers and borrowers. SS.05.EC.07.01 Understand how interest creates incentives for borrowing and saving.	SS.08.EC.09 Understand different ways that people invest and save. SS.08.EC.09.01 Understand that banks and credit unions are institutions where people save money and eam interest, and where other people borrow money and pay interest. SS.08.EC.09.02 Understand that stocks, bonds, and other investments are ways people earn money.		

**GEOGRAPHY:** Understand and use geographic skills and concepts to interpret contemporary and historical issues.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Understand the spatial concepts of location, distance, direction, scale, movement, and region.	Understand and use spatial concepts of geography.	SS.03.GE.01 View and draw simple maps and pictures to locate, describe, and show movement among places.	SS.05.GE.01 Define basic geography vocabulary such as concepts of location, direction, distance, scale, movement, and region using appropriate words and diagrams.	SS.08.GE.01 Understand fundamental geography vocabulary such as concepts of distance, latitude, longitude, interdependence, accessibility, and connections.	SS.CM.GE.01 Understand and use geographic infor- mation using a variety of scales, patterns of distribu- tion, and arrangement.	
			SS.05.GE.01.01 Know and use basic map elements to answer geographic questions or display geographic information.	SS.08.GE.01.01 Use maps, charts, and graphs to understand patterns of movement over time and space.	SS.CM.GE.01.01 Understand the advantages and disadvantages of using various geographic representations to depict and solve geographic problems.	
Use maps and other geo- graphic tools and technolo- gies to acquire, process, and report information from a spatial perspective.	Locate places and under- stand and use geographic information or relationships by reading, interpreting, and preparing maps and other geographic representations.	SS.03.GE.02 Understand the purpose of maps, globes, and other geographic tools.	SS.05.GE.02 Examine and understand how to prepare maps, charts, and other visual representations to locate places and interpret geographic information.	SS.08.GE.02 Read, interpret, and understand how to construct geographic representations to analyze information, understand spatial relationships, and compare places.	SS.CM.GE.02 Interpret and evaluate information using complex geographic representations.	Use, analyze, and design geographic tools to interpret and evaluate information and support conclusions. (Standard B.1)
			SS.05.GE.02.01 Use maps and charts to interpret geographic information.  SS.05.GE.02.02 Use other visual representations to locate, identify, and distinguish physical and human features of places and regions.	SS.08.GE.02.01 Use maps, charts, graphs, and photographs to analyze spatial distributions and patterns.	SS.CM.GE.02.01 Use a variety of geographic representations to analyze information and draw conclusions about geographic issues.	

**GEOGRAPHY:** (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Locate major physical and human (cultural) features of the Earth.	Locate major physical and human features of the Earth.	SS.03.GE.03 Identify major physical features and describe how they are represented on maps, globes, and other tools.	SS.05.GE.03 Locate and identify on maps the continents of the world, the 50 states of the United States, and the major physical features of Oregon.  SS.05.GE.03.01 Identify the names of the continents and their relative size, shape, and location.  SS.05.GE.03.02 Identify the names of the fifty states and their location relative to other states.  SS.05.GE.03.03 Locate, identify, and know the significance of major mountains, rivers, and land regions of Oregon.	SS.08.GE.03 Locate and identify on maps and globes the regions of the world and their prominent physical features.  SS.08.GE.03.01 Identify the location of major mountain ranges, deserts, rivers, cultural regions and countries in the world.	SS.CM.GE.03 Locate and identify places, regions, and geographic features that have played prominent roles in historical or contemporary issues and events.  SS.CM.GE.03.01 Locate, identify, and explain changes in countries over time.  SS.CM.GE.03.02 Locate and identify places and regions most prominent in contemporary events in Oregon, the United States, and the world.	
Compare and analyze physical (e.g., landforms, vegetation, wildlife, climate, and natural hazards) and human (e.g., population, land use, language, and religion) characteristics of places and regions.	Identify and analyze physical and human characteristics of places and regions, the processes that have shaped them, and their geographic significance.	SS.03.GE.04 Identify physical characteristics of places and compare them.	SS.05.GE.04 Identify physical and human characteristics of regions in the United States and the processes that have shaped them.  SS.05.GE.04.01 Identify and locate major landforms, bodies of water, vegetation, and climate found in regions of the United States.  SS.05.GE.04.02 Identify the type of economic activity, population distribution, and cities found in regions of the United States.	SS.08.GE.04 Identify and compare physical and human characteristics of major regions and significant places in the world.  SS.08.GE.04.01 Locate and identify population centers and geographic reasons for their locations.  SS.08.GE.04.02 Identify, locate, and compare the cultural characteristics of places and regions.  SS.08.GE.04.03 Recognize relationships between the physical and cultural characteristics of a place of the control of the	SS.CM.GE.04 Analyze changes in the physical and human characteristics of places and regions, and the effects of technology, migration, and urbanization on them.  SS.CM.GE.04.01 Apply geographic tools to identify change in a place over time, and to infer reasons for the change.	Analyze interrelationships among the characteristics of places and the physical, social, cultural, economic, or technological processes that shape them. (Standard B.2)
Understand why places and regions are important to human identity and serve as symbols to unify or fragment society.				region.		
Analyze the causes of human migration (e.g., density, food and water supply, transportation and communication systems) and its effects (e.g., impact on physical and human systems).	Understand the distribution and movement of people, ideas, and products.		SS.05.GE.05 Identify patterns of migration and cultural interaction in the United States.  SS.05.GE.05.01 Understand how physical geography affects the routes, flow, and destinations of migration.  SS.05.GE.05.02 Explain how migrations affect the culture of emigrants and native populations.	SS.08.GE.05 Identify and understand worldwide patterns of population distribution, migration, and cultural diffusion and interactions.  SS.08.GE.05.01 Identify patterns of population distribution and infer causes.  SS.08.GE.05.02 Recognize and identify patterns of migration streams in U.S. history.  SS.08.GE.05.03 Understand how migration streams affect the spread of cultural traits.	SS.CM.GE.05 Understand how worldwide transportation and communication patterns have affected the flow and interactions of people, ideas, and products.  SS.CM.GE.05.01 Understand how transportation and communication systems of the present compare to those of the past, and how this changes perceptions of space and time.  SS.CM.GE.05.02 Understand how communication and transportation technologies contribute to trade and cultural convergence.	Analyze processes of human and cultural distribution, migration, interaction, acculturation, assimilation, or conflict. (Standard B.3)
Understand economic, cultural, and environmental factors that influence changes in population, and evaluate the consequences of the resulting increases or decreases in population.	Understand, analyze and evaluate the consequences of population changes resulting from economic, cultural, or environmental factors.		SS.05.GE.06 Identify and give examples of issues related to population increases and decreases.  SS.05.GE.06.01 Identify and give examples of positive and negative impacts of population increases or decreases.	SS.08.GE.06 Identify economic, cultural, and environmental factors that affect population, and predict how the population would change as a result.  SS.08.GE.06.01 Identify and give examples of economic, cultural, and environmental factors that influence population.  SS.08.GE.06.02 Predict the effect of a given economic, cultural, or environmental change on a population.	SS.CM.GE.06 Analyze and evaluate the impact of economic, cultural or environmental factors that result in changes to population of cities, countries, or regions.  SS.CM.GE.06.01 Evaluate the consequences of economic, cultural, or environmental changes on a given population.	

Adopted April 2001

**GEOGRAPHY:** (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Understand how people and the environment are inter-related.	Understand how humans affect the physical environment.	SS.03.GE.05 Understand how peoples' lives are affected by the physical environment.	SS.05.GE.07 Understand how physical environments are affected by human activities.	SS.08.GE.07 Understand how human modification of the physical environment in a place affects both that place and other places.	SS.CM.GE.07 Understand human modifications of the physical environment and analyze their global impacts and consequences for human activity.	Analyze issues, events, phenomena, or problems in terms of the interaction and interdependence of physical and human systems. (Standard B.4)
			SS.05.GE.07.01 Understand how and why people alter the physical environment.	SS.08.GE.07.01 Understand how the process of urbanization affects the physical environment of a place, the cultural characteristics of a place, and the physical and human characteristics of the surrounding region.	SS.CM.GE.07.01 Distinguish between renewable resources and non-renewable resources and the global consequences of mismanagement.	Gall S S . 1
			SS.05.GE.07.02 Describe how human activity can impact the environment.	SS.08.GE.07.02 Understand how clearing vegetation affects the physical environment of a place and other places.	SS.CM.GE.07.02 Identify and understand different methods of extracting and using resources, and analyze and compare the effect on the environment.	
	Understand how physical characteristics in the envi- ronment and changes in the environment affect human activities.		SS.05.GE.08 Understand how human activities are affected by the physical environment.	SS.08.GE.08 Understand how changes in a physical environment affect human activity.	SS.CM.GE.08 Identify and give examples of changes in a physical environment, and evaluate their impact on human activity in the environment.	
			SS.05.GE.08.01 Identify constraints on human activity caused by the physical environment.  SS.05.GE.08.02 Understand how the physical environment presents opportunities for economic and recreational activity.	SS.08.GE.08.01 Understand how changes in the physical environment can increase or diminish capacity to support human activity.  SS.08.GE.08.02 Understand how climatic events or climate change affect human activity.	SS.CM.GE.08.01 Identify and give examples of changes in human activity due to changes in the physical environment, and analyze the impact on both.	
				SS.08.GE.08.03 Predict how changes in an ecosystem (not caused by human activity) might influence human activity.		
Understand how differing points of view, self-interest, and global distribution of natural resources play a role in conflict over territory.						
Understand the geographic results of resource use and management programs and policies.						

HISTORY: Relate significant events and eras in United States and world history to past and present issues and developments.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
HISTORICAL SKILLS Interpret and reconstruct chronological relationships.	Understand, represent, and interpret chronological relationships in history.	SS.03.HS.01 Understand calendar time sequences and chronological sequences within narratives.	SS.05.HS.01 Interpret data and chronological relationships presented in timelines and narratives.  SS.05.HS.01.01 Order events found in historical narratives.  SS.05.HS.01.02 Calculate time and infer information from timelines.	SS.08.HS.01 Represent and interpret data and chronological relationships from history, using timelines and narratives. SS.08.HS.01.01 Identify and create chronologies of events. SS.08.HS.01.02 Compare and contrast historical interpretations.	SS.CM.HS.01 Reconstruct, interpret, and represent the chronology of significant events, developments, and narratives from history.  SS.CM.HS.01.01 Reconstruct the chronological order of significant events related to historical developments.  SS.CM.HS.01.02 Interpret the relationship of events occurring over time.  SS.CM.HS.01.03 Interpret timelines, charts, and graphs, illustrating chronological relationships.	

HISTORY: (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Analyze cause and effect relationships, including multiple causalities.	Identify and analyze cause and effect relationships in history.		SS.05.HS.02 Identify cause and effect relationships in a sequence of events.	SS.08.HS.02 Distinguish between cause and effect relationships and events that happen or occur concurrently or sequentially.	SS.CM.HS.02 Compare and contrast institutions and ideas in history, noting cause and effect relation- ships.	Analyze cause-and-effect relationships, multiple causa- tion, and patterns of change or continuity in history. (Stan- dard C.2)
Understand, recognize, and interpret change and continuity over time.	Interpret and represent chronological relationships and patterns of change and continuity over time.		SS.05.HS.03 Understand how history can be organized using themes, geography, or chronology.	SS.08.HS.03 Identify and give examples of chronological patterns and recognize them in related events over time.	SS.CM.HS.03 Recognize and interpret continiuty and/ or change with respect to particular historical developments in the 20th Century.	
Identify and analyze diverse perspectives on and histori- cal interpretation of histori- cal issues and events.	Identify and analyze various perspectives and interpretations of historical issues and events.		SS.05.HS.04 Identify primary and secondary sources.	SS.08.HS.04 Evaluate data within the context in which it was created, testing its reliability, credibility, and bias.	SS.CM.HS.04 Understand how contemporary perspectives affect historical interpretation.	
Understand relationships among events, issues, and developments in different spheres of human activity (i.e., economic, social, political, cultural).						
WORLD HISTORY Understand and interpret events, issues, and developments within and across eras of world history.	Understand the importance and lasting influence of issues, events, people, and developments in world history.			SS.08.HS.05 Understand the political, economic, and cultural impact, and lasting influence of early civilizations on world development.  SS.08.HS.05.01 Understand the major characteristics and historical influence of the early civilizations of Mesopotamia, Indus River Valley, Egypt, the Americas, Greece.  SS.08.HS.05.02 Identify and give examples of the political, economic, and social characteristics of the Roman Republic and Empire, and how they are reflected in the law, government, economy and society of the United States.  SS.08.HS.05.03 Understand the importance of the rise of Islam and its interaction with Europe.  SS.08.HS.05.05 Understand the development of the empires and kingdoms of sub-Saharan Africa, Imperial China, and feudal Japan.  SS.08.HS.05.05 Understand the major developments and societal impact of feudalism, the church, and the rise of cities in the European Middle Ages.  SS.08.HS.05.06 Understand the characteristics and impact of Renaissance thinking, art, and learning.	SS.CM.HS.05 Understand the causes, characteristics, lasting influence, and impact of political, economic, and social developments in world history.  SS.CM.HS.05.01 Understand how innovations in industry and transportation created the factory system, which led to the Industrial Revolution and transformed capitalism.  SS.CM.HS.05.02 Understand how the Agricultural Revolution contributed to and accompanied the Industrial Revolution contributed to and accompanied the Industrial Revolution.  SS.CM.HS.05.03 Understand how European colonizers interacted with indigenous populations of Africa, India, and Southeast Asia, and how the native populations responded.  SS.CM.HS.05.05 Understand the major consequences of imperialism in Asia and Africa at the turn of the century.  SS.CM.HS.05.06 Understand Japanese expansion overseas and the consequences for Japan and Asia during the 20 <sup>th</sup> century.	Understand the importance and lasting influence of significant eras, cultures, developments, and ideas in human history. (Standard C.1)

HISTORY: (Continued)

COMMON URRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
ee previous page.)	(See previous page.)			(See previous page.)	SS.CM.HS.05.08 Identify and understand the causes	(See previous page.
					and consequences of the Russian Revolution of 1917, and the impact on politics in nations around the world. SS.CM.HS.05.09 Identify and understand the causes and consequences of the Mexican Revolution of 1911- 1917.	
					SS.CM.HS.05.10 Identify and understand the causes of WWI and the reasons why the United States entered this war.	
					SS.CM.HS.05.11 Understand the character of the war on the western and eastern fronts in World War I, and how new military technology contributed to the scale and duration of the war.  SS.CM.HS.05.12 Understand how the terms of the Versailles Treaty and the social and economic challenges of the postwar decade set the stage for World War II.	
					SS.CM.HS.05.13 Understand how the United States and other nations responded to aggression in Europe and Asia during the first half of the 20th century.	
					SS.CM.HS.05.14 Understand isolationism and the military and economic mobilization of the United States prior to and during World War II, and its impact on American society.  SS.CM.HS.05.15 Understand the character of the war in Europe and the Pacific, and the role of inventions and new technology on the course of the war.	
					SS.CM.HS.05.16 Understand the systematic campaign of terror and persecution in Nazi Germany.	
					SS.CM.HS.05.17 Understand the response of the world community to the Nazis and to the Holocaust.	
					SS.CM.HS.05.18 Identify and understand the causes and consequences of the resistance movement in	
	SOCIAL SCIENCE	S STANDARD NUME	BERING KEY		India.	
	CG = Civics & Govern GE = Geography SA = Social Science A	HS =	Economics History		SS.CM.HS.05.19 Understand the division of Europe after WWII leading to the Cold War.	
page 8A (Undo would be: <b>SS.</b> number. The fi	the 3rd benchmark stand erstand the powers of ea 08.CG.03. Eligible conteins irst item of eligible conteins the basic idea of checks a	ard listed under Civics 8 ch branch of governmer int under each standard nt listed under SS.08.CG	nt as stated in the Consti is coded using an additi 6.03 would be SS.08.CG	tution) onal .03.01	SS.CM.HS.05.20 Understand the impact of the Cold War on individuals, groups and nations.  SS.CM.HS.05.21 Understand the causes and	

HISTORY: (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
U.S. HISTORY						
U.S. HISTORY  Understand and interpret events, issues, and developments within and across eras of U.S. history.	Understand the importance and lasting influence of individuals, issues, events, people, and developments in U.S. history.		SS.05.HS.05 Understand how individuals, issues, and events changed or significantly influenced the course of U.S. history from pre-history through the period of the American Revolution.  SS.05.HS.05.01 Identify and understand the groups living in the Western Hemisphere before European exploration, their ways of life, and the empires they developed.  SS.05.HS.05.02 Understand the impact of early European exploration on Native Americans and on the land.	SS.08.HS.06 Understand how individuals, issues, and events changed or significantly influenced the course of U.S. history post-American Revolution through 1900.  SS.08.HS.06.01 Identify and understand the issues and events that were addressed at the Constitutional Convention.  SS.08.HS.06.02 Trace the route and understand the significance of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.  SS.08.HS.06.03 Understand the effects of 19th century	SS.CM.HS.06 Understand how individuals, issues, and events changed or significantly influenced the course of U.S. history after 1900.  SS.CM.HS.06.01 Identify and understand the effects of 19th century reform movements on American life in the early 20th century.  SS.CM.HS.06.02 Understand the concerns, successes, and limitations of Progressivism.	Understand the causes, characteristics, and impactor political, economic, and social developments in Unistory. (Standard D.1)  Analyze cause and effect relationships, multiple causation, and patterns of change or continuity in Ushistory. (Standard D.2)  Understand and reconstructhronological relationships and patterns of succession and duration in U.S. histor (Standard D.3)
			SS.05.HS.05.03 Understand the impact of individuals through the period of the American Revolution, on ideas, ways of life, or the course of events in U.S. history.	westward migration, the idea of Manifest Destiny, European immigration, and rural to urban migration on indigenous populations and newcomers in the United States.	Understand how new inventions, new methods of production, and new sources of power transformed work, production, and labor in the early 20th century.	
			SS.05.HS.05.04 Understand the colonial experience and how it led to the American Revolution.	SS.08.HS.06.04 Understand the effects of Jacksonian Democracy on political practices.	SS.CM.HS.06.04 Understand the changes in society and culture in the early 20th century	
			SS.05.HS.05.05 Identify and understand the causes, course, and impact of the American Revolution, including the roles of George Washington,	SS.08.HS.06.05 Recognize and understand conditions of the African slave trade and experiences of enslaved African-Americans and "free Blacks" in the United States.	SS.CM.HS.06.05 Understand the causes of the Great Depression and the effect of the Great Depression on the American family.  SS.CM.HS.06.06 Understand how the Franklin D. Roosevelt administration and the New Deal addressed the Great Depression, redefined the role of government, and had a profound impact on American life.  SS.CM.HS.06.07 Understand the changes that created the economic boom after World War II.	
			Samuel Adams, and Thomas Jefferson.	SS.08.HS.06.06 Understand how the abolitionists advocated for the end of slavery and the impact of their activities.		
				SS.08.HS.06.07 Understand how African-Americans dealt with the conditions of their enslavement and used religion and family to create a viable culture to cope with the effects of slavery.  SS.08.HS.06.08 Identify and understand the events that led to the Civil War.		
				SS.08.HS.06.09 Understand the political, economic, and social causes, course, and impact of the Civil War.		
				SS.08.HS.06.10 Understand how Reconstruction affected the country.		
				SS.08.HS.06.11 Identify and understand constitutional changes that resulted from the Civil War and Reconstruction.		
				SS.08.HS.06.12 Understand the effects of Indian Wars and the opening of the West on Native American tribes.		
				SS.08.HS.06.13 Understand the effects of the Irish potato famine in the mid-1800s on the U.S. society.		
				SS.08.HS.06.14 Understand the motivations for territorial expansion to the Pacific Ocean/Hawaii ("Manifest Destiny").		
					SS.08.HS.06.15 Understand the effect of territorial expansion on other nations and their people.	

# **SOCIAL SCIENCES**

HISTORY: (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
STATE & LOCAL HISTORY Understand and interpret the history of the state of Oregon.	Understand and interpret events, issues, and developments in Oregon history.		SS.05.HS.06 Understand how individuals changed or significantly influenced the course of Oregon state history.  SS.05.HS.06.01 Identify significant people in the history of Oregon from prehistory through the period of the American Revolution.  SS.05.HS.06.02 Understand the interactions and contributions of the various people and cultures that have lived in or migrated to the area that is now Oregon from pre-history through the period of the American Revolution.	SS.08.HS.07 Understand how various groups of people were affected by events and developments in Oregon state history.  SS.08.HS.07.01 Identify and understand significant events, developments, groups, and people in the history of Oregon from post-American Revolution until 1900.  SS.08.HS.07.02 Understand the interactions and contributions of the various people and cultures that have lived in or migrated to the area that is now Oregon from post-American Revolution until 1900.	SS.CM.HS.07 Understand the causes, characteristics, and impact of political, economic, and social developments in Oregon state history.  SS.CM.HS.07.01 Identify and understand significant events, developments, groups, and people in the history of Oregon after 1900.  SS.CM.HS.07.02 Understand the interactions and contributions of the various people and cultures that have lived in or migrated to the area that is now Oregon after 1900.  SS.CM.HS.07.03 Consider and analyze different interpretations of key events and/or issues in history from the perspective of Oregon.	
Understand and interpret events, issues, and develop- ments in the history of one's family, local community, and culture.	Understand and interpret events, issues, and developments in local history.	SS.03.HS.02 Understand events from local history.	SS.05.HS.07 Understand how individuals changed or significantly influenced the course of local history.	SS.08.HS.08 Understand the lasting influence of events and developments in local history.	SS.CM.HS.08 Understand the causes, characteristics and impact, and lasting influence of political, eco- nomic, and social develop- ments in local history.	

SOCIAL SCIENCE ANALYSIS: Design and implement strategies to analyze issues, explain perspectives, and resolve issues using the social sciences.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Define and clarify an issue so that its dimensions are well understood.	Identify, research, and clarify an event, issue, problem, or phenomenon of significance to society.	SS.03.SA.01 Identify an issue or problem that can be studied.	SS.05.SA.01 Examine an event, issue, or problem through inquiry and research.	SS.08.SA.01 Clarify key aspects of an event, issue, or problem through inquiry and research.	SS.CM.SA.01 Define, research, and explain an event, issue, problem, or phenomenon and its signifi- cance to society.	Define and explain a complex event, issue, problem, or phenomenon (historical or contemporary) of significance to society. (Standard A.1)
Acquire and organize materials from primary and secondary sources.	Gather, use, and evaluate researched information to support analysis and conclusions.	SS.03.SA.02 Gather information relating to an issue or problem.	SS.05.SA.02 Gather, use, and document information from multiple sources (e.g. print, electronic, human, primary, secondary).	SS.08.SA.02 Gather, interpret, use, and document information from multiple sources, distinguishing facts from opinions and recognizing points of view.	SS.CM.SA.02 Gather, analyze, use, and document information from various sources, distinguishing facts, opinions, inferences, biases, stereotypes, and persuasive appeals.  SS.CM.SA.03 Understand what it means to be a critical consumer of information.	Analyze, interpret, and evaluate researched information, statistics, and other data, presenting differing points of view, noting patterns, limitations, and biases. (Standard A.2)
Explain various perspectives on an event or issue and the reasoning behind them.	Understand an event, issue, problem, or phenomenon from multiple perspectives.	SS.03.SA.03 Identify and compare different ways of looking at an event, issue, or problem.	SS.05.SA.03 Identify and study two or more points of view of an event, issue, or problem.	SS.08.SA.03 Examine a controversial event, issue, or problem from more than one perspective.	SS.CM.SA.04 Analyze an event, issue, problem, or phenomenon from varied or opposed perspectives or points of view.	Analyze short- and long- term causes and effects of events, issues, and phe- nomena at various levels, from local to international. (Standard A.3)
Identify and analyze an issue.	Identify and analyze characteristics, causes, and consequences of an event, issue, problem, or phenomenon.	SS.03.SA.04 Identify how people or other living things might be affected by an event, issue, or problem.	SS.05.SA.04 Identify characteristics of an event, issue, or problem, suggesting possible causes and results.	SS.08.SA.04 Examine the various characteristics, causes, and effects of an event, issue, or problem.	SS.CM.SA.05 Analyze an event, issue, problem, or phenomenon, identifying characteristics, influences, causes, and both short-and-long-term effects.	
Select a course of action to resolve an issue.	Identify, compare, and eval- uate outcomes, responses, or solutions; then reach a supported conclusion.	SS.03.SA.05 Identify possible options or responses; then make a choice or express an opinion.	SS.05.SA.05 Identify a response or solution and support why it makes sense, using support from research.	SS.08.SA.05 Consider two or more outcomes, responses, or solutions; identify their strengths and weaknesses; then conclude and justify which is the best.	SS.CM.SA.06 Propose, compare, and judge multiple responses, alternatives, or solutions; then reach a defensible, supported conclusion.	Reach reasoned conclusions, acknowledging alternative interpretations and using supporting data and defensible criteria. (Standard A.4)

# Social Science Analysis Work Sample Implementation Schedule

Social Science Analysis Scoring Guides are Composed of Four Dimensions:

- Frame Examine
- Research Conclude

Teachers are expected to provide instruction and classroom assessment in all four dimensions of the scoring guide. However, only the dimensions indicated below must be reported for school district work sample management. Teachers may collect one work sample per year for grades 6 through 8, and at the CIM level.

STUDENTS IN	2005-06 (2007-08 graduates)	2006-07 (2008-09 graduates)	2007-08 (2009-10 graduates)
BENCHMARK 2* (Grades 4 & 5)	Instructional Focus* ■ Frame ■ Conclude	Instructional Focus* ■ Frame ■ Research ■ Conclude	Instructional Focus*  Frame Research Examine Conclude
BENCHMARK 3 (Grades 6, 7 & 8) Scored with the Benchmark 3 Scoring Guide	Report scores on two dimensions:  Frame Conclude	Report scores on three dimensions  Frame Research Conclude	Report scores on four dimensions:  Frame Research Examine Conclude
	Performance Standard: Both dimensions must have a rating of 4 or higher on the same work sample.	Performance Standard: Each dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher. Frame and Conclude must be on the same work sample. Research may be on the same or on a separate work sample.	Performance Standard: Each dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher. Frame and Conclude must be on the same work sample. Research and Examine may be on the same or separate work samples.
CIM (Students working toward Subject Area Endorsement) Scored with the CIM Scoring Guide	Report scores on two dimensions:  Frame Conclude	Report scores on three dimensions  Frame Research Conclude	Report scores on four dimensions:  Frame Research Examine Conclude
-	Performance Standard: Both dimensions must have a rating of 4 or higher on the same work sample.	Performance Standard: Each dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher. Frame and Conclude must be on the same work sample. Research may be on the same or on a separate work sample.	Performance Standard: Each dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher. Frame and Conclude must be on the same work sample. Research and Examine may be on the same or separate work samples.

<sup>\*</sup>No work sample required

#### **Subject Area Endorsement Requirements**

Subject area endorsement requirements for Social Sciences were set by the State Board of Education, based on the state's academic content standards. School districts may award a Subject Area Endorsement in Social Sciences to students who meet the performance standard on the statewide assessment. For additional information see 5A and 6A.

### **Peace Prize Presentation Bringing Social Science to Life**

Tony Crawford, Ackerman Middle School Canby School District

The Peace Prize Presentation brings to life the Oregon Social Sciences Standards and annually creates global awareness across the community. This is the kind of activity that generates cognitive relevance on which twenty-first century students thrive. It began with an instructional objective generated from Oregon Social Sciences Content Standards: "Understand the civic responsibilities of American citizens

and how they are met" and "Identify, compare, and evaluate outcomes, responses, or solutions, then reach a supported conclusion" for the students of Ackerman Middle School in Canby School District.

In the spring of 2001, Ackerman Middle School students in Canby, Oregon, took on the task of creating a school peace prize modeled after the Nobel Peace Prize. The result was the creation of the Ackerman Peace Prize. Students considered the criteria and selection process for the Ackerman Peace Prize after a unit of study of Nobel laureates, their

influence on the world, and review of the Nobel Prize criteria and selection process. Students expressed strong feelings that they did not want this award to become a popularity contest. By using the established criteria and process, the Ackerman Peace Prize has maintained its integrity as a leading award of our school and community.

Each spring students, family and citizens of Canby gather for an evening program to celebrate all of the nominees for the award. The name of the recipient is kept secret until the announcement is made during the

program. Students dress well for the occasion without any prompting from their teachers. The whole program has become a special event attended not only by parents, but also by folks who do not have children in school. The Ackerman Peace Prize model has evolved into a focal point for the community.

In previous years the Ackerman Peace Prize has been supported and attended by Secretary of State Bill Bradbury, U.S. Representative Darlene Hooley and State Superintendent of Public Instruction Susan Castillo.

# **OREGON SKILL SETS**

The Oregon Skill Sets are a resource for student planning, curriculum development, and instruction.

# AGRICULTURE, FOOD & NATURAL RESOURCE SYSTEMS



### **ARTS, INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS**



#### **BUSINESS & MANAGEMENT**





#### What are the Oregon Skill Sets?

The *Oregon Skill Sets* are resources that can help schools prepare students for further education and careers in the 21st Century. They are useful planning

tools that allow students and teachers to make meaningful connections to careers and the workplace world. A clear understanding of the knowledge, skills, and educational requirements for success in a career area better prepares students for their post-high school goals.

# Oregon Skill Sets help students with career exploration

I f you just learn facts that don't pertain to your future, it won't help you. But if you see how what you learn is based on industry identified skills that you will use, you'll learn it better.



**Justin Davis**, Class of 2006 Scappoose High School

#### **A Context for Learning**

When used in developing students' education plans, the *Oregon Skill Sets* increase awareness of career options and educational opportunities. As students identify their interests and explore careers in school, they have a context for learning, and learn to relate their class work to their goals and interests.

## **Oregon Skill Sets help teachers** personalize instruction



The Oregon Skill Sets are my curriculum building blocks. With the skill sets, I am able to map out my daily instruction . . . Currently I've used the skill sets to realign my curriculum with the new graduation reauirements.

**Lee Kounovsky**, Teacher, Churchill High School, Eugene School District

Students who have clear career and educational goals see the relevance of academics to these goals and are more likely to be motivated and engaged in learning. The Oregon Skill Sets help provide a meaningful context for graduation requirements and academic standards.

#### **Guide for School Districts**

School districts must provide each student access to career information and opportunities to develop a personal education plan. This plan identifies his or her career and academic interests and post-high school goals. Made available to all students, the *Oregon Skill Sets* can serve as a valuable resource as students create their education plans. For school districts that are working to develop career pathways or programs, the *Oregon Skill Sets* can also be a useful tool in guiding program and curriculum design

For more information, go to the Oregon Department of Education website at

www.ode.state.or.us/go/skillsets

PDF, RTF and Word versions of the *Oregon Skill Sets* are available for the Career Learning Areas, the Career Clusters and the Career Focus Areas.

# **OREGON SKILL SETS**

The Oregon Skill Sets are a resource for student planning, curriculum development, and instruction.

#### **Multiple Benefits**

The Oregon Skill Sets provide a framework in which:

- ★ Students can investigate a wide range of career choices to plan for and pursue further education and careers. They can identify the academic and technical knowledge and skills needed for success in their career areas of interest.
- ★ Educators can design challenging programs and organize instruction around career themes while integrating academic and technical knowledge and skills.
- ★ Counselors can help students explore options for the future and prepare students for college and careers.
- ★ Parents can learn what academic and technical skills their children need for college and for a variety of career fields.
- **★ Business and industry** partners can work with schools to develop relevant curriculum and meaningful learning experiences.

#### **Career Learning Areas**

The *Oregon Skill Sets* are organized by Oregon's six broad Career Learning Areas--groupings of interrelated careers that represent a full range of occupations and levels of education in the following areas: Agriculture, Food & Natural Resource Systems; Arts, Information & Communications; Business & Management; Health Services; Human Resources; and Industrial & Engineering Systems. The knowledge and skills in each career area represent common expectations of employees in order for them to be successful in that career. At the high school level, age-appropriate applications can be designed to help students apply and develop these skills. The *Oregon Skill Sets* were created by aligning Oregon's

previous career learning frameworks with the current National Career Clusters. Business and industry groups, along with educators on the state and national level developed and validated the Oregon Skill Sets.

# Oregon Skill Sets help schools connect with business and community partners



Kevin Hay & Ben Schultz Class of 2006 Reynolds High School

The Oregon Skill Sets are an important part of Professional Technical Education. PTE provides great opportunities for students to use mathematics and science in real world applications.

#### Dennis Mattoon

Automotive Technology Instructor, Reynolds High School Reynolds School District

#### **Transitions to the Future**

Oregon's school improvement goal envisions that students will be prepared to graduate from high school with the knowledge and skills necessary to transition successfully to their next steps: advanced learning, work, and citizenship. The *Oregon Skill Sets* can help with that transition by providing a tangible link between the student's high school experiences and his or her aspirations. Through the *Oregon Skill Sets*, students learn about the academic and technical

# Oregon Skill Sets help administrators enhance purposeful learning communities

The Oregon Skill Sets are helpful tools students can use to develop their life interests into possible career choices. Teachers can design instruction around specific measurable goals (skill sets)...



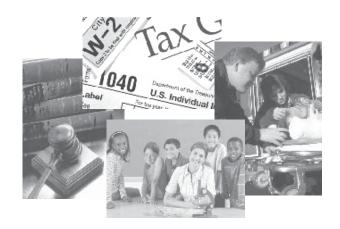
**Sam Topou**High School Curriculum
Coordinator, Eugene
School District

knowledge and skills required in careers. They then have a realistic expectation of how their learning in school may be applied in real life. The *Oregon Skill Sets* connect the high school experience to the interests of students and to the skills they'll need in their future life roles.

#### **HEALTH SERVICES**



#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**



#### **INDUSTRIAL & ENGINEERING SYSTEMS**



# **OREGON SKILL SETS**

The Oregon Skill Sets are a resource for student planning, curriculum development, and instruction.

This organizational chart shows how the career clusters and career focus areas are structured in the *Oregon Skill Sets*. Visit the Oregon Department of Education's website at **www.ode.state.or.us/go/skillsets** to find the knowledge and skill statements.

# AGRICULTURE, FOOD & NATURAL RESOURCE SYSTEMS

#### Agriculture Cluster

- Agribusiness
- · Animal Science Systems
- · Plant Sciences/Horticulture
- · Power, Structure and Technology

#### **Environmental Services Cluster**

- Energy Management
- Environmental Administration and Planning
- Hazardous Material Management
- · Waste Water
- · Water Quality

#### ► Food Science & Processing Cluster

- Marketing
- Processing and Handling
- Quality Control, Nutrition and Research

#### Natural Resources Management Cluster

- · Aquatic and Marine Management
- · Fish and Wildlife Resources
- Forestry and Forest Products
- · Geology and Mineral Industries
- Recreation and Cultural Resources

# ARTS, INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS

#### Information & Communications Technology (ICT) Cluster

- · Information Support and Services
- Programming and Software Development

#### **Publishing & Broadcasting Cluster**

- · Journalism and Broadcasting
- · Printing Technology

### Visual, Performing & Media Arts Cluster

- · Audio and Video Technologies
- Dance
- · Design and Pre-Construction
- Interactive Media
- Music
- Technical Design and Production
- · Theatre and Playwriting
- · Visual Arts

### OREGON SKILL SETS

# CAREER LEARNING AREA

Career Focus Area
 --- Groups of closely related occupations

# LEGEND -----Broad groupings of industries

#### SAMPLES Oregon Skill Sets: Oregon Skill Sets: Career Learning Area Knowledge and Skill Statements CRISID. ersonal Education Pla CR St8 Communicate ter Knowledge and Skill Statement Knowledge and Skill Sta Beiness and Mungement Overon Skill Sets: Understand and be able to implement star Focus Area Knowledge and Skills Exceptator and Shill State Butners and Managemen FMZELED Apply writing delicits reduces financial curve opportunities BM05 nicate effectively and process informa BM6 Establish and maintain a system of storing an and documents manually and electronically: ENZIL N Apply economic skills to enhance financial claves cognitions of and war enading strategy into human rating to rate an understanding of the crtical s PK2010 BRAILE PAPALLE Execus characteristics to fade goals between according assertand and PEZEZ M Silver frond and informal property language Review most mirrori state and federal regulations to emply the tax

#### **BUSINESS & MANAGEMENT**

#### Business Information Systems Cluster

- Communication and Advertising Technology
- Information Management
- · Network Administration and Support

### Business Management & Administration Cluster

- Administrative and Information Support
- · Business Analysis
- Business Financial Management and Accounting
- · Human Resources
- Management
- · Marketing and Communications

#### ► Finance Cluster

- · Banking and Related Services
- Business Financial Management
- Financial and Investment Planning
- Insurance Services

#### ► Hospitality & Tourism Cluster

- Lodging
- Recreation, Amusements and Attractions
- Restaurants and Food and Beverage Services
- · Travel and Tourism

#### ► Marketing Cluster

- Buying and Merchandising
- · Distribution and Logistics
- E-Marketing
- Management and Entrepreneurship
- Marketing Communications and Promotion
- Marketing Information Management and Research
- Professional Sales and Marketing



# REGON SKILL SETS

The Oregon Skill Sets are a resource for student planning, curriculum development, and instruction.

#### **HEALTH SERVICES**

#### Health Administration & Support **Services Cluster**

- · Health Infomatics
- · Support Services

#### Health Diagnostic & Therapeutic **Services Cluster**

- · Diagnostic Services
- · Health Promotion
- · Therapeutic Services

#### Health Research & Biotechnology Cluster

· Biotechnology Research and Development

#### **Connecting secondary and post** secondary education using the **Oregon Skills Sets**

During the 2005 summer, a team of high school and community college instructors in Construction, Manufacturing and Computer Technology took a detailed look at the Oregon Skill Sets for their technical areas.

Their work became the catalyst for the development of additional courses and Pathway mapping, particularly in Manufacturing and Computer Technology.

With a shared vision and a common framework, provided in part by the Oregon Skill Sets, these educators created a tool with which they could develop and align classes between high school and college. This aligned curriculum helps students transition more easily through their education plan.

#### Laurie Swanson-Gribskov

Director of the Regional Technical Education Consortium, Lane Community College

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

#### Criminal Justice & Corrections Cluster

- · Corrections Services
- · Law Enforcement Services
- · Security and Protective Services

#### **Education & Related Fields Cluster**

- · Administration and Administrative Support
- Early Childhood Education
- Teaching/Training

#### Family, Community & Social **Services Cluster**

- · Consumer Services
- · Counseling
- · Early Childhood Development and Services
- · Family and Community Services
- · Personal Care Services

#### Fire & Emergency Services Cluster

- · Emergency Services
- · Fire Services

#### **Legal Services Cluster**

- Business Law
- · Civil Law
- Judicial and Administrative Services
- · Personal Law

#### **Social & Governmental Services** Cluster

- · Foreign Service
- · Governance
- · National Security
- Planning
- · Public Management and Administration
- · Regulation
- · Revenue and Taxation

#### INDUSTRIAL & **ENGINEERING SYSTEMS**

#### **Computer Systems Cluster**

- · Network Systems
- · Software Engineering
- · Telecommunications

#### **Construction Cluster**

- Construction
- · Design/Pre-Construction
- · Maintenance/Operations

#### **Engineering Cluster**

- · Aerospace Systems
- · Architectural Systems
- · Bio/Medical Systems
- · Chemical/Nuclear Systems
- · Civil and Infrastructure Systems · Electrical Systems
- Industrial/Manufacturing Systems
- · Mechanical Systems

#### **Manufacturing Cluster**

- · Health, Safety and Environmental Assurance
- · Logistics and Inventory Control
- · Maintenance, Installation and Repair
- · Manufacturing Production Process Development
- Production
- · Quality Assurance

#### **Transportation Cluster**

- Facility and Mobile Equipment Maintenance
- · General Automobile Maintenance
- · Health, Safety and Environmental Management
- · Logistics Planning and Management Services
- · Sales and Service
- Transportation Operations
- Transportation Systems
- · Warehousing and Distribution Center Operations



For more information, go to the Oregon Department of Education website at

#### www.ode.state.or.us/go/skillsets

PDF, RTF and Word versions of the Oregon Skill Sets are available for the six Career Learning Areas, Career Clusters and Focus Areas.



The study of Science promotes scientific literacy where students can explore natural events using rational and systematic observation, identification, description, experimental investigation, and theoretical explanation. These scientific concepts and processes provide students with decision-making skills needed for informed participation in civic and economic affairs. See Standards Numbering System Key on page 27A.

PHYSICAL SCIENCE: Understand structures and properties of matter and changes that occur in the physical world.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM/CAM	PASS CRITERIA
MATTER						
Understand structure and properties of matter.	Understand structure and properties of matter.	SC.03.PS.01 Describe objects according to their physical properties.	SC.05.PS.01 Identify substances as they exist in different states of matter.  SC.05.PS.01.01 Distinguish among solids, liquids, and gases.  SC.05.PS.01.02 Identify unique properties of each state of matter.	SC.08.PS.01 Compare properties of specific substances. SC.08.PS.01.01 Describe how to measure characteristic properties including boiling and melting points, solubility, and density. SC.08.PS.01.02 Recognize that substances may be grouped by their physical properties. SC.08.PS.01.03 Use the concept of density to	SC.CM.PS.01 Describe properties of elements and their relationship to the periodic table.  SC.CM.PS.01.01 Explain atoms and their base components (protons, neutrons, and electrons) as a basis for all matter.  SC.CM.PS.01.02 Read and interpret the periodic table, recognizing the relationship of the chemical and physical properties of the elements to their position on the periodic table.	Know and apply fundamental concepts of the physical sciences (Standard A.2) Understand and correctly use essential principles, organizations, concepts, terminology, and notations from a field of science. (Standard D.1) Use information, skills, and investigative processes employed in a field of science. (Standard D.2) Investigate, through research and inouty, im-
				the concept of derivative developments will float or sink in water.	SC.CM.PS.01.03 Recognize that the historical development of atomic theory demonstrates how scientific knowledge changes over time, and how those changes have had an impact on society.	research and inquiry, im- portant principles, theories, and/or relationships from a field of science. (Standard D.3)
Understand chemical and physical changes.	Describe and analyze chemical and physical changes.	SC.03.PS.02 Describe changes that occur in matter.	SC.05.PS.02 Describe the ability of matter to change state by heating and cooling.	SC.08.PS.02 Compare physical and chemical changes.	SC.CM.PS.02 Analyze the effects of various factors on physical changes and chemical reactions.	
			SC.05.PS.02.01 Recognize that heating and cooling cause changes in states of matter.	SC.08.PS.02.01 Distinguish between examples of chemical changes and physical changes.	.01 Distinguish SC.CM.PS.02.01 Describe mples of how transformations among nges and solids, liquids, and gases	
			changes in states of matter seen in the environment.  Sc.0.3.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	SC.CM.PS.02.02 Identify factors that can influence change of state, including temperature, pressure, and concentration.		
				events that accompany chemical changes, but not	SC.CM.PS.02.03 Describe chemical reactions in terms of reactants and products.	
				SC.08.PS.02.04 Explain how our understanding of the nature of matter and chemical reactions has changed over time.	SC.CM.PS.02.04 Describe the factors that affect the rate of chemical reactions.  SC.CM.PS.02.05 Recognize examples that show when substances combine or break apart in a chemical reaction, the total mass remains the same (conservation of mass).	
FORCE						
Understand fundamental forces, their forms, and their effects on motion.	Describe fundamental forces and the motions resulting from them.	SC.03.PS.03 Describe an object's position and how to affect its movement.	SC.05.PS.03 Describe and compare the motion of objects.	SC.08.PS.03 Explain interactions between force and matter and relationships among force, mass, and motion.	multiple forces acting on an object.	
			SC.05.PS.03.01 Recognize and describe the motion of an object in terms of one or more forces acting on it.	SC.08.PS.03.01 Recognize and describe the motion of an object based on its mass and the force exerted on it.	SC.CM.PS.03.01 Understand and apply the relationship F=ma in situations in which one force acts on an object.	
				SC.08.PS.03.02 Predict the change in direction or speed of an object by changing the forces acting on it.	SC.CM.PS.03.02 Recognize that equal and opposite forces occur when one object exerts a force on	
				SC.08.PS.03.03 Explain inertia.	another. SC.CM.PS.03.03 Describe the forces acting on an object, based on the motion of that object.	
			SC.05.PS.04 Identify examples of magnetism and gravity exerting force on an object.	SC.08.PS.04 Recognize that every object exerts gravitational force on every other object.	SC.CM.PS.04 Recognize that gravity is a universal force.	
			SC.05.PS.04.01 Recognize that magnets attract and repel each other and other materials.	SC.08.PS.04.01 Describe the effect of gravitational force on objects at the Earth's surface.	SC.CM.PS.04.01 Describe the relationship of mass and distance to gravitational force.	
			SC.05.PS.04.02 Recognize that things on or near Earth are pulled toward it by Earth's gravity.			



PHYSICAL SCIENCE: (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM/CAM	PASS CRITERIA
ENERGY						
Understand energy, its transformations, and interactions with matter.	Explain and analyze the interaction of energy and matter.	SC.03.PS.04 Identify common types and uses of energy.	SC.05.PS.05 Identify forms of various types of energy and their effects on matter.	SC.08.PS.05 Compare forms and behaviors of various types of energy.	SC.CM.PS.05 Describe differences and similarities between kinds of waves, including sound, seismic, and electromagnetic, as a means of transmitting energy.	(See previous page)
			SC.05.PS.05.01 Identify various forms of energy including heat, light, sound, and electricity.	SC.08.PS.05.01 Distinguish between the forms of energy including heat, chemical, mechanical, and gravitational potential energy.	SC.CM.PS.05.01 Recognize that waves of all kinds have energy that can be transferred when the waves interact with matter. SC.CM.PS.05.02 Apply the concepts of frequency, wavelength, amplitude, and energy to electromagnetic and mechanical waves.	
			SC.05.PS.06 Describe examples of energy transfer.	SC.08.PS.06 Describe and explain various energy transfers and resulting transformations.	SC.CM.PS.06 Describe and analyze examples of conservation of energy.	
			SC.05.PS.06.01 Identify the direction of heat transfer on a diagram showing objects at different temperatures.	SC.08.PS.06.01 Trace the flow of energy transformations in a system.	SC.CM.PS.06.01 Recognize that heat energy is a by- product of most energy transformations.	
			SC.05.PS.06.02 Identify ways to produce heat including light, burning, electricity, friction, and as a by-product of mechanical and electrical machines.	SC.08.PS.06.02 Explain the principle that energy is conserved, neither created nor destroyed.	SC.CM.PS.06.02 Describe ways in which energy can be transferred, including chemical reactions, nuclear reactions, and light waves.	
			SC.05.PS.06.03 Identify examples of energy transfer in the environment.	SC.08.PS.06.03 Identify how technological advances have changed humankind's use of energy.	SC.CM.PS.06.03 Explain the difference between potential and kinetic energy.	
					SC.CM.PS.06.04 Analyze the flow of energy through a system by applying the law of conservation of energy.	

 $\textbf{LIFE SCIENCE:} \ Understand \ structure, functions, and interactions \ of \ living \ organisms \ and \ the \ environment.$ 

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM/CAM	PASS CRITERIA
ORGANISMS						
Understand the characteristics, structure, and functions of organisms.	structure, and functions of organisms.	SC.03.LS.01 Recognize characteristics that are similar and different between organisms.	SC.05.LS.01 Group or classify organisms based on a variety of characteristics.			Know and apply funda- mental concepts of the life sciences. (Standard A.3)  Understand and correctly
			SC.05.LS.01.01 Classify a variety of living things into groups using various characteristics.			use essential principles, organizations, concepts, terminology, and notations from a field of science. (Standard D.1) Use information, skills, and investigative processes employed in a field of science. (Standard D.2)
			SC.05.LS.02 Describe the function of organ systems.  SC.05.LS.02.01 Classify	SC.08.LS.01 Describe and explain the relationship and interaction of organ systems.		Investigate, through re- search and inquiry, impor- tant principles, theories, and/or relationships from a field of science. (Standard
			organs by the system to which they belong.	SC.08.LS.01.01 Identify organ systems at work during a particular activity and describe their effect on each other.		D.3)



LIFE SCIENCE: (Continued)

CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM/CAM	PASS CRITERIA
	SC.03.LS.02 Describe the basic needs of living things.	SC.05.LS.03 Describe basic plant and animal structures and their functions.	SC.08.LS.02 Describe and explain the structure and functions of an organism in terms of cells, tissues, and organs.	SC.CM.LS.01 Describe, explain, and compare the structure and functions of cells in organisms.	(See previous page)
		SC.05.LS.03.01 Associate specific structures with their functions in the survival of the organism.	organs. SC.08.LS.02.01 Identify differences and similarities between plant and animal cells. SC.08.LS.02.02 Recognize how structural differences among organisms at the cellular, itissue, and organ level are related to their habitat and life requirements. SC.08.LS.02.03 Identify photosynthesis as the process by which plants use the energy from light to make sugars out of carbon dioxide and water, and that this food can be used immediately for fuel or materials or it may be stored for later use. SC.08.LS.02.04 Explain how our understanding of cells and microbes has changed over time.	SC.CM.LS.01.01 Describe how biological systems can maintain equilibrium (homeostasis). SC.CM.LS.01.02 Identify unique structures in cells from plants, animals, and prokaryotes. SC.CM.LS.01.03 Identify cell organelles and state how their activities contribute to a particular type of cell carrying out its functions. SC.CM.LS.01.04 Explain the role of the cell membrane in cell transport. SC.CM.LS.01.05 Distinguish between active and passive transport, including diffusion and osmosis, explaining the mechanics of each. SC.CM.LS.01.05 Describe photosynthesis as a chemical process and part of the carbon cycle. SC.CM.LS.01.07 Explain how the development of tools and technology, including microscopes, has aided in the understanding of cells and microbes.	
Understand the transmission of traits in living things.	SC.03.LS.03 Describe how related plants and animals have similar characteristics.	SC.05.LS.04 Describe the life cycle of an organism.  SC.05.LS.04.01 Describe the life cycle of common organisms.  SC.05.LS.04.02 Recognize that organisms are produced by living organisms of similar kinds, and do not appear spontaneously from inanimate materials.	SC.08.LS.03 Describe how the traits of an organism are passed from generation to generation.  SC.08.LS.03.01 Distinguish between asexual and sexual reproduction.  SC.08.LS.03.02 Identify traits inherited through genes and those resulting from interactions with the environment.  SC.08.LS.03.03 Use simple laws of probability to predict patterns of heredity with the use of Punnett squares.  SC.08.LS.03.04 Explain how our understanding of heredity has changed over time.	SC.CM.LS.02 Explain laws of heredity and their relationship to the structure and function of DNA.  SC.CM.LS.02.01 Describe the structure of DNA and the way that DNA functions to control protein synthesis.  SC.CM.LS.02.02 Recognize and understand the differences between meiosis and mitosis in cellular reproduction.  SC.CM.LS.02.03 Recognize that changes in DNA (mutations) and anomalies in chromosomes create changes in organisms.  SC.CM.LS.02.04 Apply concepts of inheritance of traits, including Mendel's laws, Punnett squares, and pedigrees, to determine the characteristics of offspring.  SC.CM.LS.02.05 Recognize the existence of technology that can alter and/or determine inherited traits.	
	STANDARDS  Understand the transmis-	STANDARDS (GRADE 3)  SC.03.LS.02 Describe the basic needs of living things.  Understand the transmission of traits in living things.	SC.03.LS.02 Describe the basic needs of living things.  SC.05.LS.03 Describe basic plant and animal structures and their functions.  SC.05.LS.03.01 Associate specific structures with their functions in the survival of the organism.  SC.03.LS.03 Describe how related plants and animals have similar characteristics.  SC.05.LS.04.01 Describe the life cycle of an organisms.  SC.05.LS.04.01 Describe the life cycle of common organisms are produced by living organisms of similar kinds, and do not appear spontaneously from	SC.03.LS.02 Describe the basic needs of living things.  SC.03.LS.03 Describe the basic needs of living things.  SC.05.LS.03 Describe hasic and their functions.  SC.05.LS.03.01 Associate specific structures with their functions in the survival of the organism.  SC.05.LS.03.01 Associate specific structures with their functions in the survival of the organism.  SC.05.LS.03.01 Associate sheep and organ level are related to their habitat and life requirements.  SC.08.LS.02.03 Identify photosynthesis as the process by which plants use the energy from light to make sugars out of carbon dioxide and water, and that this food can be used immediately for fuel or materials or it may be stored for later use.  SC.08.LS.02.04 Explain how our understanding of cells and microbes has changed over time.  SC.05.LS.04.01 Describe the life cycle of common organisms.  SC.05.LS.04.02 Recognize that organisms are produced by king organisms of similar kinds, and do not appear approached by king organisms of similar kinds, and do not appear approached by king organisms.  SC.05.LS.04.01 Describe the life cycle of common organisms.  SC.05.LS.04.02 Recognize that organism are produced by king organisms.  SC.08.LS.03.03 Describe how interest and expert approached by king organism.  SC.08.LS.03.03 Use simple laws of probability to predict patterns of heredity with the environment of similar kinds, and do not appear approached by king organism.  SC.08.LS.03.03 Use simple laws of probability to predict patterns of heredity with the use of Punnett squares.  SC.08.LS.03.04 Explain how our understanding of heredity has changed over time.	SCASLS.02 Describe he basic needs of living things.  SCASLS.03 Learners and their functions.  SCASLS.03 Learners and their functions of an organism in terms of cells, issueus, and organism.  SCASLS.03 Learners and their functions.  SCASLS.03



LIFE SCIENCE: (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM/CAM	PASS CRITERIA
DIVERSITY/ INTERDEPENDENCE						
Understand the relation- ships among living things and between living things and their environments.	Explain and analyze the interdependence of organisms in their natural environment.	SC.03.LS.04 Describe a habitat and the organisms that live there.	SC.05.LS.05 Describe the relationship between characteristics of specific habitats and the organisms that live there.	SC.08.LS.04 Identify and describe the factors that influence or change the balance of populations in their environment.	SC.CM.LS.03 Describe and analyze the effect of species, including humans, on an ecosystem.	(See previous page)
			SC.05.LS.05.01 Use drawings or models to represent a series of food chains for specific habitats.  SC.05.LS.05.02 Identify the producers, consumers, and decomposers in a given habitat.  SC.05.LS.05.03 Recognize how all animals depend upon plants whether or not they eat the plants directly.  SC.05.LS.05.04 Explain the relationship between animal behavior and species survival.  SC.05.LS.05.05 Describe the living and nonliving resources in a specific habitat and the adaptations of organisms to that habitat.	SC.08.LS.04.01 Identify that sunlight is the major survey of energy in most ecosystems and that energy then passes from organism to organism in food webs. SC.08.LS.04.02 Identify populations of organisms within an ecosystem by the function that they serve. SC.08.LS.04.03 Differentiate between relationships among organisms including predator-prey, producer-consumer, and parasite-host. SC.08.LS.04.04 Explain the importance of niche to an organism's ability to avoid direct competition for resources.	SC.CM.LS.03.01 Predict outcomes of changes in resources and energy flow in an ecosystem.  SC.CM.LS.03.02 Explain how humans and other species can impact an ecosystem.  SC.CM.LS.03.03 Explain how the balance of resources will change with the introduction or loss of a new species within an ecosystem.	
	Describe and analyze diversity of species, natural selection, and adaptations.	SC.03.LS.05 Identify how some animals gather and store food, defend them- selves, and find shelter.	SC.05.LS.06 Describe how adaptations help a species survive.	SC.08.LS.05 Describe and explain the theory of natural selection as a mechanism for evolution.	SC.CM.LS.04 Analyze how living things have changed over geological time, using fossils and other scientific evidence.	
			SC.05.LS.06.01 Describe changes to the environment that have caused the population of some species to change.  SC.05.LS.06.02 Identify conditions that might cause a species to become endangered or extinct.	SC.08.LS.05.01 Identify and explain how random variations in species can be preserved through natural selection.  SC.08.LS.05.02 Describe how animal and plant structures adapt to environmental change.	SC.CM.LS.04.01 Recognize that, over time, natural selection may result in development of a new species or subspecies. SC.CM.LS.04.02 Recognize that natural selection and its evolutionary consequences provide an explanation for the fossil record as well as an explanation for the molecular similarities among varied species. SC.CM.LS.04.03 Explain how biological evolution can account for the diversity of species developed over time. SC.CM.LS.04.04 Explain the relationship between genetics, mutations, and biological evolution. SC.CM.LS.04.05 Explain how our understanding of evolution has changed over time.	

