

1. Given the binary equation:

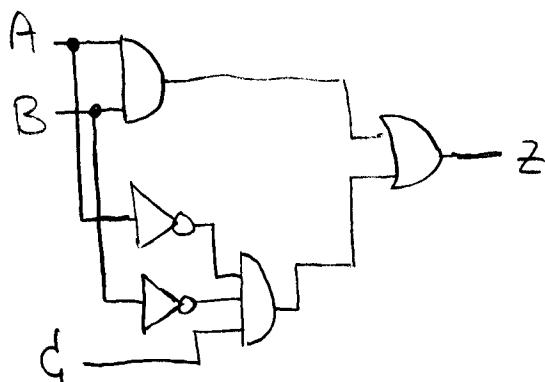
$$A\bar{B}C + \bar{A}BC + ABC = Z$$

- (a) Draw the schematic for the equation with  $A, B+C$  as the only inputs. Use only 2-input AND or OR gates and inverters. This is a non-minimal circuit.
- (b) Draw the truth table for the equation.
- (c) Reduce the equation with a K-MAP, and implement the circuit with gates again. This will be the minimal implementation.

2. Do the same steps as in #1 for the equation:

$$AB + BC + CA + B\bar{C} + \bar{A}B = Z$$

~ Write the Boolean equation for the following circuit. Is it minimal? If not, minimize.



4. Using K-maps, minimize the following equations:

- a)  $F = ABC + BD\bar{A} + AC + DCA + BAD + B\bar{A}C + BC\bar{A}D$
- b)  $G = A\bar{O} + A\bar{C} + \bar{A}CD$

5. You have been asked to design a digital system to detect even and odd numbers. The input is a 4-bit binary number and the output must drive the following liquid crystal display. If the input is an even number (zero is even) then segments 1, 2, 4 and 5 must be asserted to display the letter "E". If the input is an odd number, segments 1, 2, 3 and 5 must be asserted to display the letter "O".

| <u>binary input</u> | <u>decimal input</u> | <u>E or O</u> | <u>SEGMENTS</u> |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 0000                | 0                    | E             |                 |
| 0001                | 1                    | O             |                 |
| 0010                | 2                    | E             |                 |
| 0011                | 3                    | O             |                 |
| 0100                | 4                    | E             |                 |
| 0101                | 5                    | O             |                 |
| 0110                | 6                    | E             |                 |
| 0111                | 7                    | O             |                 |
| 1000                | 8                    | E             |                 |
| .                   | .                    | .             |                 |
| 1111                | 15                   | O             |                 |

|   |          |          |
|---|----------|----------|
| 1 | <u>2</u> |          |
|   | <u>4</u> | <u>3</u> |
|   | <u>5</u> |          |

6. Show how to make a 2 input "OR" gate from 2 input NAND gates.
7. Show how to make an inverter from a 2 input XOR gate.