

Finals : Tue 06/09/2020  
12:00 - 2:00pm

Ans 1 (a)

$$\lambda = 0.1 \quad @ \quad f = 3 \text{ GHz}$$

$$\beta = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = 62.8$$

$$Z_{-SC} = -j Z_0 \tan(\beta l) = -j 36 \Omega$$

$$Z_{-OC} = -j Z_0 \cot(\beta l) = -j 68.8 \Omega.$$

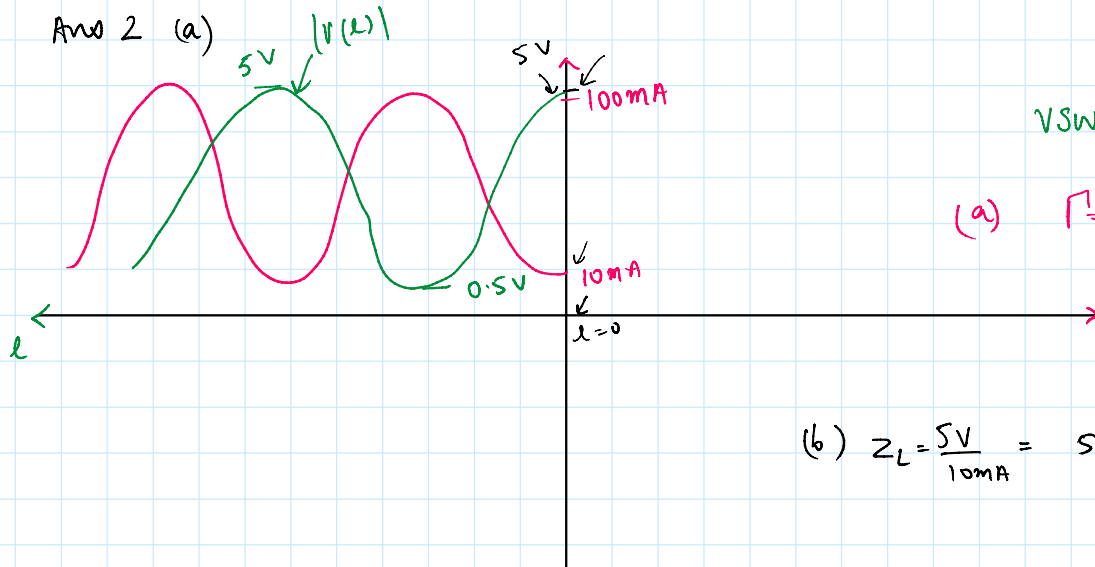
(b)

$$\lambda = 0.03 \quad @ \quad f = 10 \text{ GHz}$$

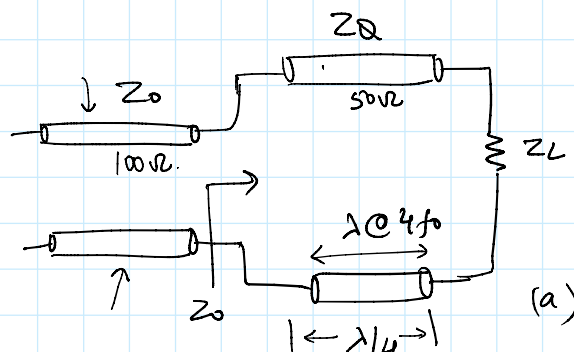
$$\beta = 209.4$$

$$Z_{-SC} = -j 86.6$$

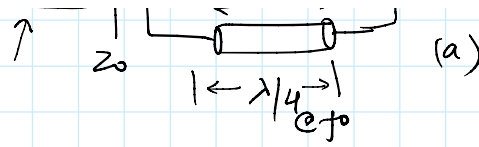
$$Z_{-OC} = j 28.86.$$



Ans 3



@  $f_0$   
 $Z_0^2 = Z_0 Z_L$

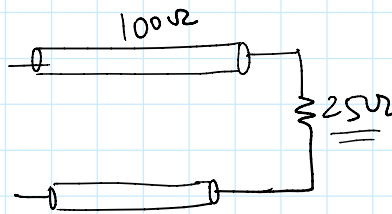


$$Z_0^2 = Z_0 Z_L$$

$$50^2 = 100 \cdot Z_L$$

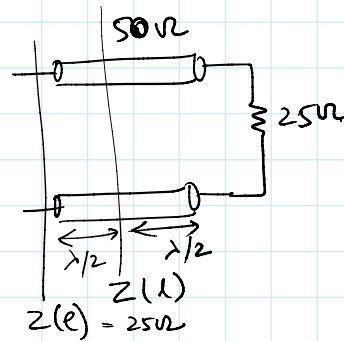
$$Z_L = 25 \Omega$$

(b) @  $4f_0$



$$\Gamma = -0.6$$

$$V_{SWR} = 4$$

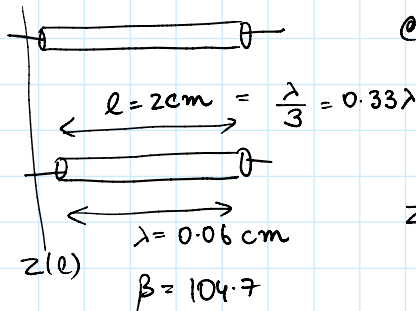


Ans 4 (a)