#### **SCIENCE STANDARD NUMBERING KEY**

 $PS = Physical Science \\ ES = Earth \& Space Science \\ SI = Scientific Inquiry$ 

For example, the 2nd benchmark standard listed under Earth & Space Science for 8th grade (Explain the water cycle and its relationship to weather and climatic patterns) would be: **SC.08.ES.02**. Eligible content under each standard is coded using an additional number. The first item of eligible content listed under standard **SC.08.ES.02** would be **SC.08.ES.02.01** (*Explain the water cycle*).



EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE: Understand physical properties of the Earth, how those properties change, and the Earth's relationship to other celestial bodies.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM/CAM	PASS CRITERIA
THE DYNAMIC EARTH						
Understand the properties and limited availability of the materials which make up the Earth.	Identify the structure of the Earth system and the availability and use of the materials that make up that system.	SC.03.ES.01 Recognize physical differences in Earth materials.	SC.05.ES.01 Identify properties and uses of Earth materials.	SC.08.ES.01 Recognize that Earth materials are lim- ited, and explore strategies for addressing this problem.	SC.CM.ES.01 Describe how the importance and use of resources has changed over time with changes in economic and technological systems.	Know and apply fundamental concepts of the earth and space sciences. (Standard A.4) Understand and correctly
			SC.05.ES.01.01 Recognize that Earth materials are used in different ways based on differences in their physical and chemical properties. SC.05.ES.01.02 Recognize that soils vary in color, texture, components, reaction to water, and ability to support growth of plants. SC.05.ES.01.03 Recognize that the supply of resources is limited, and that resources can be extended through the use of recycling and decreased use.	SC.08.ES.01.01 Identify ways in which various resources can be recycled and reused.	SC.CM.ES.01.01 Predict consequences of increased consumption of renewable and non-renewable resources.	use essential principles, organizations, concepts, terminology, and notations from a field of science. (Standard D.1)  Use information, skills, and investigative processes employed in a field of science. (Standard D.2)  Investigate, through research and inquiry, important principles, theories, and relationships from a field of science. (Standard D.3)
			SC.05.ES.01.04 Recognize that discarded products contribute to the problem of waste disposal.			
Understand changes occur- ring within the lithosphere, hydrosphere, and atmo- sphere of the Earth.	Explain and analyze changes occurring within the lithosphere, hydrosphere, and atmosphere of	SC.03.ES.02 Identify daily and seasonal weather changes.	SC.05.ES.02 Describe patterns of seasonal weather.	SC.08.ES.02 Explain the water cycle and its relationship to weather and climatic patterns.	SC.CM.ES.02 Analyze the relationship between global energy transfer and climate.	
spriete of the Later.	the Earth.		SC.05.ES.02.01 Describe weather in measurable quantities including temperature, wind direction, wind speed, and precipitation.  SC.05.ES.02.02 Interpret data over a period of time and use information to describe changes in weather from day to day, week to week, and season to season.	SC.08.ES.02.01 Explain the water cycle.  SC.08.ES.02.02 Identify factors that cause or affect weather patterns.  SC.08.ES.02.03 Identify factors that affect the rate of evaporation, condensation, and cloud formation.  SC.08.ES.02.04 Identify the difference between weather and climate.  SC.08.ES.02.05 Explain how geography affects climate.	SC.CM.ES.02.01 Describe the effect of various gases in the atmosphere on the amount of energy retained by the Earth system. SC.CM.ES.02.02 Describe how solar radiation and the amount that reaches Earth is affected by stratospheric azone. SC.CM.ES.02.03 Describe how differential heating of the Earth's surface, atmosphere, and oceans produces wind and ocean currents.	
			SC.05.ES.03 Identify causes of Earth surface changes. SC.05.ES.03.01 Identify effects of wind and water on Earth materials using appropriate models. SC.05.ES.03.02 Identify effects of rapid changes on Earth's surface features including earthquakes and	SC.08.ES.03 Describe the Earth's structure and how it changes over time.  SC.08.ES.03.01 Recognize the solid Earth is layered with a lithosphere, a hot convecting mantle, and a dense metallic core.  SC.08.ES.03.02 Identify the processes that result in different kinds of landforms.	SC.CM.ES.03 Analyze evidence of ongoing evolution of the Earth system.  SC.CM.ES.03.01 Describe methods of determining ages of rocks and fossils.  SC.CM.ES.03.02 Use rock sequences and fossil evidence to determine geologic history.	
			volcanoes.	General Rinds or landoms.  SC.08.ES.03.03 Identify factors affecting water flow, soil erosion, and deposition.  SC.08.ES.03.04 Give examples of landform changes that occur at different rates.  SC.08.ES.03.05 Describe the evidence for and the development of the theory of plate tectonics.  SC.08.ES.03.06 Explain the rock cycle in terms of constructive (crustal deformation, volcanic eruption, and sediment deposition) and destructive (weathering and erosion) forces in land formation.  SC.08.ES.03.07 Describe that the total amount of Earth material stays the same as its forms change in the rock cycle.	Sc. C.M.ES.03.03 Describe and analyze theories of Earth's origin and early history using scientific evidence.  Sc. C.M.ES.03.04 Describe how earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, mountain building, and continental movements result from slow plate motions.  Sc. C.M.ES.03.05 Describe how the evolution of life caused dramatic changes in the composition of the Earth's atmosphere, which did not originally contain oxygen.  Sc. C.M.ES.03.06 Identify how volcanic eruptions and impacts of huge rocks from space can cause widespread effects on climate.	



EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE: (Continued)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM/CAM	PASS CRITERIA
THE EARTH IN SPACE						(See previous page)
Understand the Earth's place in the solar system and the universe.	Explain relationships among the Earth, sun, moon, and the solar system.	SC.03.ES.03 Identify and trace the movement of objects in the sky.	SC.05.ES.04 Describe the Earth's place in the solar system and the patterns of movement of objects within the solar system using pictorial models.  SC.05.ES.04.01 Describe Earth's position and movement in the solar system.  SC.05.ES.04.02 Recognize that the rotation of the Earth on its axis every 24 hours produces the night-and-day cycle.	SC.08.ES.04 Explain the relationship of the Earth's motion to the day, season, year, phases of the moon, and eclipses.  SC.08.ES.04.01 Explain the relationship between the cycle of seasons and the tilt of the Earth on Its axis.	SC.CM.ES.04 Explain how mass and distance affect the interaction between Earth and other objects in space.  SC.CM.ES.04.01 Recognize that the sun's gravitational pull holds the Earth and other planets in their orbits, just as the planets 'gravitational pull keeps their moons in orbit around them.  SC.CM.ES.04.02 Explain that the force of gravity between Earth and other objects in space depends only upon their masses and the distances between them.	
THE UNIVERSE  Describe natural objects, events, and processes outside the Earth, both past and present.						

SCIENTIFIC INQUIRY: Use interrelated processes to pose questions and investigate the physical and living world.

(These standards are assessed through Oregon's Official Scientific Inquiry Scoring Guides for the purpose of classroom work sample assessment.)

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM/CAM	PASS CRITERIA
FORMING THE QUESTION/ HYPOTHESIS						
Formulate and express scientific questions or hypotheses to be investigated.	Make observations. Formulate and express scientific questions or hypotheses to be investigated based on the observations.	SC.03.SI.01 Make observations. Based on these observations, ask questions or form hypotheses, which can be explored through simple investigations.	SC.05.SI.01 Make observa- tions. Ask questions or form hypotheses based on those observations, which can be explored through scientific investigations.	SC.08.SI.01 Based on observations and scientific concepts, ask questions or form hypotheses that can be explored through scientific investigations.	SC.CM.SI.01 Based on observations and scientific concepts, ask questions or form hypotheses that can be answered or tested through scientific investigations.	Determine areas of inquiry, frame scientific problems, and pose research questions and hypotheses involving scientific relationships. (Standard B.1)
DESIGNING THE INVESTIGATION						
Design safe and ethical scientific investigations to address questions or hypotheses.	Design scientific investiga- tions to address and explain questions or hypotheses.	SC.03.SI.02 Plan a simple investigation.	SC.05.SI.02 Design a simple scientific investigation to answer questions or test hypotheses.	SC.08.SI.02 Design a scientific investigation to answer questions or test hypotheses.	SC.CM.SI.02 Design a scientific investigation that provides sufficient data to answer a question or test a hypothesis.	Design scientific investiga- tions that use precise and appropriate methodology to address questions, ex- amine scientific relation- ships, and test hypotheses. (Standard B.2)
COLLECTING AND PRESENTING DATA						
Conduct procedures to collect, organize, and display scientific data.	Collect, organize, and display scientific data.	SC.03.SI.03 Collect data from an investigation.	SC.05.SI.03 Collect, organize, and summarize data from investigations.	SC.08.SI.03 Collect, organize, and display sufficient data to support analysis.	SC.CM.SI.03 Collect, organize, and display sufficient data to facilitate scientific analysis and interpretation.	Conduct scientifically accepted procedures to collect, organize, and display data. (Standard B.3)
ANALYZING AND INTERPRETING RESULTS						
Analyze scientific information to develop and present conclusions.	Analyze scientific information to develop and present conclusions.	SC.03.SI.04 Use the data collected from an investigation to explain the results.	SC.05.SI.04 Summarize, analyze, and interpret data from investigations.	SC.08.SI.04 Summarize and analyze data including possible sources of error. Explain results and offer reasonable and accurate interpretations and implica- tions.	SC.CM.SI.04 Summarize and analyze data, evaluating sources of error or bias. Propose explanations that are supported by data and knowledge of scientific terminology.	Analyze and interpret data and relationships, evaluate investigations, and develop supported explanations. (Standard B.4)



# ADDITIONAL COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

Instruction in the Common Curriculum Goals of Unifying Concepts and Processes, History and Nature of Science, Science in Personal and Social Perspectives, and Science and Technology is required in all Oregon school districts; however, they are not included on the statewide assessment except as specifically indicated in the eligible content (italicized in print of preceding six pages) in Earth/Space Science, Life Science, or Physical Science.

#### UNIFYING CONCEPTS AND PROCESSES

Understand and apply major concepts and processes common to all sciences.

#### Common Curriculum Goals:

- Understand that any collection of things that have an influence on one another can be thought of as a system.
- Understand that a model is a tentative scheme or structure with explanatory power.
- Understand that both patterns of change and stability are important in the natural world.
- Understand that changes in scale influence the characteristics, properties, and relationships within a system.

#### PASS Standard A.1:

Know and apply fundamental concepts that unify the sciences.

#### HISTORY AND NATURE OF SCIENCE

Understand science as a human endeavor, the nature of scientific knowledge, and the history of science as it relates to and clarifies scientific inquiries.

#### Common Curriculum Goals:

- Understand that science is a human endeavor practiced by individuals from many different cultures.
- Understand that scientific knowledge is subject to change based on new findings and results of scientific observation and experimentation.
- Understand that scientific knowledge distinguishes itself through the use of empirical standards, logical arguments, and skepticism.

#### PASS Standard C.1:

Informally analyze scientific writings, theories, research, and arguments.

### SCIENCE IN PERSONAL AND SOCIAL PERSPECTIVES

Understand that science provides a basis for understanding and acting on personal and social issues.

#### Common Curriculum Goals:

- Describe the role of science and technology in local, national, and global issues.
- Describe how daily choices of individuals, taken together, affect global resource cycles, ecosystems, and natural resource supplies.
- Explain risks and benefits in personal and community health from a science perspective.

#### PASS Standard C.2:

Examine the work of scientists and the development of scientific theories or bodies of research.

#### PASS Standard C.3:

Evaluate scientific, social, or ethical implications of scientific research and writings.

#### SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Understand the interconnections among science, technology, and society.

#### Common Curriculum Goals:

- Understand the relationship that exists between science and technology.
- Understand the process of technological design to solve problems and meet needs.

#### Oregon Scientific Inquiry Work Sample Implementation Schedule Adopted April 26, 2001

Scientific Inquiry Scoring Guides are composed of four dimensions:

- Forming a Question or Hypothesis
- Designing an Investigation
- Collecting and Presenting Data
- Analyzing and Interpreting Results

Teachers are expected to provide instruction and classroom assessment in all four dimensions of the scoring guide. However, only the dimensions indicated below must be reported for school district work sample management.

STUDENTS IN	2003-04 (2005-06 GRADUATES)	2004-05 (2006-07 GRADUATES)	2005-06 (2007-08 GRADUATES)
BENCHMARK 2 (Grades 4 and 5)	Report scores on one dimension:	Report scores on two dimensions:	Report scores on three dimensions:
Scored with the Benchmark 2 Scoring Guide	■ Collecting	■ Designing ■ Collecting	<ul><li>Designing</li><li>Collecting</li><li>Analyzing</li></ul>
	Performance standard: The Collecting dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher.	Performance standard: Both dimensions must have a rating of 4 or higher and must be on the same work sample.	Performance standard*: Each dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher. Designing and Collecting must be on the same work sample. Analyzing may be on a separate work sample.
BENCHMARK 3 (Grades 6, 7, and 8)	Report scores on two dimensions:	Report scores on three dimensions:	Report scores on four dimensions:
Scored with the Benchmark 3 Scoring Guide	■ Designing ■ Collecting	■ Designing ■ Collecting ■ Analyzing	<ul><li>Forming</li><li>Designing</li><li>Collecting</li><li>Analyzing</li></ul>
	Performance standard: Both dimensions must have a rating of 4 or higher on the same work sample.	Performance standard: Each dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher. Designing and Collecting must be on the same work sample. Analyzing may be on a separate work sample.	Performance standard*: Each dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher. Designing and Collecting must be on the same work sample. Forming and Analyzing may be on the same or separate work samples.
CIM (Students working toward a CIM)	Report scores on two dimensions:  Designing	Report scores on three dimensions:  Designing	Report scores on four dimensions:  Forming
Scored with the CIM Scoring Guide	■ Collecting	■ Collecting ■ Analyzing	■ Designing ■ Collecting ■ Analyzing
	Performance standard: Both dimensions must have a rating of 4 or higher on the same work sample.	Performance standard: Each dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher. Designing and Collecting must be on the same work sample. Analyzing may be on a separate work sample.	Performance standard*: Each dimension must have a rating of 4 or higher. Designing and Collecting must be on the same work sample. Forming and Analyzing may be on the same or separate work samples.

<sup>\*</sup>For more information regarding the science work sample requirements for 2006-07, please see the Scientific Inquiry Work Sample requirements FAQ document available online at www.ode.state.or.us/go/ScienceAssessment.

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

Learning in and through the arts prepares students for a life enriched through engagement in the creative process, an appreciation of aesthetics and an understanding of the relationships between the arts and society. Arts literacy enhances a student's communication, analytical thinking, problem solving and multi-cultural awareness.

COMMON
<b>CURRICULUM</b>
GOALS

#### CONTENT **S**TANDARDS

# (GRADE 3)

### BENCHMARK 1 | BENCHMARK 2 | BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 5)

# (GRADE 8)

#### CIM

PASS **CRITERIA** 

CREATE, PRESENT AND PERFORM: Apply ideas, techniques and processes in the arts.

Т	П	П	T			T
Create, present and perform works of art.	Use essential elements and organizational principles to create, present and/or perform works of art for a variety of purposes.	AR.03.CP.01 Use ex- periences, imagination, essential elements and organizational principles to achieve a desired effect when creating, presenting and/or performing works of art.	AR.05.CP.01 Use experiences, imagination, observations, essential elements and organizational principles to achieve a desired effect when creating, presenting and/or performing works of art.	AR.08.CP.01 Select and combine essential elements and organizational principles to achieve a desired effect when creating, presenting and/or performing works of art.	AR.CM.CP.01 Select and combine essential elements and organizational principles to achieve a desired effect when creating, presenting and/or performing works of art for a variety of purposes.	Note: PASS has separate criteria for performance in music, dance, visual arts and design, and theatre. To see all of them, go to http://pass.ous.edu/?id=standards_assess. Use appropriate sound
Apply the use of ideas, techniques and problem solving to the creative process and analyze the influence that choices have on the result.	Explore and describe the use of ideas, techniques, and problem solving in the creative process (e.g., planning, choice of medium, choice of tools, analysis and revision) and identify the impact of choices made.	AR.03.CP.02 Explore aspects of the creative process and the effect of different choices on one's work.	AR.05.CP.02 Identify the creative process used, and the choices made, when combining ideas, techniques and problem solving to produce one's work.	AR.08.CP.02 Describe the creative process used, and the effects of the choices made, when combining ideas, techniques, and problem solving to produce one's work.	AR.CM.CP.02 Explain the choices made in the creative process when combining ideas, techniques, and problem solving to produce one's work, and identify the impact that different choices might have made.	production, blend, and bal- ance (in ensembles), and use accurate intonation. (Standard D.1 - music)  Use correct rhythms and pitches, execution (control) of dynamics, and articula- tion. (Standard D.2 - music)  Use an expression and style of interpretation that is appropriate to the compos- er's intent, including tempo, phrasing, and dynamics.
Express ideas, moods and feelings through the arts and evaluate how well a work of art expresses one's intent.	Create, present and/or perform a work of art that demonstrates an idea, mood or feeling by using essential elements and organizational principles, and describe how well the work expresses one's intent.	AR.03.CP.03 Create, present and/or perform a work of art that demonstrates an idea, mood or feeling.	AR.05.CP.03 Create, present and/or perform a work of art and explain how the use of essential elements and organizational principles shapes an idea, mood or feeling found in the work.	AR.08.CP.03 Create, present and/or perform a work of art by controlling essential elements and organizational principles to express an intended idea, mood or feeling.	AR.CM.CP.03 Create, present and/or perform a work of art by controlling essential elements and organizational principles and describe how well the work expresses an intended idea, mood or feeling.	(Standard D.3 - music)  Recognize the significance of experiences with the arts and reflect on the performance or creation of an artistic work. (Standard D.4 - music)  Perform music for a public audience. (Standard D.5 - music)
Evaluate one's own work, orally and in writing.	Critique and communicate about one's own work, orally and in writing.	AR.03.CP.04 Describe how one's own work reveals knowledge of the arts, orally and in writing.	AR.05.CP.04 Critique one's own work using self-se- lected criteria that reveal knowledge of the arts, orally and in writing.	AR.08.CP.04 Critique the artistic choices made in creating a work of art and their impact on the aesthetic effect, orally and in writing.	AR.CM.CP.04 Critique the artistic merit of one's own work using aesthetic criteria, orally and in writing.	

AESTHETICS AND CRITICISM: Respond to and analyze works of art, based on essential elements, organizational principles and aesthetic criteria.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Apply critical analysis to works of art.	Apply knowledge of essential elements, organizational principles and aesthetic criteria to the analysis of works of art, and identify how the elements and principles contribute to the aesthetic effect.	AR.03.AC.01 Recognize essential elements, organizational principles and aesthetic effects in works of art.	AR.05.AC.01 Identify essential elements, organizational principles and aesthetic criteria that can be used to analyze works of art.	AR.08.AC.01 Use knowledge of essential elements, organizational principles and aesthetic criteria to describe works of art and identify how the elements and principles contribute to the aesthetic effect.	AR.CM.AC.01 Use knowledge of essential elements, organizational principles and aesthetic criteria to explain the artistic merit and aesthetic effect of a work of art.	Recognize, examine, and understand the elements and principles that are common across various art forms or disciplines. (Standard A.1)
Respond to works of art and give reasons for preferences.	Respond to works of art, giving reasons for preferences and using terminology that conveys knowledge of the arts.	AR.03.AC.02 Identify and describe personal preferences connected with viewing or listening to a work of art using terminology that conveys knowledge of the arts.	AR.05.AC.02 Describe personal preferences and identify how essential ele- ments and organizational principles in a work of art contribute to those prefer- ences.	AR.08.AC.02 Describe personal preferences for works of art using aesthetic criteria and identify how essential elements and organizational principles contribute to the aesthetic effect.	AR.CM.AC.02 Explain personal preferences for works of art based on an analysis of how the essential elements and organizational principles contribute to the work's artistic merit.	Communicate an under- standing of various art forms or disciplines. (Stan- dard A.3)

#### THE ARTS STANDARD NUMBERING KEY

CP = Create, Present & Perform AC = Aesthetics & Criticism HC = Historical & Cultural Perspectives

For example, the 3rd benchmark standard listed under Aesthetics & Criticism for 3rd grade (Identify the disciplines used in an integrated work of art) would be: AR.03.AC.03.

**AESTHETICS AND CRITICISM: (Continued)** 

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Understand the interrela- tionships among art forms.	Describe how essential elements and organizational principles from various arts disciplines can be integrated in a work of art and identify how they contribute to the aesthetic effect, overall idea and impact of the work.	AR.03.AC.03 Identify the disciplines used in an integrated work of art.	AR.05.AC.03 Describe how essential elements and organizational principles from various arts disciplines are used in an integrated work of art.	AR.08.AC.03 Explain the distinctive ways that essential elements and organizational principles from various arts disciplines are used in an integrated work of art and identify their impact on that work.	AR.CM.AC.03 Explain the roles of essential elements and organizational principles from various arts disciplines in an integrated work of art and identify how they contribute to the aesthetic effect, overall idea and impact of the work	Recognize and understand the creative process within various art forms or disci- plines. (Standard A.2)

HISTORICAL AND CULTURAL PERSPECTIVES: Understand the relationship of works of art to their social, historical and cultural contexts, and the influence of the arts on individuals, communities and cultures.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM	PASS CRITERIA
Understand how events and conditions influence the arts.	Explain the influence of events and conditions on works of art.	AR.03.HC.01 Identify an event or condition that influenced a work of art.	AR.05.HC.01 Identify and describe the influence of events and/or conditions on works of art.	AR.08.HC.01 Distinguish the influence of events and conditions on works of art.	AR.CM.HC.01 Explain the influence of events and conditions on an artist's work.	Recognize exemplary works, artists, movements, and historical developments in the arts. (Standard B.1)
Distinguish works of art from different societies, time periods and cultures.	Distinguish works of art from different societies, time periods and cultures, emphasizing their common and unique characteristics.	AR.03.HC.02 Identify social, historical and cultural characteristics in a work of art.	AR.05.HC.02 Identify and relate common and unique characteristics in works of art that reflect social, historical, and cultural contexts.	AR.08.HC.02 Identify and relate works of art from different societies, time periods and cultures, emphasizing their common and unique characteristics.	AR.CM.HC.02 Describe and distinguish works of art from different societies, time periods, and cultures, emphasiz- ing their common and unique characteristics.	Analyze social/cultural per- spectives in the arts, within a work of art, or in varied responses to a specific work. (Standard B.2)
Understand how the arts can reflect the environment and personal experiences within a society or culture, and apply to one's own work.	Explain how a work of art reflects the artist's environment and personal experience within a society or culture, and apply to one's own work.	AR.03.HC.03 Describe how art from the student's community reflects the artist's environment and culture.	AR.05.HC.03 Describe how works of art from various historic periods reflect the artist's environment, society and culture.	AR.08.HC.03 Explain how works of art from around the world reflect the artist's environment, society and culture.	AR.CM.HC.03 Explain how works of art reflect the artist's personal experience, environment, society and culture and apply this knowledge to one's own work.	Understand the historical, cultural, artistic, and/or personal context in which a work of art was created. (Standard B.3)
Understand the place of the arts within, and their influences on, society.	Explain how the arts serve a variety of personal, professional, practical, economic, community and cultural needs.	AR.03.HC.04 Describe how the arts serve a variety of purposes in the student's life, community and culture.	AR.05.HC.04 Describe how the arts serve a variety of purposes and needs in other communities and cultures.	AR.08.HC.04 Explain how the arts serve a variety of purposes, needs and val- ues in different communi- ties and cultures.	AR.CM.HC.04 Explain the connections among the arts, career opportuni- ties, and quality of life in the context of personal, practical, community and cultural needs.	Understand the roles of the arts in empowering people and enriching their lives. (Standard C.1)  Understand how assumptions, values, organizations, and conditions of societies influence artistic creations. (Standard C.2)
	Describe how the arts can influence individuals, communities and cultures.	AR.03.HC.05 Recognize how the arts can influence an individual's life.	AR.05.HC.05 Describe how the arts have influenced various communities and cultures.	AR.08.HC.05 Explain the influence of the arts on individuals, communities and cultures in various time periods.	AR.CM.HC.05 Explain the influence of the arts on human behavior, community life and cul- tural traditions.	Understand how the arts influence, shape, and are used to change or preserve societies. (Standard C.3)

#### **Subject Area Endorsement Requirements**

Subject area endorsement requirements for The Arts will be set by the State Board of Education based on the state's academic content standards. School districts may award a Subject Area Endorsement in The Arts using local performance standards founded on the state's content standards until subject area endorsement requirements are phased in. An implementation timeline has been approved by the State Board of Education. For the 2006-07 school year, districts may adopt the field tested performance requirement for The Arts. See page 6A.

# COND LANGUAGE

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

Students who are proficient in a second language are able to communicate through listening, speaking, signing, reading, writing, and can apply culturally appropriate practices in real-life situations in a second language.

The standards below are correlated from the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (ACTFL) proficiency levels. They apply to languages such as Spanish, French, German, and American Sign Language.

For more information regarding the Oregon Second Language Standards format visit <a href="www.ode.state.or.us/go/secondlanguage.">www.ode.state.or.us/go/secondlanguage.</a>

Соммон	OREGON	OREGON	OREGON	OREGON CIM	EXCEEDS CIM	EXCEEDS CIM
CURRICULUM	BENCHMARK 1	BENCHMARK 2	BENCHMARK 3	STANDARD**	LEVEL	LEVEL
GOALS &	STANDARD Less than 30 hours of cumulative instruction	STANDARD Approximately 30 to 150 hours of cumulative instruction	STANDARD Approximately 240 to 300 hours of cumulative instruction	This benchmark earns a "meets" for PASS		ks earn a "higher" iry" for PASS
CONTENT STANDARDS	PRE-NOVICE	(Approximates ACTFL NOVICE-LOW)	(Approximates ACTFL NOVICE-MID)	Approximately 360 to 480 hours of cumulative instruction (Approximates ACTFL NOVICE-HIGH)	(Approximates ACTFL INTERMEDIATE-LOW)	(Approximates ACTFL INTERMEDIATE- MID)
Common Curriculum Goal: Interpersonal Mode: Speaking* Understand and respond to what others say/sign.  Content Standard:  Express ideas, ask and answer questions, and initiate and engage in conversations on familiar topics for a variety of purposes.	SLPN.IS.01 Use some memorized words/signs, phrases or expressions in everyday situations.	SLNL.IS.01 Use memorized words/ signs, phrases and expressions in everyday situations.	SL NM.IS.01 Use memorized phrases, sentences and questions to express ideas or obtain information on a limited range of topics in everyday situations.	**SL.NH.IS.01 Use memo- rized and some original sentences and questions to perform simple commu- nicative tasks in everyday situations.	SL.IL.IS.01 Use questions and consecutive sentences to obtain information, exchange ideas and participate in simple conversations on a wider range of topics in everyday situations.	SL.IM.IS.01 Use strings of sentences to communicate information and express ideas.  SL.IM.IS.02 Initiate, sustain and close an extended conversation using related questions and responses.  SL.IM.IS.03 Perform a variety of communicative tasks in everyday situations in the target culture.
*Corresponds to ASL Expressive Skills	Eunctions Supporting. Standards:  • Make and respond to simple greetings.  • Use some familiar vocabulary in context.	Eunctions Supporting. Standards:  • Make and respond to greetings and introductions.  • Use familiar vocabulary in context.  • State time, address, and telephone numbers.	Eunctions Supporting. Standards: Provide basic personal information. Give simple descriptions. Express likes and dislikes. Provide information about everyday activities. Answer predictable questions with memorized responses.	Eunctions Supporting. Standards:  • Give simple descriptions.  • Express simple opinions.  • Exchange information using date, time, etc.  • Give basic directions and commands.  • Use numbers and prices in common situations.  • Extend/accept invitations  • Make appointments/ reservations.	Eunctions Supporting Standards:  Describe with some supporting details.  State feelings and emotions.  Give directions.  Make suggestions.  Report events in present time.  Conduct predictable transactions.  Ask informational questions.  State reasons.  Handle concrete exchanges necessary for survival in the typical daily life of the target culture.	Functions Supporting Standards:  • Exchange personal feelings, thoughts and basic opinions.  • Initiate, sustain and close a more extended conversation using a series of related questions and responses.  • Perform a widening variety of communicative tasks that may include a complication.  • Give multi-step directions for a simple task.  • Generate varied questions to extend or enrich conversation.  • Demonstrate control of present time; partial control of future and past time.
						control of future and pas

#### **SECOND LANGUAGE NUMBERING KEY**

IS = Interpersonal Mode: Speaking IL = Interpretive Mode: Listening IR = Interpretive Mode: Reading PW = Presentational Mode: Writing

PS = Presentational Mode: Speaking

Proficiency Level codes rather than grade level codes used only with Second Language standards

Pre-novice = PN Novice-low = NLNovice-Mid = NM Novice-High = NH Intermediate-Low = IL Intermediate-Mid = IM

For example, the first standard listed under Interpersonal Mode: Speaking for Oregon Benchmark 3 Standard (Use memorized phrases, sentences and questions to express ideas or obtain information on a limited range of topics in everyday situations.) would be **SL.NM.IS.01**.

# SECOND LANGUAGE

Adopted June 2005

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

 $For more information \ regarding \ the \ Oregon \ Second \ Language \ Standards \ format \ visit \ \underline{www.ode.state.or.us/go/secondlanguage}.$ 

COMMON CURRICULUM	OREGON BENCHMARK 1	OREGON BENCHMARK 2	OREGON BENCHMARK 3	OREGON CIM STANDARD**	Exceeds CIM Level	Exceeds CIM Level	
Goals &	STANDARD Less than 30 hours of cumulative instruction	STANDARD Approximately 30 to 150 hours of cumulative instruction	STANDARD Approximately 240 to 300 hours of cumulative instruction	This benchmark earns a "meets" for PASS		rks earn a "higher" ary" for PASS	
CONTENT STANDARDS	PRE-NOVICE	(Approximates ACTFL NOVICE-LOW)	(Approximates ACTFL NOVICE-MID)	Approximately 360 to 480 hours of cumulative instruction (Approximates ACTFL NOVICE-HIGH)	(Approximates ACTFL INTERMEDIATE-LOW)	(Approximates ACTFL INTERMEDIATE-MID)	
Common Curriculum Goal: Interpretive Mode: Listening* Comprehend verbal or signed language from authentic and other sources, (i.e., TV, radio, video or live presentations).	SL.PN.IL.01 Demonstrate minimal comprehension of general meaning.	SL.NL.IL.01 Demonstrate understanding of some words /signs, (phrases, everyday expressions and simple statements on a limited range of familiar topics in everyday situations).	SL.NM.IL.01 Demonstrate understanding of main ideas from short, simple conversations, narratives and presentations on a limited range of familiar topics in everyday situations.	**SL.NH.IL.01 Demonstrate understanding of main ideas and some details from simple conversations, narra- tives and presentations on familiar topics in everyday situations.	SL.IL.IL.01 Demonstrate understanding of ideas and some supporting details in simple conversations and presentations on familiar topics in everyday situations.	SL.IM.IL.01 Demonstrate understanding of ideas and supporting details from longer and more complex conversations, presentations and narratives on familiar topics in everyday situations.	
Content Standard:  Demonstrate comprehension of messages, presentations, conversations and/or narratives on a variety of topics for a variety of purposes.  *Corresponds to ASL Receptive Skills	Functions Supporting. Standards:  Recognize limited vocabulary.  Understand some simple directions.	Functions Supporting Standards:  • Recognize vocabulary related to familiar topics.  • Understand a short series of simple directions.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Demonstrate comprehension of:  • Likes and dislikes  • Abilities  • Location  • Frequency expressions  • Simple descriptions  • Identify main ideas on familiar topics.  • Identify some important ideas embedded in familiar contexts and/or curricular areas.  • Recognize differences between formal and informal language.	Eunctions Supporting Standards:  • Identify main ideas and some significant details on familiar topics.  • Identify significant ideas embedded in familiar contexts and/or curricular areas.  • Recognize specific expressions used for certain circumstances.	Eunctions Supporting Standards:  Identify main ideas and most significant details on familiar topics.  Identify most significant ideas embedded in familiar contexts and/or curricular areas.  Recognize high-frequency idiomatic expressions.	Functions Supporting Standards:  • Identify main ideas and significant details on familiar topics.  • Identify significant ideas embedded in familiar contexts and/or curricular areas.  • Recognize high-frequency idiomatic expression.	
Common Curriculum Goal: Interpretive Mode: Reading* Comprehend print materials from a variety of authentic and other sources.	SLPN.IR.01 Identify a limited number of common words, symbols and cognates.	SLNLIR.01 Identify some common words, symbols, phrases and cognates.	SL.NM.IR.01 Obtain information from simple text, often using contextual cues.	**SLNH.IR.01 Identify main ideas and some details in simple text.	SL.IL.IR.01 Identify main ideas and supporting details from simple text.	SL.IM.IR.01 Identify and understand main ideas and specific details from more complex text.  SL.IM.IR.02 Draw conclusions and support them with information from the text.	
Content Standard:  Demonstrate comprehension of written text on familiar topics for a variety of purposes.  *ASL Literary materials exist in video and digital forms. Comprehension standards are yet to be determined.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Know some of the symbols of the alphabet.  Read or demonstrate understanding of a few common cognates, borrowed and high frequency words or expressions from familiar material.  Use some contextual or visual cues.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Know the symbols of the alphabet.  Combine symbols to read words.  Read and demonstrate understanding of some common cognates, borrowed and high-frequency words and expressions from familiar material.  Use contextual and visual cues.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Read and demonstrate understanding of some common cognates, borrowed and high- frequency words and expressions from familiar material.  Demonstrate understanding of short, predictable texts on benchmark topics.  Demonstrate ability to extract discreet information from simple texts, e.g. posters, timetables, advertisements.  Use contextual and visual cues.	Eunctions Supporting Standards:  Identify main ideas and some specific details on familiar topics.  Determine meanings by contextual cues.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Read short, authentic or teacher-generated text, e.g., poems, short literary text, periodicals.  Extract main ideas and supporting details.  Provide a sequence of main events from text.  Draw inferences and make simplistic predictions and conclusions.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Read authentic text with more abstract themes and ideas.  Make inferences and logical predictions.  Draw conclusions and support them with information from the text.	

# SECOND LANGUAGE

Adopted June 2005

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

Соммон	OREGON	OREGON	OREGON	OREGON CIM	Exceeds CIM	Exceeds CIM
CURRICULUM	BENCHMARK 1	BENCHMARK 2	BENCHMARK 3	STANDARD**	LEVEL	LEVEL
GOALS &	STANDARD Less than 30 hours of cumulative instruction	STANDARD Approximately 30 to 150 hours of cumulative instruction	STANDARD Approximately 240 to 300 hours of cumulative instruction	This benchmark earns a "meets" for PASS		rks earn a "higher" lary" for PASS
CONTENT STANDARDS	PRE-NOVICE	(Approximates ACTFL NOVICE-LOW)	(Approximates ACTFL NOVICE-MID)	Approximately 360 to 480 hours of cumulative instruction (Approximates ACTFL NOVICE-HIGH)	(Approximates ACTFL INTERMEDIATE-LOW)	(Approximates ACTFL INTERMEDIATE- MID)
Common Curriculum Goal: Presentational Mode: Writing Write to communicate meaning.	SL.PN.PW.01 Copy and write a limited number of symbols/characters.	SL.NL.PW.01 Write symbols/characters, basic high frequency words and memorized phrases.	SL.NM.PW.01 Write from memory some high frequency words, phrases and simple sentences.	**SL.NH.PW.01 Write simple original sentences from memorized and famil- iar material.	SL.IL.PW.01 Create/compose consecutive simple sentences on familiar topics.	SL.IM.PW.01 Create/compose loosely connected sentences with some paragraph structure.
Content Standard: Express ideas in written form on familiar topics for a variety of purposes.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Copy lists of some familiar objects and vocabulary.	Eunctions Supporting Standards:  • Make lists of familiar objects and vocabulary.  • Spell familiar words using the target language alphabet.  • Express simple ideas in short memorized phrases.	Functions Supporting Standards:  • Write short messages and express simple ideas using memorized phrases and sentences.	Functions Supporting Standards:  • Write short messages, postcards, simple descriptions and simple narrations.	Functions Supporting Standards:  • Write messages, short letters, simple descriptions and simple narrations.	Functions Supporting Standards:  • Write short letters, descriptions, explanation and simple narrations.
Common Curriculum Goal: Presentational Mode: Speaking Speak to present rehearsed information.	SLPN.PS.01 Identify some common objects or people using memorized words, often relying on visual aids.	SL.NL.PS.01 Identify common objects and people using memorized words, lists and phrases, often relying on visual aids.	SL.NM.PS.01 Present basic material using memorized phrases and simple sen- tences.	**SL.NH.PS.01 Present material in a clear and orga- nized manner using simple sentences and some strings of sentences.	SL.IL.PS.01 Present material in a clear and organized manner using strings of sentences.  SL.IL.PS.02 Attempt to maintain audience attention.	SL.IM.PS.01 Present organized material in a sustained, connected man- ner using more complex sentences. SL.IM.PS.02 Maintain audience attention.
Content Standard: Communicate ideas and information on familiar topics for a variety of purposes.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Name a limited number of common objects or actions.  Relies heavily on visual aids.	Functions Supporting Standards:  • Express ideas using vocabulary limited to common objects and actions.  • Conveys information using basic memorized language, lists, phrases and simple sentences.  • Often relies on visual aids to present ideas.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Presents material in an organized manner.  Conveys information using memorized language in simple consecutive sentences.  Uses sufficient vocabulary to get meaning across.  Uses gestures or visuals to maintain audience's attention and to convey meaning.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Conveys information using mostly memorized material with some attempts to create.  Focuses on successful task completion.  Vocabulary conveys basic information.  Attempts to maintain the audience's attention through gestures and/or visuals.	Functions Supporting Standards:  Conveys information using simple sentences and strings of sentences.  Vocabulary is sufficient to provide information and limited explanation.  Begins to make choices of phrase or content to maintain the attention of the audience.	Functions Supporting Standards:  • Conveys information using strings of sentences, with some connected sentence-level discourse.  • Vocabulary is sufficient to provide information and limited explanation.  • Choices of phrase or content helps to maintain the attention of the audience.

#### **Subject Area Endorsement Requirements**

Subject area endorsement requirements for Second Language will be set by the State Board of Education based on the state's academic content standards. School districts may award a Subject Area Endorsement in Second Language using local performance standards founded on the state's content standards until subject area endorsement requirements are phased in. An implementation timeline has been approved by the State Board of Education. For the 2006-07 school year, districts may adopt the field tested performance requirement for Second Language. See page 6A.

# PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Adopted September 2001

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

The study of physical education prepares students for the long-term benefits of an active and healthy life. A physically educated person performs a variety of physical activities, participates regularly in physical activity, and knows the benefits from involvement in physical activity and its contributions to a healthy life.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
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EXPRESSIVE AND EFFICIENT MOVING: Apply the basics of movement, movement sequencing, rules and strategies, and plans for activity.

Demonstrate knowledge of a variety of motor skills.	Demonstrate motor skill competency in a variety of physical activities and motor skill proficiency in one physical activity.	PE.03.EE.01 Demonstrate mature form of basic locomor patterns: run, gallop, slide, horizontal jump, hop, leap, and skip, starting and stopping on command and in control.  PE.03.EE.02 Demonstrate critical elements in manipulative skills: throw, catch, kick, and strike.  PE.03.EE.03 Balance, demonstrating momentary stillness, in symmetrical and asymmetrical shapes on a variety of body parts.  PE.03.EE.04 Demonstrate three different step patterns and combinations of movements into repeatable sequences.	PE.05.EE.01 Demonstrate the use of a foot dribble (R/L foot), hand dribble (R/L hand), strike, throw, catch, and volley with a partner.  PE.05.EE.02 Perform one dance or rhythmic activity to music.	PE.08.EE.01 Demonstrate movement principles (mechanics, force, speed) in performing skills related to a team activity and an individual or partner activity.  PE.08.EE.02 Execute a floor exercise, jump rope, or manipulative routine with intentional changes in direction, speed, and flow.  PE.08.EE.03 Demonstrate one of the following rhythmic activities: folk, square, social, creative dance, aerobic.	PE.CM.EE.01 Demonstrate competency (basic skills) in complex versions of three or more of the following categories of movement forms and more advanced skills in one or more movement forms: (One activity counts in one category)  Individual activities  Dual activities  Aerobic/cardio-respiratory lifetime activities  Outdoor pursuits  Dance, self-defense, yoga, martial arts  Team sports  Strength training & conditioning  Aquatics.
Understand and participate in a variety of physical and recreational activities available in the school and community.					
Understand and apply movement concepts.	Apply movement concepts and principles to the development of motor skills.		PE.05.EE.03 Through feed- back and practice, demonstrate improvement in performance of a new motor skill.	PE.08.EE.04 Describe and apply principles of training, conditioning, and practice for specific physical activities.  PE.08.EE.05 Detect and correct errors of a critical element of movement.	PE.CM.EE.02 Utilize the following components to critique an activity: skills and strategies, use of feedback, positive and negative aspects of personal performance, appropriate practice and conditioning procedures.
Understand and apply physical education vocabulary as it relates to movement concepts.					
Understand rules and strategies for a variety of physical activities.	Apply appropriate rules and strategies to physical activities, games and sports.		PE.05.EE.04 Use basic of- fensive and defensive roles in physical activities, or games, or sports.  PE.05.EE.05 Identify rules and procedures in specified physical activities.	PE.08.EE.06 Demonstrate basic strategies specific to one team activity and one dual or individual activity.  PE.08.EE.07 Demonstrate an understanding of the rules to be followed during participation in specified physical activities.	PE.CM.EE.03 Communicate to others basic strategies specific to one team activity and one dual or individual activity.  PE.CM.EE.04 Demonstrate rules and strategies in complex versions of at least two different categories of the following movement forms:  Individual activities  Dual activities  Aerobic/cardio-respiratory lifetime activities  Outdoor pursuits  Dance, self-defense, yoga, martial arts  Team sports  Strength training & conditioning

#### PHYSICAL EDUCATION STANDARD NUMBERING KEY

 $\mathsf{EE} = \mathsf{Expressive} \ \& \ \mathsf{Efficient} \ \mathsf{Moving} \qquad \mathsf{FL} = \mathsf{Fitness} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{Lifetime}$ 

SM = Self-Management & Social Behavior

For example, the 2nd benchmark standard listed under Self–Management & Social Behavior for 8th grade (Identify the elements of socially acceptable conflict resolution and sportsmanship) would be: **PE.08.SM.02**.

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

Adopted September 2001

FITNESS FOR LIFETIME: Apply the knowledge and skills of personal fitness to maintain a healthy lifestyle.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate knowledge of a physically active lifestyle.	Provide evidence of engaging in a physically active lifestyle.	PE.03.FL.01 Identify changes in his/her body during moderate to vigorous exercise.	PE.05.FL.01 Identify changes in his/her body before, during and after moderate to vigorous exercise (e.g., perspiration, increased heart and breathing rates).	PE.08.FL.01 Develop personal activity goals and describe benefits that result from regular participation in physical education.  PE.08.FL.02 Analyze and categorize physical activities according to potential fitness benefits.	PE.CM.FL.01 Participate in physical activities and evaluate personal factors that impact participation.  PE.CM.FL.02 Through physical activity, understand ways in which personal characteristics, performance styles, and activity preferences will change over the life span.
Understand the meaning of physical fitness and how personal fitness can be improved and maintained using a health-related fitness assessment as one tool for measuring.	Demonstrate ways to achieve and maintain a health-enhancing level of physical fitness.		PE.05.FL.02 Identify and assess the health-related components of fitness.	PE.08.FL.03 Correctly interpret results of physical fitness assessments and use them to develop a written fitness program.  PE.08.FL.04 Identify the principles of fitness training using the FITT (Frequency, Intensity, Time and Type) model.	PE.CM.FL.03 Assess and analyze personal health-related fitness status.  PE.CM.FL.04 Independently design a written personal fitness and activity program which incorporates related physical fitness components and principles (overload, progression, specificity, and individuality).

SELF-MANAGEMENT AND SOCIAL BEHAVIOR: Understand and apply appropriate social skills.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Understand appropriate and positive behavior management (social skills) and respect for all individual differences, including gender, ethnicity, and physical ability during physical activity.	Demonstrate responsible behav- ior and respect for differences among people during physical activities.	PE.03.SM.01 Identify rules, procedures, and etiquette in a specified physical activity.	PE.05.SM.01 Explain and demonstrate safety, rules, procedures, and etiquette to be followed during participation in physical activities.	PE.08.SM.01 Apply rules, procedures, and etiquette that are safe and effective for specific activities/situations.	PE.CM.SM.01 Analyze and apply rules, procedures, and etiquette that are safe and effective for specific activities/situations.
		PE.03.SM.02 Identify positive ways to resolve conflict.		PE.08.SM.02 Identify the elements of socially acceptable conflict resolution and sportsmanship.	PE.CM.SM.02 Apply conflict resolution strategies in appropri- ate ways and analyze potential consequences when confronted with unsportsman-like behavior.
Understand and apply safety in movement activities.					
Understand that history and culture influence games, sports, play, and dance.					

### **Subject Area Endorsement Requirements**

Subject area endorsement requirements for Physical Education will be set by the State Board of Education based on the state's academic content standards. School districts may award a Subject Area Endorsement in Physical Education using local performance standards founded on the state's content standards until subject area endorsement requirements are phased in. An implementation timeline has been approved by the State Board of Education. See page 6A.

# **HEALTH EDUCATION**

Adopted February 2005

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

The study of health education prepares students to make healthy decisions and take healthy actions on matters concerning personal, family and community health. Its goal is for students to become health literate (the ability to obtain, interpret, and understand basic health information and services) and to use such information and services in health-enhancing ways. The health education standards are identified as Health Skills in nine conceptual areas (alcohol, tobacco and other drug use prevention; prevention and control of disease; promotion of environmental health; promotion of healthy eating; promotion of mental, social, and emotional health: promotion of show activity: promotion of sexual health: sometime and violence and suicide prevention. For more information visit: www.ode.state.or.us/so/health.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
HEALTH SKILLS Demonstrate ability to use health skills, to obtain and interpret health information, to man- age personal behaviors and to advocate for health and safety issues.	ACCESSING INFORMATION Demonstrate ability to access valid health and safety related information.	HE.03.HS.01 Identify and access resources for basic health and safety information.	HE.05.HS.01 Identify and access resources at home, at school, and in the community for health and safety information.	HE.08.HS.01 Access home, school and community resources to meet specific health and safety needs.	HE.CM.HS.01 Access information and resources to meet specific health needs and solve health related problems.
	SELF-MANAGEMENT Demonstrate self-management skills necessary to practice health-enhancing behaviors and reduce health risks.	HE.03.HS.02 Demonstrate ways to avoid unsafe situations and practice healthy behaviors.	HE.05.HS.02 Demonstrate management skills to prevent unsafe situations and promote behaviors that enhance health and safety.	HE.08.HS.02 Use strategies that promote health and prevent unsafe situations.	HE.CM.HS.02 Demonstrate personal responsibility to follow procedures that enhance health and reduce risk.
	ANALYZING INFLUENCES Demonstrate ability to analyze influences of culture, media, technology and other factors on health.	HE.03.HS.03 Identify influences on health related behaviors including methods of persuasion.	HE.05.HS.03 Analyze influences on health and well-being (e.g., culture, family, media, technology, peers, body image, emotions, and physical environment).	HE.08.HS.03 Analyze influences on health and well-being (e.g., culture, family, media, technology, peers, body image, emotions, and physical and social environments).	HE.CM.HS.03 Analyze influences on health-related choices (e.g., personal/family/cultural values, media, technology, peers, body image, emotions, physical and social environments, and public health policies).
	INTERPERSONAL COMMUNICATION Demonstrate ability to use interpersonal communication skills (verbal and non-verbal) to enhance health and safety.	HE.03.HS.04 Demonstrate positive communication skills.	HE.05.HS.04 Use communica- tion skills to help self and others avoid unsafe situations and promote healthy behaviors.	HE.08.HS.04 Demonstrate effective communication, peer resistance, assertiveness and conflict resolution skills.	HE.CM.HS.04 Communicate effectively, using peer resistance, assertiveness, conflict resolution skills, and negotiation and refusal skills to avoid unsafe situations.
	GOAL SETTING Demonstrate ability to use goal-setting skills to enhance health and safety.	HE.03.HS.05 Set short-term personal goals to enhance health and safety.	HE.05.HS.05 Use a goal-setting model to set goals that enhance health and safety.	HE.08.HS.05 Use a goal-setting model to set short- and long-term goals for healthy living.	HE.CM.HS.05 Set short- and long-term goals that promote healthy living.
	DECISION MAKING Demonstrate ability to use decision making skills to enhance health and safety.	HE.03.HS.06 Use a decision- making model to make decisions that enhance health and safety.	HE.05.HS.06 Use a decision- making model to make positive health and safety decisions.	HE.08.HS.06 Use a decision- making model that will enhance health and well-being.	HE.CM.HS.06 Use a decision- making model to make lifelong healthy decisions.
	ADVOCACY Demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family and community health and safety.	HE.03.HS.07 Advocate for healthy and safe behaviors at home and at school.	HE.05.HS.07 Advocate for the benefits of safe and healthy actions and environments at home, at school and in the community.	HE.08.HS.07 Advocate to self, peers, family and community members the benefits of health-and safety-enhancing practices.	HE.CM.HS.07 Advocate to self, peers, family and community members the importance of participating in health-enhancing behaviors and abstaining from unsafe behaviors.

# **HEALTH EDUCATION**

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

Adopted February 2005

**ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, AND OTHER DRUG USE PREVENTION:** Acquire knowledge and skills to understand the physical, social, emotional effects of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs and their use. [Related OARs: OAR 581-022-0413 Prevention Education Programs in Drugs and Alcohol (K-12); OAR 581-022-1210 District Curriculum and Instruction in the area of prevention education in drugs and alcohol.]

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate interpersonal communication, analyzing influences, and advocacy skills while understanding the impact of drug prevention.	Explain the impact of alcohol, tobacco and other drug use on health and well-being.	HE.03.AT.01 Identify that alcohol and tobacco, including cigarettes, cigars, pipes, and smokeless tobacco, are harmful to one's health.	HE.05.AT.01 Identify school policies and community laws related to alcohol, tobacco and other drug use, possession, and sales.	HE.08.AT.01 Describe the benefits of a tobacco and drug-free environment.	HE.CM.AT.01 Explain the relationship between alcohol and other drug use on vehicle crashes, injuries, violence, suicide, and sexual risk behavior.
	Demonstrate ability to use interpersonal communication skills (verbal and non-verbal) to enhance health and safety.	HE.03.AT.02 Demonstrate refusal skills around the use of tobacco and alcohol products.		HE.08.AT.02 Demonstrate refusal skills around the use of alcohol, tobacco, inhalant and other drug use.	HE.CM.AT.02 Demonstrate refusal skills around drinking and driving or being a passenger when the driver has been drinking and driving.
	Demonstrate ability to analyze influences of culture, media, technology and other factors on health.				HE.CM.AT.03 Analyze the influ- ences and pressures teenagers face regarding issues of alcohol, tobacco and other drug use.
	Demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family and community health and safety.		HE.05.AT.02 Create an advocacy campaign at school to follow school rules regarding alcohol and tobacco use.		

PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF DISEASE: Acquire knowledge and skills to understand and practice health habits that can prevent and/or control disease. [Related OARs: OAR 581-022-1440 Infectious diseases including Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and Hepatitis B and C; OAR 581-022-1210 District Curriculum and Instruction in the area of infectious diseases, including AIDS/HIV and Hepatitis B.]

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate self-management and advocacy skills while understanding the relationships among health behavior and prevention of disease.	Explain the relationship between positive and negative health behaviors and prevention of illness, disease and premature death.			HE.08.DI.01 Describe personal health care practices that prevent the spread of communicable disease including HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis B and C.	HE.CM.DI.01 Identify screenings, including melanoma, breast and testicular self-examinations, and medical examinations, including pap smear, HPV, STD, HIV and Hepatitis B and C testing necessary to maintain reproductive health.
	Demonstrate self-management skills necessary to practice health-enhancing behaviors and reduce health risks.			HE.08.DI.02 Demonstrate per- sonal health care practices that prevent the spread of communi- cable disease.	
	Demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family and community health and safety.			HE.08.DI.03 Advocate for personal health practices that prevent the spread of HIV/AIDS and Hepatitis B and C.	HE.CM.DI.02 Advocate to others the importance of screenings and medical examinations to maintain reproductive health.
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Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

Adopted February 2005

PROMOTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH: Acquire knowledge and skills to determine how protecting the environment impacts health for individuals and society.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate analyzing influ- ences and interpersonal com- munication skills while under- standing how the environment affects health.	Explain the elements of a safe and healthy personal, school, home and community environment and their effect on health and well-being.				HE.CM.EH.01 Identify ways to prevent exposure to the sun, including tanning beds.
	Demonstrate ability to analyze influences of culture, media, technology and other factors on health.				HE.CM.EH.02 Analyze influences that encourage young people to abstain from protecting oneself from the sun and influences that encourage the use of tanning beds.
	Demonstrate ability to use interpersonal communication skills (verbal and non-verbal) to enhance health and safety.				HE.CM.EH.03 Communicate to others the importance of preventing exposure to UV rays and other harmful substances.

**PROMOTION OF HEALTHY EATING:** Acquire knowledge and skills to understand and practice healthful nutrition that contributes to growth and energy and helps prevent chronic diseases.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate self-management, analyzing influences, goal- setting and advocacy skills while understanding the components of healthy eating.	Explain the components of a bal- anced diet and their importance to growth and wellness.	HE.03.HE.01 Recognize the importance of variety and moderation in food selection and consumption.	HE.05.HE.01 Explain how healthful eating habits can lead to wellness.	HE.08.HE.01 Explain the importance of variety and moderation in food selection and consumption.	HE.CM.HE.01 Describe dietary guidelines, food groups, nutri- ents and serving size for healthy eating habits.
	Demonstrate self-management skills necessary to practice health-enhancing behaviors and reduce health risks.	HE.03.HE.02 Choose a variety of foods to eat from different food groups.			HE.CM.HE.02 Critique the adequacy of own diet for key nutrients and identify foods that supply the identified nutrients.
	Demonstrate ability to analyze influences of culture, media, technology and other factors on health.		HE.05.HE.02 Describe how media, cultural and family influ- ences encourage healthy eating practices.		
	Demonstrate ability to use goal- setting skills to enhance health and safety.			HE.08.HE.02 Track progress toward achieving a short-term personal goal related to variety and moderation within healthy eating.	HE.CM.HE.03 Set a personal goal based on a dietary analysis to enhance health.
	Demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family and community health and safety.	HE.03.HE.03 Advocate for more fruits and vegetables at school.			

PROMOTION OF MENTAL, SOCIAL, AND EMOTIONAL HEALTH: Acquire knowledge and skills to understand that mental, social and emotional health contributes to building and maintaining interpersonal and intrapersonal relationships.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate accessing informa- tion and interpersonal communi- cation skills while understanding the components of mental,	Explain the key components of mental, social and emotional health.			HE.08.MH.01 Identify how emotions change during adolescence.	HE.CM.MH.01 Explain different signs and symptoms of addictive behaviors.
social and emotional health.	Demonstrate ability to access valid health and safety related information.			HE.08.MH.02 Identify school, home and community resources for mental and emotional health concerns.	HE.CM.MH.02 Identify school and community resources that support people with addictive behaviors.
	Demonstrate ability to use interpersonal communication skills (verbal and non-verbal) to enhance health and safety.				HE.CM.MH.03 Identify how to communicate to a friend or relative you think is an addict and should get support/help.
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# **HEALTH EDUCATION**

Adopted February 2005

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School Year.

PROMOTION OF PHYSICAL ACTIVITY: Acquire knowledge and skills to understand the role physical activity has in promoting health.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate accessing informa- tion skills while understanding the components of physical activity.	Explain the impact physical activity has on maintaining and/or improving health and well-being.				HE.CM.PA.01 Explain physical, academic, mental, and social benefits of physical activity and the relationship of a sedentary lifestyle to chronic disease.
	Demonstrate ability to access valid health and safety related information.				HE.CM.PA.02 Access information about the recommended amount and types of physical activity for adolescents.

PROMOTION OF SEXUAL HEALTH: Acquire knowledge and skills that emphasize the importance of safe behaviors in maintaining sexual health. [Related OAR: OAR 581-022-1440 Infectious diseases including Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and Hepatitis B and C; Related ORS: ORS 336.455 Human sexuality education courses.]

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	Benchmark 1 (Grade 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate accessing informa- tion, interpersonal communica- tion and decision-making skills while understanding the compo- nents of sexual health.	Explain the key components to sexual health and their relationship to lifetime health and wellness.		HE.05.SH.01 Describe physical, social and emotional changes that occur during puberty.	HE.08.SH.01 Identify possible short and long-term consequences of sexual activity, including what it means to be responsible for the results of one's decisions.	HE.CM.SH.01 Explain why abstinence is the safest, most effective method of protection from HPV, STD/HIV, Hepatitis B and C and pregnancy.
	Demonstrate ability to access valid health and safety related information.  Demonstrate ability to use interpersonal communication		HE.05.SH.02 Identify people in the school or community who could provide valid health information about the changes that occur during puberty.	HE.08.SH.02 Practice effective communication skills to refuse	HE.CM.SH.02 Effectively com- municate the decisions and
	Skills (verbal and non-verbal) to enhance health and safety.  Demonstrate ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health and safety.			sexual pressures and communicate the consequences of sexual activity.	behaviors of family, peers and others that promote healthy sexual behaviors.  HE.CM.SH.03 Use the decision- making process to make healthy choices around sexual health
	on and suitify.				oronces around sexual flediul.

#### **HEALTH STANDARD NUMBERING KEY**

HS = Health Skills AT = Alcohol, Tobacco & Other Drug Use Prevention

DI = Prevention & Control of Disease EH = Promotion of Environmental Health

HE = Promotion of Healthy Eating MH = Promotion of Mental, Social & Emotional Health

PA = Promotion of Physical Activity SH = Promotion of Sexual Health
IP = Unintentional Injury Prevention VS = Violence & Suicide Prevention

For example, the 1st benchmark standard listed under Unintentional Injury Prevention for 3rd grade (Identify safe behaviors when traveling to and from school and in the community) would be **HE.03.IP.01**.

# **HEALTH EDUCATION**

Adonted February 2005

Subject Area Endorsement may be awarded based on local performance standard until state performance requirement is implemented for the 2007-08 School year.

**UNINTENTIONAL INJURY PREVENTION:** Acquire knowledge and skills necessary to be safe at home, on the move, at school, at work and in the community and how to get help in case of injury. [Related OARs: OAR 581-022-1420 Emergency plans and safety programs. OAR 581-022-1210 District Curriculum K-12 instructional program.]

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate accessing in- formation, self-management, interpersonal communication, goal-setting and decision- making skills while understand- ing the components of injury prevention.	Explain how to prevent danger- ous or risky behaviors that might lead to personal injury and how to respond to potentially unsafe situations at home, at school and in the community.	HE.03.IP.01 Identify safe behaviors when traveling to and from school and in the community.	HE.05.IP.01 Identify ways to prevent fires and reduce the risk of injuries in case of fire.	HE.08.IP.01 Explain ways to reduce risk of injuries while traveling to and from school and in the community.	HE.CM.IP.01 Examine the impact of alcohol, tobacco and other drug use on unintentional injury.
position	Demonstrate ability to access valid health related information.		HE.05.IP.02 Access information on the nature of fire, how fires start, fire's destructiveness and how fires can be prevented.	HE.08.IP.02 Identify rules and laws intended to prevent injuries.	
	Demonstrate self-management skills necessary to practice health-enhancing behaviors and reduce health risks.			HE.08.IP.03 Demonstrate personal responsibility to follow safety related rules.	
	Demonstrate ability to use interpersonal communication skills (verbal and non-verbal) to enhance health and safety.		HE.05.IP.03 Demonstrate how to respond to peers who may encourage you to misuse fire or fireworks.		
	Demonstrate ability to use goal- setting skills to enhance health and safety.				HE.CM.IP.02 Set a personal goal to avoid driving when under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.
	Demonstrate ability to use decision-making skills to enhance health and safety.	HE.03.IP.02 Use decision-making model to plan ahead to avoid dangerous situations and injuries on the way to and from school.		HE.08.IP.04 Use the decision- making process to use safety practices in and around motor- ized vehicles.	g.

VIOLENCE AND SUICIDE PREVENTION: Acquire knowledge and skills to prevent different forms of violence and suicide with a focus on communication and prosocial behaviors.

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	CONTENT STANDARDS	BENCHMARK 1 (GRADE 3)	BENCHMARK 2 (GRADE 5)	BENCHMARK 3 (GRADE 8)	CIM
Demonstrate self-management, analyzing influences and advo- cacy skills while understanding individual, community and soci- etal factors that prevent, reduce and/or contribute to violence and	Explain individual, community and societal factors that prevent, reduce and/or contribute to violence and suicide.	HE.03.VS.01 Identify that media contains violent messages.	HE.05.VS.01 Explain the role problem solving, anger management and impulse control have on preventing violence.	HE.08.VS.01 Explain how violence, aggression, bullying and harassment affect health and safety.	HE.CM.VS.01 Describe the consequences of prejudice, discrimination, racism, sexism, and hate crimes.
suicide.	Demonstrate self-management skills necessary to practice health-enhancing behaviors and reduce health risks.		HE.05.VS.02 Demonstrate steps of problem solving, anger management, and impulse control.		
	Demonstrate ability to analyze influences of culture, media, technology and other factors on health.	HE.03.VS.02 Explain how helpful and hurtful messages in media can affect an individual's behavior.			
	Demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family and community health and safety.			HE.08.VS.02 Design an advo- cacy campaign for preventing violence, aggression, bullying and harassment.	HE.CM.VS.02 Advocate for the promotion of respect and empathy for individual differences.

### **Subject Area Endorsement Requirements**

Subject area endorsement requirements for Health Education will be set by the State Board of Education based on the state's academic content standards. School districts may award a Subject Area Endorsement in Health Education using local performance standards founded on the state's content standards until subject area endorsement requirements are phased in. An implementation timeline has been approved by the State Board of Education. See page 6A.

# **Glossary**

Academic Content Standards—statements of what students are expected to know in particular subjects and be able to do at specified grade levels developed through the standards setting processes, involving Oregon educators. The State Board of Education has adopted the content standards for science, social sciences, the arts, second languages, physical education, and health education, and grade-level standards in English language arts and mathematics.

**Alignment**—the process of linking assessment, instruction, and learning in classrooms to content and performance standards.

Benchmark Standards—a specific statement of knowledge and skills to be demonstrated at the end of a specified range of grades. In science, social sciences, the arts, physical education and health education, a student's progress toward the Certificate of Initial Mastery or Subject Area Endorsement can be checked at or about grades 3, 5, 8, and 10.

#### Career-Related Learning Standards-

statements of fundamental skills essential for success in employment, college, family, and community life that are a requirement for the Certificate of Advanced Mastery (CAM) and the high school diploma (beginning in 2006-07). These are most meaningful when demonstrated through integrated, interdisciplinary approaches and hands-on activities such as accomplishing a task or discovering a solution to a problem, in the classroom or career-related learning experiences.

#### **Certificate of Advanced Mastery**

**(CAM)**—an award earned by students who have demonstrated rigorous application of knowledge and skills in preparation for their post-high school goals.

Certificate of Initial Mastery (CIM)—an award earned by students who have met CIM-level standards on state tests and class-room work samples in English language arts, mathematics, and science.

Classroom Assessment—assessment developed, administered and scored by a teacher or set of teachers with the purpose of evaluating individual or classroom student performance on a given topic. Often, these are called local assessments and when scored using official state scoring guides may be used as work samples.

Cognitive Demand—categories of expectations for student performance that are contextual within a particular subject (e.g. math, science, social sciences, English language arts). Identifying cognitive demands makes it possible for teachers to describe the level of thinking students engage in while learning, and while demonstrating their learning.

Collection of Evidence—evidence collected that shows students' ability to apply what they know and can do related to the standards. A Collection of Evidence is required for Juried Assessment and can be used to demonstrate Extended Application.

Common Curriculum Goals—broad goal statements that describe the same course of study (curriculum) used in all Oregon school districts from kindergarten through grade 12. The Common Curriculum Goals include the academic content standards.

Content and Assessment Panels—statewide advisory groups convened by the Department of Education to review, revise, and promote the academic content standards and related assessment items. Panels consist of Oregon teachers and administrators who usually serve three-year terms.

Criterion-Referenced Assessment—an assessment that uses specific criteria, such as content or performance standards, as the measure for student knowledge and skills. It measures an individual's performance relative to specific criteria and not in comparison to the performance of other students.

**Cut Scores**—the minimum scores associated with performance standards established by Oregon educators and other stakeholders and adopted by the State Board of Education that marks where Oregonians believe a critical difference in levels of performance is demonstrated. These scores must be periodically reviewed to ensure they remain consistent with Oregonians' expectations.

**Education Plan**—a formalized plan and process through which students establish their personalized education, career and life goals. In the plan, students also outline specific activities that will help them achieve their identified learning goals.

**Education Profile**—documentation of the student's progress toward achieving the goals outlined in the education plan. Examples include achievement toward CIM, CAM, learning goals, graduation requirements, and other personal accomplishments.

Eligible Content—statements related to the content standards that are eligible for inclusion in the statewide knowledge and skills assessment. The eligible content in science and social sciences is *italicized*.

#### English Language Proficiency Standards—

statements designed to supplement the English language arts standards to ensure that Limited English Proficient (LEP) students develop proficiency in both the English language and the concepts and skills contained in the English language arts standards.

**Extended Application**—the application and extension of knowledge and skills in new and complex situations related to the student's personal and career interests and post-high school goals.

Formative Assessment—a type of classroom assessment used by teachers to help "form" student knowledge and skills during instruction by highlighting a student's academic strengths and weaknesses; often referred to as "assessment for learning" rather than "assessment of learning." **Grade-level Foundations**—specific statements that describe what students should know and be able to do at grades K-2 in English language arts and Mathematics that will prepare them to meet the grade 3 standards

**Grade-level Standards**—specific statements, adopted by the State Board of Education, that describe what students should know and be able to do at grades 3 through 8 and CIM (Certificate of Initial Mastery) in English language arts and mathematics.

Language Functions and Grammatical
Forms— English language learners (ELL)
and second language learners need to
understand both the function (purpose) and
form (structure) of language. Functions
refer to the purpose for which speech or
writing is being used. Forms of a language
deal with the internal grammatical structure
of words

Norm-Referenced Assessment—evaluations of student performance or performances that are based on comparisons to larger groups rather than each student's mastery of the content standards.

Oregon Skill Sets—a planning tool for students and teachers that allows for meaningful connections to careers and the working world. School districts may use them to guide curriculum and lesson development. Skill Sets are organized by Oregon's six broad Career Learning Areas: (1) Agriculture, Food & Natural Resource Systems; (2) Arts, Information & Communications; (3) Business & Management; (4) Health Services; (5) Human Resource Systems; (6) Industrial & Engineering Systems.

Oregon Statewide Assessment System (OSAS)—official name for Oregon's statewide Knowledge and Skills Tests, Writing Assessment, and work samples in writing, speaking, math problem solving, scientific inquiry and social science analyses.

Performance Assessment— a measure of a student's ability based on an application of what he or she has learned to standardized tasks such as activities, exercises, or problems. Performance tasks often have more than one acceptable solution. An example of a performance assessment is Oregon's Writing Assessment.

**Performance Descriptors**—short paragraphs that describe what students know and are able to do as represented by the performance standards.

Performance Requirement—a description of the quality and quantity of content standards students need to meet based on the student work being assessed. Applies to social sciences, arts, second language, physical education, and health education.

Performance Standards—adopted by the State Board of Education, these reflect the number and kinds of work samples, as well as the scores on statewide assessments, considered sufficient to meet or exceed standards.

Proficiency—the targeted level of achievement expected of students based on Oregon's expectations and national trends. Proficiency can be measured through statewide assessments and/or classroom evidence

Proficiency-based Admission Standards
System (PASS)—a system based on Oregon's academic content standards (for the
CIM and the CAM) that describes the knowledge and skills students need to demonstrate in order to be successful in Oregon's
seven public universities. Part of the Oregon
University System, this alignment information is designed to create a seamless K-16
educational system and was adopted by the
State Board of Higher Education.

Scoring Guide—an evaluation tool designed for scoring student work that includes specific, consistent assessment criteria for student performance and a scale to help rate student work. Used by Oregon teachers to evaluate student work samples and the State Writing Assessment on a 1-6 point scale.

**Subject Area Endorsement**—an award earned by students who have met the CIM requirements and state standards in social sciences, the arts, second languages, physical education, and/or health education.

Sufficiency—the amount and variety of evidence necessary to clearly show that a student is proficient in a particular content area. Performance standards adopted by the State Board of Education reflect the number and kinds of work samples, as well as performance levels on statewide assessments, considered "sufficient" to show student mastery of skills in each content area.

Summative Assessment—a type of assessment, such as the Oregon Statewide Assessment and the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), that generally occurs after a period of instruction as a measure of learning; often referred to as "assessment of learning" rather than "assessment for learning."

Work Sample—representative samples of individual student work (e.g., research paper, statistical experiments, speaking presentations) that are scored using an official state scoring guide in those subjects for which one has been adopted (i.e., writing, speaking, mathematical problem solving, scientific inquiry, and social science analysis).

### RESOURCES

The Oregon Department of Education is ready to help teachers, classified staff, and administrators as you further develop your standards-based curriculum and instructional methods. Please let us know what you need.

#### CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT

If you have questions about the Common Curriculum Goals, academic content standards, eligible content, curriculum, instructional issues, or assessment in a particular area, contact the specialist. To learn more about the ODE "Go" Links visit <a href="www.ode.state.or.us/go/">www.ode.state.or.us/go/</a>.

CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT AREA		PHONE	
*(Go Link www.ode.state.or.us/go/)	SPECIALIST	(503) 947-5600	E-MAIL
English Language Arts (ELA)	Julie Anderson	(503) 947-5613	julie.anderson@state.or.us
English Language Arts Assessment	Ken Hermens	(503) 947-5830	ken.hermens@state.or.us
(ReadingAssessment, WritingAssessment, SpeakingAsse	essment)		
English Language Proficiency Standards (ELP)	Carmen West	(503) 947-5669	carmen.west@state.or.us
English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA)	Susan Huggins	(503) 947-5824	susan.huggins@state.or.us
Mathematics (Math)	Jonathan Wiens	(503) 947-5764	jonathan.wiens@state.or.us
Mathematics Assessment (Mathematics Assessment)	Cathy Brown	(503) 947-5832	cathy.brown@state.or.us
Science (Science)	Cheryl Kleckner	(503) 947-5794	cheryl.kleckner@state.or.us
Science Assessment (ScienceAssessment)	Leslie Phillips	(503) 947-5835	leslie.phillips@state.or.us
Social Sciences (SocialSciences)	Andrea Morgan	(503) 947-5772	andrea.morgan@state.or.us
Social Sciences Assessment (SocialSciencesAssessment)	Leslie Phillips	(503) 947-5835	leslie.phillips@state.or.us
The Arts (Arts)	Michael Fridley	(503) 947-5660	michael.fridley@state.or.us
Health Education (Health)	Jess Bogli	(503) 947-5659	jess.bogli@state.or.us
Physical Education (PE)	Margaret Bates	(503) 947-5615	margaret.bates@state.or.us
Second Language (SecondLanguage)	Rendy Jantz	(503) 947-5695	rendy.jantz@state.or.us
Career Related Learning Areas (CareerLearning):			
Arts and Communication	Michael Fridley	(503) 947-5660	michael.fridley@state.or.us
Business and Management	Ron Dodge	(503) 947-5653	ron.dodge@state.or.us
Health Services	Theresa Levy	(503) 947-5736	theresa.levy@state.or.us
Human Resource Systems	Susanne Daggett	(503) 947-5713	susanne.daggett@state.or.us
Industrial and Engineering Systems	Ginger Redlinger	(503) 947-5700	ginger.redlinger@state.or.us
Natural Resource Systems	Laura Roach	(503) 947-5656	laura.s.roach@state.or.us
Educational Technology (EdTech)	Carla Wade	(503) 947-5631	carla.wade@state.or.us
Extended Assessments (ExtendedAssessments)	Dianna Carrizales	(503) 947-5837	dianna.carrizales@state.or.us
Juried Assessment (JuriedAssessment)	Cathy Brown	(503) 947-5832	cathy.brown@state.or.us
REAL Assessment for Real Success (REALAssessment)	Susan Huggins	(503) 947-5824	susan.huggins@state.or.us
National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)	Elaine Hultengren	(503) 947-5836	elaine.hultengren@state.or.us

#### **ADDITIONAL CONTACTS**

FOCUS AREA		PHONE	
*(Go Link www.ode.state.or.us/go/)	CONTACT	(503) 947-5600	E-MAIL
Alignment (Alignment)	Drew Hinds	(503) 947-5799	drew.hinds@state.or.us
Alternative Education (AlternativeEd)	Cliff Brush	(503) 947-5790	cliff.brush@state.or.us
Charter Schools NCLB (CharterSchools)	Margaret Bates	(503) 947-5615	margaret.bates@state.or.us
Certificate of Advanced Mastery (CAM)	Theresa Levy	(503) 947-5736	theresa.levy@state.or.us
Continuous Improvement Planning (CIP)	Cathryn Gardner	(503) 947-5622	cathryn.gardner@state.or.us
Child Development Specialists (CDS)	June Tremain	(503) 947-5809	june.tremain@state.or.us
Diploma (Diploma)	Cliff Brush	(503) 947-5790	cliff.brush@state.or.us
Expanded Options (ExpandedOptions)	Jim Schoelkopf	(503) 947-5697	jim.schoelkopf@state.or.us
Guidance and Counseling Programs (Counseling)	June Tremain	(503) 947-5809	june.tremain@state.or.us
High School/Community College Connections	Jim Schoelkopf	(503) 947-5697	jim.schoelkopf@state.or.us
High School Improvement (HighSchoolImprovement)	Theresa Levy	(503) 947-5736	theresa.levy@state.or.us
Homeless Education (HomelessEd)	Dona Bolt	(503) 947-5781	dona.bolt@state.or.us
Home School (HomeSchool)	Karyn Chambers	(503) 947-5773	karyn.chambers@state.or.us
Instructional Materials (Instructional Materials)	Sue Parton	(503) 947-5783	sue.parton@state.or.us
Migrant Education (MigrantEd)	Charlie Benitez	(503) 947-5805	charlie.benitez@state.or.us
Oregon Skill Sets (SkillSets)	Ron Dodge	(503) 947-5653	ron.dodge@state.or.us
Private Schools, K-12 (PrivateSchoolsK-12)	Karyn Chambers	(503) 947-5773	karyn.chambers@state.or.us
Professional Technical Education (PTE)	Jim Schoelkopf	(503) 947-5697	jim.schoelkopf@state.or.us
Proficiency-based Admission Standard System	Mark Endsley	(503) 725-5711	mark_endsley@ous.edu
Reading First (ReadingFirst)	Russ Sweet	(503) 947-5638	russ.sweet@state.or.us
Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL	Sarah Martin	(503) 947-5668	sarah.martin@state.or.us
Service Learning (ServiceLearning)	Pete Ready	(503) 947-5682	pete.ready@state.or.us
Subject Area Endorsements (SubjectAreaEndorsements)	Margaret Bates	(503) 947-5615	margaret.bates@state.or.us
Talented and Gifted (TAG)	Andrea Morgan	(503) 947-5772	andrea.morgan@state.or.us
Teacher Quality (TeacherQuality)	Bev Pratt	(503) 947-5806	bev.pratt@state.or.us

### **Web Resources**

Oregon Department of Education www.ode.state.or.us

Oregon Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL)

www.ode.state.or.us/go/real

Oregon Virtual School District www.ode.state.or.us/go/ovsd

Oregon Skill Sets www.state.or.us/go/skillsets

U.S. Department of Education www.ed.gov

ChalkBoard Project
www.chalkboardproject.org

Confederation of Oregon School Administrators

www.cosa.k12.or.us

Healthy Kids Learn Better www.healthykidslearnbetter.org

Northwest Regional Educational Laboratory

www.nwrel.org

Oregon Association of Education Service Districts

www.open.k12.or.us/oaesd

Oregon Department of Community Colleges and Workforce Development <u>www.oregon.gov/ccwd</u> Oregon Distance Education www.oregonone.org

Oregon Education Association www.oregoned.org

Oregon Public Education Network www.open.k12.or.us www.openc.k12.or.us

Oregon School Boards Association

www.osba.org

Oregon School Library Information System www.oslis.k12.or.us

Oregon University System www.ous.edu

### **Navigating ODE Web**

#### Tip #1: Use Categories

Use the Categories (Students, Parents, Teachers, or Administrators) on the ODE Web: www.ode.state.or.us

#### Tip #2: Use Google to Search the ODE Web

Use Google to Search ODE Web: www.ode.state.or.us/search/ google.aspx

#### \*Tip #3: Use ODE "Go" Links

Use ODE "Go" Links (Easy Links):

www.ode.state.or.us/go/

Example "Go" Link for REAL:

www.ode.state.or.us/go/real

#### Tip #4: Search Standards

Use REAL Searchable Standards: www.ode.state.or.us/go/standards

#### Tip #5: Use REAL

Use the Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL):

www.ode.state.or.us/go/real

# SEND US YOUR COMMENTS

Please let us know how you use this newspaper and what we could change to better meet your needs.

Contact Drew Hinds at:

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Mail Oregon Department of Education
255 Capitol Street NE Salem, OR 97310

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#### **Robin Filley**

(503) 947-5664 or robin.filley@state.or.us

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# English Language Arts Grade-level Foundations & Standards

### What's New in ELA 2006-07

#### · 2010 Diploma Requirements

House Bill 3129, passed during the 2005 legislative session, increases the number of credits in mathematics and English language arts that are required for the diploma. All Oregon students graduating after June 30, 2009 will need to complete 3 credits in mathematics and 4 credits in English language arts. Districts must adjust their diploma requirements, as necessary, to ensure that they meet this new state requirement.

#### • Standards Numbering System

In response to requests from educators across the state, an Oregon Standards Numbering System has been developed to uniquely identify each standard using a combination of letters and numbers. See key on page 22B.

### Writing Standards Support Teacher-Preparation Program: A Higher-Education Perspective...

by Cornelia Paraskevis, Teacher Preparation Professor, Western Oregon University

For teacher-candidates in the English language arts, Oregon's Writing Standards are the cornerstone of writing instruction and evaluation: They explicitly guide novice teachers in the elements of process writing while also providing a valuable assessment tool at all points in the learning process.

Since the late 1960s, our model for writing emphasizes that it is a process divided into three often recursive stages: invention, drafting, revision. Teacher-candidates understand the theory underlying writing, yet often have difficulty envisioning how to teach. The Writing Standards—because they call for time to generate ideas, draft and revise—provide teacher-candidates with a basic framework for teaching writing as a process

Teacher-candidates also understand that the Writing Standards are valuable tools for diagnostic, formative and summative assessment: They can guide instruction, provide feedback to students about their learning, and summarize in specific ways what remains to be learned. Oregon's Writing Standards, indeed, inform pre-service training on writing instruction.

### New REAL Site Supports Classroom Planning: An Elementary Perspective...

by Laurie Dougherty

Fourth Grade Teacher, Gearhart Elementary School, Seaside School District

I rely on Oregon's Standards to plan long range units as well as my daily lessons. What works for me is to examine the standards for English language arts and mathematics and create spreadsheets to help me map the content. The tool I use to do this is the Searchable Standards Export function in the Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL) on the Oregon Department of Education website. I can select just the standards I want by subject, grade, and strand—and they are instantly exported into a spreadsheet! Mapping enables me to identify important concepts that I need to teach as well as record the dates that I taught a standard and when I reviewed it with the students.

When planning a new unit, the first step for me is to determine which standards will be the focus. Then I consider each standard to understand its content and its expected level of rigor or cognitive demand. I also look at related standards from previous or subsequent grades to get a better fix on where fourth grade fits into that rigor continuum. When I have my instructional goals and responsibilities clearly targeted, I select learning activities and experiences that will facilitate my students' development and understanding of these concepts at the appropriate level of difficulty. Another useful tool — ODE's REAL Teaching and Learning

Resources —actually gives lesson ideas matched to each standard!

Oregon's Writing Standards are the foundation of my writer's workshop. Beginning with ideas and content, I present several mini-lessons on how to develop the main idea with supporting details that are relevant and important. I continue with lessons on organization, word choice, and each of the other traits. We review the scoring guide for each trait. Then, using overheads of sample student papers, the students practice scoring.

Teaching to Oregon's Standards gives clear focus to my lessons and also gives me assurance that I'm preparing my students to be successful in fifth grade. Visit the Searchable Standards and Teaching and Learning Resources at the Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL) at www.ode.state.or.us/go/real.



# ELA Standards Support Achievement in Social Sciences: A Secondary Perspective... But engagement presupposes understanding. So over the years I've found that the most effective way to enhance my students' understanding of the social sci-

by Scott Whipple

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In education we encounter buzzwords—new labels for what we believe we need to do to make education work: Block Scheduling, Competencies, CIM/CAM. As these new concepts filter down to our schools, we wonder "What will the next phrase be to stream down from the headwaters?"

One concept that is here to stay regardless of the educational theories of the day is the Oregon Content Standards. What should students know and be able to do when they leave your classroom? It shouldn't matter what content you teach or the current "buzz" in your building. If you emphasize the standards, quality learning transpires.

Every subject has content standards, and frustration can sometimes set in as we attempt to "cover" them all. But content standards are more than "factoids." When I look at a content standard, I see a theme or central piece of content as well as a level of cognitive demand. As a social science teacher, my approach is to integrate standards into coherent themes that are timely and that engage my students.

But engagement presupposes understanding. So over the years I've found that the most effective way to enhance my students' understanding of the social sciences is to use Oregon's Reading Standards to support their comprehension of social science text and Oregon's Writing Standards to provide a framework for organizing their ideas about what they read.

Despite time constraints, I think it's essential to target the Reading and Writing Standards —in order for my students to access social science content! If they can read and write about social science, they can actually demonstrate their thinking about social science. And that's making education work—all buzzwords aside!

### 2006-07 Reading and Literature Gradelevel Score Reporting Categories (SRC)

SRC1 - Vocabulary

SRC2 - Reading to Perform a Task

SRC3 - Demonstrate General Understanding: Literary and Informational Text
SRC4 - Develop an Interpretation: Literary and Informational Text
SRC5 - Examine Content and Structure: Informational Text
SRC6 - Examine Content and Structure: Literary Text

### **INSIDE** Section B

ENGLISH LANGUAGE
ARTS GRADE-LEVEL
FOUNDATIONS
& STANDARDS . . . . . 2B

PERFORMANCE STANDARDS SUMMARY (See Section A Page 5)

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GLOSSARY . . . . . . 39BRESOURCES . . . . . 40B

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began 2005-06.

The ability to communicate well—to read, write, listen, and speak—prepares students for life. Language skills are essential tools not only because they serve as the necessary basis for further learning and career development but also because they enrich the human experience and foster responsible citizenship.

Common	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS	Common	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS
CURRICULUM		CURRICULUM	
GOALS	Kindergarten	GOALS	Kindergarten
Reading Analyze words, recognize words, and learn to read grade-level text fluently across the subject areas.  Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of informational and narratry eitext across the subject areas at school and on own, applying comprehension strategies as needed.	CONCEPTS OF PRINT  EL.00.RE.01 Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.  EL.00.RE.02 Follow words read aloud from left to right and from top to bottom of the page.  EL.00.RE.03 Know that print is spoken words written down and has meaning.  EL.00.RE.04 Recognize that sentences in print are made up of separate words.  EL.00.RE.06 Recognize and name all upper and lower case letters.  PHONEMIC AWARENESS  EL.00.RE.07 Listen to spoken sentences and recognize individual words in a sentence.  EL.00.RE.08 Understand that the sequence of letters in a written word represents the sequence of sounds (phonemes) in a spoken word (alphabetic principle).  EL.00.RE.09 Given a spoken word, produce another word that rhymes with it.  EL.00.RE.11 Given oral sets like "pan, pan, pen," identify the first two as being the same and the third as different.  EL.00.RE.12 Given oral sets like "sat, cap, run," identify the first two as sharing a same sound.  EL.00.RE.13 Orally blend two to three spoken sounds into recognizable words (e.g., /a / t / = at, /c / a / t / = cat).  EL.00.RE.13 Orally segment single syllable spoken words into their components (e.g., cat = / c / a / t /).  DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION  EL.00.RE.16 Learn most one-to-one letter sound correspondences.  EL.00.RE.16 Recognize some words by sight, including a few very common ones (a, the, I, my, you, is, are).  LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND NARRATIVE TEXT  SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS  • EL.00.RE.19 Listen to and experience a wide variety of children's literature including alphabet books, informational stories, classic and contemporary literature, and nursery rhymes.  • EL.00.RE.20 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex text through discussions.	Increase word knowledge through systematic vocabulary development; determine the meaning of new words by applying knowledge of word origins, word relationships, and context clues; verify the meaning of new words; and use those new words accurately across the subject areas.  Find, understand, and use specific information in a variety of texts across the subject areas to perform a task.  Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.  Develop an interpretation of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.  Examine content and structure of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.  Literature  Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to a wide variety of literature of varying complexity.  Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level literary text.  Examine content and structure of grade-level literary text.	VOCABULARY  SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS  • EL.00.RE.21 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary that is introduced and taught directly through orally-read stories and informational text.  • EL.00.RE.22 Develop vocabulary by listening to and discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging selections read aloud.  EL.00.RE.23 Identify and sort common pictures/words into basic categories (e.g., colors, shapes, foods).  EL.00.RE.24 Describe common objects and events in both general (ball) and specific language (large red ball with stripes).  READ TO PERFORM A TASK  EL.00.RE.25 Locate the title and the name of the author of a book.  EL.00.RE.26 Recognize and demonstrate familiarity with everyday print such as signs, notices, labels; newspapers; and informational books.  INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING  EL.00.RE.27 Correctly answer simple questions about a text read aloud.  INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION  EL.00.RE.28 Use pictures or portions of the text to make predictions about the text.  EL.00.RE.29 Connect the information in text to life experiences.  INFORMATIONAL TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE  There are currently no kindergarten grade-level foundations for informational Text: Examine Content and Structure.  LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT  SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS  • EL.00.LI.01 Listen, make connections, and respond to stories based on well-known characters, themes, plots, and settings.  • EL.00.LI.02 Name some book titles and authors.  • EL.00.LI.03 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex literary text through discussions.  LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING  EL.00.LI.04 Tell the sequence of events in a story.  EL.00.LI.05 Correctly answer simple questions about stories read of stories.  LITERARY TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION EL.00.LI.06 Retell, reenact, dramatize, or draw stories or parts of stories.  LITERARY TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE  There are currently no kindergarten grade-level foundations for the story.
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Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS** CURRICULUM CURRICULUM Kindergarten Kindergarten GOALS GOALS Writing Speaking and Listening Pre-write, draft, revise, edit, PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REVISION and publish across the & SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS Communicate supported SPEAKING subject areas. ideas across the subject EL.00.SL.01 Recite short poems, rhymes, and songs. EL.00.WR.01 Discuss ideas to include in a story. areas using oral, visual, EL.00.SL.02 Retell, reenact, or dramatize stories or parts of and multimedia forms in Communicate supways appropriate to topic, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{EL.00.WR.02}}$ Write by moving from left to right and from top EL.00.SL.03 Show and tell using props. ported ideas across the context, audience, and subject areas, including purpose; organize oral, FL.00.SL.04 Share information and ideas, speaking in EL.00.WR.03 Independently write many uppercase and relevant examples, facts. visual, and multimedia complete, coherent sentences anecdotes, and details presentations in clear EL.00.SL.05 Describe people, places, things (e.g., size, color, appropriate to audience sequence, making con-EL.00,WR.04 Write first name, first names of friends, and and purpose that engage begin learning to write own last name, using capital and nections and transitions EL.00.SL.06 Tell an experience or story in a logical sequence. lower case letters reader interest; orgaamong ideas and elenize information in clear EL.00.SL.07 Speak audibly. EL.00.WR.05 Write most letters and some words when they ments; use language apsequence, making conare dictated propriate to topic, context, EL.00.SL.08 Look at listeners most of the time. nections and transitions audience, and purpose; EL.00.WR.06 Write some consonant-vowel-consonant words among ideas, sentences, and demonstrate control such as man, cat, and run (demonstrating the alphabetic and paragraphs; and use of eye contact, speaking precise words and fluent rate, volume, enunciation, EL.00.WR.07 Write (unconventionally) to express own sentence structures that inflection, gestures, and support meaning. other non-verbal tech-EL.00.WR.08 Produce or dictate writing that approximates niques. natural or story language Listen critically and LISTENING respond appropriately EL.00.SL.09 Listen when others are speaking. CONVENTIONS Demonstrate knowledge of across the subject areas. EL.00.SL.10 Understand and follow one- and two-step oral spelling, grammar, punc-SPELLING tuation, capitalization, and EL.00.WR.09 Use phonemic awareness and letter knowledge penmanship across the subject areas. EL.00.WR.10 Spell some conventionally-spelled consonant-Evaluate the significance ANALYSIS vowel-consonant words. and accuracy of informa-There are currently no kindergarten grade-level foundations for tion and ideas presented HANDWRITING in oral, visual, and multi-FL.00.WR.11 Write uppercase and lowercase letters of the media communications alphabet independently, closely approximating the correct across the subject areas. shape and placement of the letters Write narrative, exposi-WRITING APPLICATIONS tory, and persuasive texts, using a variety of written NARRATIVE WRITING forms-including journals, EL.00.WR.12 Write (unconventionally) brief stories that use essays, short stories, drawings to support meaning and that label objects and poems, research reports, places. research papers, business and technical writing-to EXPOSITORY WRITING express ideas appropriate to audience and purpose EL.00.WR.13 Write (unconventionally) simple messages or directions for a specific reason—or for a specific person or across the subject areas. specific people. Investigate topics of inter-RESEARCH REPORT WRITING est and importance across There are currently no kindergarten grade-level foundations for the subject areas, selecting Research Report Writing. appropriate media sources, using effective research processes, and demonstrating ethical use of resources and materials. (See Writing Applications-Expository Writing: Research Reports)

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS** CURRICULUM CURRICULUM Grade 1 Grade 1 GOALS GOALS VOCABIILARY CONCEPTS OF PRINT Increase word knowl-Reading edge through systematic FL.01.RE.01 Identify letters, words, and sentences. Analyze words, recognize vocabulary development; EL 01 RE 02 Match oral words to printed words **▲ SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS** words, and learn to read determine the meaning of grade-level text fluently EL.01.RE.03 Recognize that sentences start with capital new words by applying . EL.01.RE.25 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary across the subject areas. letters and end with punctuation such as periods, question knowledge of word orithat is introduced and taught directly through orallymarks, and exclamation points. gins, word relationships. read stories and informational text as well as studentand context clues: verify read stories and informational text. PHONEMIC AWARENESS the meaning of new words; EL.01.RE.26 Develop vocabulary by listening to and EL.01.RE.04 Create and state a series of rhyming words and use those new words discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging including consonant blends (e.g., flat, slat). accurately across the subselections read aloud. EL.01.RE.05 Listen and distinguish initial, medial, and final sounds in single-syllable words. EL.01.RE.27 Classify categories of words (e.g., concrete collections of animals, foods, toys). EL.01.RE.06 Listen and distinguish long and short vowel sounds in stated single-syllable words (bit/bite). EL.01.RE.28 Use context to understand word and sentence FL.01.RE.07 Listen and count the number of sounds in a syllable: count the number of syllables in a word. READ TO PERFORM A TASK Find, understand, and use EL.01.RE.08 Orally blend two to four spoken phonemes EL.01.RE.29 Read written directions, signs, captions, warning (sounds) into recognizable words (e.g., / c / a / t / = cat; / f / I specific information in a labels, and informational books variety of texts across the EL.01.RE.30 Locate the title, name of author, name of subject areas to perform EL.01.RE.09 Orally segment single syllable spoken words into illustrator, and table of contents. a task. their components (e.g., cat = / c / a / t /; EL.01.RE.31 Alphabetize a list of words by the first letter. splat = / s / p / l / a / t /; rich = / r / i / ch /).EL.01.RE.32 Read and understand simple one-step written EL.01.RE.10 Add. delete, or change target sounds to change instructions. words (e.g., change cow to how; pan to an). EL.01.RE.33 Obtain information from print illustrations. DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION EL.01.RE.34 Identify text that uses sequence or other logical EL.01.RE.11 Generate the sounds from all the letters and letter order (explain how informational text is different from a patterns, including consonant blends and long- and shortvowel patterns, and blend those sounds into recognizable INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL Demonstrate general un-UNDERSTANDING EL.01.RE.12 Use letter-sound correspondence knowledge to derstanding of grade-level EL.01.RE.35 Describe new information gained from text in ow informational text across words. EL.01.RE.13 Use knowledge of vowel digraphs and rthe subject areas. controlled letter-sound associations to read words (e.g., ea EL.01.RE.36 Answer simple written comprehension questions in beat, and ea in ear). based on material read. EL.01.RE.14 Read compound words and contractions. INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOP AN EL.01.RE.15 Read inflectional forms (e.g., -s, -ed, -ing) and Develop an interpretation INTERPRETATION root words (e.g., look, looked, looking). of grade-level information-EL.01.RE.37 Make connections and discuss prior knowledge EL.01.RE.16 Read common word patterns (e.g., -ite, -ate in al text across the subject of topics in informational texts. words such as gate, late, kite, and bite). areas. EL.01.RE.38 Discuss how, why, and what-if questions in EL.01.RE.17 Read common irregular sight words accurately sharing informational texts and fluently (e.g., the, have, said, come, give, of) EL.01.RE.18 Read aloud grade-level text with accuracy INFORMATIONAL TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND and comprehension in a manner that sounds like natural **Examine content and** STRUCTURE speech, using cues of punctuation to assist. structure of grade-level There are currently no grade 1 grade-level foundations for Informational Text: Examine Content and Structure. informational text across EL.01.RE.19 By the end of the first grade, read aloud unpracticed grade-level text at a target rate of 40-60 wcpm the subject areas. (words correct per minute). EL.01.RE.20 Read or demonstrate progress toward reading at Literature LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT an independent and instructional reading level appropriate Listen to text and read text & SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS to make connections and • EL.01.LI.01 Listen to text and read text to make Listen to, read, and un-LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND respond to a wide variety connections and respond to a wide variety of significan derstand a wide variety of NARRATIVE TEXT of literature of varying works of children's literature-including poetry, fiction, informational and narrative SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS complexity. non-fiction, and drama—from a variety of cultures and text across the subject ar-• EL.01.RE.21 Listen to, read, and understand a wide eas at school and on own, variety of grade-level informational and narrative applying comprehension · EL.01.LI.02 Demonstrate listening comprehension of (story) text including children's magazines and strategies as needed. more complex literary text through discussions. newspapers, dictionaries, other reference materials, online information, classic and contemporary literature, and poetry. Demonstrate general un-LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL . EL.01.RE.22 Demonstrate listening comprehension of derstanding of grade-level UNDERSTANDING more complex text through discussions literary text. FL.01.LL03 Describe the roles of authors and illustrators. EL.01.RE.23 Monitor own reading and self-correct EL.01.LI.04 Recollect, talk, and write about books read during when an incorrectly identified word does not fit with the school year. cues provided by the letters in the word or the context EL.01.LI.05 Retell the main events of the story describing the surrounding the word. beginning, the middle, and the end. • EL.01.RE.24 Notice when difficulties are encountered in EL.01.LI.06 Sequence the events in the story. understanding text.

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

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COMMON	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS	COMMON	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS
CURRICULUM	Grade 2	CURRICULUM	Grade 2
GOALS		GOALS	READ TO PERFORM A TASK
Reading	DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION  EL.02.RE.01 Read regular multi-syllabic words.	Find, understand, and use specific information in a	EL.02.RE.22 Read written directions, signs, captions, warning
Analyze words, recognize words, and learn to read grade-level text fluently	EL.02.RE.02 Use letter-sound correspondence knowledge to sound out unknown words.	variety of texts across the subject areas to perform a task.	labels, and informational books.  EL.02.RE.23 Use titles, tables of contents, and chapter headings to locate information in text.
across the subject areas.	EL.02.RE.03 Recognize and use knowledge of spelling patterns (such as cut/cutting, slide/sliding, and the vowel	tuon.	EL.02.RE.24 Interpret information from diagrams, charts, and graphs.
	sound "oy" in boy) when reading.  EL.02.RE.04 Apply knowledge of basic syllabication rules when reading (e.g., vowel-consonant-vowel = su / per,		EL.02.RE.25 Alphabetize a list of words to the second letter.  EL.02.RE.26 Follow two-step written instructions.
	vowel-consonant/consonant-vowel = sup / per).  EL.02.RE.05 Recognize and correctly read and use regular	Demonstrate general un-	INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL
	plurals (e.g., -s, -es, -ies) and irregular plurals (e.g., fly/flies, wife/wives).	derstanding of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.	UNDERSTANDING  EL.02.RE.27 Read informational texts for answers to specific questions or for specific purposes.
	EL.02.RE.06 Recognize common abbreviations (e.g., Jan., Sun., Mr., St.).  EL.02.RE.07 Read aloud grade-level text fluently and		EL.02.RE.28 Recall facts and details in the text to clarify and organize ideas.
	accurately with appropriate intonation and expression using cues of punctuation to assist.	Develop an interpretation of grade-level information-	INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION
	EL.02.RE.08 By the end of the second grade, read aloud unpracticed grade-level text at a target rate of 90-100 wcpm (words correct per minute).	al text across the subject areas.	EL.02.RE.29 Pose possible answers to how, why, and what-if questions.
	EL.02.RE.09 Read or demonstrate progress toward reading at an independent and instructional reading level appropriate to grade level.		EL.02.RE.30 Connect the information in text to life experiences, text, and world.
Listen to, read, and un-	LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND NARRATIVE TEXT	Examine content and structure of grade-level	INFORMATIONAL TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE
derstand a wide variety of informational and narrative text across the subject ar-	& SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS	informational text across the subject areas.	EL.02.RE.31 Connect and compare information across selections.
eas at school and on own, applying comprehension	EL.02.RE.10 Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of grade-level informational and narrative (story) text including children's magazines and	Literature	LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT
strategies as needed.	newspapers, dictionaries, other reference materials,	Listen to text and read text	⚠ SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS
	online information, classic and contemporary literature, and poetry.	to make connections and respond to a wide variety	EL.02.LI.01 Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to a wide variety of significant
	EL.02.RE.11 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex text through discussions.	of literature of varying complexity.	works of children's literature—including poetry, fiction, non-fiction, and drama—from a variety of cultures and time periods.
	<ul> <li>EL.02.RE.12 Draw upon a variety of comprehension strategies as needed—re-reading, self-correcting, summarizing, class and group discussions, generating</li> </ul>		EL.02.Ll.02 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex literary text through discussions.
	and responding to essential questions, making predictions, and comparing information from several	Demonstrate general un-	LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL
	sources.  • EL.02.RE.13 Reread sentences when meaning is not	derstanding of grade-level literary text.	UNDERSTANDING EL.02.LI.03 Retell the sequence of the story.
	clear.  • EL.02.RE.14 Read voluntarily for interest and own		EL.02.Ll.04 Identify and describe the plot, setting, and character(s) in the story.
Increase word knowledge	purposes. VOCABULARY	Develop an interpretation of grade-level literary text.	LITERARY TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION  EL.02.L1.05 Make and confirm predictions about what will
through systematic vo- cabulary development;	& SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS		happen next.  EL.02.Ll.06 Describe cause-and-effect of specific events.
determine the meaning of new words by applying	<ul> <li>EL.02.RE.15 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary that is introduced and taught directly through orally- read stories and informational text as well as student-</li> </ul>	Examine content and	LITERARY TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND
knowledge of word origins, word relationships, and context clues; verify the	read stories and informational text.  • EL.02.RE.16 Develop vocabulary by listening to and discussing both families and connecticity shallonging.	structure of grade-level literary text.	STRUCTURE  EL.02.Ll.07 Connect and compare similarities in characters and events across stories.
meaning of new words; and use those new words accurately across the sub-	discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging selections read aloud.  EL.02.RE.17 Know and explain common antonyms and syn-		EL.02.LI.08 Recognize the use of rhyme, rhythm, and alliteration (using words with repeating consonant sounds) by a poet, and discuss its use.
ject areas.	onyms. EL.02.RE.18 Use knowledge of individual words in unknown		EL.02.Ll.09 Take part in creative responses to texts such as dramatizations and oral presentations.
	compound words to predict their meaning (daydream).  EL.02.RE.19 Know the meaning of simple prefixes (word parts added at the beginning of words such as un-) and suffixes	Writing	PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REVISION
	(word parts added at the end of words such as -ful).  EL.02.RE.20 Use context to identify simple multiple-meaning	Pre-write, draft, revise, edit, and publish across	EL.02.WR.01 Create a list of ideas for writing.
	words (change, duck).  EL.02.RE.21 Determine meanings of words by using a dictionary or glossary.	the subject areas.	EL.02.WR.02 In addition to drafting and revising, begin to use (with guidance) additional parts of the writing process such as conferencing.
			EL.02.WR.03 With assistance, revise original drafts to improve sequence and provide more descriptive detail.
			EL.02.WR.04 With guidance, proofread one's own writing, as well as that of others, using, for example, an editing checklist or list of rules.
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Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS** Grade 2

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

Investigate topics of inter-

est and importance across

the subject areas, select-

ing appropriate media

sources, using effective

research processes, and

demonstrating ethical use of resources and materi-

als. (See Writing Applica-

tions-Expository Writing:

Communicate supported

ideas across the subject

areas using oral, visual,

and multimedia forms in

purpose: organize oral.

visual, and multimedia

presentations in clear

sequence, making con-

nections and transitions

ments; use language appropriate to topic, context,

audience, and purpose;

and demonstrate control

of eye contact, speaking

niques.

rate, volume, enunciation, inflection, gestures, and other non-verbal tech-

among ideas and ele-

ways appropriate to topic, context, audience, and

Research Reports)

Speaking and

Listening

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS** Grade 2

Communicate supported ideas across the subject areas, including relevant examples, facts, anecdotes, and details appropriate to audience and purpose that engage reader interest; orga-

nize information in clear sequence, making connections and transitions among ideas, sentences, and paragraphs; and use precise words and fluent

EL.02.WR.05 With guidance, make reasonable judgments about what to include in written compositions

EL.02.WR.06 Group related ideas to maintain a consistent

EL.02.WR.07 Develop an idea with an introductory sentence, supporting sentence(s), and a concluding sentence.

EL.02.WR.09 Select and use descriptive words when writing.

EL.02.WR.10 Distinguish between complete (When Tom hit the ball, he was proud.) and incomplete sentences (When Tom hit the ball).

EL.02.WR.23 Write a friendly letter complete with the date, salutation (greeting, such as Dear Mr. Smith), body, closing,

EL.02.WR.24 Write instructions that illustrate multiple steps.

EL.02.WR.25 With organizational help, begin writing brief

EL.02.WR.26 Understand the purposes of various reference

EL.02.WR.27 Find ideas for writing in pictures and/or books.

EL.02.SL.01 Retell stories in own words including characters,

EL.02.SL.03 With guidance, report on a topic with supportive

EL.02.SL.04 With guidance, organize presentations to maintain

EL.02.SL.05 Speak clearly and at an appropriate pace for the

type of communication (e.g., informal discussion, report to

EL.02.SL.02 Tell experiences in logical order.

RESEARCH REPORT WRITING

materials

SPEAKING

setting, and plot.

a clear focus.

Demonstrate knowledge of spelling, grammar, punctuation, capitalization, and penmanship across the subject areas.

sentence structures that

support meaning.

#### CONVENTIONS

#### SPELLING

WRITING

EL.02.WR.12 Spell correctly words which are used frequently but do not fit common spelling patterns such as was, were savs. said. who. what, and why.

FL.02.WR.13 Spell correctly words with short and long yowel sounds (a, e, i, o, u), r-controlled vowels (ar, er, ir, or, ur), and consonant-blend patterns (bl, dr, st)

EL.02.WR.14 Spell correctly previously studied words and spelling patterns in own writing.

EL.02.WR.15 Represent all sounds in a word when spelling independently

FL.02.WR.16 Identify and correctly write various parts of speech, including nouns (words that name people, places, or things) and verbs (words that express action or help make a statement).

EL.02.WR.17 Identify and begin to correctly write a few contractions (isn't, can't).

#### PUNCTUATION

EL.02.WR.18 Use commas in the greeting (Dear Eric,) and closure of a letter (Love, or Your Friend,) and with dates (July 14, 2003) and items in a series (Ethan, Emma, and

#### CAPITALIZATION

EL.02.WR.19 Capitalize all proper nouns (names of specific people or things, such as Emma, Oregon, Jeep), words at the beginning of sentences and greetings, months and days of the week, and titles (Dr., Mr., Mrs., Miss) and initials of people.

