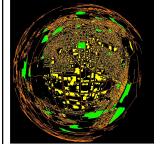




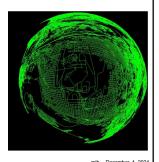
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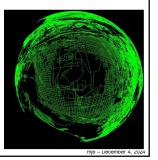


2

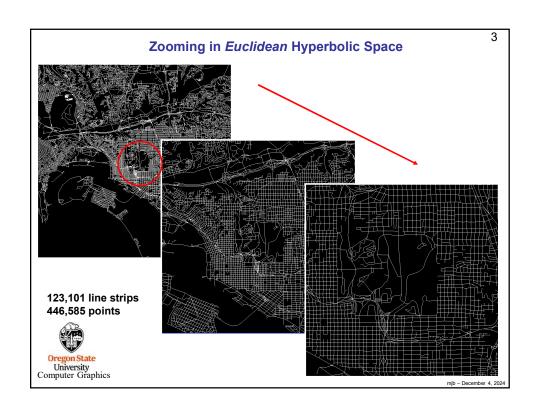
Zooming and Panning Around a Complex 2D Display

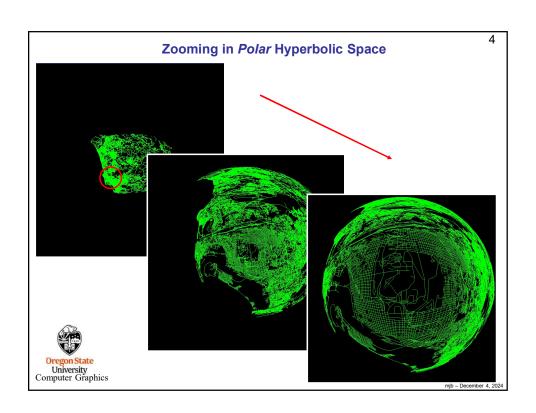
- Standard (Euclidean) geometry zooming forces much of the information off the screen
- This eliminates the context from the zoomed-in display
- This problem can be solved with hyperbolic methods if we are willing to give up Euclidean geometry
- At one time, this would have also meant severely giving up graphics performance, but not now (thanks to shaders)

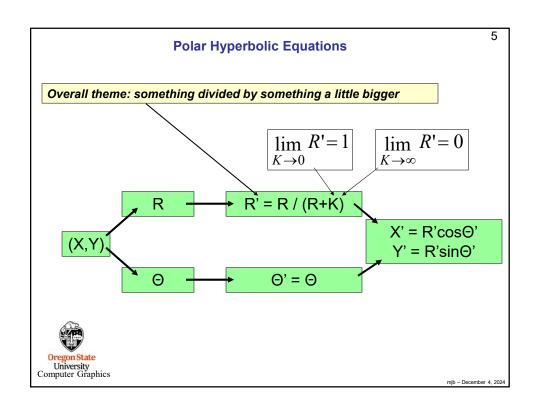


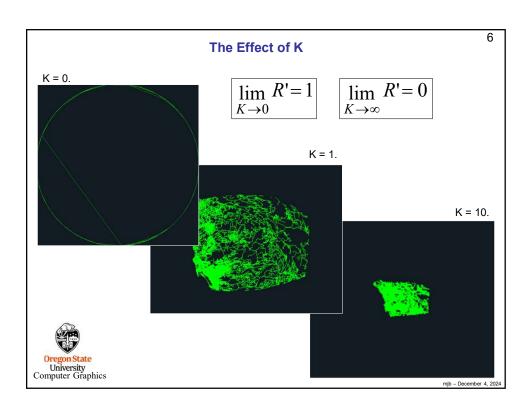


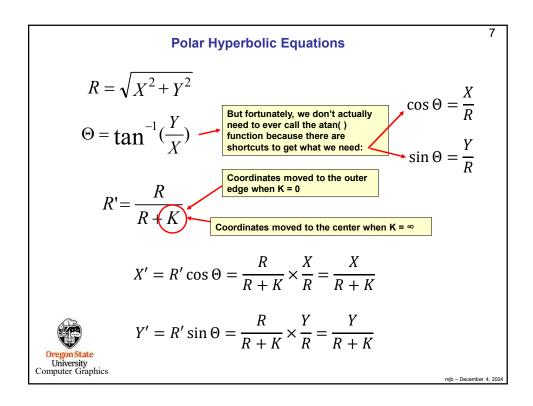


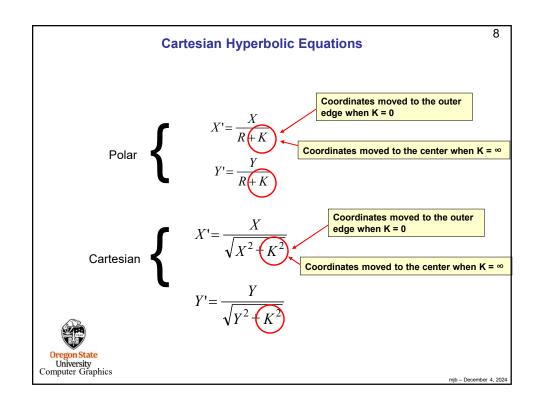


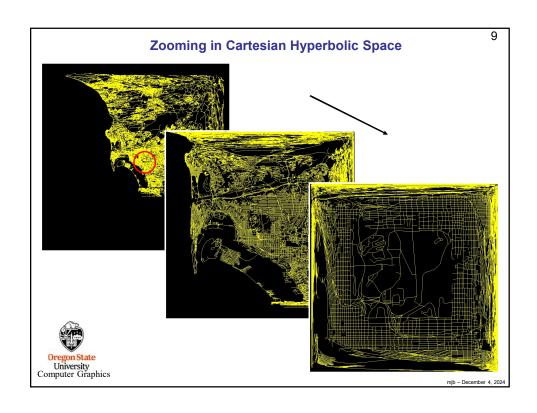












```
10
                                         hyper.vert
            #version 330 compatibility
            uniform bool
                                 uPolar;
                                 uK;
            uniform float
            uniform float
                                 uTransX;
            uniform float
                                 uTransY;
                                 vColor;
            out vec3
            void
            main()
                 vColor = gl_Color.rgb;
                 vec2 pos = ( gl_ModelViewMatrix * gl_Vertex().xy;
pos += vec2( uTransX, uTransY );
                 float r = length( pos );
                 vec4 pos2 = vec4( 0., 0., -5., 1. );
                 if( uPolar )
                       pos2.xy = pos/(r + uK);
                       pos2.xy = pos / (pos*pos + uK*uK);
                  gl_Position = gl_ProjectionMatrix * pos2;
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```

```
#version 330 compatibility
in vec3 vColor;

void
main()
{
    gl_FragColor = vec4( vColor, 1. );
}

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```

