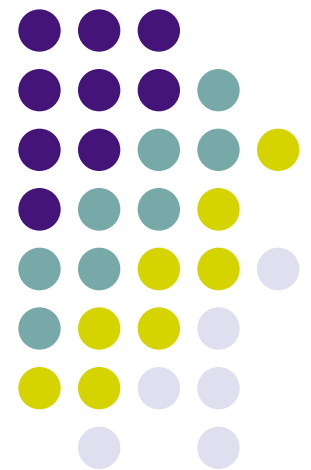


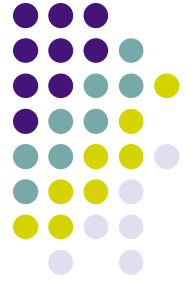
Belief Propagation on Markov Random Fields

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Brown University



Belief Propagation

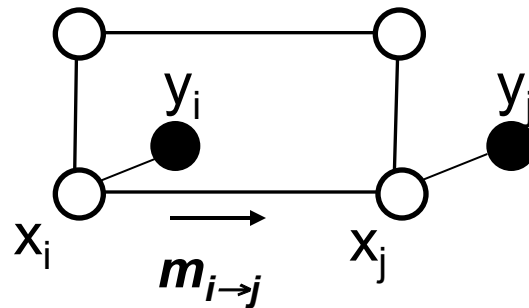


- Goal: compute marginal posteriors of latent nodes
- Algorithm:
 - Iterative
 - Message passing between latent nodes



Belief Propagation Algorithm

- 1) For each neighboring latent nodes x_i, x_j
- 2) Send message $m_{i \rightarrow j}$ from x_i to x_j

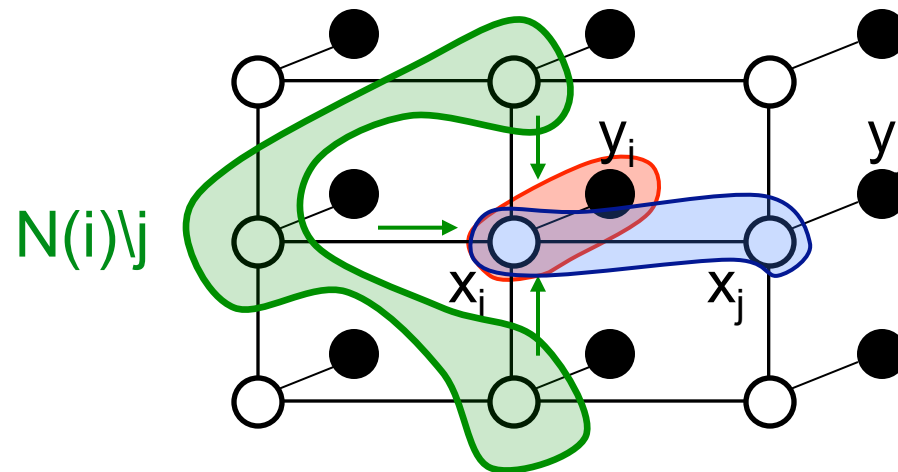


- 3) Update belief about marginal distribution at node x_j
- 4) Go to step 1, until convergence



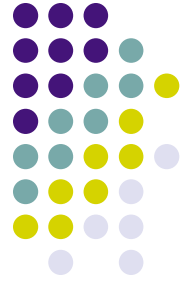
Step 2: Message Passing

- Message $m_{i \rightarrow j}$ from x_i to x_j



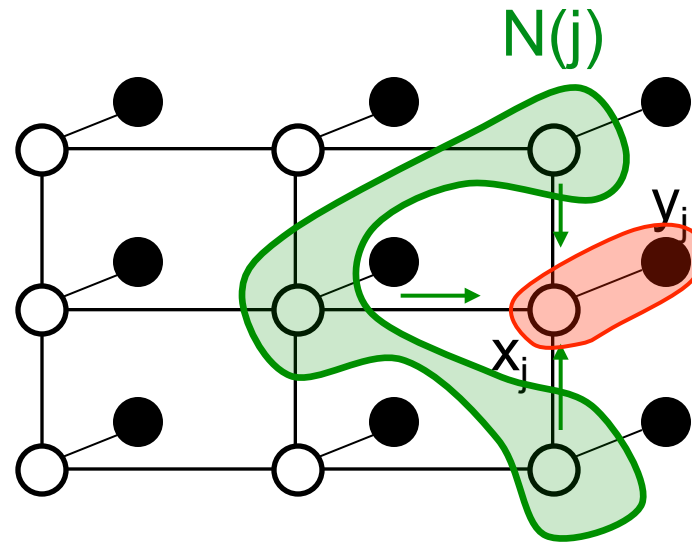
$$m_{i \rightarrow j}(x_j) = \sum_{(x_i)} \phi(x_i, y_i) \psi(x_i, x_j) \prod_{k \in N(i) \setminus j} m_{k \rightarrow i}(x_i)$$

- Messages initially uniformly distributed

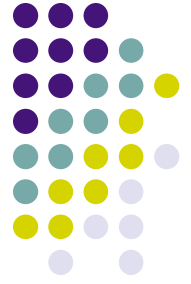


Step 3: Belief Update

- Belief $b(x_j)$:



$$b(x_j) = k \phi(x_j, y_j) \prod_{q \in N(j)} m_{q \rightarrow j}(x_j)$$



Example

- Compute belief at node 1.