EL.02.WR.20 Form letters correctly and space words and sentences properly so that printing can be read easily by another person.

#### WRITING APPLICATIONS

### NARRATIVE WRITING

FL.02.WR.21 Write brief narratives based on personal

- · Move through a logical sequence of events.
- · Describe the setting, characters, objects, and events.

#### Listen critically and respond appropriately across the subject areas.

Evaluate the significance

and accuracy of informa-

tion and ideas presented

in oral, visual, and multi-

across the subject areas.

media communications

#### LISTENING

EL.02.SL.06 Determine the purposes of listening (e.g., to obtain information, to solve problems, for enjoyment).

EL.02.SL.07 Ask for clarification and explanation of stories

EL.02.SL.08 Retell in own words information that has been shared orally by others

EL.02.SL.09 Give and follow three- and four-step oral directions

EL.02.WR.22 Write a brief description of a familiar object, person, place, or event:

- · Develop a main idea.
- · Use details to support the main idea.

There are currently no grade 2 grade-level foundations for

#### tory, and persuasive texts, using a variety of written forms-including journals, essays, short stories, poems, research reports, research papers, business and technical writing-to express ideas appropriate to audience and purpose

across the subject areas.

Write narrative, exposi-

#### EXPOSITORY WRITING

<b>ENGLISH LANGUAG</b>	E ARTS
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Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

	I LANGUAGE AN	standards began in 2005-06.	
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 3	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS  Grade 3  EL.03.RE.23 Alphabetize a list of words to the third letter.
Reading  Analyze words, recognize words, and learn to read grade-level text fluently across the subject areas.	DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION  EL.03.RE.01 Read regular words with several syllables.  EL.03.RE.02 Use letter-sound correspondence knowledge and structural analysis to decode words.  EL.03.RE.03 Know and use more complex word patterns when reading (e.g., -ight) to decode unfamiliar words.  EL.03.RE.04 Read aloud grade-level narrative (story) text and expository (information) text fluently and accurately with appropriate pacing, change in voice, and expression.  EL.03.RE.05 Read aloud unpracticed grade-level text at a	Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.	EL.03.RE.24 Use dictionaries, encyclopedias, CD-ROMs, and Internet to locate information.  INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING  EL.03.RE.25 Demonstrate comprehension by identifying answers to questions about the text.  EL.03.RE.26 Distinguish the main idea and supporting details in informational text.
Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of informational and narrative text across the subject areas at school and on own, applying comprehension strategies as needed.	target rate of 110-120 wcpm (words correct per minute).  EL.03.RE.06 Read or demonstrate progress toward reading at an independent and instructional reading level appropriate to grade level.  LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND NARRATIVE TEXT  SISTED SUPPORT STANDARDS  • EL.03.RE.07 Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of grade-level informational and narrative (story) text including children's magazines and newspapers, dictionaries, other reference materials, online information, classic and contemporary literature, and poetry.  • EL.03.RE.08 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex text through discussions.	Develop an interpretation of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.	EL.03.RE.27 Determine significant information from the text, including problems and solutions.  EL.03.RE.28 Summarize major points from informational text.  INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOPAN INTERPRETATION  EL.03.RE.29 Recall major points in the text and make predictions about forthcoming information.  EL.03.RE.30 Distinguish cause-and-effect and fact and opinion.  EL.03.RE.31 Ask how, why, and what-if questions in interpreting informational texts.  EL.03.RE.32 Ask questions and support answers by connecting prior knowledge with literal information found in, and inferred from, the text.
Increase word knowl- edge through systematic vocabulary development; determine the meaning of	EL.03.RE.09 Draw upon a variety of comprehension strategies as needed—re-reading, self-correcting, summarizing, class and group discussions, generating and responding to essential questions, making predictions, and comparing information from several sources.      EL.03.RE.10 Point to or clearly identify specific words or wordings that are causing comprehension difficulties and use strategies to correct.      EL.03.RE.11 Read longer selections and books independently.  VOCABULARY      SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS      EL.03.RE.12 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary that is introduced and taught directly	Examine content and structure of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.  Literature  Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to a wide variety of literature of varying complexity.	INFORMATIONAL TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE  EL.03.RE.33 Use knowledge of the author's purpose to comprehend informational text.  EL.03.RE.34 Take part in creative response to text, such as dramatizations and oral presentations.  LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT  SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS  • EL.03.LI.01 Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to a wide variety of significant works of children's literature—including poetry, fiction, non-fiction, and drama—from a variety of cultures and time periods.
new words by applying knowledge of word origins, word relationships, and context clues; verify the meaning of new words; and use those new words accurately across the subject areas.	through orally-read stories and informational text as well as student-read stories and informational text.  • EL.03.RE.13 Develop vocabulary by listening to and discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging selections read aloud.  EL.03.RE.14 Determine the meanings of words using knowledge of antonyms, synonyms, homophones, and homographs.  EL.03.RE.15 Use sentence and word context to find the meaning of unknown words.  EL.03.RE.16 Categorize words by their relationships (e.g., dog/mammal, animal/living things).  EL.03.RE.17 Infer word meanings from taught roots, prefixes (e.g., un-, re-, pre-, bi-, mis-, dis-), and suffixes (e.g., -er, -est, -ful).  EL.03.RE.18 Use a dictionary or glossary to learn the meaning and other features of unknown words.	Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level literary text.  Develop an interpretation of grade-level literary text.	EL.03.L1.02 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex literary text through discussions.  LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING  EL.03.L1.03 Identify the speaker or narrator in a selection.  EL.03.L1.04 Distinguish the order of events or a specific event from a sequence of events.  EL.03.L1.05 Determine significant events from the story.  EL.03.L1.06 Summarize major points from literary text.  LITERARY TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION  EL.03.L1.07 Determine what characters are like by what they say or do and by how the author or illustrator portrays them.  EL.03.L1.08 Predict probable future outcomes or actions.  EL.03.L1.09 Determine and discuss the underlying theme or
Find, understand, and use specific information in a variety of texts across the subject areas to perform a task.	READ TO PERFORM A TASK  EL.03.RE.19 Read written directions, signs, captions, warning labels, and informational books.  EL.03.RE.20 Use titles, tables of contents, chapter headings, illustrations, captions, glossaries, and indexes to locate information in text.  EL.03.RE.21 Interpret information from diagrams, charts, and graphs.  EL.03.RE.22 Follow simple multiple-step written instructions (e.g., how to assemble a product or play a board game).	Examine content and structure of grade-level literary text.	EL.03.II.09 Determine and discuss the underlying theme or author's message in literary text.  EL.03.II.10 Recognize cause-and-effect relationships in literary text.  LITERARY TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE  EL.03.II.11 Compare and contrast versions of the same stories from different cultures.  EL.03.II.12 Create different endings to stories and identify the reason and the impact of the endings.

#### ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06. COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** CURRICULUM CURRICULUM Grade 3 Grade 3 GOALS GOALS PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REVISION PUNCTUATION Writing SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS EL.03.WR.20 Use commas in dates (On June 24, 2003, she'll be Pre-write, draft, revise, nine.), locations (Salem, Oregon) and addresses (421 Coral Way FL 03 WR 01 Find ideas for writing stories and edit, and publish across Miami, FL), and for items in a series (beans, corn, cucumbers, descriptions through various sources, including the subject areas. conversations with others, and in books, magazines, textbooks, or on the Internet. EL.03.WR.21 Approximate correct use of quotation marks to show • EL.03.WR.02 Discuss ideas for writing, use diagrams that someone is speaking ("You may go home now," she said.). and charts to develop ideas, and make a list or notebook of ideas. CAPITALIZATION . EL.03.WR.03 With some guidance, use all aspects of the EL.03.WR.22 Capitalize correctly geographical names, holidays, writing process (e.g., prewriting, drafting, conferencing, and special events (We always celebrate Memorial Day by revising, editing) in producing compositions and gathering at the Rose Garden in Portland, Oregon.). EL.03.WR.04 Use a scoring guide to review, evaluate. and revise writing for meaning and clarity. EL.03.WR.23 Write legibly in cursive and manuscript, leaving · EL.03.WR.05 With assistance, revise writing for others space between letters in a word, words in a sentence, and to read improving the focus and progression of ideas. between words and the edges of the paper. FL.03.WR.06 With guidance, proofread one's own Write narrative, exposi-WRITING MODES writing, as well as that of others, using, for example, an tory, and persuasive texts, editing checklist or list of rules. Work Samples can be selected from any of the listed modes. using a variety of written · EL.03.WR.07 Present and discuss own writing with Personal Narrative forms—including journals, other students, and respond helpfully to other students' essays, short stories, Fictional Narrative compositions. poems, research reports, Expository research papers, business Communicate supported WRITING and technical writing-to ideas across the subject ar-WRITING APPLICATIONS These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Writing express ideas appropriate eas, including relevant ex-Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. to audience and purpose NARRATIVE WRITING amples, facts, anecdotes. EL.03.WR.08 Write appropriately for purpose and audience across the subject areas.\* and details appropriate to FL.03.WR.24 Write narratives: audience and purpose that EL.03.WR.09 Create a single paragraph with a topic sentence, \*Suggested word length: Provide a context within which an action takes place. engage reader interest; orsimple supporting facts and details, and a concluding sentence. Third Grade, 100 words. ganize information in clear Include well-chosen details to develop the plot. sequence, making con-· With some guidance, provide insight into why the nections and transitions EL.03.WR.11 Begin to elaborate descriptions and incorporate selected incident is memorable. among ideas, sentences, figurative wording in own writing. and paragraphs; and use EXPOSITORY WRITING EL.03.WR.12 Write correctly complete sentences of statement. precise words and fluent command, question, or exclamation EL.03.WR.25 Write descriptive pieces about people, places, sentence structures that support meaning. Develop a unified main idea Use details to support the main idea. Demonstrate knowledge of EL.03.WR.26 Write letters, thank-you notes, and invitations: CONVENTIONS spelling, grammar, punc-With assistance, determine the knowledge and interests tuation, capitalization, and SPELLING of the audience and establish a purpose and context. penmanship across the EL.03.WR.13 Spell correctly. · Include the date, proper salutation, body, closing, and subject areas. signature. · one-syllable words that have blends (play, blend) or a silent letter (walk): FL.03.WR.27 Write brief reports: · contractions (isn't, aren't, can't); · Include observations and information from two or more · compounds: · Use diagrams, charts, or illustrations that are common spelling patterns (qu-, changing win to winning) appropriate to the text. and changing the ending of a word from -y to -ies to make a plural such as berry/berries); and common homophones (words that sound the same but have Include what the text is about. different spellings, such as hair/hare). Include personal response to text supported by reasons EL.03.WR.14 Spell correctly previously studied words and spelling patterns in own writing. Investigate topics of inter-RESEARCH REPORT WRITING est and importance across EL.03.WR.15 Notice when words are not correct, and use a variety FL.03.WR.29 Understand the structure and organization of the subject areas, selectof strategies to correct (e.g., word lists, dictionary). various reference materials (e.g., dictionary, thesaurus, ing appropriate media atlas, encyclopedia, CD-ROM, and online sources). GRAMMAR sources, using effective research processes, and EL.03.WR.16 Use subjects and verbs that are in agreement (we demonstrating ethical use of resources and materi-

als. (See Writing Applica-

tions-Expository Writing: Research Reports)

EL.03.WR.17 Correctly use past (he talked), present (he talks),

EL.03.WR.18 Correctly use pronouns (it, him, her), adjectives (<u>yellow</u> flower, <u>three brown</u> dogs), compound nouns (football,

EL.03.WR.19 Identify and correctly write singular possessive

and future (he will talk) verb tenses.

snowflakes), and articles (a. an, the),

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

Grade 3 Adopted June 2002	1 LANGUAGE AR	standards began in 2005-06.	
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 3	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 3
Speaking and Listening			
Communicate supported ideas across the subject areas using oral, visual, and multimedia forms in ways appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; organize oral, visual, and multimedia presentations in clear sequence, making connections and transitions among ideas and elements; use language appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; and demonstrate control of eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, inflection, gestures, and other nonverbal techniques.*  *Suggested speech length: Third Grade, 1 minute.	SPEAKING These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Speaking Scoring Guide for the purpose of classroom work sample assessment.  EL.03.SL.01 With guidance, organize ideas sequentially or around major points of information.  EL.03.SL.02 Provide a beginning, middle, and end, including concrete details that develop a central idea.  EL.03.SL.03 With assistance, clarify and enhance oral presentations through the use of appropriate props (e.g., objects, pictures, charts).  EL.03.SL.04 Use clear and specific vocabulary to communicate and, with assistance, establish the tone.  EL.03.SL.05 Use appropriate intonation and vocal patterns to emphasize important points.  EL.03.SL.06 Maintain good eye contact while speaking.		
Listen critically and respond appropriately across the subject areas.	LISTENING  EL.03.SL.07 Retell in own words and explain what has been said by a speaker.  EL.03.SL.08 Connect and relate prior experiences, insights, and ideas to those of a speaker (e.g., through mapping, graphic organization).  EL.03.SL.09 Answer questions completely and with appropriate elaboration.  EL.03.SL.10 Identify the sound elements of literary language, including rhymes, repeated sounds, and instances of naming something by using a sound associated with it (such as hiss or buzz).		
Evaluate the significance and accuracy of information and ideas presented in oral, visual, and multimedia communications across the subject areas.	ANALYSIS EL.03.SL.11 Distinguish between the speaker's opinions and verifiable facts.		

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Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** Grade 4

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** Grade 4

#### Reading

Analyze words, recognize words, and learn to read grade-level text fluently across the subject areas.

Listen to, read, and un-

derstand a wide variety of

informational and narrative

text across the subject ar-

eas at school and on own,\*

applying comprehension

strategies as needed.

\*Suggested grade-level

Fourth Grade, 500,000

words annually.

target for reading on own:

#### DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION

EL.04.RE.01 Read aloud grade-level narrative text and informational text fluently and accurately with effective pacing, intonation, and expression; by the end of fourth grade, read aloud unpracticed grade-level text at a rate of 115-140 wcpm (words correct per minute).

EL.04.RE.02 Read or demonstrate progress toward reading at an independent and instructional reading level appropriate to grade level

#### Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

Develop an interpretation

of grade-level information-

al text across the subject

areas.

#### INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING

EL.04.RE.20 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main ideas, facts, supporting details, and opinions in informational an

EL.04.RE.21 Identify key facts and information after reading two passages or articles on the same topic.

#### LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND NARRATIVE TEXT SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- EL.04.RE.03 Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of informational and narrative text, including classic and contemporary literature, poetry, magazines, newspapers, reference materials, and online
- . FL.04.RF.04 Make connections to text, within text, and among texts across the subject areas
- EL.04.RE.05 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex text through class and/or small group interpretive discussions across the subject areas.
- EL.04.RE.06 Match reading to purpose—location of information, full comprehension, and personal eniovment.
- · EL.04.RE.07 Understand and draw upon a variety of comprehension strategies as needed-re-reading, selfcorrecting, summarizing, class and group discussions, generating and responding to essential guestions. making predictions, and comparing information from several sources.
- EL.04.RE.08 Clearly identify specific words or wordings that are causing comprehension difficulties and use strategies to correct.

#### INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION

- EL.04.RE.22 Make and confirm predictions about text by using prior knowledge and ideas presented in the text itself, including illustrations, titles, topic sentences, and important words
- EL.04.RE.23 Draw inferences or conclusions about an author's meaning supported by facts and events from the text.
- EL.04.RE.24 Identify the main idea of a passage when it is not

Examine content and structure of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

### INFORMATIONAL TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND

- EL.04.RE.25 Determine the author's purpose, and relate it to details in the text.
- EL.04.RE.26 Distinguish between cause-and-effect and between fact and opinion in expository text.
- EL.04.RE.27 Recognize text that is written primarily to persuade, and distinguish between informational and persuasive text.
- EL.04.RE.28 Identify and analyze text that uses sequential or
- EL.04.RE.29 Distinguish text that is biographical and autobiographical.

Increase word knowledge through systematic vocabulary development; determine the meaning of new words by applying knowledge of word origins, word relationships, and context clues: verify the meaning of new words; and use those new words accurately across the subject areas.

#### VOCABULARY

#### & SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- · EL.04.RE.09 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary that is introduced and taught directly through informational text, literary text, and instruction across
- FL.04.RE.10 Develop vocabulary by listening to and discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging selections read aloud across the subject areas.
- Demonstrate general un-

Literature

complexity.

#### LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT

#### S SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- EL.04.LI.01 Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to a wide variety of significant works of literature, including poetry, fiction, non-fiction and drama, from a variety of cultures and time periods that enhance the study of other subjects.
- EL.04.LI.02 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex literary text through class and/or small group interpretive discussions

- EL.04.RE.11 Determine meanings of words using contextual and structural clues
- EL.04.RE.12 Distinguish and interpret words with multiple meanings (i.e., quarter) by using context clues.
- EL.04.RE.13 Apply knowledge of synonyms, antonyms, homographs, and idioms to determine the meaning of words and
- FL.04.RF.14 Use knowledge of root words to determine the meaning of unknown words within a passage (nation, national, nationality).
- EL.04.RE.15 Use common roots (meter = measure) and word parts (therm = heat) derived from Greek and Latin, and use this knowledge to analyze the meaning of complex words (thermometer).

### derstanding of grade-level literary text.

Listen to text and read text

to make connections and

respond to a wide variety

of literature of varying

#### LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING

- EL.04.LI.03 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main ideas, and supporting details in literary selections.
- EL.04.LI.04 Identify the main problem or conflict of the plot, and explain how it is resolved

#### Develop an interpretation of grade-level literary text.

#### LITERARY TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION

- EL.04.LI.05 Make and confirm predictions about text using ideas presented in the text itself.
- FL.04.LL06 Use knowledge of the situation and setting and of a character's traits and motivations to determine the causes for that character's actions.
- EL.04.LI.07 Identify the main idea of a passage when it is not explicitly stated.
- EL.04.LI.08 Draw inferences or conclusions about a text based on explicitly stated information

Find, understand, and use specific information in a variety of texts across the subject areas to perform a task

#### READ TO PERFORM A TASK

- EL.04.RE.16 Read textbooks, biographical sketches, letters, diaries, directions, procedures, catalogs, magazines, and informational books.
- EL.04.RE.17 Locate information in titles, tables of contents. chapter headings, illustrations, captions, glossaries, indexes, graphs, charts, diagrams, and tables to aid understanding of
- EL.04.RE.18 Find information in specialized materials (e.g., atlas,
- EL.04.RE.19 Use structural features found in informational text (e.g., headings and subheadings) to strengthen comprehension.

#### Examine content and structure of grade-level literary text.

#### LITERARY TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

EL.04.LI.09 Recognize that certain words (buzz, clang) and rhyming patterns can be used in a selection to imitate sound

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	4. 0			0000				

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003 COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** CURRICULUM **CURRICULUM** Grade 4 Grade 4 GOALS GOALS EL.04.LI.10 Compare and contrast tales from different GRAMMAR cultures, and tell why there are similar tales in diverse EL.04.WR.16 Correctly use: · regular verbs (live/lived, shout/shouted), EL.04.LI.11 Differentiate among various imaginative forms of literature (e.g., fantasies, fables, myths, and fairy tales). · irregular verbs (swim/swam, ride/rode, hit/hit). Writing · adverbs (slowly, quickly, fast). PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REVISION Pre-write, draft, revise, & SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS · prepositions (over, under, through, between), and edit, and publish across coordinating conjunctions (and, or, but). FL.04.WR.01 Use a variety of strategies to prepare for the subject areas. writing, such as brainstorming, making lists, mapping, outlining, grouping related ideas, using graphic PUNCTUATION organizers, and taking notes. EL.04.WR.17 Correctly use: · EL.04.WR.02 Discuss ideas for writing with classmates, · apostrophes to show possession (Trov's shoe, the cat's teachers, and other writers, and develop drafts alone and collaboratively. · apostrophes in contractions (can't, didn't, won't), and EL.04.WR.03 Identify audience and purpose. quotation marks around the exact words of a speaker and . EL.04.WR.04 Choose the form of writing that best suits titles of articles, poems, songs, short stories, and chapters in the intended purpose-personal letter, letter to the editor, review, poem, report, or narrative • EL.04.WR.05 Use the writing process—prewriting, EL.04.WR.18 Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to identify drafting, revising, editing, and publishing successive titles of documents. versions. EL.04.WR.19 Correctly write plural possessive nouns (girls' hats). EL.04.WR.06 Focus on a central idea, excluding loosely related, extraneous, and repetitious information CAPITALIZATION • EL.04.WR.07 Use a scoring guide to review, evaluate, EL.04.WR.20 Capitalize names of books, magazines, newspapers, and revise writing for meaning and clarity. works of art, musical compositions, organizations, and the first • EL.04.WR.08 Revise drafts by combining and moving word in quotations, when appropriate sentences and paragraphs to improve the focus and progression of ideas. HANDWRITING · EL.04.WR.09 Edit and proofread one's own writing, as EL.04.WR.21 Write smoothly and legibly in cursive or well as that of others, using the writing conventions, manuscript, forming letters and words that can be read by and, for example, an editing checklist or list of rules with specific examples of corrections of specific errors FI 04 WR 22 Read cursive Communicate WRITING supported ideas across Write narrative, exposi-WRITING MODES These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Writing the subject areas, includtory, and persuasive texts, Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. Work Samples can be selected from any of the listed modes. ing relevant examples, using a variety of written EL.04.WR.10 Select a focus and a point of view based upon Personal Narrative facts, anecdotes, and forms-including journals, purpose and audience details appropriate to essays, short stories, Fictional Narrative audience and purpose that poems, research reports, EL.04.WR.11 Write multi-paragraph compositions that: Expository engage reader interest; orresearch papers, business · Provide an inviting introductory paragraph ganize information in clear and technical writing-to WRITING APPLICATIONS · Establish and support a central idea with a topic sentence sequence, making conexpress ideas appropriate at or near the beginning of the first paragraph. NARRATIVE WRITING nections and transitions to audience and purpose among ideas, sentences. across the subject areas.\* · Include supporting paragraphs with simple facts, details, EL.04.WR.23 Write personal narratives: and paragraphs; and use and explanations \*Suggested word length: · Include ideas, observations, or memories of an event or precise words and fluent · Present important ideas or events in sequence or Fourth Grade, 250 words. experience. sentence structures that chronological order · Provide a context to allow the reader to imagine the support meaning. · Provide details and transitions to link paragraphs. world of the event or experience. · Use concrete sensory details. · Conclude with a paragraph that summarizes the points. · Provide insight into why the selected event or experience is memorable EL.04.WR.12 Use words that describe, explain, or provide additional details and connections. EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESPONSE TO LITERARY EL.04.WR.13 Use simple sentences and compound sentences in EL.04.WR.24 Write responses to literature: EL.04.WR.14 Create interesting sentences using a variety of . Demonstrate an understanding of the literary work. sentence patterns by selecting words that describe, explain, or · Support interpretations through references to both the provide additional detail and connections. text and prior knowledge. CONVENTIONS Demonstrate knowledge of spelling, grammar, punc-SPELLING tuation, capitalization, and EL.04.WR.15 Spell correctly: penmanship across the subject areas. · roots (bases of words, such as un necessary, coward Iv). · inflections (words like care/careful/caring),

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Oregon Standards — 2006-07 School Year

Oregon Department of Education

• suffixes and prefixes (-ly, -ness, mis-, un-),

as sur-prise or e-col-o-gy), and

I'll, caught/cot).

· syllables (word parts each containing a vowel sound, such

• homophones (to/too/two, hear/here, plain/plane, aisle/isle/

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

#### COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CURRICULUM** CURRICULUM Grade 4 Grade 4 GOALS GOALS Evaluate the significance EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESEARCH REPORTS/ ANALYSIS MULTIMEDIA PRESENTATIONS and accuracy of informa-EL.04.SL.10 Identify and discuss the use of tion and ideas presented FL.04.WR.25 Write informational reports: cadence, repetitive patterns, and onomatopoeia in oral, visual, and multifor intent and effect. · Ask and then address a central question about an issue media communications or event. across the subject areas. · Include facts and details for focus. · Develop the topic with simple facts, details, exan and explanations. · Use more than one source of information, including speakers, books, newspapers, other media sources, and online information. PERSUASIVE WRITING EL.04.WR.26 Begin writing persuasive compositions to convince the reader to take a certain action or to avoid a SUMMARIES, BUSINESS LETTERS, JOB APPLICATIONS AND RESUMES, TECHNICAL WRITING EL.04.WR.27 Write summaries that contain the main idea of the reading selection. Investigate topics of inter-RESEARCH REPORT WRITING est and importance across EL.04.WR.28 Use multiple reference materials (e.g., dictionary, the subject areas, selectencyclopedia, online information) as aids to writing ing appropriate media EL.04.WR.29 Use note-taking skills. sources, using effective research processes, and EL.04.WR.30 Locate information in reference texts by using demonstrating ethical use rganizational features (e.g., prefaces, appendixes of resources and materi-EL.04.WR.31 Understand the organization of almanacs, als. (See Writing Applicanewspapers, and periodicals and how to use those print tions-Expository Writing: Research Reports) EL.04.WR.32 Use a computer to draft, revise, and publish writing, demonstrating basic keyboarding skills. Speaking and Listening Communicate supported SPEAKING ideas across the subject These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Speaking areas using oral, visual, Scoring Guide for the purpose of classroom work sample and multimedia forms in ways appropriate to topic, EL.04.SL.01 Present effective introductions and conclusions context, audience, and purthat guide and inform the listener's understanding of pose; organize oral, visual, important ideas and evidence. and multimedia presenta-EL.04.SL.02 Emphasize points in ways that help the listener or tions in clear sequence, viewer to follow important ideas and concepts making connections and EL.04.SL.03 Use details, examples, anecdotes (stories of a transitions among ideas specific event), or experiences to clarify information. and elements; use lan-EL.04.SL.04 Use a variety of descriptive words that help to guage appropriate to topic, convey a clear message. context, audience, and purpose; and demonstrate EL.04.SL.05 Use correct grammar most of the time. control of eve contact. EL.04.SL.06 Use volume, pitch, phrasing, pace, modulation. speaking rate, volume, gestures, and eye contact appropriately, to enhance enunciation, inflection, meaning and to engage the audience. gestures, and other nonverbal techniques.\* \*Suggested speech length: Fourth Grade, 2-4 minutes. Listen critically and respond appropriately EL.04.SL.07 Ask thoughtful questions and respond orally to across the subject areas. questions with appropriate discussion. EL.04.SL.08 Summarize major ideas and supporting evidence presented in spoken messages and formal presentations. EL.04.SL.09 Follow detailed directions and instructions.

ENGLISE Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopt	H LANGUAGE AF	Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.	
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 5	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS  Grade 5
Reading  Analyze words, recognize words, and learn to read grade-level text fluently across the subject areas.  Listen to, read, and un-	DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION  EL.05.RE.01 Read aloud grade-level narrative text and informational text fluently and accurately with effective pacing, intonation, and expression; by the end of fifth grade, read aloud unpracticed grade-level text at a rate of 125-150 wcpm (words correct per minute).  EL.05.RE.02 Read or demonstrate progress toward reading at an independent and instructional reading level appropriate to grade level.  LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND	Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.  Develop an interpretation of grade-level informational text across the subject	INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING  EL.05.RE.21 Recognize and/or summarize sequence of events and main ideas presented in informational texts, identifying evidence that supports those ideas.  EL.05.RE.22 Identify key facts and information after reading several passages or articles on the same topic.  INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION  EL.05.RE.23 Predict future outcomes supported by the text.
derstand a wide variety of informational and narrative text across the subject areas at school and on own,* applying comprehension strategies as needed.  *Suggested grade-level	NARRATIVE TEXT  SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS  • EL.05.RE.03 Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of informational and narrative text, including classic and contemporary literature, poetry, magazines, newspapers, reference materials, and online information.	areas.	EL.05.RE.24 Draw inferences, conclusions, or generalizations about main ideas in text, and support them with textual evidence and prior knowledge.  EL.05.RE.25 Determine unstated ideas and concepts, noting and analyzing evidence that supports those unstated ideas, such as images, patterns, or symbols in the text.
target for reading <u>on own:</u> Fifth Grade, 625,000 words annually.	EL.05.RE.04 Make connections to text, within text, and among texts across the subject areas.  EL.05.RE.05 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex text through class and/or small group interpretive discussions across the subject areas.  EL.05.RE.06 Match reading to purpose—location of information, full comprehension, and personal enjoyment.  EL.05.RE.07 Understand and draw upon a variety of comprehension strategies as needed—re-reading, self-correcting, summarizing, class and group discussions, generating and responding to essential questions, making predictions, and comparing information from	Examine content and structure of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.	STRUCTURE  EL.05.RE.26 Determine the author's purpose, and relate it to specific details in the text.  EL.05.RE.27 Draw conclusions about whether portions of the passage are facts or opinions.  EL.05.RE.28 Recognize and analyze characteristics of persuasive text.  EL.05.RE.29 Evaluate new information and ideas by testing them against known information and ideas.  EL.05.RE.30 Identify and analyze text that uses prioritization as
Increase word knowledge through systematic vocabulary development; determine the meaning of new words by applying knowledge of word origins, word relationships, and context clues; verify the meaning of new words; and use	several sources.  EL.05.RE.08 Clearly identify specific words or wordings that are causing comprehension difficulties and use strategies to correct.  VOCABULARY  SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS  EL.05.RE.09 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary that is introduced and taught directly through informational text, literary text, and instruction across the subject areas.  EL.05.RE.10 Develop vocabulary by listening to and discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging selections read aloud across the subject areas.	Literature Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to a wide variety of literature of varying complexity.	an organizational pattern (e.g., newspaper articles).  LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT  SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS  • EL.05.Ll.01 Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to a wide variety of significant works of literature, including poetry, fiction, non-fiction, and drama, from a variety of cultures and time periods that enhance the study of other subjects.  • EL.05.Ll.02 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex literary text through class and/or small group interpretive discussions.
those new words accurately across the subject areas.	EL.05.RE.11 Determine meanings of words using contextual and structural clues.  EL.05.RE.12 Understand and explain frequently used synonyms, antonyms, and homographs.  EL.05.RE.13 Determine the meanings of figurative expressions, such as those in similes and metaphors.	Demonstrate general un- derstanding of grade-level literary text.	LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING  EL.05.Ll.03 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main ideas, and supporting details in literary selections.  EL.05.Ll.04 Identify the main events of the plot, their causes, and the influence of specific events on future actions.
	EL.05.RE.14 Use word origins to determine the meaning of unknown words and phrases.  EL.05.RE.15 Know less-common roots (graph = writing, logos = the study of) and word parts (auto = self, bio = life) from Greek and Latin, and use this knowledge to analyze the meaning of complex words (autograph authorizers).	Develop an interpretation of grade-level literary text.	LITERARY TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION  EL.05.LI.05 Predict future outcomes supported by the text.  EL.05.LI.06 Identify the qualities of the character (e.g., courage, cowardice, ambition), and analyze the effect of these qualities on the plot and the resolution of the conflict.

Find, understand, and use specific information in a variety of texts across the subject areas to perform a

#### READ TO PERFORM A TASK

biography, biology).

concepts.

EL.05.RE.17 Read textbooks, biographical sketches, letters, diaries, directions, procedures, magazines, news stories, and almanacs.

meaning of complex words (autograph, autobiography,

EL.05.RE.16 Use a thesaurus to determine related words and

EL.05.RE.18 Use the features of informational texts, such as formats, graphics, diagrams, illustrations, charts, maps, and organizational devices to find information and support understanding.

EL.05.RE.19 Find information in specialized materials (e.g., thesaurus, almanac, newspaper).

EL.05.RE.20 Follow multiple-step directions (e.g., for completing an experiment or an activity or for using a product).

- the plot and the resolution of the conflict.
- EL.05.LI.07 Identify the theme, understanding that theme refers to the lesson, moral, or meaning of a selection, whether it is implied or stated directly.
- EL.05.LI.08 Draw inferences, conclusions or generalizations about text, and support them with textual evidence and prior knowledge.

task.

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** Grade 5

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

Demonstrate knowledge of

spelling, grammar, punc-

Write narrative, exposi-

tory, and persuasive texts,

forms-including journals,

poems, research reports,

research papers, business

and technical writing-to

express ideas appropriate

to audience and purpose

across the subject areas.\*

\*Suggested word length:

Fifth Grade, 400 words.

using a variety of written

essays, short stories,

subject areas.

# **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS**

Grade 5

CONVENTIONS

**Examine content and** structure of grade-level literary text.

### LITERARY TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND

EL.05.LI.09 Identify and describe the function and effect of common literary devices, such as imagery, metaphor, and symbolism.

EL.05.LI.10 Define figurative language, including simile, metaphor, exaggeration, and personification, and explain the effects of its use in a particular work.

EL.05.LI.11 Differentiate among the different types of fiction, and apply knowledge of the major characteristics of each (e.g., folklore, mystery, science fiction, adventure, fantasy).

FL.05.LI.12 Evaluate the believability of characters and the degree to which a plot is believable or realistic.

#### SPELLING

tuation, capitalization, and EL.05.WR.16 Spell correctly. penmanship across the

- · roots or bases of words
- prefixes (understood/misunderstood, excused/unexcused).
- · suffixes (final/finally, mean/mean-ness),
- contractions (will not/won't, it is/it's, they would/they'd).
- · syllable constructions (in-for-ma-tion, mol-e-cule), and
- · words with more than one acceptable spelling (advisor,

#### GRAMMAR

EL.05.WR.17 Correctly use:

- verbs that are often misused (lie/lav. sit/set. rise/raise).
- · modifiers (words or phrases that describe, limit or qualify another word) and pronouns (he/his, she/her, they/their, it/its

EL.05.WR.18 Ensure that verbs agree with their subjects

### Writing

Pre-write, draft, revise, edit, and publish across the subject areas.

Communicate sup-

ported ideas across the

subject areas, including

relevant examples, facts,

anecdotes, and details

appropriate to audience

and purpose that engage

nize information in clear

sequence, making con-

nections and transitions

among ideas, sentences,

and paragraphs; and use

precise words and fluent

sentence structures that

support meaning.

reader interest; orga-

#### PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REVISION SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- · EL.05.WR.01 Use a variety of strategies to prepare for writing, such as brainstorming, making lists, mapping, outlining, grouping related ideas, using graphic organizers, and taking notes.
- EL.05.WR.02 Discuss ideas for writing with classmates, teachers, and other writers, and develop drafts alone and collaboratively.
- EL.05.WR.03 Identify audience and purpose.
- EL.05.WR.04 Choose the form of writing that best suits the intended purpose—personal letter, letter to the editor, review, poem, report, or narrative.
- EL.05.WR.05 Use the writing process—prewriting. drafting, revising, editing, and publishing successive
- EL.05.WR.06 Focus on a central idea, excluding loosely related, extraneous, and repetitious information
- EL.05.WR.07 Use a scoring guide to review, evaluate and revise writing for meaning and clarity.
- EL.05.WR.08 Revise drafts to improve the meaning and focus of writing by adding, deleting, combining, clarifying, and rearranging words and sentences.
- EL.05.WR.09 Edit and proofread one's own writing, as well as that of others, using the writing conventions, and, for example, an editing checklist or list of rules with specific examples of corrections of specific errors.

### WRITING

These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Writing Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM.

EL.05.WR.10 Write for different purposes and to a specific audience or person, adjusting tone and style as appropriate.

EL.05.WR.11 Write multi-paragraph compositions that:

- Engage readers with an interesting introduction.
- Present important ideas or events using organizational structures, such as sequential or chronological order, cause-and-effect, or similarity and difference
- · Develop new ideas in separate paragraphs
- Provide details and examples to support ideas
- Provide transitions to link paragraphs
- Offer a concluding paragraph that summarizes important

EL.05.WR.12 Use transitions (however, therefore, on the other hand) and conjunctions (and, or, but) to connect ideas

EL.05.WR.13 Use a variety of descriptive words, demonstrating awareness of impact on audience. EL.05.WR.14 Use simple and compound sentences and begin

using complex sentences.

EL.05.WR.15 To achieve clarity of meaning and to enhance flow and rhythm, correctly use prepositional phrases, appositives, main clauses, and subordinate clauses.

#### PUNCTUATION

EL.05.WR.19 Correctly use:

- parentheses to explain something that is not considered or primary importance to the sentence
- a colon to separate hours and minutes (10:30 a.m., 6:30 p.m.) and to introduce a list (collect the following items for the project: map, pictures, scissors, tape), and
- commas in direct quotations (He said, "I'd be happy to go.")

EL.05.WR.20 Correctly place commas and periods inside quotation

#### CAPITALIZATION

EL.05.WR.21 Use correct capitalization

#### HANDWRITING

EL.05.WR.22 Write legibly in cursive or manuscript.

EL.05.WR.23 Read cursive fluently.

#### WRITING MODES

Work Samples can be selected from any of the listed modes.

Personal Narrative

Fictional Narrative

Expository

Persuasive

#### WRITING APPLICATIONS

#### NARRATIVE WRITING

EL.05.WR.24 Write fictional narratives:

- · Establish a plot, point of view, setting, conflict, and resolution
- · Show through description, rather than tell (summarize) the events of the story.

### EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESPONSE TO LITERARY

EL.05.WR.25 Write responses to literature:

- Demonstrate an understanding of a literary work.
- · Support interpretations through references to the text
- · Develop interpretations that exhibit careful reading and understanding

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Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopt	red lanuary 2003	(10	standards began in 2005-06.
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 5	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 5
Investigate topics of interest and importance across the subject areas, selecting appropriate media sources, using effective research processes, and demonstrating ethical use of resources and materials. (See Writing Applications-Expository Writing: Research Reports)	EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESEARCH REPORTS/ MULTIMEDIA PRESENTATIONS  EL.05.WR.26 Write research reports about ideas, issues, or events:  Frame questions that direct the investigation.  Establish a main idea or topic.  Use a variety of information sources, including firsthand interviews, reference materials, and electronic resources to locate information to support the topic.  Cite references appropriately.  PERSUASIVE WRITING  EL.05.WR.27 Write persuasive compositions:  State a clear position with relevant evidence.  Follow a simple organizational pattern.  Address reader concerns.  SUMMARIES, BUSINESS LETTERS, JOB APPLICATIONS AND RESUMES, TECHNICAL WRITING  EL.05.WR.28 Write summaries, using formal paragraph structure, that contain the main ideas of the reading selection and the most significant details (e.g., summaries for book reports, chapters of a text, magazine articles).  EL.05.WR.29 Write business letters to request information (e.g., for school reports).  RESEARCH REPORT WRITING  EL.05.WR.30 Use organizational features of printed text to locate relevant information.  EL.05.WR.31 Use effective note-taking techniques to ensure appropriate documentation of quoted as well as paraphrased material.  EL.05.WR.32 Create simple documents using a computer and employing organizational features, such as passwords, entry and pull-down menus, word searches, the thesaurus, and spell checks.  EL.05.WR.33 Use a thesaurus to identify alternative word choices and meanings (e.g., when paraphrasing information).  EL.05.WR.34 Quote or paraphrase information sources, citing them appropriately (e.g., Works Cited Entries—MLA).	Speaking and Listening Communicate supported ideas across the subject areas using oral, visual, and multimedia forms in ways appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; organize oral, visual, and multimedia presentations in clear sequence, making connections and transitions among ideas and elements; use language appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; and demonstrate control of eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, inflection, gestures, and other non-verbal techniques.*  *Suggested speech length: Fifth Grade, 2-5 minutes.  Listen critically and respond appropriately across the subject areas.  Evaluate the significance and accuracy of information and ideas presented in oral, visual, and multimedia communications across the subject areas.	clear understanding.  EL.05.SL.05 Use correct grammar consistently.  EL.05.SL.06 Engage the audience with appropriate verbal cues—volume, pitch, phrasing, pace, and modulation; facial expressions; gestures; and eye contact.

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** CURRICULUM CURRICULUM Grade 6 Grade 6 GOALS GOALS Demonstrate general un-INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL Reading derstanding of grade-level UNDERSTANDING Analyze words, recognize DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION informational text across EL.06.RE.19 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main words, and learn to read ideas, facts, supporting details, and opinions in informational an the subject areas. EL.06.RE.01 Read aloud grade-level narrative text and grade-level text fluently informational text fluently and accurately with effective practical selections across the subject areas. pacing, intonation, and expression. EL.06.RE.20 Clarify understanding of informational texts by EL.06.RE.02 Read or demonstrate progress toward reading at creating simple outlines, graphic organizers, diagrams, logical notes, or summaries. an independent and instructional reading level appropriate to grade level. Develop an interpretation INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOP AN LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND INTERPRETATION Listen to, read, and of grade-level information-NARRATIVE TEXT understand a wide varial text across the subject EL.06.RE.21 Predict future outcomes supported by the text. ety of informational and SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS areas. EL.06.RE.22 Make reasonable, logical statements, conclusions, narrative text across the and inferences about a text, supporting them with accurate • EL.06.RE.03 Listen to, read, and understand a wide subject areas at school variety of informational and narrative text, including examples from the text and on own,\* applying classic and contemporary literature, poetry, magazines, EL 06 RE 23 Infer the main idea when it is not explicitly stated, and comprehension strategies newspapers, reference materials, and online support with evidence from the text as needed. • EL.06.RE.04 Make connections to text, within text, and Examine content and INFORMATIONAL TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND \*Suggested grade-level among texts across the subject area structure of grade-level STRUCTURE target for reading on own: informational text across Sixth Grade, 750,000 · EL.06.RE.05 Demonstrate listening comprehension of EL.06.RE.24 Draw conclusions about the author's overall purpose more complex text through class and/or small group the subject areas. as well as the author's placement and inclusion of specific words annually. interpretive discussions across the subject areas. EL.06.RE.25 Distinguish among facts, supported inferences, and FL.06.RE.06 Match reading to purpose—location of information, full comprehension, and personal EL.06.RE.26 Draw conclusions about reasons for actions or beliefs based on an analysis of information in the text. · EL.06.RE.07 Understand and draw upon a variety of comprehension strategies as needed-re-reading, self-EL.06.RE.27 Identify and analyze text that uses the comparecorrecting, summarizing, class and group discussions, and-contrast and cause-and-effect organizational patterns. generating and responding to essential questions, making predictions, and comparing information from EL.06.RE.28 Compare and contrast information on the same topic after reading two passages or articles. several sources • EL.06.RE.08 Clearly identify specific words or wordings EL.06.RE.29 Connect and clarify main ideas by identifying their that are causing comprehension difficulties and use relationships to multiple sources, known information and ideas, and related topics. strategies to correct. Literature Increase word knowl-VOCABULARY edge through systematic SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS Listen to text and read text | LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT vocabulary development; to make connections and · EL.06.RE.09 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS determine the meaning respond to a wide variety that is introduced and taught directly through EL.06.LI.01 Listen to text and read text to make of new words by applyinformational text, literary text, and instruction across of literature of varying connections and respond to historically or culturally ing knowledge of word the subject areas. complexity. significant works of literature that enhance the study of origins, word relation-• EL.06.RE.10 Develop vocabulary by listening to and other subjects. ships, and context clues; discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging EL.06.LI.02 Demonstrate listening comprehension of verify the meaning of new selections read aloud across the subject areas. more complex literary text through class and/or small words; and use those new group interpretive discussions. words accurately across EL.06.RE.11 Determine the meaning of unknown words or words with unusual meanings in informational and narrative text by the subject areas. Demonstrate general un-LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL using word, sentence, and paragraph clues. derstanding of grade-level UNDERSTANDING EL.06.RE.12 Interpret figurative language, including similes, meta-EL.06.LI.03 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main literary text. phors, and words with multiple meanings. ideas, and supporting details in literary selections. EL.06.RE.13 Understand and explain "shades of meaning" in related words. EL.06.LI.04 Identify the speaker and recognize the difference EL.06.RE.14 Determine pronunciations, meanings, alternate between first and third-person narration (e.g., autobiography word choices, and parts of speech, using dictionaries and compared with biography). Develop an interpretation LITERARY TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION Find, understand, and use READ TO PERFORM A TASK of grade-level literary text. EL.06.LI.05 Predict future outcomes supported by the text. specific information in a EL.06.RE.15 Read textbooks, biographical sketches, letters variety of texts across the EL.06.LI.06 Determine characters' traits by what the characters say diaries, directions, procedures, magazines, essays, primary subject areas to perform a source historical documents, editorials, news stories, in narration and dialogue. periodicals, bus routes, and catalogs. task. EL.06.LI.07 Analyze the influence of setting on the conflict and its EL.06.RE.16 Locate information in titles, tables of contents. chapter headings, illustrations, captions, glossaries, indexes, EL.06.LI.08 Identify and examine the development of themes in graphs, charts, diagrams, and tables to aid understanding of literary works. grade-level text. EL.06.LI.09 Infer the main idea when it is not explicitly stated. EL.06.RE.17 Identify the structural features of newspapers. magazines, and online information, and use the features to EL.06.LI.10 Make reasonable inferences, statements, and conclusions about a text, supporting them with accurate examples. EL.06.RE.18 Follow multiple-step instructions for preparing applications (e.g., for a public library card, bank savings account, sports club, league membership).

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

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### COMMON **CURRICULUM**

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** Grade 6

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

Demonstrate knowledge of

tuation, capitalization, and

spelling, grammar, punc-

penmanship across the

subject areas.

# **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS**

Grade 6

### GOALS **Examine content and**

structure of grade-level

literary text.

#### LITERARY TEXT; EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

#### EL 06.LL11 Evaluate the author's use of techniques to influence readers' attitudes and feelings (e.g., use of first person sets a particular tone, exaggeration sets a humorous tone, structure is used to build suspense, logic contributes to believability of plots and settings, figurative language influences tone).

- EL.06.LI.12 Define how tone or meaning is conveyed in poetry through word choice, figurative language, sentence structure, line length, punctuation, rhythm, repetition, and rhyme.
- EL.06.LI.13 Identify and analyze the characteristics of poetry, drama, fiction, and non-fiction, and explain the appropriateness of the literary forms chosen by an author for a specific purpose.

### CONVENTIONS

#### SPELLING

EL.06.WR.17 Spell correctly frequently misspelled words (their/ they're/there, loose/lose/loss, choose/chose, through/threw.

#### GRAMMAR

FL.06.WR.18 Correctly use:

- · indefinite pronouns (all, another, both, each, either, few, many, none, one, other, several, some),
- present perfect verb tense (have been, has been).
- past perfect verb tense (had been), and
- future perfect verb tense (shall have been).

EL.06.WR.19 Ensure that verbs agree with compound subjects.

#### Writing

Pre-write, draft, revise, edit, and publish across the subject areas.

### SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- EL.06.WR.01 Use a variety of strategies to prepare for writing, such as brainstorming, making lists, mapping, outlining, grouping related ideas, using graphic
- EL.06.WR.02 Discuss ideas for writing with classmates. teachers, and other writers, and develop drafts alone
- EL.06.WR.03 Identify audience and purpose
- . EL.06.WR.04 Choose the form of writing that best suits the intended purpose—personal letter, letter to the
- EL.06.WR.05 Use the writing process—prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, and publishing successive
- · EL.06.WR.06 Focus on a central idea, excluding loosely related, extraneous, and repetitious information
- and revise writing for meaning and clarity
- and consistency of ideas within and between paragraphs.
- EL.06.WR.09 Edit and proofread one's own writing, as well as that of others, using the writing conventions, and, for example, an editing checklist or list of rules

### PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REVISION

- organizers, and taking notes.
- and collaboratively.
- editor, review, poem, report, or narrative.
- EL.06.WR.07 Use a scoring guide to review, evaluate,
- EL.06.WR.08 Revise drafts to improve the organization
- with specific examples of corrections of specific errors.

### PUNCTUATION

EL.06.WR.20 Correctly use

- · colons after the salutation (greeting) in business letters (Dear Sir:),
- · semicolons to connect main clauses (Katy went to school; her brother stayed home.),
- commas before the conjunction in compound sentences (We worked all day, but we didn't complete the project.), and
- semicolons and commas for transitions (The deadline is past; however, we can do it next year.).

#### CAPITALIZATION

EL.06.WR.21 Use correct capitalization

#### HANDWRITING

EL.06.WR.22 Write legibly

#### Write narrative, expository, and persuasive texts, using a variety of written forms-including journals, essays, short stories, poems, research reports, research papers, business and technical writing-to express ideas appropriate to audience and purpose across the subject areas.\*

\*Suggested word length: Sixth Grade, 400-700 words.

#### WRITING MODES

Work Samples can be selected from any of the listed modes.

Personal Narrative

Fictional Narrative

Expository

#### WRITING APPLICATIONS

#### NARRATIVE WRITING

EL.06.WR.23 Write fictional narratives:

- Establish and develop a plot and setting, and present a point of view that is suitable to the story.
- Include sensory details and clear language to develop plot and character.
- · Use a range of narrative devices, such as dialogue or

# EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESPONSE TO LITERARY

FL.06.WR.24 Write responses to literature:

- · Develop interpretations that show careful reading, understanding, and insight.
- · Organize the interpretations around several clear ideas.
- Develop and justify the interpretations through the use of examples and evidence from the text.

Communicate supported ideas across the subject areas, including relevant examples, facts, anecdotes, and details appropriate to audience and purpose that engage reader interest; organize information in clear sequence, making connections and transitions among ideas, sentences, and paragraphs; and use precise words and fluent sentence structures that support meaning.

#### WRITING

These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Writing Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM.

EL.06.WR.10 Write for different purposes and to a specific audience or person, adjusting tone and style as necessary.

EL.06.WR.11 Write multi-paragraph compositions that

- · Engage the interest of the reader.
- · State a clear purpose
- Use common organizational structures for providing information in writing, such as chronological order, causeand-effect, similarity and difference, and posing and answering a question.
- · Develop the topic with supporting details and precise
- · Provide transitions to link paragraphs.
- · Conclude with a detailed summary linked to the purpose of the composition.

EL.06.WR.12 Create an organizational structure that is clearly sequenced and uses effective transitions between sentences and paragraphs to unify important ideas

EL.06.WR.13 Use a variety of descriptive words to paint a visual image in the mind of the reader

EL.06.WR.14 Make paragraph breaks when using dialogue. EL.06.WR.15 Use simple, compound, and complex sentences.

EL.06.WR.16 To achieve clarity of meaning and to enhance flow and rhythm, use effective coordination and subordination of ideas—including both main ideas and supporting ideas in single sentences.

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003 COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CURRICULUM** CURRICULUM Grade 6 Grade 6 GOALS GOALS EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESEARCH REPORTS/ Speaking and SPEAKING MULTIMEDIA PRESENTATIONS These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Listenina EL.06.WR.25 Write research reports: Speaking Scoring Guide for the purpose of classroom work sample Communicate supported Pose relevant questions that are focused enough to be ideas across the subject thoroughly answered in the report. EL.06.SL.01 Develop a focus and point of view areas using oral, visual, EL.06.SL.02 Match the purpose, message, occasion, and and multimedia forms in delivery to the audience Support the main idea or ideas with facts, details. ways appropriate to topic. examples, and explanations from multiple authoritative EL.06.SL.03 Organize information using supporting details, context, audience, and pursources, such as speakers, newspapers and reasons, descriptions, and example pose; organize oral, visual, magazines, reference books, and online information and multimedia presenta-EL.06.SL.04 Emphasize key points to assist the listener in tions in clear sequence, following the main ideas and concepts. · Include references used making connections and EL.06.SL.05 Support opinions with detailed evidence and with transitions among ideas visual or media displays. PERSUASIVE WRITING and elements; use lan-EL.06.SL.06 Use language effectively to convey the message EL.06.WR.26 Write persuasive compositions: quage appropriate to topic. and make content clear. State a clear position on a proposition or proposal context, audience, and EL.06.SL.07 Use correct grammar consistently. purpose: and demonstrate · Support the position with organized and relevant control of eye contact, FL 06.SL 08 Use effective rate, volume, pitch, and tone, and align non-verbal elements, including eve contact, to sustain speaking rate, volume, Anticipate and address reader concerns and counteraudience interest and attention. enunciation, inflection, ges arguments. tures, and other non-verbal techniques. SUMMARIES, BUSINESS LETTERS, JOB APPLICATIONS AND RESUMES, TECHNICAL Suggested speech length: WRITING Sixth Grade, 3-5 minutes. EL.06.WR.27 Write summaries, using formal paragraph structure, that contain the main ideas and most significant details using the student's own words, except for Listen critically and re-LISTENING Investigate topics of interspond appropriately across RESEARCH REPORT WRITING EL.06.SL.09 Relate the speaker's verbal communication, est and importance across the subject areas. including word choice, pitch, feeling, and tone to the non-EL.06.WR.28 Use organizational features of electronic text verbal message, including posture, facial expressions, and the subject areas, select-(e.g., bulletin boards, databases, keyword searches, e-mail ing appropriate media addresses) to locate information. sources, using effective EL.06.SL.10 Identify the tone, mood, and emotion conveyed in FL.06.WR.29 Use effective note-taking techniques to research processes, and oral communication. ensure appropriate documentation of quoted as well as demonstrating ethical use paraphrased material. EL.06.SL.11 Restate and execute multiple-step oral directions of resources and materiand instructions. EL.06.WR.30 Use a variety of resource materials to gather als. (See Writing Applicainformation for research topics (e.g., books, magazines, tions-Expository Writing: Evaluate the significance newspapers, dictionaries, schedules, journals, phone Research Reports) directories, web resources). and accuracy of informa-EL.06.SL.12 Identify and discuss persuasive and propaganda tion and ideas presented in EL.06.WR.31 Compose documents with appropriate techniques used in television, including false and oral, visual, and multimedia formatting by using word-processing skills and principles misleading information and stereotypes. communications across the of design (e.g., margins, tabs, spacing, columns, page EL.06.SL.13 Compare ideas and points of view expressed in subject areas. broadcast, print media, and electronic media. EL.06.WR.32 Quote or paraphrase ideas from resource materials, citing them appropriately (e.g., Works Cited Entries-MLA).

