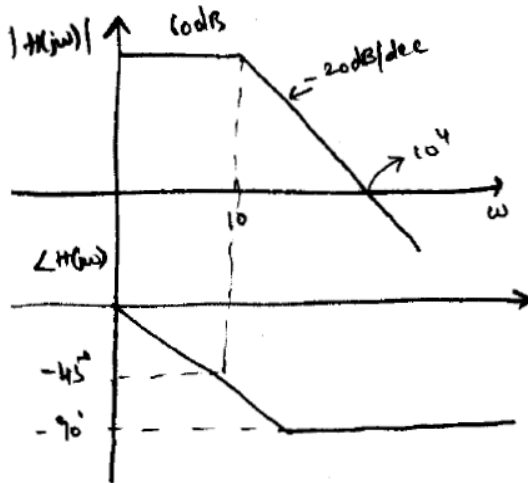


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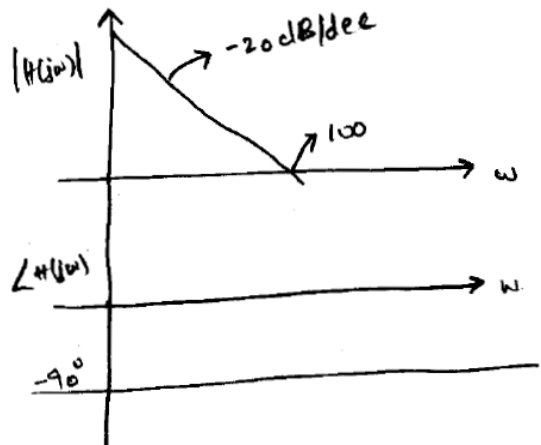
Homework 4

1. Sketch the magnitude and phase response of the following transfer functions.

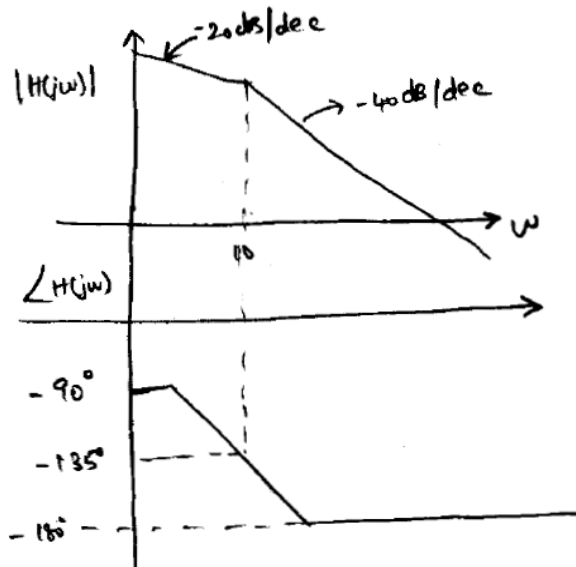
(a) $H(s) = \frac{1000}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{10}\right)}$



