

1

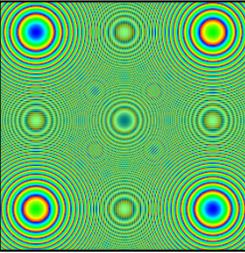
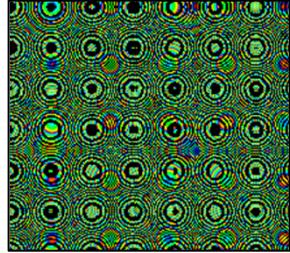
## Algorithmic Art



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algart.pptx      mjb – December 17, 2020

1

2

```
algart.glib
##OpenGL GLIB
Ortho -1. 1. -1. 1.
LookAt 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0

Vertex algart.vert
Fragment algart.frag
Program AlgArt
    uScreen <true>
    uColor {0. 0. 0. 1.}
    uMod <1 2 8>
    uSide <.1 1. 3.>

QuadXY .2 2.
```

```
algart.vert
#version 330 compatibility

out float vX, vY;
out vec2 vST;

void main( )
{
    vST = gl_MultiTexCoord0.st;
    vX = gl_Vertex.x;
    vY = gl_Vertex.y;
    gl_Position = gl_ModelViewProjectionMatrix * gl_Vertex;
```

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```

algart.frag

#version 330 compatibility
uniform bool uScreen;
uniform vec4 uColor;
uniform int uMod;
uniform float uSide;
in vec2 vX, vY;
in vec2 vST;

vec3
Rainbow( float t )
{
    ...
}

void
main( )
{
    vec2 xy;
    if( uScreen )
        xy = uSide * gl_FragCoord.xy;
    else
        xy = 200. * uSide * vST;

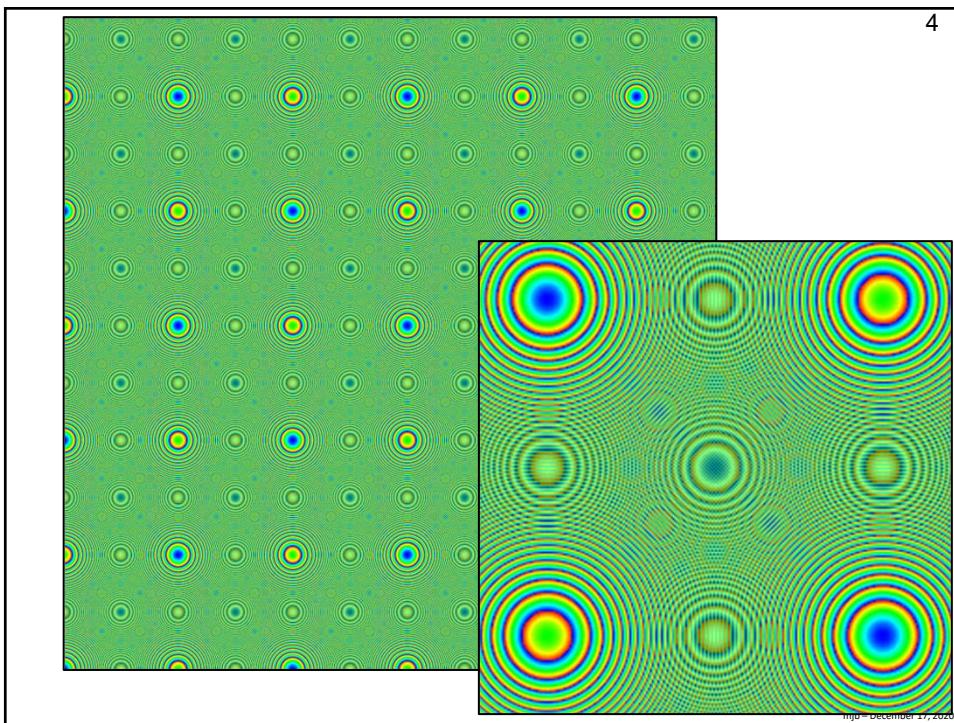
    float z = dot( xy, xy );      // z = x^2 + y^2
    int c = int( z );
    if( ( c % uMod ) != 0 )
    {
        //discard;
        gl_FragColor = vec4( uColor.rgb, 1. );
    }
    else
    {
        float t = float( c % 360 ) / 359.;
        vec3 rgb = Rainbow( t );
        gl_FragColor = vec4( rgb, 1. );
    }
}

```

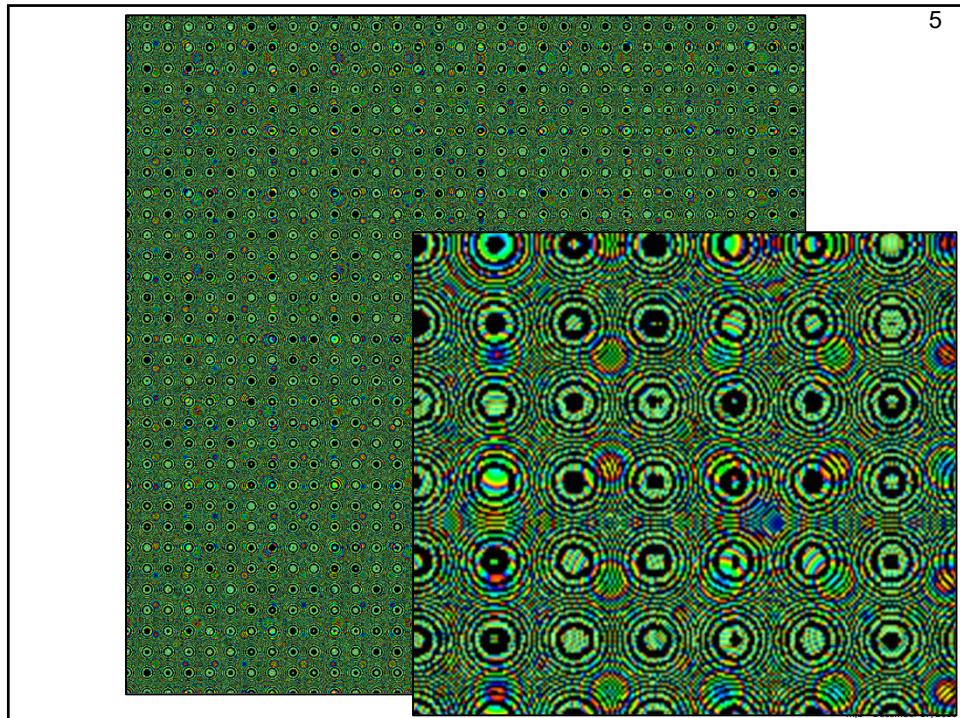
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3

This method is known as **Connett Circles**



4



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