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Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** Grade 7

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

# **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS**

#### Reading

Analyze words, recognize words, and learn to read grade-level text fluently across the subject areas.

Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of informational and narrative text across the subject areas at school and on own,\* applying comprehension strategies as needed.

\*Suggested grade-level target for reading on own: Seventh Grade, 875,000 words annually.

DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION EL.07.RE.01 Read or demonstrate progress toward reading at an independent and instructional reading level appropriate to grade level.

#### LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND NARRATIVE TEXT

#### SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- · EL.07.RE.02 Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of informational and narrative text, including classic and contemporary literature, poetry, magazines newspapers, reference materials, and online
- · EL.07.RE.03 Make connections to text, within text, and among texts across the subject areas
- EL.07.RE.04 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex text through class and/or small group interpretive discussions across the subject areas
- · EL.07.RE.05 Match reading to purpose-location of information, full comprehension, and personal eniovment.
- · EL.07.RE.06 Understand and draw upon a variety of comprehension strategies as needed—re-reading, selfcorrecting, summarizing, class and group discussions, generating and responding to essential guestions. making predictions, and comparing information from several sources
- EL.07.RE.07 Clearly identify specific words or wordings that are causing comprehension difficulties and use strategies to correct.

#### Increase word knowledge through systematic vocabulary development; determine the meaning of new words by applying knowledge of word origins, word relationships, and context clues; verify the meaning of new words; and use those new words accurately across the subiect areas.

#### VOCABULARY

#### SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- EL.07.RE.08 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary that is introduced and taught directly through informational text, literary text, and instruction across the subject areas
- . EL.07.RE.09 Develop vocabulary by listening to and discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging selections read aloud across the subject areas.
- EL.07.RE.10 Determine meanings of words using contextual and
- EL.07.RE.11 Demonstrate understanding of idioms and comparisons, such as analogies, metaphors, and similes, in prose (informational and literary text) and poetry.
- EL.07.RE.12 Clarify word meanings through the use of definition, inference, example, restatement, or contrast
- EL.07.RE.13 Use knowledge of Greek, Latin, and Anglo-Saxon roots and word parts to understand subject-area vocabulary.

#### Find, understand, and use specific information in a variety of texts across the subject areas to perform a task.

#### READ TO PERFORM A TASK

- EL.07.RE.14 Read textbooks; biographical sketches; letters; diaries; directions; procedures; magazines; essays; primary source historical documents: editorials: news stories; periodicals; bus routes; catalogs; technical directions; consumer, workplace, and public documents.
- EL.07.RE.15 Locate information in titles, tables of contents, chapter headings, illustrations, captions, glossaries, indexes, graphs, charts, diagrams, and tables to aid understanding of grade-level text.
- EL.07.RE.16 Locate information by using consumer product
- EL.07.RE.17 Understand and explain the use of a simple mechanical device by following technical directions.

#### Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

### Grade 7 INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL

UNDERSTANDING EL.07.RE.18 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main ideas, facts, supporting details, and opinions in informational and practical selections

EL.07.RE.19 Clarify understanding of informational texts by creating outlines, graphic organizers, diagrams, logical notes, or summaries.

#### Develop an interpretation of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

#### INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION

- EL.07.RE.20 Predict future outcomes supported by the text.
- EL.07.RE.21 Make valid inferences about an author's unstated meaning and valid conclusions about an author's stated meaning, based on facts, events, and images,
- EL.07.RE.22 Identify and trace the development of an author's argument, point of view, or perspective in a specific text through a graphic organizer or a summary.
- EL.07.RE.23 Infer the main idea when it is not explicitly stated, and support with evidence from the text.

#### Examine content and structure of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

#### INFORMATIONAL TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

- EL.07.RE.24 Determine the author's purpose and how the author's perspective influences the text.
- EL.07.RE.25 Differentiate between conclusions that are based on fact and those that are based on opinions
- EL.07.RE.26 Analyze text to determine the type and purpose of the organizational structure being used by the author (e.g., description, sequential/chronological, categorization, prioritization, comparison/contrast, or cause-and-effect).
- EL.07.RE.27 Compare and contrast information on the same topic after reading several passages or articles
- EL.07.RE.28 Understand and analyze the differences in structure and purpose between various categories of informational text, including textbooks, newspapers. instructional manuals, essays, editorials, biographies, and autobiographies

#### Literature

#### Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to a wide variety of literature of varying complexity.

#### LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT S SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- . EL.07.LI.01 Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to historically or culturally significant works of literature that enhance the study of other subjects.
- EL.07.LI.02 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex literary text through class and/or small group interpretive discussions.

#### Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level literary text.

#### LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING

EL.07.L1.03 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main ideas, and supporting details in literary selections.

#### Develop an interpretation of grade-level literary text.

#### LITERARY TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION

EL.07.LI.04 Predict future outcomes supported by the text.

- EL.07.LI.05 Identify events that advance the plot, and determine how each event explains past or present action(s) or foreshadows future action(s).
- EL.07.LI.06 Analyze characterization as revealed through a character's thoughts, words, speech patterns, and actions; the narrator's description; and the thoughts, words, and actions of other characters.
- EL.07.LI.07 Identify and analyze development of themes conveyed through characters, actions, and images,
- EL.07.LI.08 Infer the main idea when it is not explicitly stated, and support with evidence from the text.
- FL 07.LI.09 Infer unstated reasons for actions based on events and images in the text.

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** Grade 7

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

Demonstrate knowledge of

spelling, grammar, punc-

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** Grade 7

CONVENTIONS

#### Examine content and structure of grade-level literary text.

#### LITERARY TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

#### SPELLING

#### EL.07.LI.10 Explain the effects of common literary devices, such as symbolism, imagery, and metaphor in a variety of literary

tuation, capitalization, and penmanship across the EL.07.WR.17 Spell correctly derivatives (words that come from a subject areas. common base or root word) by applying the spellings of bases

EL.07.LI.11 Evaluate how well literary elements contribute to the overall effectiveness of a selection (e.g., point of view, importance of the setting to create a mood)

#### GRAMMAR

EL.07.LI.12 Identify and analyze general themes, such as bravery, loyalty, friendship, loss, and loneliness that appear in many different works.

and affixes (prefixes and suffixes).

antecedents by placing the pronoun where it shows to what word

EL.07.LI.13 Differentiate among and discuss the purposes and characteristics of different forms of prose (e.g., short story, novel, essay).

EL.07.WR.19 Correctly use all parts of speech (verbs, nouns, pronouns, adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, conjunctions, and

EL.07.WR.18 Make clear references between pronouns and

#### Writing

#### interiections) and types and structures of sentences. FL.07.WR.20 Demonstrate appropriate English usage

Pre-write, draft, revise. edit, and publish across the subject areas.

#### PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REVISION SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

organizers, and taking notes.

#### PHNCTHATION

· EL.07.WR.01 Use a variety of strategies to prepare for writing, such as brainstorming, making lists, mapping, outlining, grouping related ideas, using graphic

EL.07.WR.21 Use a comma after a dependent clause that

· EL.07.WR.02 Discuss ideas for writing with classmates, teachers, and other writers, and develop drafts alone and collaboratively.

EL.07.WR.22 Use appropriate internal punctuation, including EL.07.WR.23 Place a question mark or exclamation point inside

quotation marks when it punctuates the quotation, and outside

· EL.07.WR.03 Identify audience and purpose.

when it punctuates the main sentence.

• EL.07.WR.04 Choose the form of writing that best suits the intended purpose-personal letter, letter to the

#### CAPITALIZATION

editor, review, poem, report, or narrative.

EL.07.WR.24 Use correct capitalization

• EL.07.WR.05 Use the writing process—prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, and publishing successive HANDWRITING

· EL.07.WR.06 Focus on a central idea, excluding loosely related, extraneous, and repetitious information

EL.07.WR.25 Write legibly

• EL.07.WR.07 Use a scoring guide to review, evaluate, and revise writing for meaning and clarity.

• EL.07.WR.08 Revise drafts to improve organization and word choice after checking the logic of the ideas and the precision of the vocabulary.

#### WRITING MODES Work Samples can be selected from any of the listed modes.

 EL.07.WR.09 Edit and proofread one's own writing, as well as that of others, using the writing conventions, and, for example, an editing checklist or list of rules with specific examples of corrections of specific errors Personal Narrative Fictional Narrative

Persuasive

ported ideas across the subject areas, including relevant examples, facts, anecdotes, and details

appropriate to audience

and purpose that engage

nize information in clear

sequence, making connections and transitions

among ideas, sentences,

and paragraphs; and use

precise words and fluent

sentence structures that

support meaning.

reader interest: orga-

Communicate sup-

express ideas appropriate to audience and purpose across the subject areas.\*

Write narrative, exposi-

tory, and persuasive texts,

forms-including journals,

using a variety of written

poems, research reports.

research papers, business

and technical writing—to

Suggested word length:

Seventh Grade, 400-700

essays, short stories.

EL 07 WR 10 Write for different purposes and to a specific audience or person, adjusting style and tone as necessary to engage the interest of the reader.

These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Writing

### WRITING APPLICATIONS

#### NARRATIVE WRITING

EL.07.WR.11 Write multi-paragraph compositions—descriptions, explanations, comparison-and-contrast papers, problem and solution essays-that:

EL.07.WR.26 Write fictional or autobiographical narratives: · Develop a standard plot line, including a beginning, conflict, rising action, climax, and resolution.

Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM

· Develop a point of view

· State the thesis or purpose. · Explain the situation.

· Develop complex major and minor characters and a definite setting.

 Organize the composition clearly, following an organizational pattern appropriate to the type of composition—comparison and contrast; organization by categories; and arrangement by spatial order, order of importance or climactic order

 Use a range of appropriate strategies, such as dialogue suspense; and the naming of specific narrative action. including movement, gestures, and expressions.

Provide evidence to support arguments and conclusions

FL.07.WR.27 Write responses to literature:

EL.07.WR.12 Support all statements and claims with anecdotes (first-person accounts), descriptions, facts and statistics, and/or specific examples

· Develop interpretations exhibiting careful reading, understanding, and insight. Organize interpretations around several clear ideas.

EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESPONSE TO LITERARY

EL.07.WR.13 Use varied word choices to make writing interesting

premises, or images from the literary work · Justify interpretations through use of sustained examples and textual evidence

- and more precise. EL.07.WR.14 To achieve clarity of meaning, properly place
- modifiers (words or phrases that describe, limit, or qualify EL.07.WR.15 To convey a livelier effect, use the active voice
- EL.07.WR.16 Vary sentence beginnings by using infinitives (to understand, to learn) and participles (dreaming, chosen, grown).

rather than the passive voice.

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

COMMON CURRICULUM

GOALS

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 7

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 7

#### EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESEARCH REPORTS/ MULTIMEDIA PRESENTATIONS

FL.07.WR.28 Write research reports:

- · Pose relevant questions about the topic.
- · Distinguish credible sources
- Convey clear and accurate perspectives on the subject.
- Include evidence compiled through the formal research process, including use of the Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature, a computer catalog, magazines, newspapers, dictionaries, and other reference books.
- · Document sources.

#### PERSUASIVE WRITING

EL.07.WR.29 Write persuasive compositions

- State a clear position or perspective in support of a proposition or proposal.
- Describe the points in support of the proposition, employing well-articulated evidence.
- Anticipate and address reader concerns and counterarguments.

# SUMMARIES, BUSINESS LETTERS, JOB APPLICATIONS AND RESUMES, TECHNICAL WRITING

EL.07.WR.30 Write summaries for a variety of informational text:

- · Include the main ideas and most significant details.
- · Use the student's own words, except for quotations
- Reflect underlying meaning, not just the superficial details.

#### est and importance across the subject areas, selecting appropriate media sources, using effective research processes, and demonstrating ethical use of resources and materials. (See Writing Applications-Expository Writing: Research Reports)

Investigate topics of inter-

#### RESEARCH REPORT WRITING

- EL.07.WR.31 Identify topics; ask and evaluate questions; and develop ideas leading to inquiry, investigation, and research.
- EL.07.WR.32 Use effective note-taking techniques to ensure appropriate documentation of quoted as well as paraphrased material.
- EL.07.WR.33 Check the validity and accuracy of information obtained from research, including differentiating fact from opinion, and identifying strong versus weak arguments, recognizing that personal values influence the conclusions an author draws.
- EL.07.WR.34 Create documents by using word-processing skills and publishing programs; develop simple databases and spreadsheets to manage information and prepare reports.
- EL.07.WR.35 Give credit for both quoted and paraphrased information by using a consistent format for parenthetical citations (e.g., Works Cited Entries—MLA, Reference Entries—APA).

# Speaking and Listening

Communicate supported ideas across the subject areas using oral, visual, and multimedia forms in ways appropriate to topic. context, audience, and purpose; organize oral, visual, and multimedia presentations in clear sequence, making connections and transitions among ideas and elements: use language appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; and demonstrate control of eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, inflection, gestures, and other non-verbal techniques.\*

\*Suggested speech length: Seventh Grade, 3-6 minutes.

Listen critically and respond appropriately across the subject areas.

#### Evaluate the significance and accuracy of information and ideas presented in oral, visual, and multimedia communications across the subject areas.

#### SPEAKING

These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Speaking Scoring Guide for the purpose of classroom work sample assessment

- EL.07.SL.01 Develop a focus and point of view to achieve particular purposes and to appeal to the background and interests of the audience.
- EL.07.SL.02 Organize information, arranging details, reasons, descriptions, and examples effectively and persuasively in relation to the audience.
- EL.07.SL.03 Use traditional structures for conveying information, including cause-and-effect, similarity and difference, and posing and answering a question.
- EL.07.SL.04 Use a variety of descriptive and accurate words appropriate to audience and purpose.
- EL.07.SL.05 Use correct grammar consistently.
- EL.07.SL.06 Use speaking techniques, including voice inflection, tempo, enunciation, and eye contact for effective presentations.

#### LISTENING

- EL.07.SL.07 Ask questions to obtain information, including evidence to support the speaker's claims and conclusions.
- EL.07.SL.08 Determine the speaker's attitude toward the subject.
- EL.07.SL.09 Respond to persuasive presentations with questions, challenges, or affirmations.

#### ANALYSIS

- EL.07.SL.10 Analyze how images, text, and sound in electronic journalism affect the viewer; identify the techniques used to achieve the effects in each instance.
- EL.07.SL.11 Identify, analyze, and critique persuasive techniques, such as promises, dares, flattery, and glittering generalities used in oral presentations and media messages.

### ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS STANDARDS NUMBERING KEY

RE = Reading LI = Literature

WR = Writing SL = Speaking & Listening

For example, under WRITING, the 31st standard listed for 7th grade (Identify topics; ask and evaluate questions; and develop ideas leading to inquiry, investigation, and research.) would be EL.07.WR.31.

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** CURRICULUM **CURRICULUM** Grade 8 Grade 8 GOALS GOALS Reading Demonstrate general un-INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL derstanding of grade-level UNDERSTANDING DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION Analyze words, recognize informational text across EL.08.RE.17 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main EL.08.RE.01 Read or demonstrate progress toward reading at words, and learn to read the subject areas. ideas, facts, supporting details, and opinions in informational an grade-level text fluently an independent and instructional reading level appropriate practical selections. to grade level. across the subject areas. EL.08.RE.18 Clarify understanding of informational texts by Listen to, read, and un-LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND creating detailed outlines, graphic organizers, diagrams, logical notes, or summaries. derstand a wide variety NARRATIVE TEXT of informational and & SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOP AN Develop an interpretation narrative text across the · EL.08.RE.02 Listen to, read, and understand a wide of grade-level information-INTERPRETATION subject areas at school variety of informational and narrative text, including al text across the subject EL.08.RE.19 Predict probable future outcomes supported by the and on own,\* applying classic and contemporary literature, poetry, magazines, areas. comprehension strategies newspapers, reference materials, and online as needed. EL.08.RE.20 Determine an author's implicit and explicit assumptions and beliefs about a subject based on evidence in · EL.08.RE.03 Make connections to text, within text, and \*Suggested grade-level among texts across the subject area target for reading on own: EL.08.RE.21 Infer the main idea when it is not explicitly stated, and • EL.08.RE.04 Demonstrate listening comprehension of Eighth Grade, 1,000,000 support with evidence from the text. more complex text through class and/or small group words annually. interpretive discussions across the subject areas. Examine content and INFORMATIONAL TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND • EL.08.RE.05 Match reading to purpose structure of grade-level STRUCTURE of information, full comprehension, and personal informational text across EL.08.RE.22 Determine the author's purpose and perspective and enjoyment. the subject areas. relate them to specific details in the text. EL.08.RE.06 Understand and draw upon a variety of EL.08.RE.23 Note and analyze instances of unsupported comprehension strategies as needed-re-reading, selfinferences, deceptive reasoning, persuasion, and propaganda correcting, summarizing, class and group discussions, in text. generating and responding to essential questions, making predictions, and comparing information from EL.08.RE.24 Compare and contrast information on the same topic after reading several passages or articles. • EL.08.RE.07 Clearly identify specific words or wordings EL.08.RE.25 Identify and analyze text that uses proposition that are causing comprehension difficulties and use (statement of argument) and support patterns (e.g., strategies to correct EL.08.RE.26 Find similarities and differences between Increase word knowl-VOCABULARY texts in the treatment, amount and depth of coverage, or edge through systematic SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS organization of ideas on a particular subject. vocabulary development: · EL.08.RE.08 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary EL.08.RE.27 Synthesize and use information from a variety of determine the meaning that is introduced and taught directly through consumer and public documents to explain a situation or of new words by applyinformational text, literary text, and instruction across decision and to solve a problem. ing knowledge of word the subject areas. origins, word relation-Literature • EL.08.RE.09 Develop vocabulary by listening to and ships, and context clues; discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT Listen to text and read text verify the meaning of new selections read aloud across the subject areas. to make connections and SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS words; and use those respond to a wide variety EL.08.RE.10 Determine meanings of words using contextual and new words accurately · EL.08.LI.01 Listen to text and read text to make of literature of varying structural clues. connections and respond to historically or culturally across the subject areas. complexity. EL.08.RE.11 Analyze idioms and comparisons, such as analogies, significant works of literature that enhance the study of metaphors, and similes, to infer the literal and figurative meanother subjects. ings of phrases. · EL.08.LI.02 Demonstrate listening comprehension of EL.08.RE.12 Verify the meaning of a word in its context, even more complex literary text through class and/or small when its meaning is not directly stated, through the use of definigroup interpretive discussions tion, restatement, example, comparison, or contrast. EL.08.RE.13 Determine pronunciations, meanings, alternate Demonstrate general un-LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL word choices, parts of speech, or etymologies of words, UNDERSTANDING derstanding of grade-level using dictionaries and thesauruses. EL.08.LI.03 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main literary text. Find, understand, and use ideas, and supporting details in literary selections. READ TO PERFORM A TASK specific information in a EL.08.RE.14 Read textbooks; biographical sketches; letters; variety of texts across the diaries; directions; procedures; magazines; essays; subject areas to perform primary source historical documents; editorials; news Develop an interpretation LITERARY TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION stories; periodicals; bus routes; catalogs; technical a task. of grade-level literary text. EL.08.LI.04 Predict probable future outcomes supported by the directions; consumer, workplace, and public documents. text, including foreshadowing clues. EL.08.RE.15 Synthesize information found in various parts of EL.08.LI.05 Identify the actions and motives (e.g., loyalty, charts, tables, diagrams, glossaries, or related grade-level text selfishness, conscientiousness) of characters in a work of fiction to reach supported conclusions. including contrasting motives that advance the plot or promote EL.08.RE.16 Understand and explain the use of a complex the theme, and discuss their importance to the plot or theme. mechanical device by following technical directions. EL.08.LI.06 Identify and analyze the development of themes in literary works based on evidence in the text. EL.08.LI.07 Infer the main idea when it is not explicitly stated, and support with evidence from the text. EL.08.LI.08 Infer unstated reasons for actions based on evidence in the text.

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 8

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

Communicate sup-

ported ideas across the

subject areas, including

relevant examples, facts,

anecdotes, and details

appropriate to audience

and purpose that engage

nize information in clear

sequence, making con-

nections and transitions

among ideas, sentences,

and paragraphs; and use

precise words and fluent

sentence structures that

support meaning.

reader interest; orga-

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 8

# Examine content and structure of grade-level literary text.

### LITERARY TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

- EL.08.LI.09 Identify significant literary devices, such as simile, metaphor, personification, symbolism, dialect, and irony which define a writer's style, and use those elements to analyze and evaluate the work.
- EL.08.LI.10 Evaluate how well literary elements contribute to the overall effectiveness of a selection.
- EL.08.Ll.11 Analyze and contrast the use of point of view, such as first-person, third-person, limited and omniscient, and subjective and objective, in literary text, and explain how it affects text.
- EL.08.LI.12 Analyze the importance of the setting (place, time, customs) to the mood, tone, and meaning of the text.
- EL.08.LI.13 Analyze how dialogue is used to develop characters and mood in a selection.
- EL.08.LI.14 Evaluate the structural elements of the plot, such as subplots, parallel episodes, and climax, including the way in which conflicts are (or are not) addressed and resolved.
- EL.08.LI.15 Identify and analyze recurring themes (e.g., good versus evil) across traditional and contemporary works.

#### WRITING

These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Writing Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM.

- EL.08.WR.10 Create compositions that engage the reader, have a clear message, a coherent thesis, and end with a clear and wellsupported conclusion.
- EL.08.WR.11 Support theses or conclusions with quotations, opinions from experts, paraphrases, analogies, and/or similar devices
- EL.08.WR.12 Establish coherence within and among paragraphs through effective transitions and parallel structures.
- EL.08.WR.13 Use descriptive language that clarifies and enhances ideas by establishing tone and mood through figurative language, sensory images, and comparisons.
- EL.08.WR.14 To present a lively and effective personal style, use varied sentence types (simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex) and sentence openings.
- EL.08.WR.15 To enhance clarity and to support meaning, use parallelism in sentence construction—to present items in a series and items juxtaposed for emphasis.
- EL.08.WR.16 To indicate clearly the relationship between ideas, use subordination, coordination, appositives, and other devices.

#### Writing

Pre-write, draft, revise, edit, and publish across the subject areas.

#### PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REVISION & SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- EL.08.WR.01 Use a variety of strategies to prepare for writing, such as brainstorming, making lists, mapping, outlining, grouping related ideas, using graphic organizers, and taking notes.
- EL.08.WR.02 Discuss ideas for writing with classmates, teachers, and other writers, and develop drafts alone and collaboratively.
- EL.08.WR.03 Identify audience and purpose.
- EL.08.WR.04 Choose the form of writing that best suits the intended purpose—personal letter, letter to the editor, review, poem, report, or narrative.
- EL.08.WR.05 Use the writing process—prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, and publishing successive versions
- EL.08.WR.06 Focus on a central idea, excluding loosely related extraneous and repetitious information.
- EL.08.WR.07 Use a scoring guide to review, evaluate, and revise writing for meaning and clarity.
- EL.08.WR.08 Revise drafts for word choice, appropriate organization, consistent point of view—and transitions between paragraphs, passages, and ideas.
- EL.08.WR.09 Edit and proofread one's own writing, as well as that of others, using the writing conventions, and, for example, an editing checklist or list of rules with specific examples of corrections of specific errors.

Demonstrate knowledge of spelling, grammar, punctuation, capitalization, and penmanship across the subject areas.

#### CONVENTIONS

#### SPELLING

EL.08.WR.17 Use correct spelling conventions.

#### GRAMMAR

EL.08.WR.18 Use consistent verb tenses

EL.08.WR.19 Correctly use frequently misused words (among, between; fewer, less; bring, take; and good, well).

EL.08.WR.20 Demonstrate appropriate English usage.

#### PUNCTUATION

EL.08.WR.21 Use conventions of punctuation correctly, including commas, hyphens, dashes, and semicolons.

#### CAPITALIZATION

EL.08.WR.22 Use correct capitalization.

#### HANDWRITING

EL.08.WR.23 Write legibly.

#### WRITING MODES

Work Samples can be selected from any of the listed modes.

Personal Narrative

Fictional Narrative

Expository

Persuasive

#### WRITING APPLICATIONS

#### NARRATIVE WRITING

- EL.08.WR.24 Write biographical or autobiographical narratives or short stories:
  - Relate a clear, coherent incident, event, or situation by using well-chosen details.
  - Reveal the significance of, or the writer's attitude about, the subject.
  - Use narrative and descriptive strategies, including relevant dialogue, specific action, physical description, background description, and comparison or contrast of characters.

Write narrative, expository, and persuasive texts, using a variety of written forms—including journals, essays, short stories, poems, research reports, research papers, business and technical writing—to express ideas appropriate to audience and purpose

\*Suggested word length: Eighth Grade, 500-1,000 words.

across the subject areas.\*

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 8

### EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESPONSE TO LITERARY TEXT

EL.08.WR.25 Write responses to literature:

- Demonstrate careful reading and insight into interpretations.
- Connect the student's own responses to the writer's techniques and to specific textual references.
- Draw supported inferences about the effects of a literary work on its audience.
- Support interpretations through references to the text, other works, other authors, or to personal knowledge.

#### EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESEARCH REPORTS/ MULTIMEDIA PRESENTATIONS

EL.08.WR.26 Write research reports:

- · Specify a thesis.
- Use a variety of primary and secondary sources, and distinguish the nature and value of each.
- Include important ideas, concepts, and direct quotations from significant information sources, and paraphrase and summarize different perspectives on the topic, as appropriate.
- Organize and display information on charts, tables, maps, and graphs.
- · Document sources.

#### PERSUASIVE WRITING

EL.08.WR.27 Write persuasive compositions:

- Include a well-defined thesis that makes a clear and knowledgeable judgment or appeal.
- Present detailed evidence, examples, and reasoning to support arguments, differentiating between facts and opinions.
- Provide details, reasons, and examples, arranging them effectively by anticipating and answering reader concerns and counter-arguments.

#### SUMMARIES, BUSINESS LETTERS, JOB APPLICATIONS AND RESUMES, TECHNICAL WRITING

- EL.08.WR.28 Write documents related to career development, including simple business letters, job applications and resumes that:
  - Present information purposefully and succinctly, meeting the needs of the intended audience.
  - Follow the conventional format for the type of document (e.g., letter of inquiry, memorandum).

EL 08 WR 29 Write technical documents

- Identify the sequence of activities needed to design a system, operate a tool, or explain the bylaws of an organization's constitution or guidelines.
- Include all the factors and variables that need to be considered.
- Use formatting techniques, including headings and changing the fonts, to aid comprehension.

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

Investigate topics of interest and importance across the subject areas, selecting appropriate media sources, using effective research processes, and demonstrating ethical use of resources and materials. (See Writing Applications-Expository Writing: Research Reports)

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 8

#### RESEARCH REPORT WRITING

- EL.08.WR.30 Identify topics; develop high-level questions for inquiry; develop sub-questions to guide research of subtopics.
- EL.08.WR.31 Use effective note-taking techniques to ensure appropriate documentation of quoted as well as paraphrased material.
- EL.08.WR.32 Plan and conduct multiple-step information searches by using computer networks.
- EL.08.WR.33 Analyze the validity and reliability of primary and secondary sources, and use the information appropriately.
- EL.08.WR.34 Achieve an effective balance between documented researched information and original ideas
- EL.08.WR.35 Use appropriate methods of citation for quoted as well as paraphrased material (e.g., Works Cited Entries— MLA, Reference Entries—APA).

## Speaking and Listening

Communicate supported ideas across the subject areas using oral, visual. and multimedia forms in ways appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; organize oral, visual, and multimedia presentations in clear sequence, making connections and transitions among ideas and elements; use language appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; and demonstrate control of eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, inflection, gestures, and other non-verbal techniques.3

\*Suggested speech length: Eighth Grade, 3-6 minutes.

Listen critically and respond appropriately across the subject areas.

Evaluate the significance and accuracy of information and ideas presented in oral, visual, and multimedia communications across the subject areas.

#### SPEAKING

These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Speaking Scoring Guide for the purpose of classroom work sample assessment.

- EL.08.SL.01 Develop a focus and present information to achieve particular purposes by matching the message, vocabulary, voice modulation, expression, and tone to the audience and purpose
- EL.08.SL.02 Outline a speech based on a chosen pattern of organization, including an introduction; transitions, previews, and summaries; a logically developed body; and an effective conclusion.
- EL.08.SL.03 Use credible and relevant information to convey message.
- EL.08.SL.04 Use feedback, including both verbal and nonverbal cues to reconsider and modify the organizational structure and to rearrange words and sentences to clarify the meaning.
- EL.08.SL.05 Use precise language, action verbs, sensory details, appropriate and colorful modifiers, and the active rather than the passive voice in ways that enliven oral presentations.
- EL.08.SL.06 Use appropriate grammar.
- EL.08.SL.07 Use appropriate enunciation, pace, eye contact, and gestures to engage the audience during formal presentations.

#### LISTENING

- EL.08.SL.08 Analyze oral presentations, including language choice and delivery, and the effect of the speaker's interpretations on the listener.
- EL.08.SL.09 Paraphrase a speaker's purpose and point of view, and ask relevant questions concerning the speaker's content, delivery, and purpose.

#### ANALYSIS

- EL.08.SL.10 Provide constructive feedback to speakers concerning the coherence and logic of a speech's content and delivery and its overall impact upon the listener.
- EL.08.SL.11 Evaluate the credibility of a speaker (e.g., hidden agendas, slanted or biased material).
- EL.08.SL.12 Interpret and evaluate the various ways in which visual image-makers (e.g., graphic artists, illustrators, news photographers, film makers) communicate information and affect impressions and opinions.

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Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

### **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS** CIM/CAM

#### COMMON **CURRICULUM** GOALS

# **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS**

#### Reading

Analyze words, recognize words, and learn to read grade-level text fluently across the subject areas.

Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of informational and narrative text across the subject areas at school and on own.3 applying comprehension strategies as needed.

\*Suggested grade-level target for reading on own: CIM, 1,500,000 words annually.

#### DECODING AND WORD RECOGNITION

EL.CM.RE.01 Read at an independent and instructional reading level appropriate to grade level.

#### LISTEN TO AND READ INFORMATIONAL AND NARRATIVE TEXT

#### SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- EL.CM.RE.02 Listen to, read, and understand a wide variety of informational and narrative text, including classic and contemporary literature, poetry, magazines, newspapers, reference materials, and online
- EL.CM.RE.03 Make connections to text, within text, and among texts across the subject areas
- · EL.CM.RE.04 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex text through class and/or small group interpretive discussions across the subject areas
- · EL.CM.RE.05 Match reading to purpose-location of information, full comprehension, and personal
- · EL.CM.RE.06 Understand and draw upon a variety of comprehension strategies as needed-re-reading, selfcorrecting, summarizing, class and group discussions, generating and responding to essential questions, making predictions, and comparing information from several sources.
- EL.CM.RE.07 Clearly identify specific words or wordings that are causing comprehension difficulties and use strategies to correct.

#### Increase word knowledge through systematic vocabulary development: determine the meaning of new words by applying knowledge of word origins, word relationships, and context clues; verify the meaning of new words; and use those new words accurately across the sub-

iect areas.

#### VOCABULARY

#### SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- EL.CM.RE.08 Understand, learn, and use new vocabulary that is introduced and taught directly through informational text, literary text, and instruction across the subject areas.
- · EL.CM.RE.09 Develop vocabulary by listening to and discussing both familiar and conceptually challenging selections read aloud across the subject areas.
- EL.CM.RE.10 Determine meanings of words using contextual and structural clues.
- EL.CM.RE.11 Identify and use the literal and figurative meanings of words and phrases.
- EL.CM.RE.12 Distinguish between the denotative and connotative meanings of words, and interpret the connotative power of words
- EL.CM.RE.13 Use general dictionaries, specialized dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses, or related references to increase vocabulary.
- EL.CM.RE.14 Understand technical vocabulary in subject area reading.

#### Find, understand, and use specific information in a variety of texts across the subject areas to perform a task.

#### READ TO PERFORM A TASK

- EL.CM.RE.15 Read textbooks; biographical sketches; letters; diaries; directions; procedures; magazines; essays; primar source historical documents: editorials: news stories: periodicals; bus routes; catalogs; technical directions; consumer, workplace, and public documents.
- EL.CM.RE.16 Synthesize information found in various parts of charts, tables, diagrams, glossaries, or related grade-level text to reach supported conclusions.
- FL.CM.RF.17 Analyze the structure and format of job and consumer-related materials, including the graphics and headers, and explain how the features support the intended purposes
- EL.CM.RE.18 Demonstrate sophisticated use of technology by following directions in technical manuals (e.g., those found with graphing calculators and specialized software programs and in access guides to World Wide Websites on the Internet).

# Demonstrate general un-

#### derstanding of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

#### CIM/CAM INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING

- EL.CM.RE.19 Identify and/or summarize sequence of events, main ideas, facts, supporting details, and opinions in informational and practical selections.
- EL.CM.RE.20 Clarify understanding of informational texts by creating sophisticated outlines, graphic organizers, diagrams, logical notes, or summaries

#### Develop an interpretation of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

#### INFORMATIONAL TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION

- EL.CM.RE.21 Predict probable future outcomes supported by the
- EL.CM.RE.22 Infer an author's unstated meaning and draw conclusions about an author's stated meaning based on facts, events, images, patterns or symbols found in text.
- EL.CM.RE.23 Make reasoned assertions about an author's arguments by using elements of the text to defend and clarify
- EL.CM.RE.24 Analyze implicit relationships, such as cause-andeffect, sequence-time relationships, comparisons, classifications, and generalizations
- EL.CM.RE.25 Infer the main idea when it is not explicitly stated, and support with evidence from the text.

#### Examine content and structure of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

#### INFORMATIONAL TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

- EL.CM.RE.26 Draw conclusions about the author's purpose based
- EL.CM.RE.27 Differentiate among reasoning based on fact versus reasoning based on opinions, emotional appeals, or other persuasive techniques.
- EL.CM.RE.28 Evaluate if and how the author uses authoritative sources to establish credibility for arguments, proposed actions,
- EL.CM.RE.29 Compare and contrast information on the same topic after reading several passages or articles.
- .CM.RE.30 Evaluate the logic, unity, and consistency of text.
- EL.CM.RE.31 Evaluate an author's argument or defense of a claim by evaluating the relationship between generalizations and evidence, the comprehensiveness of evidence, and the way in which the author's intent or bias affects the structure and tone of the text (e.g., in professional journals, sports journals, editorials, political speeches, primary source materials).
- EL.CM.RE.32 Evaluate the logic of documents (e.g., directions for assembly of an item, applications), examining the sequence of information and procedures in anticipation of possible reader misunderstandings.
- EL.CM.RE.33 Generate relevant questions about readings on issues that can be researched.
- EL.CM.RE.34 Synthesize the content from several sources or works by a single author dealing with a single issue; paraphrase the ideas and connect them to other sources and related topics to demonstrate comprehension.
- EL.CM.RE.35 Extend ideas presented in primary or secondary sources through original analysis, evaluation, and elaboration.

#### Literature

Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to a wide variety of literature of varying com plexity.

### LISTEN TO AND READ LITERARY TEXT

#### SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS

- · EL.CM.LI.01 Listen to text and read text to make connections and respond to historically or culturally significant works of literature that enhance the study of other subjects
- · EL.CM.LI.02 Demonstrate listening comprehension of more complex literary text through class and/or small group interpretive discussions.

ENGLISH Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopt	H LANGUAGE AF	Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.		
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CIM/CAM	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CIM/CAM	
Demonstrate general un- derstanding of grade-level	LITERARY TEXT: DEMONSTRATE GENERAL UNDERSTANDING		<ul> <li>EL.CM.WR.07 Use a scoring guide to review, evaluate, and revise writing for meaning and clarity.</li> </ul>	
literary text.			EL.CM.WR.08 Revise drafts to improve the logic and coherence of the organization and controlling idea, the precision of word choice, and the tone—by taking into consideration the audience, purpose, and formality of	
Develop an interpretation of grade-level literary text.	LITERARY TEXT: DEVELOP AN INTERPRETATION  EL.CM.LI.04 Predict probable future outcomes supported by the text, including foreshadowing clues.  EL.CM.LI.05 Analyze interactions between characters in a literary text (e.g., internal and external conflicts, motivations,		the context.  • EL.CM.WR.09 Edit and proofread one's own writing, as well as that of others, using the writing conventions, and, for example, an editing checklist or list of rules wit specific examples of corrections of specific errors.	
	relationships, influences) and how these interactions affect the plot.  EL.CM.LI.06 Identify themes in literary works, and provide support	Communicate sup- ported ideas across the	WRITING These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Writing	
	for interpretations from the text.  EL.CM.LI.07 Infer the main idea when it is not explicitly stated, and	subject areas, including relevant examples, facts,	Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM.  EL.CM.WR.10 Establish a coherent and clearly supported thesis	
	support with evidence from the text.  EL.CM.LI.08 Identify and analyze unstated reasons for actions or beliefs based on explicitly stated information.	anecdotes, and details appropriate to audience and purpose that engage reader interest; orga- nize information in clear sequence, making con- nections and transitions	that engages the reader, conveys a clear and distinctive perspective on the subject, maintains a consistent tone and focus throughout the piece of writing, and ends with a well supported conclusion.  EL.CM.WR.11 Create an organizational structure that logically and effectively presents information using transitional elements that unify paragraphs and the work as a whole.	
Examine content and structure of grade-level literary text.	LITERARY TEXT: EXAMINE CONTENT AND STRUCTURE EL.CM.LI.09 Identify various literary devices, including figurative			
	language, imagery, allegory, and symbolism; evaluate the significance of the devices; and explain their appeal.	among ideas, sentences, and paragraphs; and use precise words and fluent	EL.CM.WR.12 Use precise language, action verbs, sensory details, and appropriate modifiers.	
	EL.CM.LI.10 Interpret and evaluate the impact of subtleties, contradictions, and ironies in a text.  EL.CM.LI.11 Explain how voice and the choice of a narrator affect	sentence structures that support meaning.	EL.CM.WR.13 Demonstrate an understanding of sentence construction—including parallel structure and subordination—to achieve clarity of meaning, vary sentence types, and enhance	
	characterization and the tone, plot, and credibility of a text.  EL.CM.LI.12 Analyze an author's development of time and		flow and rhythm.	
	sequence, including the use of complex literary devices, such as foreshadowing or flashbacks.	Demonstrate knowledge of	CONVENTIONS	
	EL.CM.LI.13 Evaluate the impact of word choice and figurative language on tone, mood, and theme.	spelling, grammar, punc- tuation, capitalization, and penmanship across the	SPELLING	
	EL.CM.LI.14 Identify and describe the function of dialogue, soliloquies, asides, character foils, and stage directions in dramatic literature.	subject areas.	EL.CM.WR.14 Produce writing that shows accurate spelling.  GRAMMAR	
	EL.CM.LI.15 Analyze the impact the choice of literary form has on the author's message or purpose.		EL.CM.WR.15 Show control of clauses, including main and subordinate, and phrases, including gerund, infinitive, and	
	EL.CM.LI.16 Analyze the way in which a work of literature is related to the themes and issues of its historical period.		participial.  EL.CM.WR.16 Understand and use proper placement of modifiers.	
	EL.CM.LI.17 Compare works that express a universal theme, and provide evidence to support the ideas expressed in each work.		EL.CM.WR.17 Demonstrate an understanding of proper English usage, including the consistent use of verb tenses and forms.	
	EL.CM.LI.18 Compare and contrast the presentation of a similar theme or topic across literary forms to explain how the selection of form shapes the theme or topic.		PUNCTUATION  EL.CM.WR.18 Use conventions of punctuation correctly, including	
	EL.CM.LI.19 Analyze a work of literature, showing how it reflects the heritage, traditions, attitudes, and beliefs of its		semicolons, colons, ellipses, hyphens, and dashes.  CAPITALIZATION	
Writing	author.		EL.CM.WR.19 Use correct capitalization.	
Pre-write, draft, revise,	PLANNING, EVALUATION, AND REVISION		HANDWRITING	
edit, and publish across the subject areas.	<ul> <li>SKILLS TO SUPPORT STANDARDS</li> <li>EL.CM.WR.01 Use a variety of strategies to prepare for writing, such as brainstorming, making lists, mapping, outlining, grouping related ideas, using graphic organizers, and taking notes.</li> </ul>		EL.CM.WR.20 Write legibly.	
	EL.CM.WR.02 Discuss ideas for writing with classmates, teachers, and other writers, and develop drafts alone and collaboratively.			
	EL.CM.WR.03 Identify audience and purpose.     EL.CM.WR.04 Choose the form of writing that best suits			
	the intended purpose—personal letter, letter to the editor, review, poem, report, or narrative.			
	<ul> <li>EL.CM.WR.05 Use the writing process—prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, and publishing successive versions.</li> </ul>			
	EL.CM.WR.06 Focus on a central idea, excluding loosely related, extraneous, and repetitious information.			

Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adonted January 2003

Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

Write narrative, expository, and persuasive texts, using a variety of written forms—including journals, essays, short stories, poems, research reports, research papers, business and technical writing—to express ideas appropriate to audience and purpose across the subject areas.\*

\*Suggested word length: CIM, 500-1,500 words.

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CIM/CAM

#### WRITING MODES

Work Samples can be selected from any of the listed modes.

Personal Narrative

Fictional Narrative

Expository

Persuasive

#### WRITING APPLICATIONS

#### NARRATIVE WRITING

EL.CM.WR.21 Write biographical or autobiographical narratives

- Relate a sequence of events, and communicate the significance of the events to the audience.
- · Locate scenes and incidents in specific places.
- Describe with concrete sensory details the sights, sounds, and smells of a scene and the specific actions, movements, gestures, and feelings of the characters; use interior monologue to depict the characters' feelings.
- Pace the presentation of actions to accommodate changes in time and mood.
- Make effective use of descriptions of appearance, images, shifting perspectives, and sensory details.

### EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESPONSE TO LITERARY TEXT

EL.CM.WR.22 Write responses to literature:

- Demonstrate an understanding of the significant ideas of literary works.
- Support important ideas and viewpoints through accurate and detailed references to the text or to other works.
- Demonstrate an awareness of the author's use of stylistic devices and an appreciation of the effects created.
- Identify and analyze the impact of perceived ambiguities, nuances, and complexities within the text.

### EXPOSITORY WRITING: RESEARCH REPORTS/MULTIMEDIA PRESENTATIONS

EL.CM.WR.23 Write analytical essays and research reports:

- Gather evidence in support of a thesis, including information on all relevant perspectives.
- Convey information and ideas from primary and secondary sources accurately and coherently.
- Make distinctions between the relative value and significance of specific data, facts, and ideas.
- Include visual aids by employing appropriate technology to organize and record information on charts, maps, and graphs.
- Anticipate and address readers' potential misunderstandings, biases, and expectations.
- Use technical terms and notations accurately.
- Document sources.

#### WRITING APPLICATIONS

#### PERSUASIVE WRITING

EL.CM.WR.24 Write persuasive compositions:

- Structure ideas and arguments in a sustained and logical fashion.
- Use specific rhetorical (communication) devices to support assertions, such as appealing to logic through reasoning; appealing to emotion or ethical beliefs; or relating a personal anecdote, case study, or analogy.

#### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CIM/CAM

- Clarify and defend positions with precise and relevant evidence, including facts, expert opinions, quotations, and expressions of commonly accepted beliefs and logical reasoning.
- Address readers' concerns, counter-claims, biases, and expectations

# SUMMARIES, BUSINESS LETTERS, JOB APPLICATIONS AND RESUMES, TECHNICAL WRITING

EL.CM.WR.25 Write business letters:

- Provide clear and purposeful information and address the intended audience appropriately.
- Use appropriate vocabulary, tone, and style to take into account the nature of the relationship with, and the knowledge and interests of, the intended audience.
- · Emphasize central ideas or images.
- Follow a conventional style with page formats, fonts, and spacing that contributes to the document's readability and impact.
- EL.CM.WR.26 Write technical documents, such as a manual on rules of behavior for conflict resolution, procedures for conducting a meeting, or minutes of a meeting:
  - Report information and convey ideas logically and correctly.
  - · Offer detailed and accurate specifications.
  - Include scenarios, definitions, and examples to aid comprehension.
  - Anticipate readers' problems, mistakes, and misunderstandings.

# Investigate topics of interest and importance across the subject areas, selecting appropriate media sources, using effective research processes, and demonstrating ethical use of resources and materials. (See Writing Applications-Expository Writing:

Research Reports)

#### RESEARCH REPORT WRITING

- EL.CM.WR.27 Use clear research questions and suitable research sources, including the library, electronic media, and personal interviews, to gather and present evidence from primary and secondary print or Internet sources.
- EL.CM.WR.28 Use effective note-taking techniques to ensure appropriate documentation of quoted as well as paraphrased
- EL.CM.WR.29 Develop the main ideas within the body of the composition through supporting evidence, such as scenarios, commonly held beliefs, hypotheses, and definitions.
- EL.CM.WR.30 Synthesize information from multiple sources and identify complexities and discrepancies in the information and the different perspectives found in each medium, including almanacs, microfiche, news sources, in-depth field studies, speeches, journals, and technical documents.
- EL.CM.WR.31 Integrate quotations and citations into a written text while maintaining the flow of ideas.
- EL.CM.WR.32 Use appropriate conventions for documentation in text, notes, and works cited, following the formats in specific style manuals (e.g., Works Cited Entries—MLA, Reference Entries—APA).
- EL.CM.WR.33 Design and publish documents by using publishing software and graphics programs.
- EL.CM.WR.34 Reflect manuscript requirements, including title page presentation, pagination, spacing and margins, and integration of source and support material, such as citing sources within the text, using direct quotations, and paraphrasing.

ENGLISH Grades 4 to 8 and CIM Adopt	H LANGUAGE AF	RTS	Student accountability for grades 3 to 8 and CIM standards began in 2005-06.
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CIM/CAM	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARD CIM/CAM
Speaking and Listening			
Communicate supported ideas across the subject areas using oral, visual, and multimedia forms in ways appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; organize oral, visual, and multimedia presentations in clear sequence, making connections and transitions among ideas and elements; use language appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; and demonstrate control of eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, inflection, gestures, and other non-verbal techniques.*  *Suggested speech length: CIM, 3-7 minutes.	SPEAKING These standards are assessed using Oregon's Official Speaking Scoring Guide for the purpose of classroom work sample assessment.  EL.CM.SL.01 Present and support a clear thesis statement and choose appropriate types of proof (e.g., statistics, testimony, specific instances) that meet standard tests for evidence, including credibility, validity, and relevance.  EL.CM.SL.02 Choose appropriate techniques for developing the introduction and conclusion (e.g., by using literary quotations, anecdotes, references to authoritative sources).  EL.CM.SL.03 Choose logical patterns of organization (e.g., chronological, topical, cause-and-effect) to inform and to persuade, by seeking agreement or action, or uniting audiences behind a common belief or cause.  EL.CM.SL.04 Recognize and use elements of speech forms (e.g., introduction, first and second transitions, body, conclusion) in formulating rational arguments and applying the art of persuasion and debate.  EL.CM.SL.05 Analyze the occasion and the interests of the audience, and choose effective verbal techniques and language.  EL.CM.SL.06 Use appropriate grammar.  EL.CM.SL.07 Use props, visual aids, graphs, and/or electronic media to enhance the appeal and accuracy of rehearsed presentations (not part of scoring guide criteria).  EL.CM.SL.08 Produce concise notes for extemporaneous speaking (not part of scoring guide criteria).		
Listen critically and respond appropriately across the subject areas.	LISTENING  EL.CM.SL.10 Formulate judgments about ideas under discussion, and support those judgments with convincing evidence.  EL.CM.SL.11 Follow complex verbal instructions that include		
Evaluate the significance and accuracy of information and ideas presented in oral, visual, and multimedia communications across the subject areas.	technical vocabulary and processes.  ANALYSIS  EL.CM.SL.12 Evaluate the clarity, quality, and effectiveness of a speaker's important points, arguments, evidence, organization of ideas, delivery, diction, and syntax.  EL.CM.SL.13 Identify and analyze the types of arguments used by the speaker, including argument by causation, analogy, authority, emotion, and logic.  EL.CM.SL.14 Identify the aesthetic effects of a media presentation, and evaluate the techniques used to create them.  EL.CM.SL.15 Compare and contrast the ways in which media genres (e.g., televised news, news magazines, documentaries, online information) cover the same event.  EL.CM.SL.16 Analyze historically significant speeches (e.g., Abraham Lincoln's "Gettysburg Address," Martin Luther King, Jr.'s "I Have a Dream") to find the rhetorical devices and features that make them memorable.  EL.CM.SL.17 Analyze how language and delivery affect the mood and tone of the oral communication and make an impact on the audience.		

### ANGUAGE ARTS

tem Admission Option—Adopted by the State Board of Higher Education, February 2005

ENGLIS Current Oregon University COMMON
CURRICULUM GOALS
Reading
Analyze words, recognize words, and learn to read grade-level text fluently across the subject areas.
Listen to, read, and un- derstand a wide variety o informational and narrati- text across the subject at eas at school and on owr applying comprehension strategies as needed.
Increase word knowledge through systematic vocabulary development; determine the meaning of new words by applying knowledge of word origins, word relationships, and context clues; verify the meaning of new words and use those new words accurately across the sul

### PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND **DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT** PERFORMANCE

PASS assumes that reading skills are in place.

### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

### PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND **DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE**

ject areas.

Find, understand, and use specific information in a variety of texts across the subject areas to perform a task.

Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

Develop an interpretation of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

Examine content and structure of grade-level informational text across the subject areas.

### Literature

Listen to text and read text to make connections and

respond to a wide variety of literature of varying complexity.

Demonstrate general understanding of grade-level literary text.

Develop an interpretation of grade-level literary text.

### READ FROM A VARIETY OF LITERARY GENRES AND PERIODS (PASS Standard B)

Read a broad selection of literature from a variety of historical periods, cultures, literary perspectives, and genres, including poetry, novels, short stories, essays, and drama.

Criterion B1: Breadth and Depth of Literary Experience

Read works of recognized literary merit from a variety of historical periods, cultures, and genres

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for B1:

- · has read works of literary merit from:
- · a variety of historical literary periods and movements
- · a variety of contemporary writers and regions
- · a variety of cultures and in a variety of forms

### Examine content and structure of grade-level literary text.

### INTERPRET LITERARY WORKS (PASS Standard C)

Analyze literary forms, elements, devices, and themes to interpret and critique literary works.

Criterion C1: Analysis of Literary Elements and Devices

Recognize, examine, and understand the uses and effects of literary elements, language use and structure, and themes within and among literary works.

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for C1:

- within a variety of literary genres and works, recognizes and analyzes
- · the uses of the elements of literature
- . the writer's choices and uses of language
- · the patterns and motifs developed within and among literary works
- · draws well-supported conclusions about the effects of motifs and language use and structure on the reader's experience and the meaning, unity, and effectiveness of a literary work
- · relates general observations to specific textual evidence
- uses concepts and terminology correctly and appropriately

Criterion C2: Interpretation and Use of Textual Evidence

Use textual evidence to develop and support an interpretation of

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for C2:

- · develops an interpretation that exhibits personal engagement, originality, careful reading, understanding, and insight
- · extends beyond literal interpretation, summarizing, verbatim quoting, or personal judgment
- · develops the interpretation from a clear, compelling central thesis
- · establishes and organizes the interpretation around several clear ideas, premises, or images related to the thesis
- develops, explains, and justifies the interpretation through sustained use of examples and textual evidence
- · integrates textual references and quotations smoothly and appropriately to achieve a coherent discussion
- · uses appropriate conventions of style and format in citing and documenting textual references
- expresses the interpretation clearly, coherently, and

Criterion C3: Criticism

Use critical approaches in analyzing and critiquing a literary

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for C3:

- · establishes and applies a logical method for analyzing, interpreting, or critiquing a literary work
- · uses and responds to the ideas of critics in analyzing and critiquing a literary work
- · supports critical judgments with specific evidence

#### ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS Current Oregon University System Admission Option—Adopted by the State Board of Higher Education, February 2005 COMMON PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND COMMON **CURRICULUM DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT** CURRICULUM GOALS GOALS PERFORMANCE · indicates awareness of one or more approaches to Writing literary criticism (e.g., personal, historical, biographical, psychological, sociological, formal, "new critical," feminist) Pre-write, draft, revise, in analyzing and critiquing a literary work edit, and publish across the subject areas. ANALYZE RELATIONSHIPS OF THE HUMANITIES AND HUMAN/SOCIAL EXPERIENCE (PASS Standard E) Explain how works of literature and/or the humanities (e.g., art, philosophy, music, dance, architecture) reflect, influence, and comment on human experiences and societal assumptions, traditions, structures, and/or changes Criterion E1: Understanding of Contextual and Biographical Explain how works from literature and/or the humanities are influenced by historical, social, cultural, political, literary, or creative contexts and individual experiences Descriptions of Proficient Performance for E1: · identifies and explains significant biographical or contextual influences on an author's/creator's work accurately places and analyzes the work within the context of an influential movement (or the works of other authors/ Criterion E2: Understanding of Social/Cultural Commentary Explain social/cultural perspectives, themes, and commentary. Communicate supand examine techniques used to critique a society or to promote ported ideas across the social change in works from literature and/or the humanities. subject areas, including Descriptions of Proficient Performance for E2 relevant examples, facts, anecdotes, and details identifies and interprets significant social/cultural issues. themes, or commentary represented in a literary, appropriate to audience philosophical, or artistic work and purpose that engage reader interest; orga-· examines how and why a literary, philosophical, or artistic nize information in clear work attempts to promote or resist social/cultural change sequence, making conexamines multiple social or cultural viewpoints represented nections and transitions in a literary, artistic, historical, or philosophical work among ideas, sentences, · compares and contrasts social and cultural perspectives, and paragraphs; and use issues, and/or themes between two or more works from precise words and fluent literature and/or the humanities sentence structures that · identifies the reader's own social and cultural points support meaning. of view and biases that influence perceptions of and responses to a literary, philosophical, or artistic work Criterion E3: Understanding of Social/Cultural Representations Examine how individuals, groups, and cultures are represented in specific works from literature and/or the humanities. Descriptions of Proficient Performance for E3: · identifies the social, cultural, historical, or political context presented in a literary or artistic work · identifies and analyzes the ways in which individuals, groups, relationships, and social dynamics are depicted within a literary or artistic work · recognizes, analyzes, and critiques stereotypical · analyzes the influences of social and cultural membership, ethnicity, or gender within a literary or artistic work

# PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE

### WRITE FOR VARIED PURPOSES (PASS Standard A)

Write clearly, coherently, and effectively in a range of modes to discover and convey meaning.