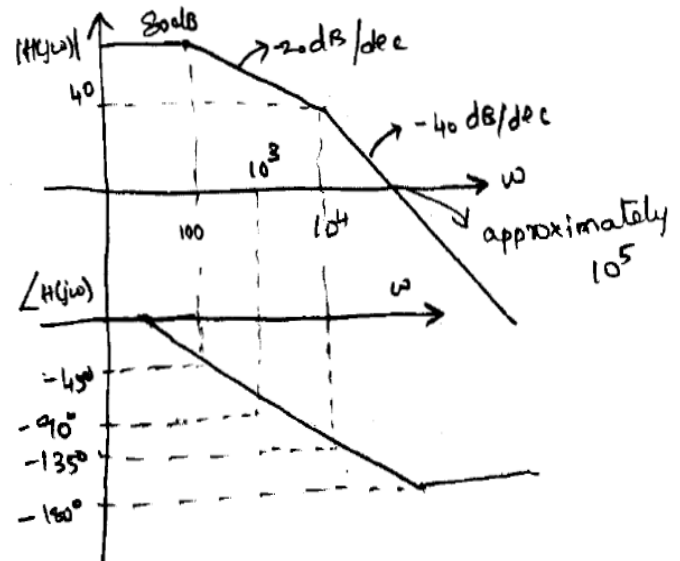
(b) $H(s) = \frac{100}{s}$



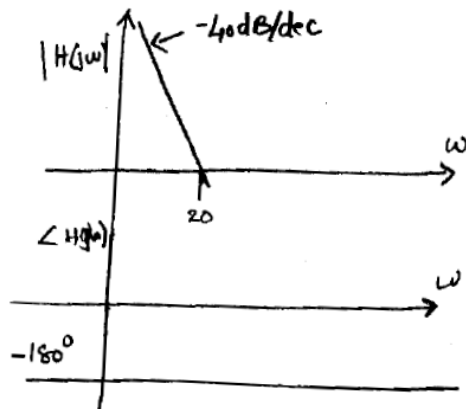
(c) $H(s) = \frac{10000}{s(s+10)}$



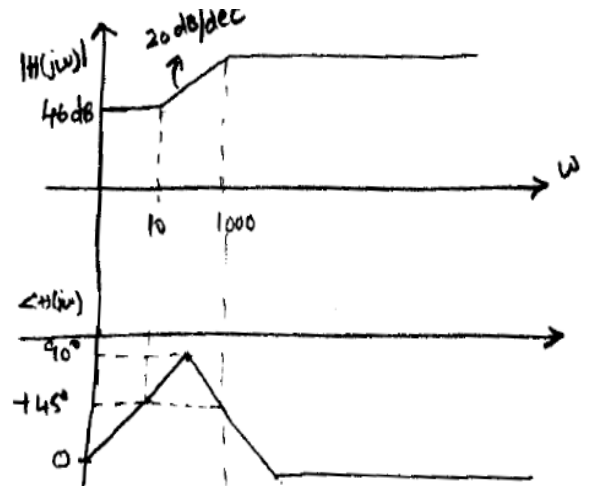
(d) $H(s) = \frac{10000}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{100}\right)\left(1 + \frac{s}{10^4}\right)}$



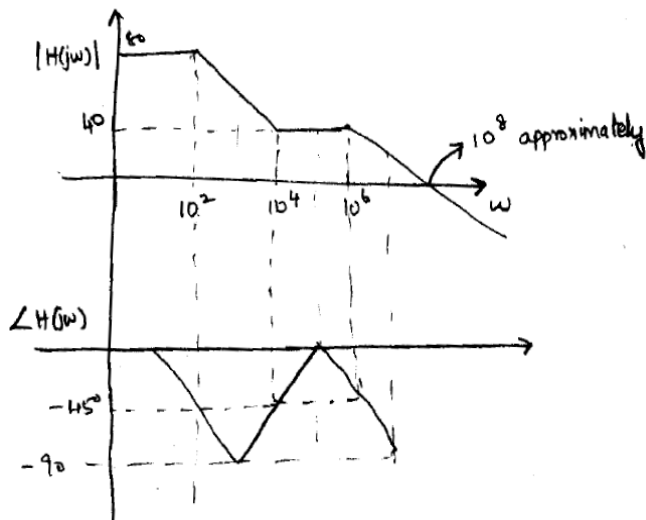
(e) $H(s) = \frac{400}{s^2}$



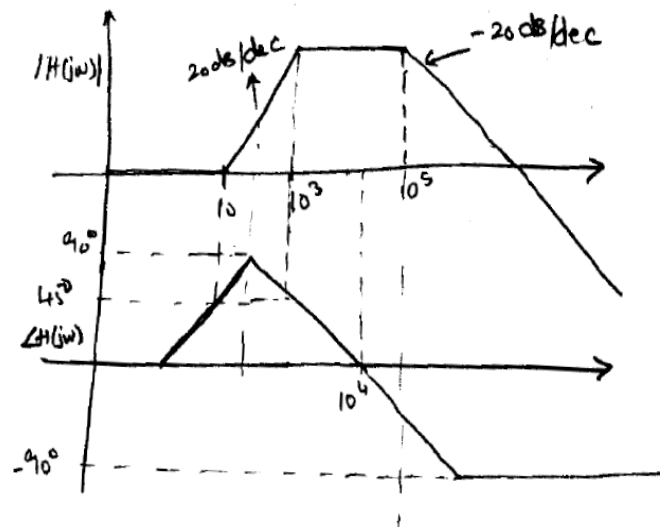
(f) $H(s) = \frac{200 \left(1 + \frac{s}{10}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{10^3}\right)}$



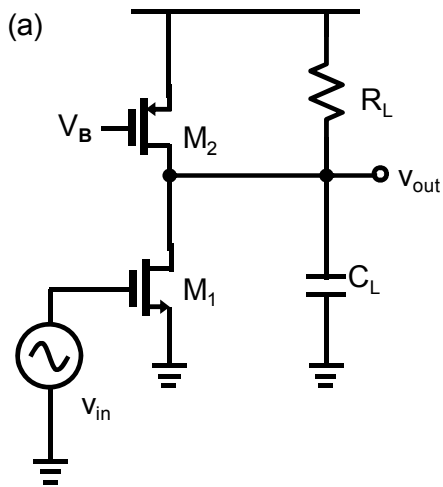
(g) $H(s) = \frac{10^4 \left(1 + \frac{s}{10^4}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{100}\right) \left(1 + \frac{s}{10^6}\right)}$



(h) $H(s) = \frac{\left(1 + \frac{s}{10}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{10^3}\right) \left(1 + \frac{s}{10^5}\right)}$