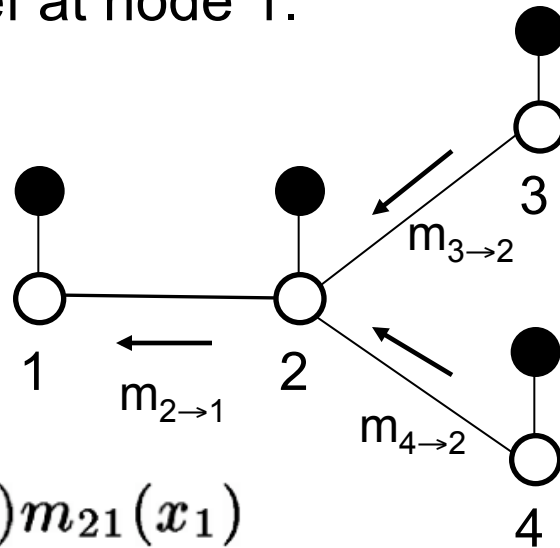


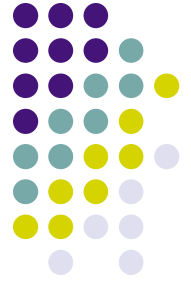
Fig. 12 (Yedidia et al.)

$$b_1(x_1) = k\phi_1(x_1)m_{21}(x_1)$$

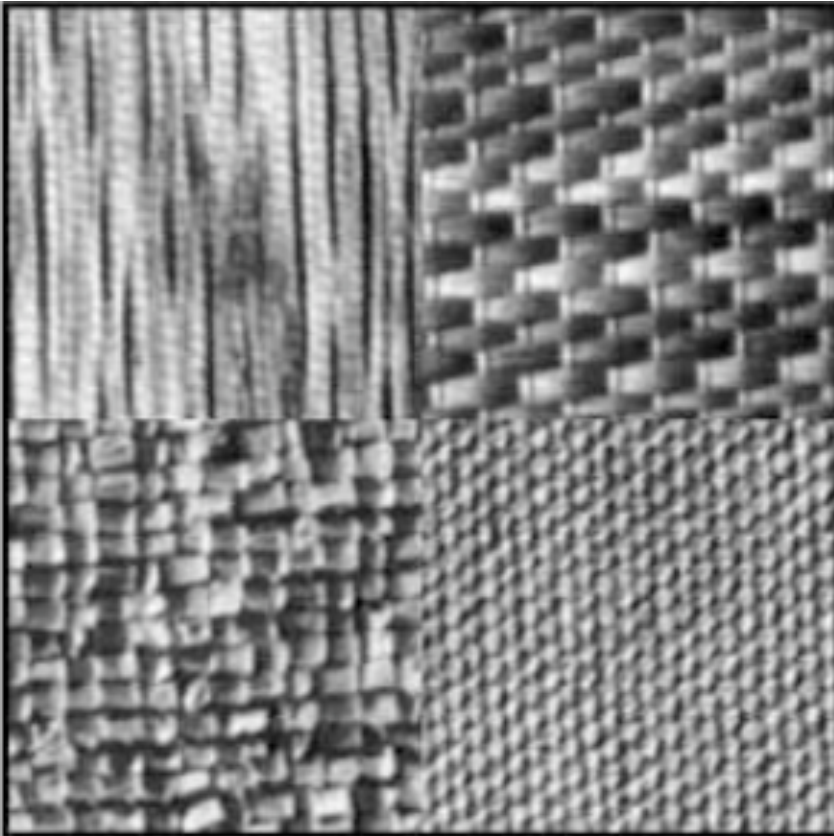
$$b_1(x_1) = k\phi_1(x_1) \sum_{x_2} \psi_{12}(x_1, x_2)\phi_2(x_2)m_{32}(x_2)m_{42}(x_2)$$

$$b_1(x_1) = k\phi_1(x_1) \sum_{x_2} \psi_{12}(x_1, x_2)\phi_2(x_2) \sum_{x_3} \phi_3(x_3)\psi_{23}(x_2, x_3) \sum_{x_4} \phi_4(x_4)\psi_{24}(x_2, x_4)$$

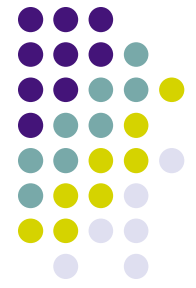
MRF-based Image Segmentation



$$\beta = 1$$



MRF-based Image Segmentation



$$\beta = 1$$