Criterion A1: Quality of Thinking (Ideas and Content)

Develop, support, and convey clear, focused, and substantive ideas in ways appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose.

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A1:

- builds from the thinking of others while discovering, developing, and expressing original and well-developed ideas
- conveys thinking that is comprehensible and interesting for its intended audience
- fully develops ideas and content appropriate to mode and audience, avoiding superficial discussions or disconnected content
- · develops and connects ideas
- reasons carefully and supports claims using relevant details, examples, or evidence
- achieves clarity, focus, and control of thinking through a balanced and insightful treatment of the topic

Criterion A2: Organization and Coherence (Organization)

Organize writing in clear, coherent sequences, making connections and transitions among ideas, paragraphs, and sentences.

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A2:

- understands and uses a variety of organizational patterns, based on content, context, purpose, and audience
- organizes to unify, highlight, develop, and enhance central ideas or images
- sequences ideas and information clearly, logically, and coherently
- manages complex ideas through effective paragraphing; uses paragraph structures and breaks to communicate and enhance the organizational structure of the work
- establishes smooth, effective connections and transitions among ideas, paragraphs, and sentences
- integrates details, examples, and supporting evidence smoothly and appropriately
- uses repetition, contrast, and parallel organizational structures where appropriate to highlight relationships among ideas, paragraphs, and sentences

Criterion A3: Style and Technique (Sentence Fluency and Word Choice)

Use and vary sentence structures, word choices, and writing voice to achieve clear and fluent writing.

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A3:

- adapts voice, style, sentence patterns, and word choices to content, context, purpose, and audience
- · uses language in natural, fresh, vivid, and lively ways
- · varies language to achieve interest
- evokes clear and compelling images, using figurative language when appropriate
- crafts and varies sentences to achieve clarity and interest and to enhance meaning
- demonstrates understanding and control of sentence structure; uses sentence fragments sparingly and only where effective

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

Current Oregon University System Admission Option—Adopted by the State Board of Higher Education, February 2005

COMMON
<b>CURRICULUM</b>
GOALS

Demonstrate knowledge of

tuation, capitalization, and penmanship across the

spelling, grammar, punc-

Write narrative, exposi-

tory, and persuasive texts,

forms—including journals,

using a variety of written

poems, research reports,

research papers, business

and technical writing-to

express ideas appropriate

to audience and purpose

across the subject areas.

essays, short stories,

subject areas.

### PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE

Criterion A4: Conventions and Format (Conventions and Citing

Use correct spelling, grammar, punctuation, capitalization, sentence construction, formatting, and, when appropriate,

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A4

- uses conventions of usage, form, and style appropriate for content, context, audience, mode, and purpose
- selects and uses punctuation effectively to guide the reader through the text
- spells words correctly in final drafts, using spell checks and other support resources when necessary
- uses language, grammar, and syntax correctly to achieve clarity and style; avoids errors that would impede
- · correctly uses appropriate MLA, APA, or other accepted conventions (include style sheet if style other than MLA or
- · uses page formats, layouts, fonts, and spacing to increase readability and impact of document that is appropriate for content, context, audience, and purpose
- reviews and proofs documents so they are essentially free from mechanical, typographic, or production errors

Criterion A5: Modes, Purposes, and Forms

Write for varied purposes in a variety of modes and forms.

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A5

- · writes in, uses, and adjusts writing for a variety of modes (expository, persuasive, personal narrative, fictional
- writes effectively for a variety of purposes (to discover and work out ideas, express self, inform, report, persuade, narrate, entertain)
- writes effectively in a variety of forms (e.g., essays, research papers, technical reports, letters or business and electronic communications, fiction, poetry, drama)

Criterion A6: Writing Process

Use effective processes to generate, compose, organize, revise, and present writing.

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A6:

- · employs writing processes and strategies that fit purpose, context, audience, and personal style
- · uses effective processes to organize and order ideas, either before composing or in revising early drafts
- · demonstrates a focused process of improvement from

### CONDUCT INQUIRY AND RESEARCH (PASS Standard D)

Conduct inquiry and research, using a variety of primary and secondary sources and informational resources to investigate questions and topics, gather and synthesize information, and ate and communicate knowledge in written form.

Identify and frame topics, questions, and purposes for inquiry; plan and conduct research

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for D1

- identifies topics, asks questions, and develops ideas leading to inquiry, investigation, and research
- plans and conducts multi-step information searches and/or investigations for varied purposes
- uses a variety of research methods and resources, including on-line information searches
- · uses a variety of primary and secondary sources, distinguishing the nature and value of each

### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

### PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE

- plans and conducts scripted and/or open-ended interviews. using appropriate questioning, recording, and analyzing techniques
- reports and reflects upon research processes (in journals, oral reports, "I-search" papers, research logs, etc.)

Locate and interpret varied information sources; distinguish among facts, supported inferences, and opinions; evaluate

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for D2:

- · independently uses organizational features of libraries, electronic media, information sources and texts to access
- locates varied and sufficient sources of information, using available library, electronic, and human resources
- accurately interprets information presented in text and
- selects, categorizes, organizes and records information to facilitate access and use
- clearly distinguishes among facts, supported inferences, and opinions in information sources
- identifies possible bias, stereotyping, unsupported inferences, fallacious reasoning, etc. in information sources

Criterion D3: Use of Researched Information

Use, integrate, and cite researched information and evidence

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for D3:

- synthesizes information attained through research to develop coherent conclusions, discussions, and presentations
- supports conclusions and arguments with adequate and appropriate researched information
- · quotes or paraphrases information sources accurately and appropriately, avoiding plagiarism and parroting
- integrates quotations and citations into written text. maintaining flow of ideas, avoiding overuse of quotations, and achieving a balance between information and own
- · correctly uses appropriate MLA, APA, or other accepted conventions (include style sheet if style other than MLA or APA is used) for in-text documentation and works cited
- coherently and appropriately combines and integrates information from inquiry-based research
- achieves an accurate, balanced, and honest research
- · uses reasonably correct spelling, grammar, punctuation, capitalization, paragraph structure, and sentence structure

### Speaking and Listening

Communicate supported ideas across the subject areas using oral, visual. and multimedia forms in ways appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; organize oral, visual, and multimedia presentations in clear sequence, making connections and transitions among ideas and elements: use language appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose; and demonstrate control of eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, inflection, gestures, and other nonverbal techniques.

### COMMUNICATE AND ANALYZE IN ORAL, VISUAL, AND WRITTEN FORMS (PASS Standard F)

Use and analyze oral visual written, and multimedia communication forms to convey information and ideas for a variety of purposes, audiences, and contexts

Criterion F1: Use of Oral, Visual, and Written Forms

Use and integrate oral, visual, written, and multimedia forms to communicate ideas in ways appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose

Descriptions of Proficient Performance for F1:

- effectively uses a variety of communication forms (oral, visual, written, multimedia) and methods (speeches, dramatizations, informal presentations, slide presentations. computer and web graphics, posters, films/videos, print journalism, reports, essays, creative writing)
- selects a communication form appropriate for audience and
- demonstrates the principles of a chosen form of communication
- · communicates clear, coherent thinking

Investigate topics of intering appropriate media sources, using effective research processes, and of resources and materi-

est and importance across the subject areas, selectdemonstrating ethical use als. (See Writing Applications-Expository Writing: Research Reports)

# ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS Current Oregon University System Admission Option—Adopted by the State Board of Higher Education, February 2005

	stem Admission Option—Adopted by the State Board of F		
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE
00/120	establishes a tone appropriate for the form of	007120	I EN GIAMPARGE
	communication, context, audience, and purpose		
	effectively integrates forms of communication in multimedia presentations		
	Criterion F2: Organization of Presentations		
	Organize oral presentations in clear, coherent sequences appropriate to topic, context, audience, and purpose.		
	Descriptions of Proficient Performance for F2:		
	uses an effective organizational pattern based on - audience and purpose		
	incorporates an effective beginning, smooth transitions, and a strong sense of closure		
	integrates visuals effectively to enhance audience interest and understanding		
	Criterion F3: Use of Language and Techniques		
Listen critically and respond appropriately	Use the languages, techniques, and conventions of various communication forms to communicate ideas.		
across the subject areas.	Descriptions of Proficient Performance for F3:		
	in oral communication, uses precise language; clear		
	enunciation; correct pronunciation; fluent delivery; variations in rate, volume, tone, and inflection; effective eye contact, expressions, and gestures; visual aides, media, and props, where appropriate		
	<ul> <li>in visual/multimedia communication, uses: clear and effective graphic language and symbols; elements and principles of design; appropriate and effective use of media; correct techniques and processes</li> </ul>		
	in written communication, uses clear and precise language whose tone and aesthetic effect are appropriate for the ideas and purpose of the communication		
	chooses language to achieve desired audience response		
	Criterion F4: Analysis of Oral, Visual, Written, and Multimedia Communications		
Evaluate the significance and accuracy of information and ideas presented	Analyze and evaluate oral, visual, and written/media communications, considering topic, context, audience, purpose, delivery, and language.		
in oral, visual, and multi-	Descriptions of Proficient Performance for F4:		
media communications across the subject areas.	<ul> <li>identifies key information and ideas from oral, visual, written, or multimedia presentations</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>analyzes how form, technique, and language are used in a variety of oral, visual, written or multimedia communications</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>evaluates the effectiveness of an oral, visual, written or multimedia communication in relationship to its context, audience, purpose, and delivery</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>identifies and critically evaluates communications and language which reflect biases, stereotypes, persuasive techniques, and propaganda from various sources</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>reflects upon and critically evaluates student's own use of language in relationship to context, audience, purpose, personal voice and style</li> </ul>		
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## **ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY**

### **English Language Development**

The Oregon English Language Proficiency (ELP) Standards provide teachers with information they can use to ensure that English-language development is occurring appropriately for all Limited English Proficient (LEP) students.

These standards encapsulate suggestions to teachers for ensuring that the needs of LEP students are addressed. They explicitly state what it is that all LEP students need to know and be able to do as they learn English and move toward full and successful participation in classes instructed only in English.

The Oregon English Language Proficiency Standards delineate the proficiency levels required to move through the levels of English-language development. The levels of developing proficiency in a second language have been well documented through research and were designed to provide teachers of all types of programs clear benchmarks of progress.

English language functions and forms acquired by native English speakers before entering school or naturally at home need to be explicitly taught to students learning English as an additional

language. These functions and forms may be taught at any grade level as the need and appropriate context arise.

A language function refers to the purpose for which speech or writing is being used. In speech, these functions include giving instructions, introducing ourselves, and making requests. In academic writing, these functions might include describing processes, comparing or contrasting things or ideas, and classifying objects or ideas.

Forms of a language deal with the internal grammatical structure of

words. Forms would include, for example, the relationship between the words boy and boys, or the relationship (irregular) between the words man and men.

The forms and functions as well as the English language arts pathway for LEP students are now in the REAL Searchable Standards at www.ode.state.or.us/go/standards.

See related article "Oregon English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA)" in Section A under Performance Standards.

### **Language Functions and Examples of Forms**

	LANGUAGE FUNCTION	EXAMPLE OF LANGUAGE FORM		
1	Expressing needs and likes	Sentence structure		
2	Describing people, places, things	Nouns, pronouns, adjectives		
3	Describing location	Prepositional phrases		
4	Describing action	Present progressive tense, adverbs		
5	Retelling/relating past events	Past tense verbs		
6	Making predictions	Verbs: future tense, conditional mood		
7	Asking informational questions	Verbs and verb phrases in questions		
8	Asking clarifying questions	Questions with increasing specificity		
9	Expressing and supporting opinions	Sentence structure		
10	Compacting	Adjectives and conjunctions		
11	Contrasting	Comparative adjectives		
12	Summarizing	Increasingly complex sentences with increasingly specific vocabulary		
13	Persuading	Verb forms		
14	Literary analysis	Sentence structure, specific vocabulary		
15	Cause and effect	Verb forms		
16	Drawing Conclusions	Comparative adjectives		
17	Defining	Nouns, pronouns, and adjectives		
18	Explaining	Verb forms, declarative sentences, complex sentences, adverbs of manner		
19	Generalizing	Abstract nouns, verb forms		
20	Evaluating	Complex sentences; increasing specificity of nouns, verbs, and adjectives		
21	Interpreting	Language of propaganda, complex sentences		
22	Sequencing	Adverbs of time, relative clauses, subordinate conjunctions		
23	Hypothesizing and speculating	Modals (would, could, might), compound tenses (would have been)		
24	Summarizing	Modals (would, could, might), compound tenses (would have been)		

\*Student accountability for these standards began in 2005-06.

ACQUISITION OF LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS AND FORMS—ALL GRADES

Language Function	BEGINNING	EARLY INTERMEDIATE	INTERMEDIATE	EARLY ADVANCED	ADVANCED	TARGET FORMS
A Language Function refers to the purpose for which speech or writing is being used.	Beginning students demonstrate minimal comprehension of general meaning: gain familiarity with the sounds, rhythms and patterns of English. Early stages show no verbal responses while in later stages one or two word responses are expected. Students respond in single words and phrases, which may include subject or a predicate. Many speech errors are observed. (bear, brown)	Early Intermediate students demonstrate increased comprehension of general meaning and some specific meaning; use routine expressions independently and respond using phrases and simple sentences, which include a subject and predicate. Students show basic errors in speech. (The bear is brown. He is eating.)	Intermediate students demonstrate good comprehension of general meaning; increased comprehension of specific meaning; respond in more complex sentences, with more detail using newly acquired vocabulary to experiment and form messages. (The brown bear lived with his family in the forest.)	Early Advanced students demonstrate consistent comprehension of general meaning; good understanding of implied meaning; sustain conversation, respond with detail in compound and complex sentences; actively participate using more extensive vocabulary, use standard grammar with few random errors. (Can bears live in the forest if they find food there?)	Advanced students' comprehension of general and implied meaning, including idiomatic and figurative language. Students initiate and negotiate using appropriate discourse, varied grammatical structures and vocabulary; use of conventions for formal and informal use. (Would you like me to bring pictures of the bear that I saw last summer?)	Target Forms of lan- guage deal with the internal grammatical structure of words. The relationship between boy and boys, for example, and the relationship (irregular) between man and men would be forms of a language.
EXPRESSING NEEDS AND LIKES	EP.BG.01 One-or two-word answers (nouns or yes/no) to questions about prefer- ences, (e.g., two, apples, or tree)	EP.EI.01 Simple sentences with subject/verb/ object. "I like/don't like(object). I need a/some(object)."	EP.IN.01 Elaborated sentences with subject/ verb/object	EP.EA.01 Sentences with subject/verb/object and dependent clause	EPAD.01 Complex sentences, perhaps with tags or embedded questions	Sentence Structure: The basic sentence structures that we use to express needs and likes are foundations of the more complex sentence structure we use for aca- demic purposes.
DESCRIBING PEOPLE, PLACES AND THINGS	EP.BG.02 Common nouns and adjectives	EP.EI.02 Simple sentences with the verb to be, using common nouns and adjectives. "The (my, her) is/are A (it) has/have"	EP.IN.02 Elaborated sentences has/have/had or is/are/were with nouns and adjectives	EP.EA.02 Compound sentences with more specific vocabulary (nouns, adjectives)	EP.AD.02 Complex sentences with more specific vocabulary (nouns, adjectives)	Nouns, Pronouns and Adjectives: Students learn to understand and generate oral and written language with nouns, pronouns and adjectives.
DESCRIBING LOCATION	EP.BG.03 Demonstrated comprehension of total physical response commands, including prepositions (e.g., on, off, in, out, inside, outside)	EP.EI.03 Simple sentences with prepositional phrases (e.g., next to, beside, between, in front of, in back of, behind, on the left/right, in the middle of, above, below, under)	EP.IN.03 May include two prepositional phrases with more difficult prepositions (e.g., in front of, behind, next to)	EP.EA.03 Complex sentences with phrases using prepositions (e.g., beneath, within)	EP.AD.03 Complex sentences with phrases using prepositions (e.g., beneath, within)	Prepositional Phrases: Students learn to understand and generate oral and written language with prepositional phrases.
DESCRIBING ACTION	EP.BG.04 Demonstrated comprehension (perform or describe actions)	EP.EI.04 Present progressive	EP.IN.04 Variety of verb tenses and descriptive adverbs	EP.EA.04 Adverb clauses telling how, where, or when	EP.AD.04 Adverb clauses telling how, where, or when.	Present Progressive Tense, Adverbs: Students learn to understand and generate oral and written language skills with present progressive tense and adverbs.
RETELLING/ RELATING PAST EVENTS	EP.BG.05 Single words in response to past tense question	EP.EI.05 Simple sentences with past progressive  " (pronoun) was/wereing."	EP.IN.05 Simple sentences with regular and irregular past tense verbs "Yesterday/Last/On	EP.EA.05 Compound sentences using past tense and adverbs	EPAD.05 Present progressive/past perfect tense with specialized prepositions "inave/has beening since/for"	Past Tense Verbs: Students learn to under- stand and generate oral and written language with past tense verbs.
MAKING PREDICTIONS	EP.BG.06 In response to questions, may respond by circling, pointing, and so on, or answer with one or two words	EP.EI.06 "The" is/are going to"	EP.IN.06 "The will"	EP.EA.06 Conditional (could, might) mood in complex sentences	EP.AD.06 Conditional (could, might) mood in complex sentences	Verbs: Future Tense, Conditional Mood: Students learn to under- stand and generate oral and written language with future tense verbs and conditional mood.
ASKING INFORMATIONAL QUESTIONS	EP.BG.07 Simple ques- tions about familiar or concrete subjects	EP.EI.07 Present or present progressive tense questions with <i>to be</i>	EP.IN.07 Who, what, where, why questions with do or did	EP.EA.07 Detailed questions with who, what, when, where, why and how	EP.AD.07 Detailed questions with expanded verb phrase	Verbs and Verb Phrases in Questions: Students learn to understand and generate oral and written language with verbs and verb phrases in questions.

Oregon Department of Education

Oregon Standards — 2006-07 School Year

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY

\*Student accountability for these standards

LANGUAGE EARLY EARLY TARGET **BEGINNING** INTERMEDIATE ADVANCED **FUNCTION** INTERMEDIATE ADVANCED **FORMS** ASKING Not Applicable EP.EI.08 Formula questions EP.IN.08 Formula gues-EP.EA.08 A variety of EP.AD.08 Varied, specific Questions with In-CLARIFYING clarifying classroom procetions clarifying classroom fairly specific questions questions clarifying procecreasing Specificity QUESTIONS dures, rules and routines procedures, rules and clarifying procedures or dures or content routines EXPRESSING EP.BG.08 "I like/don't like EP.EI.09 "I think/agree with EP.IN.09 "I think/agree EP.EA.09 "In my opinion EP.AD.09 Complex sen-Sentence Structure AND SUPPORTING (concrete topics)." with (don't) \_\_\_\_\_ be-\_ should\_ (don't) tences using modals and OPINIONS cause because/so clauses EP.BG.09 Single words EP.EI.10 Sentences with EP.IN.10 "Subject/verb/ EP.EA.10 Varied sentence EP.AD.10 Complex Adjectives and COMPACTING or phrases in response subject/verb/adjective adjective, but \_ structures with specific sentence structure with Conjunctions to concrete comparison showing similarities and Adjective with -er or -est specific comparative comparative adjectives and phrases language EP.AD.11 Approximately EP.EI.11 Sentences with EP.IN.11 "Subject/verb/ad-EP.EA.11 Subject/verb/ CONTRASTING Comparative subject/verb/adjective adjective, both subject/ used idiomatic phrases jective like but Adjectives showing similarities and subject/verb/adjective." verb. but and contrasting words (e.g., whereas, in contrast) SUMMARIZING EP.EA.12 Conjunc-Increasingly Complex FP AD 12 Conjunctions EP.EI.12 Simple sen-EP.IN.12 Compound sen-Sentences with tions that summarize that summarize (indeed, tences with key nouns. tences with and/but (to conclude, indeed, in **Increasingly Specific** therefore, consequently) adjectives, and verbs summary, in short) Vocabulary PERSHADING EP.IN.13 Imperative verb EP.EA.13 Complex EP.AD.13 Complex sen-Verb Forms sentences with future and tences with varied verb forms conditional forms and tag questions, idiomatic expressions or embedded clauses EP.IN.14 Compound sen-Sentence Structure and LITERARY EP.BG.10 Single words EP.EI.13 Simple sentenc-EP.EA.14 Descriptive lan-EP.AD.14 Specific tences with and, because. Specific Vocabulary for character and setting es (subject/verb/adjective) descriptive language in ANALYSIS quage in more complex before, after (subject/verb/object) complex sentences sentences EP.EI.14 Answer cause FP IN 15 Descriptive EP.AD.15 Conditional: "If CAUSE AND EFFECT EP.EA.15 Complex Verb Forms and effect question with a sentences with past tense had/hadn't sentences with past tense simple response verbs would/wouldn't DRAWING EP.IN.16 Comparative EP.EA.16 Comparative EP.AD.16 Comparative Comparative Adjec-CONCLUSIONS adjectives with past tense adjectives with conjuncadjectives with idiomatic tions such as although, verbs in simple sentences phrases and passive voice because, that EP.EI.15 Simple terms. Nouns, Pronouns, Ad-DEFINING EP.BG.11 Patterned EP.EA.17 Concrete and EP.AD.17 Clear, well-EP.IN.17 Connected text aspects of concrete and fajectives: Students lea including irregular nouns, abstract topics using responses: "A table is structured, detailed lanmiliar objects, regular nouns to define concrete and abfurniture. A boy is a quage on complex subnersonal possessive irregular nouns, singular singular and plural personal stract objects/concepts with jects, showing controlled person. and plural, personal and pronouns and adjectives pronouns, present tense. correct nouns, pronouns, use of nouns, pronouns. possessive pronouns and with some irregular past simple sentences and adjectives tense verbs adjectives adjectives. EXPLAINING Verb Forms, De-EP.EI.16 Main points in EP.IN.18 Explain EP.EA.18 Get across FP.AD.18 Get across clarative Sentences, familiar idea or problem simple, straightforward important points using which point he/she feels Complex Sentences, with some precision using information of immediate is most important using declarative, compound regular and irregular verb Adverbs of Manner relevance, using regular simple indicative verb and complex sentences, verbs and adverbs of forms, adverbs of manner Students learn to develop forms in simple declararegular and irregular verb and use explanations using manner in declarative and compound-complex tive sentences "Large forms sentences and compound sentences. Adverbs of appropriate verb forms, oaks grew in the park. The Complex: "As I came declarative and complex sentences "Maria planted manner: "The children lenath of the room is 40 home. I stopped at the the petunia seeds carewho sang loudly got a sentences and adverbs of store." cookie, but those who Compound: "The children didn't sing had none." who came in early had refreshments, but those who came late had none. Abstract Nouns, Verb GENERALIZING EP.IN.19 Imperative EP.EA.19 Indicative EP.AD.19 Subjunctive mode: makes a statement mode: expressing a mode: expresses com-Forms: Students learn to mand "Take me home." of fact "The temperature condition contrary to fact develop and use gener-"Stav there." or expressing a doubt "If alizations using abstract is low " Collective nouns name, Abstract nouns: name nouns, verb forms and only he were here." as a unit, the members of things or ideas that nominalizations. a group (herd, class, jury, people cannot touch or congregation). handle (beauty, honesty, comfort, love) Page 36B Oregon Standards — 2006–07 School Year Oregon Department of Education

# ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY

\*Student accountability for these standards

Adopted June 2004	1	<u> </u>	I	<u> </u>	ı	
LANGUAGE FUNCTION	BEGINNING	EARLY INTERMEDIATE	INTERMEDIATE	EARLY ADVANCED	ADVANCED	TARGET FORMS
EVALUATING	EP.BG.12 Adjectives that point out particular objects (that wagon, those toys, each person, every girl). Number adjectives: (two men, ten ships, the third time, the ninth boy)	EP.EI.17 Adjectives used to limit: (few horses, much snow, little rain)	EP.IN.20 Evaluate simple direct exchange of limited information on familiar and routine matters using simple verbs and adjectives.  Correlative conjunctions are used in pairs: both—and; not only—but also "Neither the teacher nor the students could solve the problem."	EP.EA.20 Qualify opinions and statements precisely in relation to degrees of certainty/uncertainty, belief/doubt, likelihood, etc.	EP.AD.20 Convey finer, precise shades of meaning by using, with reasonable accuracy, a wide range of qualifying devices, such as adverbs that express degree "This class is too hard."; clauses expressing limitations "This is a school van, but it is only used for sports."; and complex sentences.	Complex Sentences; Increasing Specificity of Nouns, Verbs, and Adjectives: Students learn to understand and use complex sentences using very specific nouns, verbs and adjectives.
INTERPRETING	EP.BG.13 Interpret a single phrase at a time, picking up familiar names, words, and basic phrases "D'Onofrio chocolates are the best."	EP.EI.18 Interpret short, simple texts containing the highest frequency vocabulary	EP.IN.21 Interpret short, simple texts on familiar matters of a concrete type which consist of high frequency everyday or school-related language	EP.EA.21 Interpret a wide range of long and complex texts, appreciat- ing subtle distinctions of style and implicit as well as explicit meaning	EP.AD.21 Interpret critically virtually all forms of the written language including abstract, structurally complex, or highly colloquial non-literary writings	Language of Propa- ganda, Complex Sen- tences: Students learn to identify and interpret the language of propa- ganda and use complex sentences.
SEQUENCING	EP.BG.14 Subject "The girl who was sick went home." Natural sequencing "I hit him and he fell over."	EP.EI.19 Direct object "The story that I read was long." Indirect object "The man to whom I gave the pres- ent was absent."	EP.IN.22 Prepositional object "I found the book that John was talking about."	EP.EA.22 Possessive "I know the woman whose father is visiting." Subordinate conjunctions used to join two grammatical parts of equal rank "Although he worked hard, he did not finish his homework."	EP.AD.22 Object of comparison "The person whom Susan is taller than is Mary."	Adverbs of time, Relative Clauses, Subordinate Conjunctions: Students learn sequencing using adverbs of time, relative clauses and subordinate conjunctions.
HYPOTHESIZING AND SPECULATING			EP.IN.23 Auxiliary verbs that indicate futurity: will and shall	EP.EA.23 Auxiliary verb indicating desire or intent: would	EP.AD.23 Auxiliary verbs include modal verbs, which may express possibility: may, might, can, could.	Modals (would, could, might), Compound Tenses (would have been): Students learn to hypothesize and speculate using modals and compound tenses.
SUMMARIZING	EP.BG.15 Copy out short texts; can copy out single words and short texts	EPEL20 Paraphrase short written passages in a simple fashion, using the original text wording and ordering; pick out and reproduce key words and phrases or short sentences from a short text within the learner's limited competence and experience	EP.IN.24 Summarize extracts from news items, interviews or documentaries containing opinions, argument and discussion; summarize the plot and sequence of events in a poem or play; collate short pieces of information from several sources and summarize them for someone else	EP.EA.24 Summarize a wide range of factual and imaginative texts, commenting on and discussing contrasting points of view and the main themes	EP.AD.24 Summarize information from different sources, reconstructing arguments and accounts in a coherent presentation of the overall result	Modals (would, could, might), Compound Tenses (would have been): Students learn to summarize and speculate using modals and compound tenses.
Oregon Department of	0.77	1	 Standards	~	1	Page 37R

### **Technology Literacy**

by Carla Wade, Oregon Department of Education

Technologically literate students access and acquire knowledge, exchange ideas and opinions, solve problems, and create, innovate and express themselves through the skillful use of a variety of technologies. As with any other tool, technology should be used by students when its use will increase understanding, engagement and learning.

There is little doubt that students in Oregon's classrooms today will need to be technologically literate in order to be successful in the 21st century. The jobs in which today's students will be employed will require that they be able to research, analyze, communicate, and create using technology. It is incumbent upon schools to prepare students for these responsibilities.

"Literacy is about more than learning to read or write. To be literate means to have a working knowledge of communication. To thrive in the 21st Century our students need to be able to navigate through more than a book or newspaper. They must acquire competent 21st Century literacy skills." Will Greenleaf, Canby School District Literacy Teacher

As technology filters down into every aspect of our society, it is essential that students not develop technological skills in isolation. Technology, more than any other discipline, has the ability to be integrated throughout the curriculum. By providing access to information, opening pathways to communication and facilitating personal understanding, technology supports learning in all subjects.

"It's more than knowing how to drive the information superhighway; it is the understanding of how to learn and adapt to new technologies as a competent consumer." Eva La Mar, Springfield School Dis-

Eva La Mar, Springfield School District One to One Coordinator

The Oregon Department of Education believes that technology plays an essential role in a student's education. To that end the Technology Common Curriculum Goals were adopted by the State Board in March 2002:

- 1. Demonstrate proficiency in the use of technological tools and devices.
- 2. Select and use technology to enhance learning and problem solving
- 3. Access, organize and analyze information to make informed decisions, using one or more technologies.
- 4. Use technology in an ethical and legal manner and understand how technology affects society.
- Design, prepare and present unique works using technology to communicate information and ideas
- 6. Extend communication and collaboration with peers, experts and other audiences using telecommunications.

Classroom teachers play an essential role in providing the environment and learning opportunities for students to develop their technological literacy. As new technologies evolve, our ability to adapt and change how we integrate technology into effective instruction will do much to move students into the future with confidence.

State technology directors are reporting critical instructional uses of technology that advance NCLB goals and close the achievement gap (SETDA 2005 National Trends Report). Those include:

- Access to software, web courses, virtual learning, and other technology-based learning solutions that are aligned to standards, strengthening basic skills and increasing academic achievement.
- Informed use of digital tools, which, in the hands of highly-qualified teachers, are used to broaden and strengthen learning and teacher through authenticity, real-world problem solving, critical thinking, communication, and production for students; as well as support the development of highly qualified teachers through online courses, communities of practice, and virtual communication

As an initiative, rather than an event, professional development and technology integration is complex. We have many things to work on as we move forward:

- Provide ongoing professional development for teachers, administrators and paraprofessionals to further their understanding of how to effectively integrate technology into teaching and learning
- Continue to focus on integration of technology to improve academic achievement, especially at earlier grade levels
- Educate districts to enable them to see the priority for moving technology from a "frill" to an essential
- Consider total cost of ownership when thinking about technology, and provide strategies to fund ongoing support and maintenance



- Support leaders to understand, use, and model technology integration on a regular basis
- Educate parents, school boards, businesses, and community stakeholders about educational technology
- Link technology integration to curriculum standards
- Develop partnerships with business and industry
- Encourage mentoring/coaching models that build teachers' capacity to integrate technology

"It is essential to provide ongoing opportunities for teachers to develop their skills, experiment with technology, and network with others." Jennifer Arns, Organization for Educational Technology & Curriculum (OETC)

National Educational Technology Standards for Students (NETS) visit http://cnets.iste.org/students.

National Educational Technology Standards for Teachers (NETS-T) visit http://cnets.iste.org/teachers.

For more on Educational Technology visit www.ode.state.or.us/go/edtech.

### From the Bottom Up: Surveys of Enacted Curriculum

by Joyce Linik - Northwest Regional Education Laboratory

When Steve Carnes, principal of Central Middle School in the Milton-Freewater School District, assumed the added responsi-



bility of overseeing district curriculum, he saw a process in desperate need of overhauling. "I was looking for a model of curriculum alignment that would be helpful to staff, wouldn't be so painful, and would involve all district staff, not just a small district committee."

Enter Ginger Redlinger of the Oregon Department of Education. Piecing together elements from two noted curriculum planning models, as well as added components from educational research, Redlinger helped district staff construct a new approach to curriculum planning, one that advocates shared responsibility for curriculum between administrators and teachers.

The result, says Carnes, is "a districtwide model that is teacher-driven from the core to the end. It's all about teachers and using their

expertise. And because it's driven by teachers, I knew it had great potential to be what we needed."

In the two years since the new process was instituted, there have been sizable gains in student performance.

A THREE-TIERED APPROACH

The model has three tiers: a district cabinet, a district curriculum council, and a system for all teachers in the district to be actively engaged in analyzing and using data to inform their practice.

The district cabinet comprises one teacher from each of the district's schools as well as a primary and secondary school administrator, and a representative from the school board. The group meets four times a year to make recommendations on district curriculum and instruction. Says Carnes, "This group of teachers and administrators is making all the big decisions about district curriculum alignment, adoption, data analysis, everything."

The district curriculum council is made up of two teachers from each building who meet monthly to analyze K-12 curriculum and identify areas in need of further research. "Teachers

volunteer for this committee," says Carnes, "and it involves a lot of data analysis. The council's basic job is to pull together data from three sources – state assessments, Surveys of Enacted Curriculum (SEC), and curriculum mapping reports—in such a way that it can then be sent to the

The third component involves all teachers in the district, who are given release time every month to electronically map and reflect on curriculum, examine data, and collaborate on questions they or the council have raised regarding student achievement.

### LOOKING AT DATA

Analyzed data extend far beyond state test scores, which are not always sufficient to make broad-based curriculum decisions. As a result, the district starts with state test data, uncovers concerns, and then looks at two other key pieces of data to inform curriculum decisions.

The second piece of the data analysis is a yearlong curriculum mapping process. Teachers record their planned curriculum each month, note any changes in actual practice from

the previous month's curriculum plan, and reflect on these changes.

Surveys of Enacted Curriculum (SEC) provide a third crucial piece of the data. Teachers take the online survey at the end of the school year. The surveys track the amount of time spent in certain content areas, time spent teaching each of the standards, and the kinds of strategies used in the classroom. "It doesn't just get at the 'what,' it gets at the 'how,'" says Carnes. "[The survey provides] a measurement tool for how well your curriculum and instruction are aligned to the state standards. It measures that alignment for every topic and every subtopic.

"Our whole goal is to determine where there are spots we know we can develop, and that leads us to professional development in a teacher-collaborative way, not a top-down way," reports Carnes. "The culture that we've established is one where data are used to raise questions and to research. There's nothing evaluative about it. We don't use it to point fingers. The whole purpose is to help all kids reach high standards."

For more about SEC visit www.ode. state.or.us/go/sec.

## **Glossary**

Academic Content Standards—statements of what students are expected to know in particular subjects and be able to do at specified grade levels developed through the standards setting processes, involving Oregon educators. The State Board of Education has adopted the content standards for science, social sciences, the arts, second languages, physical education, and health education, and grade-level standards in English language arts and mathematics.

**Alignment**—the process of linking assessment, instruction, and learning in classrooms to content and performance standards.

Benchmark Standards—a specific statement of knowledge and skills to be demonstrated at the end of a specified range of grades. In science, social sciences, the arts, physical education and health education, a student's progress toward the Certificate of Initial Mastery or Subject Area Endorsement can be checked at or about grades 3, 5, 8, and 10.

#### Career-Related Learning Standards-

statements of fundamental skills essential for success in employment, college, family, and community life that are a requirement for the Certificate of Advanced Mastery (CAM) and the high school diploma (beginning in 2006-07). These are most meaningful when demonstrated through integrated, interdisciplinary approaches and hands-on activities such as accomplishing a task or discovering a solution to a problem, in the classroom or career-related learning experiences.

### **Certificate of Advanced Mastery**

**(CAM)**—an award earned by students who have demonstrated rigorous application of knowledge and skills in preparation for their post-high school goals.

Certificate of Initial Mastery (CIM)—an award earned by students who have met CIM-level standards on state tests and classroom work samples in English lanquage arts, mathematics, and science.

Classroom Assessment—assessment developed, administered and scored by a teacher or set of teachers with the purpose of evaluating individual or classroom student performance on a given topic.

Often, these are called local assessments and when scored using official state scoring guides may be used as work samples.

Cognitive Demand—categories of expectations for student performance that are contextual within a particular subject (e.g. math, science, social sciences, English language arts). Identifying cognitive demands makes it possible for teachers to describe the level of thinking students engage in while learning, and while demonstrating their learning.

Collection of Evidence—evidence collected that shows students' ability to apply what they know and can do related to the standards. A Collection of Evidence is required for Juried Assessment and can be used to demonstrate Extended Application.

Common Curriculum Goals—broad goal statements that describe the same course of study (curriculum) used in all Oregon school districts from kindergarten through grade 12. The Common Curriculum Goals include the academic content standards.

### Content and Assessment Panels-

statewide advisory groups convened by the Department of Education to review, revise, and promote the academic content standards and related assessment items. Panels consist of Oregon teachers and administrators who usually serve threeyear terms.

Criterion-Referenced Assessment—an assessment that uses specific criteria, such as content or performance standards, as the measure for student knowledge and skills. It measures an individual's performance relative to specific criteria and not in comparison to the performance of other students.

**Cut Scores**—the minimum scores associated with performance standards established by Oregon educators and other stakeholders and adopted by the State Board of Education that marks where Oregonians believe a critical difference in levels of performance is demonstrated. These scores must be periodically reviewed to ensure they remain consistent with Oregonians' expectations.

Education Plan—a formalized plan and process through which students establish their personalized education, career and life goals. In the plan, students also outline specific activities that will help them achieve their identified learning goals.

Education Profile—documentation of the student's progress toward achieving the goals outlined in the education plan. Examples include achievement toward CIM, CAM, learning goals, graduation requirements, and other personal accomplishments.

Eligible Content—statements related to the content standards that are eligible for inclusion in the statewide knowledge and skills assessment. The eligible content in science and social sciences is *italicized*.

### English Language Proficiency Stan-

dards—statements designed to supplement the English language arts standards to ensure that Limited English Proficient (LEP) students develop proficiency in both the English language and the concepts and skills contained in the English language arts standards.

Extended Application—the application and extension of knowledge and skills in new and complex situations related to the student's personal and career interests and post-high school goals.

Formative Assessment—a type of classroom assessment used by teachers to help "form" student knowledge and skills during instruction by highlighting a student's academic strengths and weaknesses; often referred to as "assessment for learning" rather than "assessment of learning."

**Grade-level Foundations**—specific statements that describe what students should know and be able to do at grades K-2 in English language arts and Mathematics that will prepare them to meet the grade 3 standards.

**Grade-level Standards**—specific statements, adopted by the State Board of Education, that describe what students should know and be able to do at grades 3 through 8 and CIM (Certificate of Initial Mastery) in English language arts and mathematics.

Language Functions and Grammatical Forms— English language learners (ELL) and second language learners need to understand both the function (purpose) and form (structure) of language. Functions refer to the purpose for which speech or writing is being used. Forms of a language deal with the internal gram-

Norm-Referenced Assessment—evaluations of student performance or performances that are based on comparisons to larger groups rather than each student's mastery of the content standards.

matical structure of words

Oregon Skill Sets—a planning tool for students and teachers that allows for meaningful connections to careers and the working world. School districts may use them to guide curriculum and lesson development. Skill Sets are organized by Oregon's six broad Career Learning Areas: (1) Agriculture, Food & Natural Resource Systems; (2) Arts, Information & Communications; (3) Business & Manaement; (4) Health Services; (5) Human Resource Systems; (6) Industrial & Engineering Systems.

Oregon Statewide Assessment System (OSAS)—official name for Oregon's state-wide Knowledge and Skills Tests, Writing Assessment, and work samples in writing, speaking, math problem solving, scientific inquiry and social science analyses.

Performance Assessment— a measure of a student's ability based on an application of what he or she has learned to standardized tasks such as activities, exercises, or problems. Performance tasks often have more than one acceptable solution. An example of a performance assessment is Oregon's Writing Assessment.

**Performance Descriptors**—short paragraphs that describe what students know and are able to do as represented by the performance standards.

Performance Requirement—a description of the quality and quantity of content standards students need to meet based on the student work being assessed.

Applies to social sciences, arts, second language, physical education, and health education.

Performance Standards—adopted by the State Board of Education, these reflect the number and kinds of work samples, as well as the scores on statewide assessments, considered sufficient to meet or exceed standards.

Proficiency—the targeted level of achievement expected of students based on Oregon's expectations and national trends. Proficiency can be measured through statewide assessments and/or classroom evidence.

Proficiency-based Admission Standards System (PASS)—a system based on Oregon's academic content standards (for the CIM and the CAM) that describes the knowledge and skills students need to demonstrate in order to be successful in Oregon's seven public universities. Part of the Oregon University System, this alignment information is designed to create a seamless K-16 educational system and was adopted by the State Board of Higher Education.

Scoring Guide—an evaluation tool designed for scoring student work that includes specific, consistent assessment criteria for student performance and a scale to help rate student work. Used by Oregon teachers to evaluate student work samples and the State Writing Assessment on a 1-6 point scale.

Subject Area Endorsement—an award earned by students who have met the CIM requirements and state standards in social sciences, the arts, second languages, physical education, and/or health education.

Sufficiency—the amount and variety of evidence necessary to clearly show that a student is proficient in a particular content area. Performance standards adopted by the State Board of Education reflect the number and kinds of work samples, as well as performance levels on statewide assessments, considered "sufficient" to show student mastery of skills in each content area

Summative Assessment—a type of assessment, such as the Oregon Statewide Assessment and the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), that generally occurs after a period of instruction as a measure of learning; often referred to as "assessment of learning" rather than "assessment for learning."

Work Sample—representative samples of individual student work (e.g., research paper, statistical experiments, speaking presentations) that are scored using an official state scoring guide in those subjects for which one has been adopted (i.e., writing, speaking, mathematical problem solving, scientific inquiry, and social science analysis).

### RESOURCES

The Oregon Department of Education is ready to help teachers, classified staff, and administrators as you further develop your standards-based curriculum and instructional methods. Please let us know what you need.

### **CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT**

If you have questions about the Common Curriculum Goals, academic content standards, eligible content, curriculum, instructional issues, or assessment in a particular area, contact the specialist. To learn more about the ODE "Go" Links visit www.ode.state.or.us/go/

CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT AREA		PHONE	
*(Go Link www.ode.state.or.us/go/)	SPECIALIST	(503) 947-5600	E-MAIL
English Language Arts (ELA)	Julie Anderson	(503) 947-5613	julie.anderson@state.or.us
English Language Arts Assessment	Ken Hermens	(503) 947-5830	ken.hermens@state.or.us
(ReadingAssessment, WritingAssessment, SpeakingAsse	essment)		
English Language Proficiency Standards (ELP)	Carmen West	(503) 947-5669	carmen.west@state.or.us
English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA)	Susan Huggins	(503) 947-5824	susan.huggins@state.or.us
Mathematics (Math)	Jonathan Wiens	(503) 947-5764	jonathan.wiens@state.or.us
Mathematics Assessment (Mathematics Assessment)	Cathy Brown	(503) 947-5832	cathy.brown@state.or.us
Science (Science)	Cheryl Kleckner	(503) 947-5794	cheryl.kleckner@state.or.us
Science Assessment (ScienceAssessment)	Leslie Phillips	(503) 947-5835	leslie.phillips@state.or.us
Social Sciences (SocialSciences)	Andrea Morgan	(503) 947-5772	andrea.morgan@state.or.us
Social Sciences Assessment (SocialSciencesAssessment)	Leslie Phillips	(503) 947-5835	leslie.phillips@state.or.us
The Arts (Arts)	Michael Fridley	(503) 947-5660	michael.fridley@state.or.us
Health Education (Health)	Jess Bogli	(503) 947-5659	jess.bogli@state.or.us
Physical Education (PE)	Margaret Bates	(503) 947-5615	margaret.bates@state.or.us
Second Language (SecondLanguage)	Rendy Jantz	(503) 947-5695	rendy.jantz@state.or.us
Career Related Learning Areas (CareerLearning):			
Arts and Communication	Michael Fridley	(503) 947-5660	michael.fridley@state.or.us
Business and Management	Ron Dodge	(503) 947-5653	ron.dodge@state.or.us
Health Services	Theresa Levy	(503) 947-5736	theresa.levy@state.or.us
Human Resource Systems	Susanne Daggett	(503) 947-5713	susanne.daggett@state.or.us
Industrial and Engineering Systems	Ron Dodge	(503) 947-5653	ron.dodge@state.or.us
Natural Resource Systems	Laura Roach	(503) 947-5656	laura.s.roach@state.or.us
Educational Technology (EdTech)	Carla Wade	(503) 947-5631	carla.wade@state.or.us
Extended Assessments (ExtendedAssessments)	Dianna Carrizales	(503) 947-5837	dianna.carrizales@state.or.us
Juried Assessment (JuriedAssessment)	Cathy Brown	(503) 947-5832	cathy.brown@state.or.us
REAL Assessment for Real Success (REALAssessment)	Susan Huggins	(503) 947-5824	susan.huggins@state.or.us
National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)	Elaine Hultengren	(503) 947-5836	elaine.hultengren@state.or.us

#### ADDITIONAL CONTACTS

FOCUS AREA		PHONE	
*(Go Link www.ode.state.or.us/go/)	CONTACT	(503) 947-5600	E-MAIL
Alignment (Alignment)	Drew Hinds	(503) 947-5799	drew.hinds@state.or.us
Alternative Education (AlternativeEd)	Cliff Brush	(503) 947-5790	cliff.brush@state.or.us
Charter Schools NCLB (CharterSchools)	Margaret Bates	(503) 947-5615	margaret.bates@state.or.us
Certificate of Advanced Mastery (CAM)	Theresa Levy	(503) 947-5736	theresa.levy@state.or.us
Continuous Improvement Planning (CIP)	Cathryn Gardner	(503) 947-5622	cathryn.gardner@state.or.us
Child Development Specialists (CDS)	June Tremain	(503) 947-5809	june.tremain@state.or.us
Diploma (Diploma)	Cliff Brush	(503) 947-5790	cliff.brush@state.or.us
Expanded Options (ExpandedOptions)	Jim Schoelkopf	(503) 947-5697	jim.schoelkopf@state.or.us
Guidance and Counseling Programs (Counseling)	June Tremain	(503) 947-5809	june.tremain@state.or.us
High School/Community College Connections	Jim Schoelkopf	(503) 947-5697	jim.schoelkopf@state.or.us
High School Improvement (HighSchoolImprovement)	Theresa Levy	(503) 947-5736	theresa.levy@state.or.us
Homeless Education (HomelessEd)	Dona Bolt	(503) 947-5781	dona.bolt@state.or.us
Home School (HomeSchool)	Karyn Chambers	(503) 947-5773	karyn.chambers@state.or.us
Instructional Materials (InstructionalMaterials)	Sue Parton	(503) 947-5783	sue.parton@state.or.us
Migrant Education (MigrantEd)	Charlie Benitez	(503) 947-5805	charlie.benitez@state.or.us
Oregon Skill Sets (SkillSets)	Ron Dodge	(503) 947-5653	ron.dodge@state.or.us
Private Schools, K-12 (PrivateSchoolsK-12)	Karyn Chambers	(503) 947-5773	karyn.chambers@state.or.us
Professional Technical Education (PTE)	Jim Schoelkopf	(503) 947-5697	jim.schoelkopf@state.or.us
Proficiency-based Admission Standard System	Mark Endsley	(503) 725-5711	mark_endsley@ous.edu
Reading First (ReadingFirst)	Russ Sweet	(503) 947-5638	russ.sweet@state.or.us
Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL	) Sarah Martin	(503) 947-5668	sarah.martin@state.or.us
Service Learning (ServiceLearning)	Pete Ready	(503) 947-5682	pete.ready@state.or.us
Subject Area Endorsements (SubjectAreaEndorsements)	Margaret Bates	(503) 947-5615	margaret.bates@state.or.us
Talented and Gifted (TAG)	Andrea Morgan	(503) 947-5772	andrea.morgan@state.or.us
Teacher Quality (TeacherQuality)	Bev Pratt	(503) 947-5806	bev.pratt@state.or.us

### **Web Resources**

Oregon Department of Education www.ode.state.or.us

Oregon Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL)

www.ode.state.or.us/go/real

Oregon Virtual School District www.ode.state.or.us/go/ovsd

Oregon Skill Sets www.state.or.us/go/skillsets

U.S. Department of Education www.ed.gov

ChalkBoard Project www.chalkboardproject.org Confederation of Oregon School Administrators

www.cosa.k12.or.us

Healthy Kids Learn Better www.healthykidslearnbetter.org

Northwest Regional Educational

Laboratory

www.nwrel.org

Oregon Association of Education Service Districts

www.open.k12.or.us/oaesd

Oregon Department of Community Colleges and Workforce Development

www.oregon.gov/ccwd

Oregon Distance Education www.oregonone.org

Oregon Education Association www.oregoned.org

Oregon Public Education Network www.open.k12.or.us www.openc.k12.or.us

Oregon School Boards Association www.osba.org

Oregon School Library Information System www.oslis.k12.or.us

Oregon University System www.ous.edu

### **Navigating ODE Web**

### Tip #1: Use Categories

Use the Categories (Students, Parents, Teachers, or Administrators) on the ODE Web: www.ode.state.or.us

### Tip #2: Use Google to Search the ODE Web

Use Google to Search ODE Web: www.ode.state.or.us/search/ google.aspx

### \*Tip #3: Use ODE "Go" Links

Use ODE "Go" Links (Easy Links): www.ode.state.or.us/go/ Example "Go" Link for REAL: www.ode.state.or.us/go/real

### Tip #4: Search Standards

Use REAL Searchable Standards: www.ode.state.or.us/go/standards

### Tip #5: Use REAL

Use the Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership REAL):

www.ode.state.or.us/go/real

### **SEND US YOUR COMMENTS**

Please let us know how you use this newspaper and what we could change to better meet your needs.

Contact Drew Hinds at:

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### Section C

# Mathematics Grade-level Foundations & Standards

# What's New in Math 2006-07

#### · Mathematics Standards Review

The mathematics content standards are currently undergoing a review and revision, with anticipated adoption by the State Board of Education in spring 2007. This review is part of the scheduled standards review process. The current review will reflect implementation of the new graduation requirements, the latest research on mathematics standards, and require extensive input from Oregon stakeholders. If you wish to participate in the review or provide feedback please visit <a href="https://www.ode.state.or.us/go/math.">www.ode.state.or.us/go/math.</a>

### · Mathematics Problem Solving Work Samples are Still Required

Students meeting standard on the multiple-choice mathematics tests AND successfully completing the required number of mathematics problem solving work samples meet the Mathematics Standard. The state temporarily suspended the Mathematics Problem Solving assessment starting with the 2004-05 school year.

Students in grades 3 through 8 are responsible for successfully completing one math problem solving work sample from the strands of Geometry, Algebraic Relationships, or Statistics & Probability.

At the CIM level, each student is responsible for successfully completing two work samples from two of the strands of Geometry, Algebraic Relationships, or Statistics & Probability. Note: CIM Level Students may complete one work sample in the area of Statistics and one in Probability.

Oregon is working on alternative methods of assessing mathematics problem solving at the state level. Meanwhile, the problem solving standards themselves are under review – with the desire to have the NCTM process standards more visible.

Support materials for the work samples can be found at <a href="www.ode.state.or.us/qo/pssupport">www.ode.state.or.us/qo/pssupport</a>.

### · 2010 Diploma Requirements

House Bill 3129, passed during the 2005 legislative session, increases the number of credits in mathematics and English language arts that are required for the diploma. All Oregon students graduating after June 30, 2009 will need to complete 3 credits in mathematics and 4 credits in English language arts. Districts must adjust their diploma requirements, as necessary, to ensure that they meet this new state requirement.

### • Standards Numbering System

In response to requests from educators across the state, an Oregon Standards Numbering System has been developed to uniquely identify each standard using a combination of letters and numbers. See key on page 9C.

# The Math Literate Job Candidate

Kathy Hall, Oregon Mathematics Education Council President

The amount of math job candidates need depends on their career path. Oregon's gradelevel standards help students start college or technical training with enough background so that they can learn additional math skills. Technicians and production workers need at least college algebra and statistics. Secretaries need to know arithmetic, logic and graphing concepts.



Accountants need algebra, basic statistics, and calculus if they want to specialize in financial analysis. Engineers need statistics, differential equations, and additional specialized university math depending on their engineering pathway.

All industries need individuals who can take a number of observations and logically weave the information together to solve the problem at hand. This can be scheduling plumbers, figuring out quantity and frequency of reordering stock, correctly making change from \$10.52 for a bill of \$6.42, or knowing when to question the validity and accuracy of data collection or analysis methods. Politicians need to know what message they are communicating when they claim that 99% of respondents support them. For those of us working in technology development, we use statistics, modeling and signal processing methods constantly. My peers at Oregon Health Sciences University use their skills in analysis of lifetime data, and our friends in software development work on finding the simplest algorithms to make the software tools the rest of us use run as quickly as possible.

The standards are meant as minimum guidelines. Anyone interested in a professional, technical job must understand that the math grade-level standards show the beginning of the path that can eventually lead to graduate school. But all the standards are important, regardless of final career choice; engineers must master the English Language Arts and Health Education Standards to be effective employees. Exceeding the high school standards can facilitate students' pursuit of Subject Area Endorsement(s), online, proficiency, or dual college-enrollment to begin work toward a degree.

### **Teaching High-Performing Students Effectively by Using Technology**

Burt Kanner, SKOnline Math Teacher, Salem-Keizer School District

One of the challenges in meeting the rate and level needs of the high-performing and talented and gifted (TAG) students is that they are a small portion of any school's population, and it may be difficult to group high-performing math students from different schools. This problem has been percolating in my mind for years, and I've finally found my Eureka through technology. Online learning is one solution that allows students to work at their own rate. There are an increasing number of consumer products and online courses offered throughout Oregon that provide students options to engage in this type of E-Learning.