Electrical length =  $\lambda/4$

(Z<sub>L</sub>) Load is an open circuit

(b)

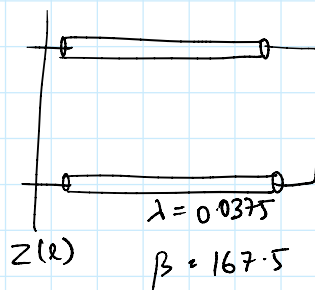


@  $f = 5 \text{ GHz}$

$$Z(e) = j28.86 \Omega$$

$$Z_{oc} = -jZ_0 \cot(\beta l)$$

(c)



@  $8 \text{ GHz}$

$Z(\lambda)$

$$\lambda = 0.4573$$

$$\beta = 167.5$$

$$Z(\lambda) = j10.6 \Omega$$

Real Part:

$$r = \frac{(1+u)(1-u) - v^2}{(1-u)^2 + v^2}$$

↓ Rearrange.

$$u^2 - 2\left(\frac{r}{1+r}\right)u + v^2 + \frac{r-1}{r+1} = 0$$

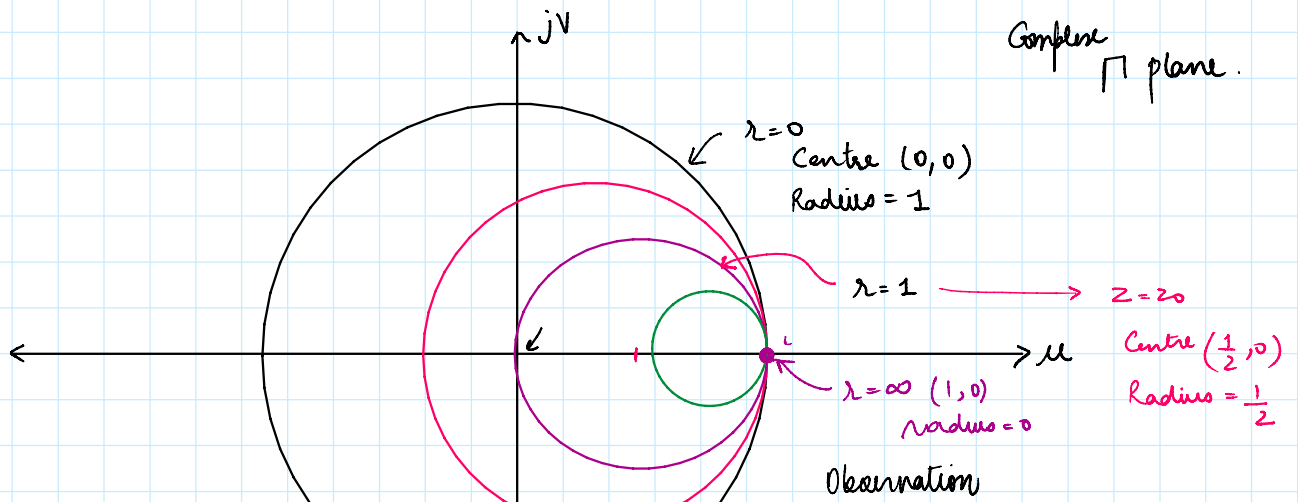
Equation of circle

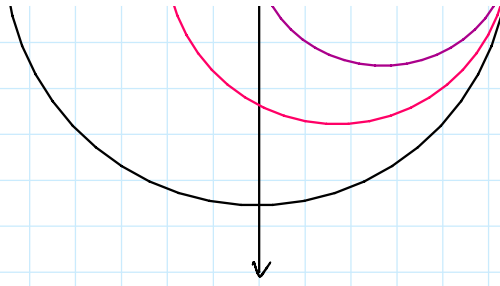
Centre:  $\left(\frac{r}{r+1}, 0\right)$

Radius =  $\frac{1}{r+1}$

} Constant resistance circle.

Locus of all resistance points for a given value of  $r$ .





radius = 0

2

Observation

1. As  $r \uparrow$ , centre shifts to right, radius reduces