I am piloting an online course designed for the "exceptionally curious" elementary student. The course consists of lessons containing five elements: problems that encompass the Oregon math grade-level standards, a research project, a challenge problem, an introduction to the graphing calculator, and a forum to share ideas and discoveries with online classmates.

The overall philosophy is to broaden student understanding of the field of

mathematics, allow them to explore their favorite branches of math, and to create a community of like-minded students who can share ideas and learn from each other. We sum up that philosophy by saying we want to let the high-flyers soar.

Ralph Waldo Emerson once said, "Nothing great was ever achieved without enthusiasm." Watching these hungry young minds enthusiastically devour these lessons has convinced me that great things are ahead.

For links to resources that provide online learning options for students visit the Oregon Virtual School District at

www.ode.state.or.us/go/ovsd

### **INSIDE** Section C

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PERFORMANCE STANDARDS SUMMARY (See Section A, Page 5)

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# **MATHEMATICS**

The study of Mathematics provides a foundation for the learning of science, technology, and for the interpretation of quantitative information in other subjects. It teaches students how to reason logically and develop skills useful in every day life. For more information visit www.ode state or us/go/math

COMMON OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATION		COMMON CURRICULUM	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL	
GOALS	Kindergarten	GOALS	Kindergar	ten
Calculations and		Measurement	UNITS AND TOOLS	
Estimations Understand numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships	NUMBERS  MA.00.CE.01 Read, write, order, and identify whole numbers less than 10.	Understand measurable attributes of objects and the units, systems, and processes of measure-	MA.00.ME.01 Sort and classify object attributes that can be measured in length, weight, size).	
among numbers, and number systems.	MA.00.CE.02 Use words such as before and after to describe relative position in a sequence of whole numbers on a number line up to 10 (e.g., 5 is before 6).	ment.  Apply appropriate tech-	DIDECT AND INDIDECT MEACH	IDENTEN/E
	MA.00.CE.03 Recognize whole numbers less than 10 in random order.	niques, tools, and formu- las to determine measure-	DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASUMA.00.ME.02 Understand concepts re morning, afternoon, evening, day, i	lated to time of day:
	MA.00.CE.04 Use objects or pictures to decompose whole numbers.	ments.  Geometry	MA.00.ME.03 Compare the time of ocusing the terms before or after.	_
	MA.00.CE.05 Explore and differentiate coins: penny, nickel, dime, and quarter.	Analyze characteristics	PROPERTIES AND RELATIONS	HIPS
	MA.00.CE.06 Count forward by one beginning with any number less than 30.	and properties of two- and three-dimensional	MA.00.GM.01 Identify basic shapes (e triangle, rectangle, and oval).	
Compute fluently and	COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION	geometric shapes and develop mathematical ar-	MA.00.GM.02 Match objects to outline	es of their shapes.
make reasonable esti- mates.	MA.00.CE.07 Add and subtract pairs of numbers using less than 10 concrete objects.	guments about geometric relationships.	MA.00.GM.03 Classify and sort geom attributes (e.g., number of sides, sl	
	MA.00.CE.08 Mentally find one more or one less than a single- digit number.			
Statistics and Probability	MA.00.CE.09 Judge whether sets of objects have less than, more than or the same number as a reference set.	Use visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric modeling to solve problems.	MODELING  MA.00.GM.04 Create shapes with man pattern blocks or tiles).	nipulatives (e.g.,
Select and use appropri-	STATISTICS			
ate statistical methods to analyze data.	MA.00.SP.01 Identify "how many more or less" and "how many all together" from pictographs and bar graphs.	Mathematical Problem Solving	There are currently no kindergarten gra- Mathematical Problem Solving.	de-level foundations for
Algebraic Relationships				
Understand patterns, rela- ions, and functions.	PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS  MA.00.AR.01 Sort, classify, and order objects by size, color, shape, or other properties.			
	MA.00.AR.02 Identify objects that do not belong to a particular group.			
	MA.00.AR.03 Copy and extend patterns using concrete models.			
Represent and analyze mathematical situations and structures using algebraic symbols.	ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS  MA.00.AR.04 Compare two or more sets of 10 or fewer objects and identify which set is equal to, more than, or less than the other.			

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Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06.

Com		OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS	COMMON CURRICULUM	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS
Go		Grade 1	GOALS	Grade 1
Calculation			Measurement	UNITS AND TOOLS
Estimatio		NAME OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE	Understand measurable at- tributes of objects and the	MA.01.ME.01 Compare and order objects according to measurable attributes (e.g., long or short; light or heavy).
	esenting num-	ma no no electricada, mino, or don, directricany miloto members	units, systems, and	
bers, relation numbers, an	nships among id number	less than 100.  MA.01.CE.02 Order 1st through 10th in numeric or word form.	processes of measure- ments.	DIDECT AND INDUBECT MEASUREMENT
systems.		MA.01.CE.03 Count and group objects in ones and tens.	Apply appropriate tech- niques, tools, and formu-	DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASUREMENT  MA.01.ME.02 Identify and name days of the week and months
		MA.01.CE.04 Use objects or pictures to decompose whole numbers to 10 (e.g., $5 = 4 + 1$ , $5 = 2 + 3$ ).	las to determine measure- ments.	of the year and interpret calendar information (e.g., tomorrow, yesterday, how many Tuesdays are in November).
		MA.01.CE.05 Identify, order, and compare coins by making equivalent amounts up to 25 cents.		MA.01.ME.03 Tell time to the nearest hour using analog and digital clocks.
		$\mbox{MA.01.CE.06}$ Demonstrate counting skills of skip counting by 5 and 10 to 100.	Geometry	
Compute flue	ently and make	COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION	Analyze characteristics and properties of two- and	PROPERTIES AND RELATIONSHIPS  MA.01.GM.01 Identify, describe, and classify triangles,
reasonable es	stimates.	MA.01.CE.07 Add and subtract with concrete objects.	three-dimensional geomet- ric shapes and develop	rectangles, squares, circles, and ovals.
		MA.01.CE.08 Apply with fluency sums to nine and related subtraction facts.	mathematical arguments	MA.01.GM.02 Recognize and identify attributes of two- dimensional geometric shapes in the environment (e.g.,
		MA.01.CE.09 Find sums and differences less than 100.	about geometric relation- ships.	make a triangle and square from pieces of straw and compare how many pieces of straw are used to make each
		MA.01.CE.10 Make change for amounts to 25 cents.  MA.01.CE.11 Mentally add 10 to a single-digit number.		shape).
		MA.01.CE.12 Estimate number of objects and check	Use visualization, spatial	MODELING
		reasonableness of answers by counting up to 20 objects.	reasoning, and geometric modeling to solve prob-	MA.01.GM.03 Model triangles, rectangles, squares, circles, and ovals.
Understand r operations ar		OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES  MA.01.CE.13 Represent situations using models of addition	lems.	MA.01.GM.04 Create repeating geometric shapes using
relate to one	another.	and subtraction (e.g., putting together or adding on, taking away, finding the difference, comparing).		manipulatives (e.g., two triangles can make a square).
Statistics	and	3,	Specify locations and describe spatial relation-	COORDINATE GEOMETRY MA.01.GM.05 Arrange and describe objects in space by
Probabilit	:y		ships using coordinate geometry and other repre-	relative position and direction (e.g., near, far, below, above, up, down, behind, in front of, next to, left or right of).
Select and us		STATISTICS	sentational systems.	
analyze data.		MA.01.SP.01 Identify "how many more or less" and "how many all together" from pictographs and bar graphs.	Mathematical	There are autrently as grade 4 grade level foundations for
Formulate qu		COLLECT AND DISPLAY DATA	Problem Solving	There are currently no grade 1 grade-level foundations for Mathematical Problem Solving.
	lect, organize,	MA.01.SP.02 Pose questions and gather data about themselves and their surroundings.		
and display r to answer the		MA.01.SP.03 Sort and classify objects according to their attributes and organize data about the objects into categories.		
		MA.01.SP.04 Represent data using concrete objects and pictographs.		
Develop and	evaluate	DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS		
inferences and that are based	•	MA.01.SP.05 Answer simple questions related to data displayed in pictographs, including which result occurred		
Algebraic Relationsh	hins	the most or least often.		
Understand p	•	PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS		
tions, and fun		MA.01.AR.01 Sort and classify objects using one or more attributes by observing relationships.		
		MA.01.AR.02 Identify an element that does not belong in a simple pattern.		
		MA.01.AR.03 Supply a missing element in or extend number patterns involving addition or subtraction by a single-digit number.		
		MA.01.AR.04 Extend and generate patterns involving three elements sharing a common attribute (e.g., color, number, shape, letter) using concrete models or objects.		
Represent an	•	ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS  MA.01.AR.05 Understand the meaning of equals and use the =		
and structure	s using	symbol.		
algebraic sym	IDOIS.	MA.01.AR.06 Construct and solve simple number sentences involving sums to 9 and related subtraction facts using concrete objects, pictures, or symbols.		
				I .

MATHE	MATICS		Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06.
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS  Grade 2	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS  Grade 2
Calculations and Estimations		Develop and evaluate inferences and predictions that are based on data.	DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS  MA.02.SP.05 Develop inferences about the likelihood of the occurrence of an event based on data collected
Understand numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships among numbers, and number systems.	NUMBERS  MA.02.CE.01 Read, write, order, model, and compare whole numbers less than 100.  MA.02.CE.02 Read number words less than one hundred and write the corresponding numeric value.  MA.02.CE.03 Identify and model the whole number of ones,	Algebraic Relationships Understand patterns, relations, and functions.	from activities which have outcomes that depend on chance (e.g., tossing a two colored counter, using a spinner).  PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS  MA.02.AR.01 Sort and classify objects using one or
	tens, and hundreds in numbers less than 100.  MA.02.CE.04 Compose and decompose whole numbers less than one hundred by place value (e.g., 426=4-100's, 2-10's, 6-1's).  MA.02.CE.05 Order, model, and identify wholes, halves, and fourths using concrete models and visual representations.  MA.02.CE.06 Understand a fraction represents subdivisions of a whole into equal parts.  MA.02.CE.07 Locate whole numbers on a number line.  MA.02.CE.08 Order and compare coins by making		more attributes by observing relationships and making generalizations.  MA.02.AR.02 Identify, describe, extend, and reproduce a pattern and use it to make predictions and analyze how repeating and growing patterns are generated.  MA.02.AR.03 Supply a missing element in or extend number patterns involving addition or subtraction.  MA.02.AR.04 Use a hundreds chart to generate the patterns in rows, skip counting, decades, columns, and generate arrangements of two-dimensional figures.
	equivalent amounts up to \$1.00.  MA.02.CE.09 Demonstrate the counting skills of skip counting by 2 to 100 and by 100 to 1000.  MA.02.CE.10 Determine whether a set of objects has an odd or even number of elements.	Represent and analyze mathematical situations and structures using algebraic symbols.	ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS  MA.02.AR.05 Describe quantitative relationships using the terms "greater than," "less than," and "equal to" and the associated symbols >, <, =.  MA.02.AR.06 Construct and solve simple number sentences involving sums to 18 and related
Compute fluently and make reasonable estimates.	COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION  MA.02.CE.11 Develop and evaluate strategies for adding and subtracting whole numbers.  MA.02.CE.12 Apply with fluency sums to 18 and related subtraction facts.  MA.02.CE.13 Add and subtract pairs of any two-digit numbers.  MA.02.CE.14 Find the sum of three or more two-digit numbers.  MA.02.CE.15 Make change for amounts to \$1.00.  MA.02.CE.16 Mentally add or subtract multiples of 10 to and from a number.  MA.02.CE.17 Identify the most efficient operation (add, subtract, multiply, or divide) for solving a problem.  MA.02.CE.18 Estimate number of objects and check reasonableness of answers by counting up to 100 objects.  MA.02.CE.19 Round one- or two-digit whole numbers to the nearest 10 to estimate sums and differences.	Measurement Understand measurable attributes of objects and the units, systems and processes of measurement.  Apply appropriate techniques, tools, and formulas to determine measurements.	subtraction facts using concrete objects, pictures, or symbols.  UNITS AND TOOLS  MA.02.ME.01 Select an appropriate tool and standard unit to measure length, weight, and objects larger than the unit tools (e.g., rulers, measuring cups, balances).  MA.02.ME.02 Understand that using different measurement units will result in different numerical measurements for the same object.  MA.02.ME.03 Understand the measurement process (choosing a measurement unit, comparing that unit to the object, and reporting the number of units).  DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASU REMENT  MA.02.ME.04 Demonstrate an understanding of time and use of time relationships (e.g., how many minutes in an hour, days in a week, MA.02.ME.05 Tell time to the nearest half hour using
Understand meanings of operations and how they relate to one another.	OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES  MA.02.CE.20 Understand various meanings of addition and subtraction of whole numbers and the relationship between the operations.  MA.02.CE.21 Use the commutative (4 + 2) = (2 + 4) and associative (4 + 3) + 7 = 4 + (3 + 7) properties of addition to simplify calculations.  MA.02.CE.22 Describe the effects of adding or subtracting by a whole number.		analog and digital clocks.  MA.02.ME.06 Measure length using multiple copies of units of the same size (such as paper clips) laid end to end.  MA.02.ME.07 Estimate length in standard and nonstandard units (e.g., finger lengths, pencil lengths).  MA.02.ME.08 Determine the capacity (volume) of an object by counting and filling (e.g., how many small containers fit in a larger container, how many scoops
Statistics and Probability	MA.02.CE.23 Demonstrate the zero property for addition and subtraction.		of beans in a can).  MA.02.ME.09 Estimate capacity (volume) of objects in standard units (e.g., cups in a bowl, cubes in a box).
Select and use appropri- ate statistical methods o analyze data.	STATISTICS  MA.02.SP.01 Identify "most and least" from data sets that contain more than 10 items (e.g., from a bar graph that shows "how many pockets in our clothing" identify by		MA.02.ME.10 Determine the weight of an object using a balance scale.  MA.02.ME.11 Estimate weight of objects.

Formulate questions that can be addressed with data and collect, organize, and display relevant data to answer them.

shows "how many pockets in our clothing" identify by number "the most pockets" and "the least pockets").

### COLLECT AND DISPLAY DATA

MA.02.SP.02 Ask and answer simple questions related to tallies, charts, and bar graphs.

MA.02.SP.03 Record results of probability experiments using tallies or by completing charts.

MA.02.SP.04 Represent and interpret data using tally charts and pictographs.

MA.02.ME.12 Find the area of a two-dimensional figure by covering the figure with unit figures (e.g., how many small squares cover a larger shape).

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Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06.

### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS Grade 2

### COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS

# OREGON GRADE-LEVEL FOUNDATIONS Grade 2

These standards are assessed using the Mathematics Problem

### Geometry

Analyze characteristics and properties of two- and three-dimensional geometric shapes and develop mathematical arguments about geometric relationships.

Use visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric modeling to solve problems.

### PROPERTIES AND RELATIONSHIPS

MA.02.GM.01 Identify, describe, compare, and classify twodimensional shapes using appropriate vocabulary (e.g., rhombus, trapezoid, parallelogram) including the faces of three-dimensional objects (e.g., face, base).

MA.02.GM.02 Identify attributes of two-dimensional shapes: sides and angles.

#### MODELING

MA.02.GM.03 Model and sketch triangles, rectangles, squares, circles, ovals, parallelograms, rhombi, and

MA.02.GM.04 Create new shapes using combinations of known shapes (e.g., two congruent right triangles to form a rectangle).

MA.02.GM.05 Recognize two-dimensional geometric shapes in the environment, including the faces of three-dimensional objects (e.g., rectangles on a cereal box), and from different perspectives (e.g., use your mind's eye to imagine what shapes would be formed if you cut a square diagonally).

# Specify locations and describe spatial relationships using coordinate geometry and other representational systems.

#### COORDINATE GEOMETRY

MA.02.GM.06 Describe, name, and interpret relative positions in space and apply ideas about relative position to maps.

MA.02.GM.07 Describe, name, and interpret direction and distance in navigating space and apply ideas about direction and distance to maps and routes.

# Apply transformations and use symmetry to analyze mathematical situations.

### TRANSFORMATIONS AND SYMMETRY

MA.02.GM.08 Identify symmetry, patterns, and shapes in everyday surroundings.

MA.02.GM.09 Create designs with line and rotational symmetry.

MA.02.GM.10 Illustrate reflections (flips), rotations (turns) and translations (slides) using concrete or pictorial models (e.g., paper folding, cut outs, and pattern blocks).

### Mathematical Problem Solving

Select, apply, and translate among mathematical representations to solve problems.

Apply and adapt a variety of appropriate strategies to solve problems.

Monitor and reflect on the process of mathematical problem solving.

Communicate mathematical thinking coherently and clearly; use the language of mathematics to express mathematical ideas precisely.

Accurately solve problems that arise in mathematics and other contexts.

# Solving Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING

MA.02.PS.01 Interpret the concepts of a problem-solving task and translate them into mathematics.

### PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES

MA.02.PS.02 Choose strategies that can work and then carry out the strategies chosen.

### VERIFICATION

MA.02.PS.03 Produce identifiable evidence of a second look at the concepts/strategies/calculations to defend a solution.

#### COMMUNICATION

MA.02.PS.04 Use pictures, symbols, and/or vocabulary to convey the path to the identified solution.

### ACCURACY

MA.02.PS.05 Accurately solve problems using mathematics.

MATHEI	MATICS		Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06.
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS  Grade 3	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS  Grade 3
Calculations and Estimations		Algebraic Relationships	
Understand numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships among numbers, and	NUMBERS  MA.03.CE.01 Read, write, order, model, and compare whole numbers less than one thousand.	Understand patterns, relations, and functions.	PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS  MA.03.AR.01 Describe, extend, and make generalizations about numeric and geometric patterns (e.g., increasing the number of sides of two-dimensional geometric figures in a sequence; consecutive odd numbers).
number systems.	MA.03.CE.02 Identify the place value and actual value of digits in a whole number less than one thousand.  MA.03.CE.03 Compose and decompose whole numbers		MA.03.AR.02 Supply a missing element in or determine a rule that extends number patterns involving addition and multiplication by a single-digit number.
	less than one thousand by place value.  MA.03.CE.04 Order, model, compare, and identify commonly used fractions (halves, thirds, fourths, eighths, tenths) using		MA.03.AR.03 Generate a pattern or sequence from a verbal, written, and pictorial description.
	concrete models and visual representations.  MA.03.CE.05 Develop understanding of fractions as parts of unit wholes, as parts of a collection, as locations on number lines, and as divisions of whole numbers.	Represent and analyze mathematical situations and structures using	ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS  MA.03.AR.04 Use letters, boxes, or other symbols to stand for a missing number in simple expressions or equations.
	MA.03.CE.06 Locate whole numbers and common fractions on a number line.	algebraic symbols.	MA.03.AR.05 Identify and apply a relationship between two quantities (e.g., If four people can be seated at one table, how many tables are needed to seat 24 people?).
	MA.03.CE.07 Order and compare dollars and coins by making equivalent amounts up to \$10.00.	Measurement	
	MA.03.CE.08 Demonstrate the counting skills of skip counting as they relate to multiplication facts.	Understand measurable attributes of objects and	UNITS AND TOOLS  MA.03.ME.01 Select the most appropriate tool and metric unit to measure length, time, weight, and volume.
Compute fluently and make reasonable esti- mates.	COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION  MA.03.CE.09 Develop and evaluate strategies for multiplying whole numbers.	the units, systems, and processes of measure- ment.	MA.03.ME.02 Compare units of measure between customary and metric systems (e.g., inches > centimeters, liters < gallons).
	MA.03.CE.10 Add and subtract pairs of up to four digit numbers.  MA.03.CE.11 Develop and acquire efficient strategies for		MA.03.ME.03 Understand and explain the need for using standard units.
	determining multiplication and division facts 0-9.  MA.03.CE.12 Multiply a two-digit number by a one-digit number.	Apply appropriate techniques, tools, and	DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASUREMENT  MA.03.ME.04 Determine elapsed time for given activities using
	MA.03.CE.13 Make change for amounts up to \$10.00.  MA.03.CE.14 Mentally add or subtract multiples of 10, 100, or 1000 to or from a number.	formulas to determine measurements.	representations of analog and digital clocks.  MA.03.ME.05 Tell time to the nearest minute using an analog clock.
	MA.03.CE.15 Identify the operation (add, subtract, multiply, or divide) for solving a problem.		MA.03.ME.06 Describe temperature changes and concepts as they occur in daily situations.
	MA.03.CE.16 Develop and use strategies (overestimate, underestimate, range of estimates) to make reasonable estimates.		MA.03.ME.07 Determine measurements of length to the nearest centimeter and nearest meter.
	MA.03.CE.17 Recognize which place value will be the most helpful in estimating an answer.		MA.03.ME.08 Estimate the length of objects in meters and centimeters.  MA.03.ME.09 Determine measurements of volume to the nearest
Understand meanings of operations and how they	OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES  MA.03.CE.18 Represent situations using models of		milliliter or liter of measuring cups, beakers, or graduated cylinders.
relate to one another.	multiplication and division (e.g., repeat addition, equal groups of objects, arrays, repeated subtraction, equal grouping, sharing equally).		MA.03.ME.10 Estimate volume of objects in milliliters and liters.  MA.03.ME.11 Determine measurements of weight to the nearest
	MA.03.CE.19 Use the commutative and associative properties of multiplication to simplify calculations.		gram and kilograms.  MA.03.ME.12 Estimate weight of objects in grams and kilograms.
	MA.03.CE.20 Describe the effects of multiplying or dividing by a whole number.  MA.03.CE.21 Demonstrate the zero property for		MA.03.ME.13 Find areas of rectangular arrays.
Statistics and	multiplication and identity property for multiplication and division.	Geometry  Analyze characteristics	PROPERTIES AND RELATIONSHIPS  MA.03.GM.01 Identify, describe, compare, and classify common three-dimensional geometric objects: cubes, prisms, spheres,
Probability Select and use appropri-		and properties of two- and three-dimensional	pyramids, cones, and cylinders.  MA.03.GM.02 Compare and classify solid geometric shapes (e.g.,
ate statistical methods to analyze data.	STATISTICS  MA.03.SP.01 Determine the mode and range of a set of data.	geometric shapes and develop mathematical arguments about geo-	triangular pyramid, cube, rectangular prism) according to the number and shapes of faces, edges, and vertices.  MA.03.GM.03 Recognize and identify attributes of three-
Formulate questions that can be addressed with	COLLECT AND DISPLAY DATA  MA 03 SR 02 Ask and answer simple questions that can be	metric relationships.	dimensional geometric shapes (faces, edges, vertices), including attributes of shapes in the environment.
data and collect, organize, and display relevant data to answer them.	MA.03.SP.02 Ask and answer simple questions that can be answered by collecting, organizing, and displaying data. MA.03.SP.03 Represent and interpret data using tally charts, pictographs, and bar graphs, including identifying the mode and range.	Use visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric	MODELING MA.03.GM.04 Model three-dimensional shapes including cubes, rectangular prisms, spheres, pyramids, cones, and cylinders.
Develop and evaluate	DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS	modeling to solve prob- lems.	MA.03.GM.05 Put shapes together and take them apart to form other shapes.  MA.03.GM.06 Recognize three-dimensional geometric shapes
that are based on data.	MA.03.SP.04 Draw conclusions and make predictions and inferences from tally charts, pictographs, or bar graphs.		(e.g., cube, cone, cylinder, pyramid, and sphere) in the environment and from different perspectives.

### **ATHEMATICS** Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06 COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS C**URRICULUM **CURRICULUM** Grade 3 Grade 3 **GOALS GOALS** Geometry **Mathematical** These standards are assessed using the Mathematics Problem Solving Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. **Problem Solving** Specify locations and COORDINATE GEOMETRY describe spatial relation-MA.03.GM.07 Describe paths for moving from one location to Select, apply, and trans-CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING ships using coordinate another on a grid. late among mathematical geometry and other repre-MA.03.PS.01 Interpret the concepts of a problem-solving task and sentational systems. representations to solve translate them into mathematics. problems. Apply and adapt a variety PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES Apply transformations and TRANSFORMATIONS AND SYMMETRY of appropriate strategies MA.03.PS.02 Choose strategies that can work and then carry out use symmetry to analyze MA.03.GM.08 Identify line and rotational symmetry. to solve problems. the strategies chosen. mathematical situations. MA.03.GM.09 Predict and describe the results of performing Monitor and reflect on the VERIFICATION reflections, rotations and translations of triangles. process of mathematical MA.03.PS.03 Produce identifiable evidence of a second look at the problem solving. concepts/strategies/calculations to defend a solution. Communicate math-COMMUNICATION ematical thinking coher-MA.03.PS.04 Use pictures, symbols, and/or vocabulary to convey ently and clearly; use the the path to the identified solution. language of mathematics to express mathematical ideas precisely. Accurately solve problems ACCURACY that arise in mathematics MA.03.PS.05 Accurately solve problems using mathematics. and other contexts.

MATHE  Adopted April 2002	MATICS		Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06.
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 4	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	Oregon Grade-level Standards Grade 4
Calculations and Estimations Understand numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships among numbers, and number systems.	NUMBERS  MA.04.CE.01 Read, write, order, model, and compare whole numbers to one million, common fractions, and decimals to hundredths.  MA.04.CE.02 Identify the place value and actual value of digits in a number to one million.  MA.04.CE.03 Locate common fractions and decimals on a number line.  MA.04.CE.04 Model, recognize, and generate equivalent forms of decimals to hundredths.  MA.04.CE.05 Determine factors of whole numbers to 100 using models such as arrays.	Develop and evaluate inferences and predictions that are based on data.  Algebraic Relationships Understand patterns, relations, and functions.	DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS  MA.04.SP.06 Predict the degree of likelihood of a single event occurring using words such as certain, impossible, most often, least often, likely, and unlikely.  MA.04.SP.07 Predict the likelihood of an outcome prior to an experiment and compare predicted probability with the actual results.  PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS  MA.04.AR.01 Describe, extend and make generalizations about patterns and sequences and supply missing elements in chart or
Compute fluently and make reasonable estimates.	COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION  MA.04.CE.06 Develop and evaluate strategies for multiplying and dividing whole numbers and adding and subtracting fractions with like denominators.  MA.04.CE.07 Apply with fluency efficient strategies for determining multiplication and division facts 0-9.  MA.04.CE.08 Multiply a three-digit number by a one-digit number.  MA.04.CE.09 Divide a three-digit number by a one-digit number with or without remainders.  MA.04.CE.10 Determine the meaning of whole number remainders in a problem situation.  MA.04.CE.11 Add and subtract commonly used fractions with like denominators (halves, thirds, fourths, eighths, tenths) and decimals to hundredths.  MA.04.CE.12 Add and subtract decimals to hundredths, including money amounts.  MA.04.CE.13 Mentally multiply or divide multiples of 10 (e.g., 40 x 70 or 2700 / 30).  MA.04.CE.14 Identify the most efficient operation (add, subtract, multiply or divide) for solving a problem.  MA.04.CE.15 Select and use an appropriate estimation strategy (overestimate, underestimate, range of estimates) based on the problem situation when computing with whole numbers or money amounts.  MA.04.CE.16 Use place value concepts such as rounding to nearest 10, 100, and 1000 to estimate and check reasonableness of answers.	Represent and analyze mathematical situations and structures using algebraic symbols.  Measurement Understand measurable attributes of objects and the units, systems, and processes of measurement.  Apply appropriate techniques, tools, and formulas to determine measurements.	MA.04.AR.02 Supply a missing element in or determine a rule that extends number patterns involving addition or subtraction of decimals.  ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS  MA.04.AR.03 Select operational and relational symbols to make a number sentence true (e.g., 4_ 3 = 12, 5 + 17_ 25).  MA.04.AR.04 Represent and solve open sentences or problems involving numeric equations or inequalities (e.g., 3 + ? = 4; 2 + 1 >?; 4 < 2 + ?).  MA.04.AR.05 Translate between different representations (words, numeric, pictorial) of a simple quantitative relationship (e.g., match a table of values to its rule).  UNITS AND TOOLS  MA.04.ME.01 Select the most appropriate tool and U.S. customary unit to measure length, perimeter, weight, and volume.  MA.04.ME.02 Carry out simple unit conversions within the U.S. customary system (e.g., inches to feet, ounces to pounds).  DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASUREMENT  MA.04.ME.03 Determine elapsed time requiring unit conversions (e.g., weeks to months, minutes to hours).  MA.04.ME.04 Read temperature measurements of thermometers with Fahrenheit and Celsius units and recognize reasonable ranges of temperatures for different events (e.g., cold or hot day).  MA.04.ME.05 Determine measurements of length and perimeter to
Understand meanings of operations and how they relate to one another.	OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES  MA.04.CE.17 Demonstrate the meaning of fractions as part of a unit whole or as parts of a collection or set.  MA.04.CE.18 Use inverse operations (addition and subtraction, multiplication and division) to solve problems and check solutions involving calculations with whole numbers.  MA.04.CE.19 Apply the commutative, associative, and identity		the nearest inch and nearest foot.  MA.04.ME.06 Estimate the length of objects in inches, feet, and yards.  MA.04.ME.07 Determine measurements of volume to the nearest '4 cup, quart, or gallon of measuring cups, beakers, or graduated cylinders.  MA.04.ME.08 Estimate the volume of objects in cups, quarts, and gallons.
Statistics and Probability Select and use appropriate statistical methods to analyze data.	properties of addition and multiplication and the distributive property to simplify calculations with whole numbers.  STATISTICS  MA.04.SP.01 Determine the median for a set of data and understand what each statistic does and does not indicate phose the other.		MA.04.ME.09 Determine measurements of weight to the nearest ounce and pound.  MA.04.ME.10 Estimate the weight of objects in ounces and pounds.  MA.04.ME.11 Relate the area of a rectangle and its dimensions to area models for multiplication and division.  MA.04.ME.12 Determine perimeter and area of rectangles given
Understand and apply basic concepts of prob- ability.	indicate about the data.  PROBABILITY  MA.04.SP.02 Determine probability of a single event.  MA.04.SP.03 Understand that the probability of an event can be represented by a number from 0 (impossible) to 1 (certain).		lengths of sides.  MA.04.ME.13 Estimate and measure the area of a rectangular surface using unit squares.  MA.04.ME.14 Use referents for U.S. customary measurements to make estimates of length, weight, and volume and evaluate the reasonableness of the estimate (e.g., length of one floor tile and estimate length of classroom).
Formulate questions that can be addressed with data and collect, organize, and display relevant data to answer them.	COLLECT AND DISPLAY DATA  MA.04.SP.04 Conduct experiments and simulations to determine experimental probability of different outcomes.  MA.04.SP.05 Represent and interpret data collected from probability experiments and simulations using tallies, charts, pictograms, and bar graphs, including determining probabilities of single events.		

#### **ATHEMATICS** Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06 COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS C**URRICULUM **CURRICULUM** Grade 4 Grade 4 **GOALS** GOALS These standards are assessed using the Mathematics Problem Geometry Mathematical Solving Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. **Problem Solving** Analyze characteristics PROPERTIES AND RELATIONSHIPS and properties of two-MA.04.GM.01 Identify, describe, compare, and classify Select, apply, and trans-CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING and three-dimensional quadrilaterals by their sides and angles. late among mathematical MA.04.PS.01 Interpret the concepts of a problem-solving task and geometric shapes and MA.04.GM.02 Identify right, acute, and obtuse angles in isolation representations to solve translate them into mathematics. develop mathematical arand in geometric figures. problems. guments about geometric MA.04.GM.03 Use properties of quadrilaterals to determine the relationships. lengths of their sides and perimeters. Apply and adapt a variety PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES MA.04.GM.04 Develop, understand, and apply the property that of appropriate strategies MA.04.PS.02 Choose strategies that can work and then carry out the sum of the angle measures in a quadrilateral is 360 degrees. to solve problems. the strategies chosen. MA.04.GM.05 Identify congruent quadrilaterals using concrete methods. MA.04.GM.06 Draw conclusions about the measures Monitor and reflect on the VERIFICATION of corresponding sides and angles of two congruent process of mathematical MA 04 PS 03 Produce identifiable evidence of a second look at the quadrilaterals. problem solving. concepts/strategies/calculations to defend a solution. Use visualization, spatial MODELING reasoning, and geometric MA 04 GM 07 Model, sketch, draw, and label points, lines. Communicate math-COMMUNICATION modeling to solve probline segments, angles, rays, quadrilaterals, and parallel, ematical thinking coher-MA.04.PS.04 Use pictures, symbols, and/or vocabulary to convey lems. perpendicular, and intersecting lines. ently and clearly; use the the path to the identified solution. MA.04.GM.08 Build three-dimensional objects and sketch twolanguage of mathematics dimensional representations of the object. to express mathematical ideas precisely. Specify locations and COORDINATE GEOMETRY describe spatial relation-MA.04.GM.09 Locate coordinates of points on graph paper, maps, ships using coordinate Accurately solve problems ACCURACY geometry and other repre-MA.04.GM.10 Determine the shortest path of horizontal and that arise in mathematics sentational systems. MA.04.PS.05 Accurately solve problems using mathematics. vertical movement between two locations on a grid. and other contexts. TRANSFORMATIONS AND SYMMETRY Apply transformations and use symmetry to analyze MA.04.GM.11 Predict and describe the results of performing mathematical situations. reflections, rotations and translations of quadrilaterals MA.04.GM.12 Identify and describe a motion or series of motions that will show two quadrilaterals are congruent. **MATHEMATICS STANDARDS NUMBERING KEY** CE = Calculations & Estimations SP = Statistics & Probability AR = Algebraic RelationshipsGM = GeometryPS = Problem Solving ME = Measurement For example, the 1st standard listed under GEOMETRY for 4th grade (*Identify*, describe, compare, and classify quadrilaterals by their sides and angles.) would be MA.04.GM.01.

VATHE	MATICS		Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06.
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 5	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS  Grade 5
Calculations and Estimations		Develop and evaluate in- ferences and predictions	DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS  MA.05.SP.08 Analyze data from tables and bar graphs using mean median, mode, and range, and draw conclusions.
Understand numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships among numbers, and	NUMBERS  MA.05.CE.01 Order, model, and compare common fractions, decimals, and percentages.	that are based on data.  Algebraic	30 mm
number systems.	<ul> <li>MA.05.CE.02 Locate decimals and percentages on a number line.</li> <li>MA.05.CE.03 Model, recognize, and generate equivalent forms</li> </ul>	Relationships Understand patterns,	PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS  MA.05.AR.01 Represent and analyze patterns and functions using
	of commonly used fractions, decimals, and percents.  MA.05.CE.04 Identify classes of numbers (e.g., primes, composites, even, odd, multiples) in a 1-to-100 number chart	relations, and functions.	words, tables, graphs or simple algebraic expressions.  MA.05.AR.02 Supply a missing element in or determine a rule that extends number patterns involving multiplication or division.
	and describe numeric patterns related to them.  MA.05.CE.05 Recognize characteristics of odd, even, prime, and composite numbers.	Represent and analyze mathematical situations and structures using	ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS  MA.05.AR.03 Use letters, boxes, or other symbols to stand for an unknown quantity in expressions or equations.
Compute fluently and make reasonable esti-	COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION MA.05.CE.06 Develop and evaluate strategies for	algebraic symbols.	MA.05.AR.04 Represent the idea of a variable as an unknown quantity using a letter or symbol.
mates.	computing with decimals and fractions.  MA.05.CE.07 Divide by two-digit numbers.		MA.05.AR.05 Represent and evaluate algebraic expressions involving a single variable (e.g., 4s, .05n).
	MA.05.CE.08 Determine the meaning of a remainder expressed as a whole number, fraction, or decimal in a problem situation involving division.		MA.05.AR.06 Identify and represent whole number data on a coordinate graph (first quadrant).
	MA.05.CE.09 Add and subtract fractions and mixed numbers with common fractions found on a ruler (2, 4, 8, 16).	Use mathematical models to represent and	MODELING MA.05.AR.07 Identify or describe a situation which may be
	MA.05.CE.10 Add, subtract, multiply, and divide decimals, including money amounts.	understand quantitative relationships.	modeled by a given graph.
	MA.05.CE.11 Model percentages on a hundreds grid to determine equivalent decimals and percentages.	Analyze change in various contexts.	CHANGE MA.05.AR.08 Identify and describe situations with constant or
	MA.05.CE.12 Determine the order of operations for multiple- step calculations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.	Measurement	varying rates of change and compare them.
	MA.05.CE.13 Select and use an appropriate estimation strategy (overestimate, underestimate, range of estimates) based on the problem situation when computing with decimals.  MA.05.CE.14 Use referent numbers and rounding to	Understand measurable attributes of objects and the units, systems, and processes of measure-	UNITS AND TOOLS  MA.05.ME.01 Using estimation, convert from a measurement expressed using one unit within a system to one using a comparable unit within the other system (e.g., inches to
Understand meanings of operations and how they	estimate the magnitude of calculations with decimals.  OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES  MA.05.CE.15 Use inverse operations (addition and subtraction,	ment.	centimeters).  MA.05.ME.02 Understand that measurements are approximations and understand how differences in units an tools affect precision.
relate to one another.	multiplication and division) to solve problems and check solutions involving calculations with decimals.	Apply appropriate techniques, tools, and	DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASUREMENT  MA.05.ME.03 Know common referents for Fahrenheit and
Statistics and Probability	MA.05.CE16 Apply the commutative, associative, and identity properties of addition and multiplication and the distributive property to simplify calculations with decimals.	formulas to determine measurements.	Celsius temperatures (e.g., freezing point, boiling point).  MA.05.ME.04 Determine measurements of length and perimeter to the nearest tenth centimeter (millimeter) and nearest tenth mete.
Select and use appropriate statistical methods to analyze data.	STATISTICS  MA.05.SP.01 Compare two related sets of data using measures of center (mean, median and mode) and spread (range).		MA.05.ME.05 Estimate the measure of acute, right, and obtuse angles in degrees using referent angles of 45 and 90 degrees and determine the measurement of angles between 0 and 180 degrees to the nearest degree.
Understand and apply basic concepts of probability.	PROBABILITY  MA.05.SP.02 Connect simple fractional probabilities to events (e.g., heads is 1 out of 2; rolling a 5 on a six-sided		MA.05.ME.06 <b>Develop</b> and use formulas for determining the perimeter and area of rectangles, and related triangles and parallelograms.
	number cube is 1/6).		MA.05.ME.07 Develop strategies to measure the perimeter of simple polygons and everyday objects.
Formulate questions that can be addressed with data and collect, organize, and display relevant data	COLLECT AND DISPLAY DATA  MA.05.SP.03 Design investigations to address a question and recognize how data collection methods affect the nature of a set of data.		MA.05.ME.08 Analyze the effects on area and perimeter by combining two simple geometric figures (e.g., two right triangles and a rectangle).
to answer them.	MA.05.SP.04 Understand basic concepts of sampling (e.g., larger samples yield better results, the need for		MA.05.ME.09 Compare and contrast the formulas for area of rectangles, related triangles, and parallelograms.  MA.05.ME.10 Estimate and measure volume of a rectangular
	representative samples).  MA.05.SP.05 Represent and interpret data using tables, circle		solid using unit cubes.  MA.05.ME.11 Use referents for metric measurements to make
	graphs, bar graphs, and line graphs or plots (first quadrant).  MA.05.SP.06 Compare different representations of the same data and evaluate how well each representation shows important aspects of the data (e.g., circle and bar graphs, histograms with different widths).		www.us.me.m ose relevents on meuter measurements to make estimates of length, weight, and volume and evaluate the reasonableness of the estimate (e.g., height of teacher estimated in height of student lengths).
	MA.05.SP.07 Evaluate the appropriateness of representations of categorical and numeric data (e.g., categorical: types of lunch food; and numerical: heights of students in a class).		

### **ATHEMATICS** Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06 COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS C**URRICULUM **CURRICULUM** Grade 5 Grade 5 **GOALS** GOALS Mathematical Geometry These standards are assessed using the Mathematics Problem Solving Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. **Problem Solving** Analyze characteristics PROPERTIES AND RELATIONSHIPS and properties of two-MA.05.GM.01 Identify, describe, compare and classify triangles and three-dimensional geometric shapes and MA.05.GM.02 Use properties of triangles to determine the Select, apply, and trans-CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING develop mathematical arlengths of their sides and perimeters. late among mathematical MA.05.PS.01 Interpret the concepts of a problem-solving task guments about geometric MA.05.GM.03 Develop, understand, and apply the property representations to solve and translate them into mathematics. relationships. that the sum of the angle measures in a triangle is 180 problems. MA.05.GM.04 Draw conclusions about the measures of Apply and adapt a variety PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES corresponding sides and angles of two congruent and of appropriate strategies similar triangles. MA.05.PS.02 Choose strategies that can work and then carry out to solve problems. the strategies chosen. Use visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric MA.05.GM.05 Accurately draw and label triangles, angles, VERIFICATION Monitor and reflect on the modeling to solve proband line segments using measurement tools. process of mathematical MA.05.PS.03 Produce identifiable evidence of a second look at MA.05.GM.06 Identify and build three-dimensional objects from the concepts/strategies/calculations to defend a solution. problem solving. two-dimensional representations. Communicate math-COMMUNICATION Specify locations and COORDINATE GEOMETRY ematical thinking coher-MA.05.PS.04 Use pictures, symbols, and/or vocabulary to convey describe spatial relation-MA.05.GM.07 Make and use coordinate systems to specify ently and clearly; use the the path to the identified solution. ships using coordinate location and describe paths. language of mathematics geometry and other repre-MA.05.GM.08 Find the distance between points along the to express mathematical sentational systems. horizontal and vertical lines of a coordinate system. ideas precisely. Apply transformations and TRANSFORMATIONS AND SYMMETRY use symmetry to analyze MA.05.GM.09 Identify and describe line and rotational Accurately solve problems ACCURACY mathematical situations. symmetry in two-dimensional shapes and designs that arise in mathematics MA.05.PS.05 Accurately solve problems using mathematics. MA.05.GM.10 Identify and describe a motion or series of and other contexts motions that will show two triangles are congruent.

Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM **MATHEMATICS** began in 2005-06. COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CURRICULUM CURRICULUM** Grade 6 Grade 6 GOALS COLLECT AND DISPLAY DATA Calculations and Formulate questions that can be addressed with MA.06.SP.06 Design experiments and simulations to determine **Estimations** experimental probability of different outcomes. data and collect, organize, NUMBERS Understand numbers. and display relevant data MA.06.SP.07 Understand that experimental probability MA.06.CE.01 Order, model, and compare positive rational ways of representing numto answer them. approaches theoretical probability as the number of trials numbers (fractions, decimals, and percentages). bers, relationships among increases. MA.06.CE.02 Apply factors and multiples to express fractions in numbers, and number MA.06.SP.08 Recognize and understand the connections lowest terms and identify fraction equivalents. systems. among concepts of independent outcomes, picking at MA.06.CE.03 Understand rates and ratios as comparisons random, and fairness. of two quantities by division. MA.06.SP.09 Represent and interpret the outcome of a probability MA.06.CE.04 Differentiate between rates and ratios and experiment using a frequency distribution, including determining experimental probabilities. express both as fractions. MA.06.CE.05 Solve problems by calculating rates and ratios. DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS Develop and evaluate MA.06.CE.06 Locate positive rational numbers (fractions, MA.06.SP.10 Make predictions for succeeding trials of a probability inferences and predictions decimals, and percentages) on a number line. experiment given the outcome of preceding repeated trials. that are based on data. MA.06.CE.07 Apply equivalent forms of fractions and decimals MA.06.SP.11 Predict the outcome of a probability experiment by computing and using theoretical probability. MA.06.CE.08 Determine equivalent forms of fractions, mixed numbers, and improper fractions. Algebraic MA.06.CE.09 Model square numbers and recognize their Relationships PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS Understand patterns, rela-MA.06.AR.01 Represent, analyze, and determine rules for finding MA.06.CE.10 Identify prime and composite numbers less than tions, and functions. patterns involving positive rational numbers with tables, graphs words, and when possible, symbolic rules. MA.06.CE.11 Solve problems using concepts related to factoring and determining divisibility (e.g., 2, 3, 5, 9, and Represent and analyze ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS mathematical situations MA.06.AR.02 Develop an understanding of different uses of and structures using algevariables (e.g., as a placeholder for a specific unknown, as Compute fluently and COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION braic symbols. representative of a range of values). make reasonable esti-MA.06.CE.12 Develop and analyze algorithms for mates. MA.06.AR.03 Represent and evaluate algebraic expressions computing with fractions and mixed number involving two variables (e.g., bh / 2, 2w + 2L). MA.06.CE.13 Add and subtract fractions with like and unlike MA.06.AR.04 Describe and interpret relationships using information from tables and graphs including coordinate graphs MA.06.CE.14 Understand linear, area, and discrete models (first quadrant). to multiply and divide fractions MA.06.AR.05 Graph linear equations on a coordinate grid by making a table using whole number coordinates. MA.06.CE.15 Solve problems involving common percentages. MA.06.CE.16 Convert mentally among common decimals, Use mathematical MODELING fractions, and percentages models to represent and MA.06.AR.06 Model and solve contextualized problems MA.06.CE.17 Apply grouping symbols to simplify understand quantitative using various representations such as graphs, tables, and calculations and evaluate expressions. relationships. MA.06.CE.18 Develop and use strategies to estimate the MA.06.AR.07 Recognize and represent direct variation using results of positive rational number computations and judge the reasonableness of results. MA.06.AR.08 Identify and sketch a graph that models a given MA.06.CE.19 Use referent numbers in estimating answers to adding and subtracting fractions and mixed numbers (e.g.,  $2^{1/4} + {}^{3/8} < 3$ , since both  ${}^{1/4}$  and  ${}^{3/8}$  are less than  ${}^{1/2}$ ). Analyze change in various CHANGE contexts. MA.06.AR.09 Investigate how a change in one variable relates OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES Understand meanings of to a change in a second variable operations and how they MA.06.CE.20 Use the inverse operations of addition and Measurement relate to one another. subtraction to solve problems and check solutions involving adding and subtracting fractions and mixed numbers. Understand measurable UNITS AND TOOLS MA.06.CE.21 Apply the associative, commutative, and attributes of objects and MA.06.ME.01 Select the most appropriate unit to measure area distributive properties to simplify computations with positive the units, systems, and and perimeter. rational numbers. processes of measure-MA.06.ME.02 Carry out unit conversions in the U.S. customary Statistics and ment. system as a result of calculations involving measurements of **Probability** length, perimeter, volume, and weight (e.g.,  $6^{1/2}$ " +  $10^{1/4}$ " =  $16^{3/4}$ " or 1 ft. 43/4"). STATISTICS Select and use appropri-MA.06.SP.01 Find, use, and interpret measures of center and MA.06.ME.03 Convert from a measurement expressed in one unit ate statistical methods to within a system to another using a different unit within the same analyze data. system to measure perimeter and area. Understand and apply PROBABILITY basic concepts of prob-

ability.

MA.06.SP.02 Determine experimental probability of an event from a set of data

MA.06.SP.03 Express probability using fractions, ratios, decimals, and percents

MA.06.SP.04 Understand that probability cannot determine an individual outcome, but can be used to predict the frequency of an outcome.

MA.06.SP.05 Determine the number of possible combinations of two or more classes of objects (e.g., shirts, pants, and shoes).

#### **ATHEMATICS** Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06 COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CURRICULUM** CURRICULUM Grade 6 Grade 6 GOALS GOALS Apply appropriate tech-DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASUREMENT These standards are assessed using the Mathematics Problem Mathematical niques, tools, and formu-Solving Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. MA.06.ME.04 Determine measurements of length and perimeter **Problem Solving** las to determine measureto the nearest eighth inch (for lengths less than one foot) and ments nearest inch (for lengths greater than one foot). CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING Select, apply, and trans-MA.06.ME.05 Estimate the measures of angles greater than 180 late among mathematical MA.06.PS.01 Interpret the concepts of a problem-solving task representations to solve and translate them into mathematics. MA.06.ME.06 Develop and use formulas for finding perimeter and area of polygons MA.06.ME.07 Calculate the area and circumference of a circle Apply and adapt a variety PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES of appropriate strategies using pi as well as common approximations of pi (e.g., 3.14, MA.06.PS.02 Choose strategies that can work and then carry out to solve problems. the strategies chosen. MA.06.ME.08 Develop strategies for determining approximate perimeter and area of irregular shapes. Monitor and reflect on the VERIFICATION MA.06.ME.09 Determine the area of a complex figure process of mathematical MA.06.PS.03 Produce identifiable evidence of a second look at representative of a problem situation composed of a problem solving. the concepts/strategies/calculations to defend a solution. combination of two or more geometric figures (e.g., attach a triangle to a parallelogram). MA.06.ME.10 Recognize that two-dimensional shapes Communicate math-COMMUNICATION having the same perimeter may have different areas and ematical thinking coher-MA.06.PS.04 Use pictures, symbols, and/or vocabulary to convey that shapes having the same area may have different ently and clearly; use the the path to the identified solution. perimeters. language of mathematics MA.06.ME.11 Analyze how changes in area of a figure affect the to express mathematical dimensions of the figure. ideas precisely. MA.06.ME.12 Use referents to make estimates of area and evaluate the reasonableness of the estimate (e.g., estimate area of classroom by measuring area of one floor Accurately solve problems ACCURACY that arise in mathematics MA.06.PS.05 Accurately solve problems using mathematics. MA.06.ME.13 Calculate rates (e.g., miles per hour, simple and other contexts. interest, people per square mile) to solve problems. Geometry Analyze characteristics PROPERTIES AND RELATIONSHIPS and properties of two-MA.06.GM.01 Identify, describe, compare and classify polygons and three-dimensional by their sides and angles. geometric shapes and MA.06.GM.02 Identify and represent the radius, center, diameter develop mathematical archord, and circumference of a circle. guments about geometric MA.06.GM.03 Identify combinations of angles that are relationships. complementary or supplementary and determine their measures. MA.06.GM.04 Use properties of polygons to determine the lengths of sides and perimeters. MA.06.GM.05 Develop, understand, and apply the property of the sum of the measures of the interior angles in a polygon as well as the sum of the exterior angles. MA.06.GM.06 Find and use congruent polygons which will cover a surface without overlapping (tessellation). Use visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric MA.06.GM.07 Model, sketch, draw, and label polygons, modeling to solve probcircles (including the center, radius, and diameter). lems. complementary angles, supplementary angles, vertical angles, and adjacent angles MA.06.GM.08 Identify and describe the intersection of two or more geometric figures in the plane (e.g., the intersection of a circle and a line). Specify locations and COORDINATE GEOMETRY describe spatial relation-MA.06.GM.09 Plot polygons on coordinate graphs (first ships using coordinate quadrant). geometry and other repre-MA.06.GM.10 Determine lengths and areas of simple polygons sentational systems. from coordinate graphs. TRANSFORMATIONS AND SYMMETRY Apply transformations and use symmetry to analyze MA.06.GM.11 Build or sketch a shape that has a given mathematical situations. number of lines of symmetry, or rotational symmetries (e.g., sketch a simple polygon with a given number of lines of symmetry).

MATHE	MATICS		Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06.
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 7	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 7
Calculations and Estimations Understand numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships among numbers, and number systems.	NUMBERS  MA.07.CE.01 Model and compare rational numbers with an emphasis on integers.  MA.07.CE.02 Express numbers greater than one in scientific and standard notation.  MA.07.CE.03 Use rates, ratios, and percents to solve problems.	Formulate questions that can be addressed with data and collect, organize, and display relevant data to answer them.	COLLECT AND DISPLAY DATA  MA.07.SP.06 Formulate questions and design experiments or surveys to collect relevant data.  MA.07.SP.07 Identify situations in which it makes sense to sample and identify methods for selecting a sample (e.g., convenience sampling, responses to survey, random sampling) that are representative of a population.  MA.07.SP.08 Distinguish between random and biased samples and identify possible sources of bias in sampling.
	MA.07.CE.04 Locate rational numbers (with an emphasis on integers) on a number line.  MA.07.CE.05 Interpret, model, and use percents greater than 100 and less than 1 to solve problems.  MA.07.CE.06 Determine the prime factorization of a number less than 1000 and express the prime factorization using exponents when applicable.  MA.07.CE.07 Use factors (including greatest common factor of two or more numbers), multiples (including least common multiple of two or more numbers), prime factorization, and relatively prime numbers to solve problems.	Develop and evaluate inferences and predictions that are based on data.	MA.07.SP.09 Represent and interpret data using frequency distribution tables, box-and whisker-plots, stem-and-leaf plots, and single- and multiple-line graphs.  MA.07.SP.10 Determine the graphical representation of a set of data that best shows key characteristics of the data.  MA.07.SP.11 Recognize distortions of graphic displays of sets of data and evaluate appropriateness of alternative displays.  DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS  MA.07.SP.12 Analyze data from frequency distribution tables, boxand whisker-plots, and stem-and-leaf plots using measures of
Compute fluently and make reasonable estimates.	COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION  MA.07.CE.08 Develop and analyze algorithms and compute with integers.  MA.07.CE.09 Multiply and divide fractions and mixed numbers.  MA.07.CE.10 Compute with squares and cubes, with an emphasis on finding area, surface area, and volume.  MA.07.CE.11 Solve problems involving percentages (including percent increase and decrease, interest rates, tax, discount, tips, and part/whole relationships).	Algebraic Relationships Understand patterns, rela- tions, and functions.	center and spread and draw conclusions.  MA.07.SP.13 Predict and evaluate how adding data to a set of data affects measures of center.  MA.07.SP.14 Use observations about differences between two or more samples to make conjectures about the populations from which the samples were taken.  PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS  MA.07.AR.01 Represent, analyze, and determine rules for finding patterns involving integers with tables, graphs, words, and when possible, symbolic rules.
Understand meanings of operations and how they	MA.07.CE.12 Apply order of operations including exponents, to simplify calculations and evaluate expressions.  MA.07.CE.13 Develop and use strategies to estimate the results of integer computations and judge the reasonableness of results.  MA.07.CE.14 Use referent numbers in estimating answers to calculations with fractions and percents (e.g., 12 x ³/6 < 6, since ³/6 < 1/2 and 1/2 of 12 is 6).  OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES	Represent and analyze mathematical situations and structures using algebraic symbols.	ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS  MA.07.AR.02 Algebraically represent situations and solve problems involving linear equations and inequalities.  MA.07.AR.03 Evaluate algebraic expressions and formulas by substituting integers.  MA.07.AR.04 Interpret algebraic relationships represented by two-column tables, number lines and coordinate graphs (four quadrants).
relate to one another.	MA.07.CE.15 Demonstrate the meaning of whole number exponents as repeated multiplication.  MA.07.CE.16 Use inverse operations (addition and subtraction, multiplication and division) to solve problems and check solutions involving calculations with integers.  MA.07.CE.17 Apply the associative, commutative, and distributive properties to simplify computations with rational numbers (with an emphasis on integers).  MA.07.CE.18 Describe the effects of multiplying or dividing a number by a number between 0 and 1.	Use mathematical models to represent and understand quantitative relationships.	MA.07.AR.05 Graph linear equations on a coordinate grid by making a table using integer coordinates.  MODELING  MA.07.AR.06 Model situations, make predictions and inferences, and solve problems using linear equations.  MA.07.AR.07 Recognize and represent direct variation using tables, graphs, and equations.  MA.07.AR.08 Identify and sketch a graph that models a given situation.
Statistics and Probability  Select and use appropriate statistical methods to analyze data.	MA.07.CE.19 Apply the property of additive inverses to determine solutions of equations.  STATISTICS  MA.07.SP.01 Find, use, and interpret measures of center and spread, including mean and interquartile range for	Analyze change in various contexts.	CHANGE MA.07.AR.09 Identify and describe how a change in one variable relates to a change in a second variable.
Understand and apply basic concepts of probability.	given or derived data.  PROBABILITY  MA.07.SP.02 Compute experimental probabilities from a set of data and theoretical probabilities for single and simple compound events, using various methods (e.g., organized lists, tree diagrams, area models).	Measurement Understand measurable attributes of objects and the units, systems, and processes of measurement.	UNITS AND TOOLS  MA.07.ME.01 Select the most appropriate unit to measure surface area and volume.  MA.07.ME.02 Convert from a measurement expressed in one unit within a system to another using a different unit within the same system to measure surface and volume.
	MA.07.SP.03 Determine probabilities of simple independent and dependent events.  MA.07.SP.04 Compare experimental probability of an event with the theoretical probability and explain any difference.  MA.07.SP.05 Determine all possible outcomes of a particular event or all possible arrangements of objects in a given set by applying various methods including tree diagrams		

#### **ATHEMATICS** Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06 COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CURRICULUM** CURRICULUM Grade 7 Grade 7 GOALS GOALS Apply appropriate tech-These standards are assessed using the Mathematics Problem DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASUREMENT **Mathematical** Solving Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. niques, tools, and formu-MA.07.ME.03 Develop and use strategies and formulas for **Problem Solving** las to determine measurecalculating surface area and volume of right prisms, pyramids, Select, apply, and trans-CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING MA.07.ME.04 Develop strategies for determining approximate late among mathematical MA.07.PS.01 Interpret the concepts of a problem-solving task and volumes of irregular shapes representations to solve translate them into mathematics MA.07.ME.05 Determine surface area and volume of threeproblems. dimensional block constructions, given a two-dimensional representation. Apply and adapt a variety PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES of appropriate strategies MA.07.PS.02 Choose strategies that can work and then carry out MA.07.ME.06 Compare and contrast the formulas for surface area and volume of prisms and pyramids to solve problems. the strategies chosen. MA.07.ME.07 Create examples of rectangular prisms having the same volume, but different surface areas Monitor and reflect on the VERIFICATION MA.07.ME.08 Describe what happens to the surface area and process of mathematical MA.07.PS.03 Produce identifiable evidence of a second look at the volume of a solid when its shape is changed. problem solving. concepts/strategies/calculations to defend a solution. MA.07.ME.09 Use referents to make estimates of surface area and volume and evaluate the reasonableness of the estimate. Communicate math-COMMUNICATION Geometry ematical thinking coher-MA.07.PS.04 Use pictures, symbols, and/or vocabulary to convey ently and clearly; use the the path to the identified solution. Analyze characteristics PROPERTIES AND RELATIONSHIPS language of mathematics and properties of two-MA.07.GM.01 Determine defining properties that characterize to express mathematical and three-dimensional classes of quadrilaterals including side and angle ideas precisely. geometric shapes and measurements and their component parts (e.g., altitudes, develop mathematical armedians, diagonals, bisectors), guments about geometric MA.07.GM.02 Identify parallel and intersecting lines and pairs of Accurately solve problems ACCURACY relationships. angles formed (right, vertical, adjacent) by parallel lines cut by a that arise in mathematics MA.07.PS.05 Accurately solve problems using mathematics. transversal and determine their measure. and other contexts MA.07.GM.03 Use proportional reasoning, drawings, models. or technology to demonstrate congruence and similarity of polygons with an emphasis on quadrilaterals. MA.07.GM.04 Determine the measures of missing sides and angles in congruent quadrilaterals and their component parts. Use visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric MA.07.GM.05 Model, sketch, and label prisms, pyramids, modeling to solve probcylinders, and quadrilaterals with specified side lengths or MA.07.GM.06 Use two-dimensional representation of threedimensional objects, including nets, to solve problems involving surface area and volume Specify locations and COORDINATE GEOMETRY describe spatial relation-MA.07.GM.07 Identify properties of quadrilaterals and their ships using coordinate component parts on a coordinate graph. geometry and other representational systems. Apply transformations and TRANSFORMATIONS AND SYMMETRY use symmetry to analyze MA.07.GM.08 Determine the image of a point (with integer mathematical situations. coordinates) on a graph under translations and reflections

MATHEI	MATICS		Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06.
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS Grade 8	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS  Grade 8
Calculations and Estimations		Algebraic Relationships	PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS  MA.08.AR.01 Represent, analyze and determine rules for finding
Understand numbers, ways of representing num- bers, relationships among numbers, and number systems.	NUMBERS  MA.08.CE.01 Compare numbers greater than one expressed in scientific notation.  MA.08.CE.02 Apply proportions to solve problems.  MA.08.CE.03 Locate rational numbers on a number line.  MA.08.CE.04 Apply equivalent forms of rational numbers	Understand patterns, relations, and functions.  Represent and analyze	patterns relating to linear functions, nonlinear functions, and arithmetic sequences with tables, graphs, and symbolic rules.  MA.08.AR.02 Identify functions as linear or nonlinear from tables, graphs, or equations and contrast their properties.  MA.08.AR.03 Interpret the meaning of the rate of change and y-intercept of a linear relationship in a problem setting.  ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS
Compute fluently and make reasonable estimates.	(including percents) to solve problems.  COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION  MA.08.CE.05 Develop and analyze algorithms and compute with rational numbers.  MA.08.CE.06 Use order of operation rules, including exponents.  MA.08.CE.07 Develop and use strategies to estimate the results of rational number computations and judge the reasonableness of results.  MA.08.CE.08 Estimate square roots of whole numbers less than 100 and cube roots of whole numbers less than 1000 between two whole numbers.	mathematical situations and structures using algebraic symbols.	<ul> <li>MA.08.AR.04 Represent and solve equations of the form ax+b=c or k(ax + b) = c.</li> <li>MA.08.AR.05 Approximate solutions of systems of linear equations from a graph.</li> <li>MA.08.AR.06 Recognize and generate equivalent symbolic forms for algebraic expressions with an emphasis on linear relationships.</li> <li>MA.08.AR.07 Evaluate algebraic expressions and formulas, including expressions involving exponents and parentheses, by substituting rational numbers.</li> <li>MA.08.AR.08 Translate between and interpret linear relationships represented by words, symbols, tables, and graphs.</li> </ul>
Understand meanings of operations and how they relate to one another.	OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES  MA.08.CE.09 Demonstrate the meaning of square roots as lengths of the sides of squares and cube roots as lengths of edges of cubes.  MA.08.CE.10 Use the inverse operations of squares and square roots to solve problems and check solutions.  MA.08.CE.11 Apply the associative, commutative, and distributive properties to simplify computations with rational numbers.  MA.08.CE.12 Apply the property of multiplicative inverses to determine solutions of linear equations and inequalities.		<ul> <li>MA.08.AR.09 Determine the slope and x- and y-intercepts given the graph of a linear equation.</li> <li>MA.08.AR.10 Graph a linear equation given the slope and an initial value (y-intercept).</li> <li>MA.08.AR.11 Recognize and graph the solutions of linear inequalities on a number line.</li> <li>MA.08.AR.12 Graph simple quadratic equations (y = kx^2 or y = kx^2 + b) by generating a table of values for a given equation.</li> <li>MA.08.AR.13 Identify and describe the effects of changing the slope or y-intercept on the graph of a linear relationship of the form y = kx or y = kx + b.</li> </ul>
Statistics and Probability Select and use appropriate statistical methods to analyze data.	STATISTICS  MA.08.SP.01 Choose appropriate measures of central tendencies to describe given or derived data.  MA.08.SP.02 Estimate a line of best fit on a scatter plot and informally explain the meaning of the line and use the line to make predictions.	Use mathematical models to represent and understand quantitative relationships.	MODELING  MA.08.AR.14 Model situations, make predictions and inferences, and solve problems using linear equations and inequalities.  MA.08.AR.15 Recognize and represent direct variation using tables, graphs, and equations.  MA.08.AR.16 Determine when data represented in a table or graph represents a linear or nonlinear relationship.
Understand and apply basic concepts of probability.	PROBABILITY  MA.08.SP.03 Understand and use appropriate terminology to describe complementary and mutually exclusive events and determine their probabilities.  MA.08.SP.04 Apply theoretical probability to determine if an event or game is fair or unfair and pose and evaluate modifications to change the fairness.	Analyze change in various contexts.	CHANGE  MA.08.AR.17 Understand that the rate of change in a linear function is constant and is equal to the slope of its graphe line.  MA.08.AR.18 Determine the slope of a line given two points on the line.  MA.08.AR.19 Analyze the nature of change in quantities in linear relationships represented by graphs, tables, or formulas.
Formulate questions that can be addressed with data and collect, organize, and display relevant data to answer them.  Develop and evaluate inferences and predictions that are based on data.	COLLECT AND DISPLAY DATA  MA.08.SP.05 Collect and display data as lists, tables, and plots using appropriate technology (e.g., graphing calculators, computer software).  MA.08.SP.06 Represent bivariate data in a scatter plot and identify relationships in the plot.  DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS  MA.08.SP.07 Estimate or predict the occurrence of future events using data.	Measurement Understand measurable attributes of objects and the units, systems, and processes of measurement.	UNITS AND TOOLS  MA.08.ME.01 Determine an appropriate scale for representing an object in a scale drawing.  MA.08.ME.02 Carry out unit conversions between the metric and U.S. customary systems of measurement given conversion ratios (e.g., 1 in = 2.54 cm).  MA.08.ME.03 Convert between units for large and small numbers in the metric system (e.g., mega- to kilo-).
mat are based oil Uala.	evento using uata.	Apply appropriate techniques, tools, and formulas to determine measurements.	DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASUREMENT  MA.08.ME.04 Calculate and analyze changes in area and volume in relation to changes in linear measures of figures.  MA.08.ME.05 Analyze how changes in surface area and volume a solid affect the dimensions of the solid.  MA.08.ME.06 Solve problems involving rates and derived measurements for such attributes as speed, velocity, and density.  MA.08.ME.07 Determine actual distances from scale drawings, blueprints, and maps and solve problems involving scale factor.

#### **MATHEMATICS** Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06 COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CURRICULUM CURRICULUM** Grade 8 Grade 8 **GOALS** GOALS Geometry Mathematical These standards are assessed using the Mathematics Problem Solving Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. **Problem Solving** Analyze characteristics PROPERTIES AND RELATIONSHIPS and properties of two-MA.08.GM.01 Determine defining properties that Select, apply, and transand three-dimensional characterize classes of triangles including side and angle CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING geometric shapes and late among mathematical measurements and their component parts (e.g., angle MA.08.PS.01 Interpret the concepts of a problem-solving task and bisectors, altitudes, medians). develop mathematical arrepresentations to solve translate them into mathematics guments about geometric problems. MA.08.GM.02 Use proportional reasoning, drawings, models relationships. or technology to demonstrate similarity and congruence of polygons with an emphasis on triangles. PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES Apply and adapt a variety MA.08.GM.03 Determine the measures of corresponding of appropriate strategies MA.08.PS.02 Choose strategies that can work and then carry out sides and angles of congruent and similar triangles and their the strategies chosen. component parts. to solve problems. MA.08.GM.04 Use similar triangles to measure distances indirectly (e.g., flagpole and shadow). MA.08.GM.05 Use the Pythagorean theorem to determine if Monitor and reflect on the VERIFICATION triangles are right triangles and determine the lengths of process of mathematical MA.08.PS.03 Produce identifiable evidence of a second look at the missing sides in right triangles. problem solving. concepts/strategies/calculations to defend a solution. MA.08.GM.06 Investigate triangles and their component parts and draw conclusions about their properties. COMMUNICATION MA.08.GM.07 Create and critique inductive and deductive Communicate matharguments to verify the Pythagorean theorem. ematical thinking coher-MA.08.PS.04 Use pictures, symbols, and/or vocabulary to convey ently and clearly; use the the path to the identified solution. MA.08.GM.08 Justify conclusions that two triangles are or language of mathematics are not congruent and are or are not similar. to express mathematical MODELING ideas precisely. Use visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric MA.08.GM.09 Draw to scale two-dimensional representations of rectangular prisms and triangles with modeling to solve prob-ACCURACY specified side lengths or angle measures. Accurately solve problems lems. that arise in mathematics MA.08.PS.05 Accurately solve problems using mathematics. MA.08.GM.10 Construct and read drawings and models made and other contexts. COORDINATE GEOMETRY Specify locations and describe spatial relation-MA.08.GM.11 On a coordinate plane, determine the relative ships using coordinate placement (e.g., intersecting, parallel, perpendicular) of two geometry and other representational systems. MA.08.GM.12 Determine the distance between two points on a coordinate graph using right triangles and the Pythagorean theorem. Apply transformations TRANSFORMATIONS AND SYMMETRY and use symmetry to MA.08.GM.13 Classify transformations based on whether analyze mathematical they produce congruent or similar non-congruent figures (e.g., compare pairs of shapes where the image has been situations. transformed, identify the type of translation and use angles, diagonals, and lines of symmetry to determine congruence). MA.08.GM.14 Identify and sketch the figure that is the result of a given rotation, translation, reflection, or dilation or a combination of two transformations. MA.08.GM.15 Know properties of dilated images. MA.08.GM.16 Determine the effects of a transformation on linear and area measurements of the original figure.

MATHE Adopted April 2002	MATICS		Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06.
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CIM/CAM	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CIM/CAM
Calculations and Estimations		Develop and evaluate in- ferences and predictions that are based on data.	DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS  MA.CM.SP.10 Make inferences and predictions from data in histograms, scatter plots, and parallel box plots.
Understand numbers, ways of representing	NUMBERS		MA.CM.SP.11 Make predictions about populations based on
numbers, relationships among numbers, and	MA.CM.CE.01 Compare real numbers.  MA.CM.CE.02 Order and compare numbers expressed in scientific		reported sample statistics.  MA.CM.SP.12 Understand that inferences about a
number systems.	notation to each other and to other forms of real numbers.  MA.CM.CE.03 Recognize that the set of real numbers contains the set of irrational numbers and the set of rational numbers and know the difference between them.	Algebraic Relationships	population drawn from a sample involve uncertainty and that the role of statistics is to measure that uncertainty.
	MA.CM.CE.04 Locate real numbers on a number line (including approximations of irrational numbers).	Understand patterns, rela-	PATTERNS AND FUNCTIONS
	MA.CM.CE.05 Apply equivalent forms of real numbers to solve problems.	tions, and functions.	MA.CM.AR.01 Represent and generalize sequences resulting from linear, quadratic, and exponential relationships using recursive or explicit formulas, tables of values, and graphs.
Compute fluently and make reasonable esti-	COMPUTATION AND ESTIMATION		MA.CM.AR.02 Produce a valid conjecture using inductive reasoning by generalizing from a pattern of observations.
mates.	MA.CM.CE.06 Compute with real numbers, including absolute value and numbers expressed in scientific notation.		MA.CM.AR.03 Evaluate and make a table for two-variable formulas and match a graph or table of values to its formula.
	MA.CM.CE.07 Compute with integer exponents and whole number roots.      MA.CM.CE.08 Mentally multiply and divide by powers of 10		MA.CM.AR.04 Identify independent and dependent variables and determine the domain and range of a function in a problem situation.
	to estimate results of computations involving numbers expressed in scientific notation.	Represent and analyze	ALGEBRAIC RELATIONSHIPS
	MA.CM.CE.09 Develop and use strategies to estimate the results of real number computations, determine the amount of error, and judge the reasonableness of results.	mathematical situations and structures using algebraic symbols.	MA.CM.AR.05 Algebraically represent situations and solve problems involving quadratic and exponential equations, including exponential growth and decay.
	MA.CM.CE.10 Estimate the results of computations with integer powers and roots of real numbers.		MA.CM.AR.06 Use graphs to solve non-linear equations, including quadratics.
Understand meanings of operations and how they	OPERATIONS AND PROPERTIES  MA.CM.CE.11 Recognize that taking the nth root of a number		MA.CM.AR.07 Represent and solve systems of linear equations with two variables using simultaneous equations and by graphing.
relate to one another.	corresponds to prime factorization.  MA.CM.CE.12 Use the inverse operations of nth power and nth		MA.CM.AR.08 Recognize and generate equivalent forms for algebraic expressions, including combining like terms and
	root to solve problems and check solutions.  MA.CM.CE.13 Apply the associative, commutative, and distributive		expanding binomials.  MA.CM.AR.09 Evaluate algebraic expressions and formulas by
	properties to simplify computations with real numbers.		substituting real numbers.
Statistics and	MA.CM.CE.14 Use properties of numbers to demonstrate whether assertions are true or false.		MA.CM.AR.10 Translate between and interpret quadratic and exponential relationships represented by words, symbols, tables, and graphs.
Probability	STATISTICS		MA.CM.AR.11 Determine and interpret maxima or minima and zeros of quadratic functions, and linear functions where y =
Select and use appropriate statistical methods to	MA.CM.SP.01 Estimate from a graph or a set of data the mean and standard deviation of a normal distribution and draw		MA.CM.AR.12 Graph linear inequalities in two variables.
analyze data.	conclusions about the distribution of data using measures of center and spread (e.g., analyze a variety of summary		MA.CM.AR.13 Graph quadratic and exponential equations.
	statistics and graphical displays).  MA.CM.SP.02 Analyze bivariate data and identify the type of		MA.CM.AR.14 Analyze how changing a parameter (i.e., $k$ , $b$ ) in a quadratic or exponential function of the form $y = k^x + b$ , $y = kx^2 + b$ , or $y = k(x + b)^2$ affects its graph.
	function (e.g., linear, quadratic, exponential) that could be used to model the data.	Use mathematical models	MODELING
Understand and apply	PROBABILITY	to represent and under- stand quantitative relation-	MA.CM.AR.15 Model situations, make predictions and inferences, and solve problems using linear, quadratic, and
basic concepts of probability.	MA.CM.SP.03 Compute the probability of a compound event (e.g., toss a coin three times to find the probability of two heads).	ships.	exponential functions.  MA.CM.AR.16 Determine when data represented in a table
	MA.CM.SP.04 Determine probabilities of dependent and independent events (e.g., use colored marbles with and without replacement).		or graph represents a linear, quadratic, or exponential relationship.
	MA.CM.SP.05 Use conditional probability to solve problems (e.g., from a sample set for the roll of two tetrahedral die; given that a sum is even, what is the probability that the sum is 6?).	Analyze change in various contexts.	CHANGE  MA.CM.AR.17 Approximate and interpret rates of change in graphical and numeric data.
	MA.CM.SP.06 Determine all possible outcomes of a particular event or all possible arrangements of objects in a given set by applying counting strategies, combinations, and permutations.		MA.CM.AR.18 Analyze the nature of change of each variable in a nonlinear relationship as suggested by a table of values, a graph, or a formula.
Formulate questions that	COLLECT AND DISPLAY DATA	Measurement Understand measurable	LINITE AND TOOLS
can be addressed with data and collect, organize and display relevant data	to study a problem and construct empirical probability	attributes of objects and the units, systems, and processes of measure-	UNITS AND TOOLS  MA.CM.ME.01 Determine the appropriate units, scales, and tools for problem situations involving measurement.
to answer them.	distributions to represent results.  MA.CM.SP.08 Use matrices, histograms, scatter plots, stem-and-	ment.	MA.CM.ME.02 Solve problems involving unit conversions (e.g., mile per hour to feet per second) given the unit equivalencies.
	leaf plots, and box-and-whisker-plots to interpret data.  MA.CM.SP.09 Identify examples of populations that are normally distributed.		MA.CM.ME.03 Determine the precision of a given measuring tool (e.g., 1 degree for a standard protractor).
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#### **MATHEMATICS** Student accountability for Grades 3-8 and CIM began in 2005-06. COMMON COMMON **OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS OREGON GRADE-LEVEL STANDARDS CURRICULUM** CURRICULUM CIM/CAM CIM/CAM GOALS GOALS Specify locations and DIRECT AND INDIRECT MEASUREMENT COORDINATE GEOMETRY Apply appropriate techdescribe spatial relation-MA.CM.ME.04 Develop and use strategies and formulas for MA.CM.GM.17 Determine the relative placement (e.g., niques, tools, and formuships using coordinate calculating surface area and volume of cones and spheres. intersecting, parallel, perpendicular) of two lines on a las to determine measuregeometry and other reprecoordinate plane given the algebraic equations representing ments MA.CM.ME.05 Use formulas to solve problems involving finding sentational systems. missing dimensions given perimeter, area, surface area, and volume of polygons, circles, prisms, pyramids, cones, cylinders, MA.CM.GM.18 Calculate slope, distance and midpoint bets points with an emphasis on practical applications (use coordinate formulas). MA.CM.ME.06 Develop and understand, and use the formula for determining arc length (e.g., portion of a circle) Apply transformations and TRANSFORMATIONS AND SYMMETRY MA.CM.ME.07 Determine perimeter and area of shapes of circles use symmetry to analyze MA.CM.GM.19 Use coordinate geometry to determine whether a nd polygons (annulus, etc.) in context mathematical situations. figure is symmetrical with respect to a line or a point. MA.CM.ME.08 Determine the surface area and volume of a MA.CM.GM.20 Determine whether a given pair of figures on a complex figure composed of a combination of two or more coordinate plane represents a translation, reflection, rotation, geometric figures or a figure derived from a regular solid (e.g., and/or dilation. hemisphere, frustum of a cone), MA.CM.GM.21 Determine the image of a figure on a coordinate MA.CM.ME.09 Compare and contrast the formulas for surface graph under translations, reflections, and rotations. area and volume of cylinders and cones MA.CM.GM.22 Given a figure and its image on a coordinate MA.CM.ME.10 Determine a shape that has minimum or graph, determine the translation vector or locate the axis of maximum perimeter, area, surface area, or volume under specified conditions. MA.CM.GM.23 Determine the coordinates of and draw the MA.CM.ME.11 Make and use scale drawings and models to solve dilation of a figure on a coordinate graph. problems. MA.CM.GM.24 Analyze the congruence, similarity, and line or Geometry rotational symmetry of figures using transformations. PROPERTIES AND RELATIONSHIPS **Mathematical** Analyze characteristics MA.CM.GM.01 Determine defining properties that characterize and properties of two-**Problem Solving** classes of three-dimensional figures and their component and three-dimensional These standards are assessed using the Mathematics Problem Solving Scoring Guide in grades 3-CIM. geometric shapes and develop mathematical ar-MA.CM.GM.02 Recognize and represent three-dimensional guments about geometric figures and their component parts. Select, apply, and trans-CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING relationships. MA.CM.GM.03 Justify and use theorems involving the angles late among mathematical MA.CM.PS.01 Interpret the concepts of a problem-solving task formed by parallel lines cut by a transversal representations to solve and translate them into mathematics. MA.CM.GM.04 Develop, understand, and apply properties of problems. circles and of inscribed and circumscribed polygons MA.CM.GM.05 Use measures of sides and of interior and exterior angles of polygons to classify figures and solve problems Apply and adapt a variety PROCESSES AND STRATEGIES of appropriate strategies MA.CM.PS.02 Choose strategies that can work and then carry MA.CM.GM.06 Prove congruence of two triangles or their to solve problems. out the strategies chosen corresponding component parts. MA.CM.GM.07 Determine the measures of corresponding angles. sides, and corresponding parts of congruent and similar figures. Monitor and reflect on the VERIFICATION MA.CM.GM.08 Use angle, side length, and triangle inequality process of mathematical MA.CM.PS.03 Produce identifiable evidence of a second look at relationships to solve problems. problem solving. the concepts/strategies/calculations to defend a solution. MA.CM.GM.09 Use trigonometric functions, and angle and side relationships of special right triangles (30-60-right triangles and isosceles right triangles) to solve for an unknown length and Communicate math-COMMUNICATION determine distances and solve problems ematical thinking coher-MA.CM.PS.04 Use pictures, symbols, and/or vocabulary to MA.CM.GM.10 Investigate relationships among chords. ently and clearly; use the convey the path to the identified solution. language of mathematics secants, tangents, inscribed angles, and inscribed and circumscribed polygons of circles. to express mathematical ideas precisely. MA.CM.GM.11 Construct and judge the validity of a logical argument and give counterexamples to disprove a Accurately solve problems MA.CM.GM.12 Justify and use theorems involving the properties ACCURACY that arise in mathematics of triangles, quadrilaterals, circles, and their component parts to MA.CM.PS.05 Accurately solve problems using mathematics. verify congruence and similarity. and other contexts. Use visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric MA.CM.GM.13 Model, sketch, label and where appropriate modeling to solve probconstruct cones and spheres, and basic elements of lems. geometric figures (e.g., altitudes, midpoints, medians, angle bisectors, and perpendicular bisectors) using compass and straightedge or technology. MA.CM.GM.14 Describe how two or more objects are related in space (e.g., skew-lines, the possible ways three planes might intersect). MA.CM.GM.15 Make a model of a three-dimensional figure from a two-dimensional drawing and make a twodimensional representation of a three-dimensional object through scale drawings, perspective drawings, blueprints. or computer simulations. MA.CM.GM.16 Recognize representations of three-dimensional

objects from different perspectives and identify cross-sections of

three-dimensional objects.

Current Oregon University Sy	stem Admission Option: Adopted by the State Board of I	Higher Education in 2005.	
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE
Calculations and Estimations			determines trends, the nature of distributions, and predicted values using graphical representations of data
Understand numbers,			analyzes data displays to evaluate the reasonableness of claims, reports, studies, and conclusions
ways of representing numbers, relationships			Criterion D3: Use, Analyze and Interpret Data
among numbers, and number systems.		Develop and evaluate inferences and predictions	Develop and evaluate inferences and predictions that are based on data.
		that are based on data.	Descriptions of Proficient Performance for D3:
	PERFORM ALGEBRAIC OPERATIONS (PASS Standard B)		uses appropriate methods and terminology to compute statistics
	Use numeric and algebraic operations and mathematical expressions to solve equations and inequalities.		uses appropriate symbols and terms to represent statistics     applies statistical measures of frequency, center, spread,
	Criterion B2: Estimate and Compute		and correlation in the representation and analysis of data (including the normal distribution)
Compute fluently and make reasonable estimates.	Use computation, estimation, and mathematical properties to solve problems; use estimation to check the reasonableness of results, including those obtained by technology.		draws appropriate inferences or makes predictions (including comments on their validity and reliability) that are supported by the data collected
	Descriptions of Proficient Performance for B2:     recognizes and selects the most appropriate method for determining an answer: estimation, computation, or a		<ul> <li>reviews and critiques the investigative design, data collection, and analysis for sources of error and bias</li> </ul>
Understand meanings of	cetermining an answer: estimation, computation, or a combination of both  • selects and uses an appropriate process and		analyzes bivariate data and identifies the type of function that could be used to model the data
operations and how they relate to one another.	computational or measurement tool (e.g., paper and pencil, calculator, computer software, protractor, ruler, etc.)		Criterion D4: Statistical Investigation  Design, conduct, and critique statistical experiments,
	identifies and communicates a range of reasonable results		simulations, or surveys; collect data.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for D4:
	<ul> <li>uses appropriate number representations and operations (e.g., scientific notation, π, etc.)</li> </ul>		states questions, hypotheses, or predictions that can be
	correctly performs appropriate calculations on real numbers and expressions		investigated through the use of statistical methods and/or probability simulation
	computes correct answers to problems involving direct calculations, interpretation of word problems, and/or charts and graphs		<ul> <li>plans, tests, and/or investigates designs (and/or surveys), considering issues of randomization, appropriate data, and effective data-gathering techniques</li> </ul>
Statistics and Probability	USE PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS TO COLLECT AND STUDY DATA (PASS Standard D)		<ul> <li>develops and conducts one or more investigations of reasonable complexity and depth, drawing appropriate conclusions</li> </ul>
Select and use appropri-	Use probability and statistics in the study of various disciplines,		Conclusions
ate statistical methods to analyze data.	situations, and problems; understand and apply valid statistical methods and measures of central tendency, variability, and correlation in the collection, organization, analysis, and	Algebraic Relationships	
	interpretation of data.	Understand patterns,	PERFORM ALGEBRAIC OPERATIONS
Understand and apply	Criterion D1: Use of Probability	relations, and functions.	(PASS Standard B) Use numeric and algebraic operations and mathematical
Understand and apply basic concepts of prob-	Understand and apply concepts of probability.		expressions to solve equations and inequalities.
ability.	Descriptions of Proficient Performance for D1:  • uses experimental or theoretical probability to represent	Represent and analyze	Criterion B1: Solving Equations and Inequalities
	and interpret situations or problems	mathematical situations and structures using	Solve equations and inequalities numerically, graphically, and/or algebraically.
	represents and calculates compound probabilities for dependent, independent, conditional, and mutually exclusive events	algebraic symbols.	Descriptions of Proficient Performance for B1:
	calculates and represents experimental probability through simulation		correctly uses operations and properties to simplify algebraic expressions     selects an effective means of solving a given equation.
	calculates and represents theoretical probability using various methods (diagrams, tables, area models, counting)		selects an effective means of solving a given equation, inequality, or system
	techniques, technology, etc.)  • uses probability concepts (e.g., random variable) to design		clearly shows the steps in the process selected     finds the correct (most reasonable) solution - if it exists
	and conduct simulations, including sampling, data analysis, and/or interpretation		solves a variety of equations and inequalities  NOTE: Criterion B2 is listed in Calculations and Estimations.
	finds and interprets an expected value for a given situation		Criterion B3: Use of Matrices
Formulate questions that	Criterion D2: Organization and Use of Data  Create charts, tables, and graphs to display data; use displays		Use matrices to organize and analyze information and to solve problems.
can be addressed with	to draw inferences, make predictions, and solve problems.		Descriptions of Proficient Performance for B3:
data and collect, organize, and display relevant data	Descriptions of Proficient Performance for D2:  • develops informative tables, plots, and graphic displays		correctly organizes numeric information into an array of numbers
tφ answer them.	(histograms, scatter plots, stem and leaf plots, box and whiskers, etc.) to accurately represent and study data		correctly performs matrix addition and multiplication
	interprets information represented in tables, plots, and graphs		correctly solves problems (e.g., systems of equations, geometric transformations, etc.) using matrices
	draws defensible inferences from data using graphical representations (line of best fit, histograms, etc.)		

# **MATHEMATICS**

Current Oregon University System Admission Option: Adopted by the State Board of Higher Education in 2005

Current Oregon University Sy	stem Admission Option: Adopted by the State Board of H	igher Education in 2005	
COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE
	USE FUNCTIONS TO UNDERSTAND MATHEMATICAL RELATIONSHIPS (PASS Standard E)  Use patterns and functions to represent relationships between variables and to solve problems; interpret and understand the connections among symbolic, graphic, and tabular representations of linear, quadratic, and exponential functions.  Criterion E1: Representation and Recognition of Functions Represent functions using and translating among words, tables, graphs, and symbols; recognize and distinguish a variety of classes of functions.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for E1:  - recognizes, represents, and interprets linear, quadratic, and exponential functions  - sketches the graph of a function presented in symbolic, tabular, or worded form  - correctly determines the symbolic form of a function from specific characteristics of the function and its graph (slope, vertex, intercepts, etc.)  - creates an accurate table of values for a function presented in symbolic, graphic, or worded form  - identifies the class to which a function beings; recognizes when a function does not belong to any of the listed classes  Criterion E2: Analysis of Functions  Understand and analyze features of a function and limitations on the domain of a function.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for E2:  - determines if a relation in any form is a function  - uses understanding of a class of functions in the analysis of a particular function  - uses understanding of a class of functions in the analysis of a particular function  - correctly determines the domain and range of a function  - evaluates a function (determines f (x) given x) presented in symbolic, tabular, or graphic form  - correctly generates ordered pairs and calculates the rate of change  - accurately interprets points, intervals, slopes, and rates of change  - accurately interprets points, intervals, slopes, and rates of change  - accurately interprets profice or expense observed patterns with appropriate functions and properties  Model situations and solve problems using a variety of		DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT
	simplifies expressions involving:		

# **MATHEMATICS**

COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE	COMMON CURRICULUM GOALS	PASS STANDARDS, CRITERIA, AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PROFICIENT PERFORMANCE
Measurement Understand measurable attributes of objects and the units, systems, and processes of measurement.	USE GEOMETRIC CONCEPTS AND MODELS (PASS Standard C) Represent and solve problems with two- and three-dimensional geometric models, properties of figures, analytic geometry, and right-triangle trigonometry.	Mathematical Problem Solving	SOLVE MATHEMATICAL PROBLEMS (PASS STANDARD A)  Apply mathematical problem-solving strategies to problems from within and outside mathematics; devise, implement, and evaluate processes and solutions; select and use appropriate models, operations, and technologies.
Apply appropriate tech- niques, tools, and formu- las to determine measure- ments.	Criterion C2: Direct and Indirect Measurement Use geometry and right-triangle trigonometry to determine measurements.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for C2:  • selects and uses appropriate methods, systems, units, measuring instruments and technology to determine accurate measurements  • determines measurements indirectly, using:  • accurate scaled drawings	Select, apply, and translate among mathematical representations to solve problems.	Criterion A1: Formulation and Understanding Understand and formulate problems; select or provide relevant information; use mathematical concepts, models, and representations.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A1:  • clearly and appropriately frames and clarifies a mathematical problem:  • given a problem, demonstrates an understanding of the context, variables and constraints involved;
	similarity, proportion, and congruence right-triangle relationships (Pythagorean Theorem, sine, cosine, tangent) properties of geometric figures applies appropriate computations to determine: the perimeter and area of basic plane figures (e.g., circles, triangles, quadrilaterals)		or  • given a context from within or outside mathematics, poses a problem, providing appropriate information, variables, and constraints  • uses all relevant information from the problem; identifies and obtains any additional information or resources necessary for solving the problem  Criterion A2: Processes and Strategies
Geometry  Analyze characteristics and properties of two- and three-dimensional geometric shapes and levelop mathematical arguments about geometric elationships.	the volume and surface area of basic solids (e.g., spheres, cones, cylinders, prisms)  Criterion C1: Recognition and Analysis of Geometric Figures Represent, interpret, and analyze a wide variety of geometric figures and their properties using drawings, models, and the Cartesian coordinate system.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for C1:  • recognizes a wide variety of geometric shapes, figures, properties, and relationships in a variety of environments in both two and three dimensions	Apply and adapt a variety of appropriate strategies to solve problems.	Consider and choose among various strategies, algorithms, models, and concepts to devise and carry out solutions.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A2:  • selects, develops, and completes thorough, detailed, efficient, and reasonable processes and strategies  • uses clear and mathematically correct pictures, diagrams, models, and/or symbols to develop the solution  • selects and correctly uses appropriate computational tools and methods  • demonstrates proficient performance in algebra, geometry
Specify locations and describe spatial relationships using coordinate geometry and other representational systems.  Apply transformations and use symmetry to analyze	analyzes a wide variety of geometric figures in terms of their properties (e.g., parallel lines with transversal, polygons, circles, and triangle congruence/similarity) uses coordinate geometry to analyze properties of lines, circles, and figures uses coordinate and analytic geometry to understand relationships between lines (parallel, perpendicular, intersecting) and figures recognizes and represents geometric transformations (i.e., size and scale changes, dilations, translations, reflections,	Monitor and reflect on the process of mathematical problem solving.	and/or probability and statistics, as appropriate to the problem (see Standards B, C, or D)  Criterion A3: Verification  Evaluate processes, strategies, calculations, and solutions to verify reasonableness; explore alternative approaches, extensions, and generalizations.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A3:  reviews and checks strategies and calculations, using an alternative approach when possible to verify reasonableness of results
nathematical situations.	and rotations)  • formulates and tests conjectures and conclusions  NOTE: Criterion C2 is listed in Measurement.  Criterion C3: Use of Geometric Models		reflects on the problem solving process and uses mathematical knowledge to evaluate how effective it was reflects on the solution and uses mathematical knowledge to evaluate how reasonable and appropriate it was considers extensions and generalizations of the problem, process, or solution  Criterion A4: Communication
se visualization, spatial easoning, and geometric nodeling to solve prob- ems.	Use geometric relationships, spatial reasoning, and models to solve problems.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for C3:  develops clear and accurate geometric models to communicate concepts and relationships  applies geometry and right-triangle trigonometry to understand and model real-world problems	Communicate mathematical thinking coherently and clearly; use the language of mathematics to express mathematical ideas precisely.	Represent and communicate reasoning processes, solutions, ideas, and conclusions; use correct mathematical terminology, symbols, and notation.  Descriptions of Proficient Performance for A4:  • clearly represents the reasoning, processes and calculations used to arrive at a solution or develop an idea.  • sequences and connects the presentation so that the reader can follow the mathematical thinking from start to finish  • uses mathematical notation, symbols, graphics, and terminology precisely and correctly
		Accurately solve problems that arise in mathematics and other contexts.	<ul> <li>minimizes mechanical errors (spelling, punctuation, paragraphing, etc.) so as not to interfere with clarity of communication</li> </ul>

## **Glossary**

Academic Content Standards—statements of what students are expected to know in particular subjects and be able to do at specified grade levels developed through the standards setting processes, involving Oregon educators. The State Board of Education has adopted the content standards for science, social sciences, the arts, second languages, physical education, and health education, and grade-level standards in English language arts and mathematics.

**Alignment**—the process of linking assessment, instruction, and learning in classrooms to content and performance standards.

Benchmark Standards—a specific statement of knowledge and skills to be demonstrated at the end of a specified range of grades. In science, social sciences, the arts, physical education and health education, a student's progress toward the Certificate of Initial Mastery or Subject Area Endorsement can be checked at or about grades 3, 5, 8, and 10.

### Career-Related Learning Standards—

statements of fundamental skills essential for success in employment, college, family, and community life that are a requirement for the Certificate of Advanced Mastery (CAM) and the high school diploma (beginning in 2006-07). These are most meaningful when demonstrated through integrated, interdisciplinary approaches and hands-on activities such as accomplishing a task or discovering a solution to a problem, in the classroom or career-related learning experiences.

### **Certificate of Advanced Mastery**

**(CAM)**—an award earned by students who have demonstrated rigorous application of knowledge and skills in preparation for their post-high school goals.

Certificate of Initial Mastery (CIM)—an award earned by students who have met CIM-level standards on state tests and classroom work samples in English language arts, mathematics, and science.

Classroom Assessment—assessment developed, administered and scored by a teacher or set of teachers with the purpose of evaluating individual or classroom student performance on a given topic. Often, these are called local assessments and when scored using official state scoring guides may be used as work samples.

Cognitive Demand—categories of expectations for student performance that are contextual within a particular subject (e.g. math, science, social sciences, English language arts). Identifying cognitive demands makes it possible for teachers to describe the level of thinking students engage in while learning, and while demonstrating their learning.

Collection of Evidence—evidence collected that shows students' ability to apply what they know and can do related to the standards. A Collection of Evidence is required for Juried Assessment and can be used to demonstrate Extended Application.

Common Curriculum Goals—broad goal statements that describe the same course of study (curriculum) used in all Oregon school districts from kindergarten through grade 12. The Common Curriculum Goals include the academic content standards.

Content and Assessment Panels—statewide advisory groups convened by the Department of Education to review, revise, and promote the academic content standards and related assessment items. Panels consist of Oregon teachers and administrators who usually serve three-year terms.

Criterion-Referenced Assessment—an assessment that uses specific criteria, such as content or performance standards, as the measure for student knowledge and skills. It measures an individual's performance relative to specific criteria and not in comparison to the performance of other students.

**Cut Scores**—the minimum scores associated with performance standards established by Oregon educators and other stakeholders and adopted by the State Board of Education that marks where Oregonians believe a critical difference in levels of performance is demonstrated. These scores must be periodically reviewed to ensure they remain consistent with Oregonians' expectations.

Education Plan—a formalized plan and process through which students establish their personalized education, career and life goals. In the plan, students also outline specific activities that will help them achieve their identified learning goals.

Education Profile—documentation of the student's progress toward achieving the goals outlined in the education plan. Examples include achievement toward CIM, CAM, learning goals, graduation requirements, and other personal accomplishments.

**Eligible Content**—statements related to the content standards that are eligible for inclusion in the statewide knowledge and skills assessment. The eligible content in science and social sciences is *italicized*.

English Language Proficiency Standards statements designed to supplement the English language arts standards to ensure that Limited English Proficient (LEP) students develop proficiency in both the English language and the concepts and skills contained in the English language arts standards.

**Extended Application**—the application and extension of knowledge and skills in new and complex situations related to the student's personal and career interests and post-high school goals.

Formative Assessment—a type of classroom assessment used by teachers to help "form" student knowledge and skills during instruction by highlighting a student's academic strengths and weaknesses; often referred to as "assessment for learning" rather than "assessment of learning." **Grade-level Foundations**—specific statements that describe what students should know and be able to do at grades K-2 in English language arts and Mathematics that will prepare them to meet the grade 3 standards.

**Grade-level Standards**—specific statements, adopted by the State Board of Education, that describe what students should know and be able to do at grades 3 through 8 and CIM (Certificate of Initial Mastery) in English language arts and mathematics.

### **Language Functions and Grammatical**

Forms— English language learners (ELL) and second language learners need to understand both the function (purpose) and form (structure) of language. Functions refer to the purpose for which speech or writing is being used. Forms of a language deal with the internal grammatical structure of words.

Norm-Referenced Assessment—evaluations of student performance or performances that are based on comparisons to larger groups rather than each student's mastery of the content standards.

Oregon Skill Sets—a planning tool for students and teachers that allows for meaning-ful connections to careers and the working world. School districts may use them to guide curriculum and lesson development. Skill Sets are organized by Oregon's six broad Career Learning Areas: (1) Agriculture, Food & Natural Resource Systems; (2) Arts, Information & Communications; (3) Business & Management; (4) Health Services; (5) Human Resource Systems; (6) Industrial & Engineering Systems.

Oregon Statewide Assessment System (OSAS)—official name for Oregon's state-wide Knowledge and Skills Tests, Writing Assessment, and work samples in writing, speaking, math problem solving, scientific inquiry and social science analyses.

Performance Assessment— a measure of a student's ability based on an application of what he or she has learned to standardized tasks such as activities, exercises, or problems. Performance tasks often have more than one acceptable solution. An example of a performance assessment is Oregon's Writing Assessment.

**Performance Descriptors**—short paragraphs that describe what students know and are able to do as represented by the performance standards.

Performance Requirement—a description of the quality and quantity of content standards students need to meet based on the student work being assessed. Applies to social sciences, arts, second language, physical education, and health education.

Performance Standards—adopted by the State Board of Education, these reflect the number and kinds of work samples, as well as the scores on statewide assessments, considered sufficient to meet or exceed standards.

Proficiency—the targeted level of achievement expected of students based on Oregon's expectations and national trends. Proficiency can be measured through statewide assessments and/or classroom evidence.

Proficiency-based Admission Standards
System (PASS)—a system based on Oregon's academic content standards (for the
CIM and the CAM) that describes the knowledge and skills students need to demonstrate in order to be successful in Oregon's
seven public universities. Part of the Oregon
University System, this alignment information is designed to create a seamless K-16
educational system and was adopted by the
State Board of Higher Education.

Scoring Guide—an evaluation tool designed for scoring student work that includes specific, consistent assessment criteria for student performance and a scale to help rate student work. Used by Oregon teachers to evaluate student work samples and the State Writing Assessment on a 1-6 point scale.

Subject Area Endorsement—an award earned by students who have met the CIM requirements and state standards in social sciences, the arts, second languages, physical education, and/or health education.

Sufficiency—the amount and variety of evidence necessary to clearly show that a student is proficient in a particular content area. Performance standards adopted by the State Board of Education reflect the number and kinds of work samples, as well as performance levels on statewide assessments, considered "sufficient" to show student mastery of skills in each content area.

Summative Assessment—a type of assessment, such as the Oregon Statewide Assessment and the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), that generally occurs after a period of instruction as a measure of learning; often referred to as "assessment of learning" rather than "assessment for learning."

Work Sample—representative samples of individual student work (e.g., research paper, statistical experiments, speaking presentations) that are scored using an official state scoring guide in those subjects for which one has been adopted (i.e., writing, speaking, mathematical problem solving, scientific inquiry, and social science analysis).

### RESOURCES

The Oregon Department of Education is ready to help teachers, classified staff, and administrators as you further develop your standards-based curriculum and instructional methods. Please let us know what you need.

### **CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT**

If you have questions about the Common Curriculum Goals, academic content standards, eligible content, curriculum, instructional issues, or assessment in a particular area, contact the specialist. To learn more about the ODE "Go" Links visit <a href="https://www.ode.state.or.us/go/">www.ode.state.or.us/go/</a>.

CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT AREA		PHONE	
*(Go Link www.ode.state.or.us/go/)	SPECIALIST	(503) 947-5600	E-MAIL
English Language Arts (ELA)	Julie Anderson	(503) 947-5613	julie.anderson@state.or.us
English Language Arts Assessment	Ken Hermens	(503) 947-5830	ken.hermens@state.or.us
(ReadingAssessment, WritingAssessment, SpeakingAsse	essment)		
English Language Proficiency Standards (ELP)	Carmen West	(503) 947-5669	carmen.west@state.or.us
English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA)	Susan Huggins	(503) 947-5824	susan.huggins@state.or.us
Mathematics (Math)	Jonathan Wiens	(503) 947-5764	jonathan.wiens@state.or.us
Mathematics Assessment (Mathematics Assessment)	Cathy Brown	(503) 947-5832	cathy.brown@state.or.us
Science (Science)	Cheryl Kleckner	(503) 947-5794	cheryl.kleckner@state.or.us
Science Assessment (ScienceAssessment)	Leslie Phillips	(503) 947-5835	leslie.phillips@state.or.us
Social Sciences (SocialSciences)	Andrea Morgan	(503) 947-5772	andrea.morgan@state.or.us
Social Sciences Assessment (Social Sciences Assessment)	Leslie Phillips	(503) 947-5835	leslie.phillips@state.or.us
The Arts (Arts)	Michael Fridley	(503) 947-5660	michael.fridley@state.or.us
Health Education (Health)	Jess Bogli	(503) 947-5659	jess.bogli@state.or.us
Physical Education (PE)	Margaret Bates	(503) 947-5615	margaret.bates@state.or.us
Second Language (SecondLanguage)	Rendy Jantz	(503) 947-5695	rendy.jantz@state.or.us
Career Related Learning Areas (CareerLearning):			
Arts and Communication	Michael Fridley	(503) 947-5660	michael.fridley@state.or.us
Business and Management	Ron Dodge	(503) 947-5653	ron.dodge@state.or.us
Health Services	Theresa Levy	(503) 947-5736	theresa.levy@state.or.us
Human Resource Systems	Susanne Daggett	(503) 947-5713	susanne.daggett@state.or.us
Industrial and Engineering Systems	Ginger Redlinger	(503) 947-5700	ginger.redlinger@state.or.us
Natural Resource Systems	Laura Roach	(503) 947-5656	laura.s.roach@state.or.us
Educational Technology (EdTech)	Carla Wade	(503) 947-5631	carla.wade@state.or.us
Extended Assessments (ExtendedAssessments)	Dianna Carrizales	(503) 947-5837	dianna.carrizales@state.or.us
Juried Assessment (JuriedAssessment)	Cathy Brown	(503) 947-5832	cathy.brown@state.or.us
REAL Assessment for Real Success (REALAssessment)	Susan Huggins	(503) 947-5824	susan.huggins@state.or.us
National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)	Elaine Hultengren	(503) 947-5836	elaine.hultengren@state.or.us

### **ADDITIONAL CONTACTS**

FOCUS AREA		PHONE	
*(Go Link www.ode.state.or.us/go/)	CONTACT	(503) 947-5600	E-MAIL
Alignment (Alignment)	Drew Hinds	(503) 947-5799	drew.hinds@state.or.us
Alternative Education (AlternativeEd)	Cliff Brush	(503) 947-5790	cliff.brush@state.or.us
Charter Schools NCLB (CharterSchools)	Margaret Bates	(503) 947-5615	margaret.bates@state.or.us
Certificate of Advanced Mastery (CAM)	Theresa Levy	(503) 947-5736	theresa.levy@state.or.us
Continuous Improvement Planning (CIP)	Cathryn Gardner	(503) 947-5622	cathryn.gardner@state.or.us
Child Development Specialists (CDS)	June Tremain	(503) 947-5809	june.tremain@state.or.us
Diploma (Diploma)	Cliff Brush	(503) 947-5790	cliff.brush@state.or.us
Expanded Options (ExpandedOptions)	Jim Schoelkopf	(503) 947-5697	jim.schoelkopf@state.or.us
Guidance and Counseling Programs (Counseling)	June Tremain	(503) 947-5809	june.tremain@state.or.us
High School/Community College Connections	Jim Schoelkopf	(503) 947-5697	jim.schoelkopf@state.or.us
High School Improvement (HighSchoolImprovement)	Theresa Levy	(503) 947-5736	theresa.levy@state.or.us
Homeless Education (HomelessEd)	Dona Bolt	(503) 947-5781	dona.bolt@state.or.us
Home School (HomeSchool)	Karyn Chambers	(503) 947-5773	karyn.chambers@state.or.us
Instructional Materials (Instructional Materials)	Sue Parton	(503) 947-5783	sue.parton@state.or.us
Migrant Education (MigrantEd)	Charlie Benitez	(503) 947-5805	charlie.benitez@state.or.us
Oregon Skill Sets (SkillSets)	Ron Dodge	(503) 947-5653	ron.dodge@state.or.us
Private Schools, K-12 (PrivateSchoolsK-12)	Karyn Chambers	(503) 947-5773	karyn.chambers@state.or.us
Professional Technical Education (PTE)	Jim Schoelkopf	(503) 947-5697	jim.schoelkopf@state.or.us
Proficiency-based Admission Standard System	Mark Endsley	(503) 725-5711	mark_endsley@ous.edu
Reading First (ReadingFirst)	Russ Sweet	(503) 947-5638	russ.sweet@state.or.us
Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL	L) Sarah Martin	(503) 947-5668	sarah.martin@state.or.us
Service Learning (ServiceLearning)	Pete Ready	(503) 947-5682	pete.ready@state.or.us
Subject Area Endorsements (SubjectAreaEndorsements)	) Margaret Bates	(503) 947-5615	margaret.bates@state.or.us
Talented and Gifted (TAG)	Andrea Morgan	(503) 947-5772	andrea.morgan@state.or.us
Teacher Quality (TeacherQuality)	Bev Pratt	(503) 947-5806	bev.pratt@state.or.us

### **Web Resources**

Oregon Department of Education www.ode.state.or.us

Oregon Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL)

www.ode.state.or.us/go/real

Oregon Virtual School District www.ode.state.or.us/go/ovsd

Oregon Skill Sets <u>www.state.or.us/go/skillsets</u>

U.S. Department of Education www.ed.gov

ChalkBoard Project
www.chalkboardproject.org

Confederation of Oregon School Administrators

www.cosa.k12.or.us

Healthy Kids Learn Better www.healthykidslearnbetter.org

Northwest Regional Educational Laboratory

www.nwrel.org

Oregon Association of Education Service Districts

www.open.k12.or.us/oaesd

Oregon Department of Community Colleges and Workforce Development

www.oregon.gov/ccwd

Oregon Distance Education www.oregonone.org

Oregon Education Association www.oregoned.org

Oregon Public Education Network <u>www.open.k12.or.us</u> <u>www.openc.k12.or.us</u>

Oregon School Boards Association

www.osba.org

Oregon School Library Information System www.oslis.k12.or.us

Oregon University System <u>www.ous.edu</u>

### **Navigating ODE Web**

### Tip #1: Use Categories

Use the Categories (Students, Parents, Teachers, or Administrators) on the ODE Web: www.ode.state.or.us

### Tip #2: Use Google to Search the ODE Web

Use Google to Search ODE Web: www.ode.state.or.us/search/ google.aspx

### \*Tip #3: Use ODE "Go" Links

Use ODE "Go" Links (Easy Links):

www.ode.state.or.us/go/

Example "Go" Link for REAL:

www.ode.state.or.us/go/real

### Tip #4: Search Standards

Use REAL Searchable Standards: www.ode.state.or.us/go/standards

### Tip #5: Use REAL

Use the Resources for Educational Achievement and Leadership (REAL):

www.ode.state.or.us/go/real

## SEND US YOUR COMMENTS

Please let us know how you use this newspaper and what we could change to better meet your needs.

Contact Drew Hinds at:

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### **EXTRA COPIES**

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### **Robin Filley**

(503) 947-5664 or robin.filley@state.or.us

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