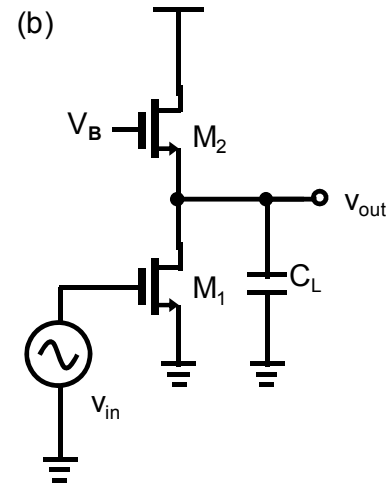
2. Find the input to output transfer function $H(s)$. In other words, find the low frequency small signal gain and poles. Ignore all intrinsic capacitances. Assume $r_o = \infty$.



$$\text{Gain} = -g_{m1} R_L$$

$$\omega_p = \frac{1}{C_L \cdot R_L}$$

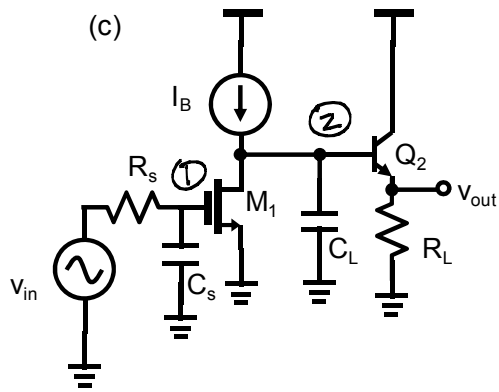
$$H(s) = \frac{\text{Gain}}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_p}}$$



$$\text{Gain} = -g_{m1} \cdot \frac{1}{g_{m2}}$$

$$\omega_p = \frac{1}{C_L \cdot \frac{1}{g_{m2}}}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{\text{Gain}}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_p}}$$

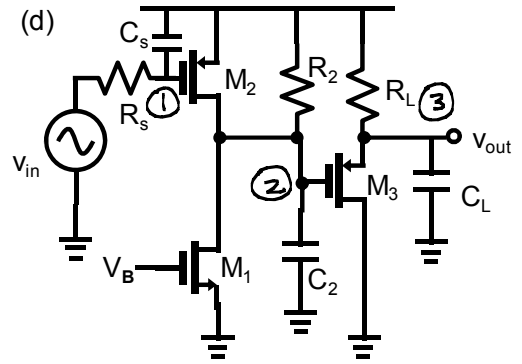


$$\text{Gain} = -g_{m1} \cdot \left[r_{\pi 2} + R_L (1 + \beta) \right] \cdot \frac{R_L}{\frac{r_{\pi 2}}{1 + \beta} + R_L}$$

$$\omega_1 = \frac{1}{C_s \cdot R_s}$$

$$\omega_2 = \frac{1}{C_L \cdot \left[r_{\pi 2} + R_L (1 + \beta) \right]}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{\text{Gain}}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{\omega_1}\right) \left(1 + \frac{s}{\omega_2}\right)}$$



$$\text{Gain} = -g_{m2} R_2 \cdot \frac{R_L}{\frac{1}{g_{m3}} + R_L}$$

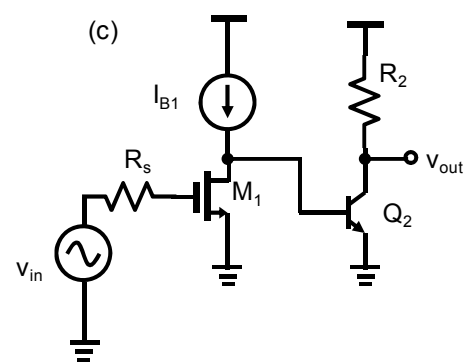
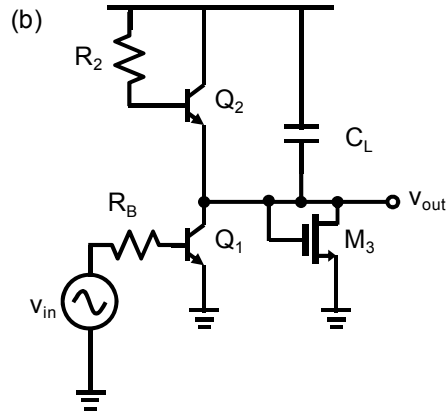
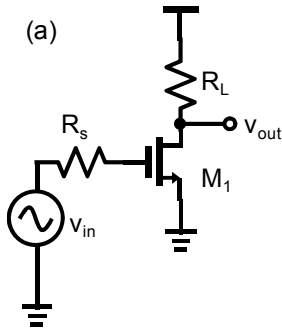
$$\omega_1 = \frac{1}{C_s \cdot R_s}$$

$$\omega_2 = \frac{1}{C_2 \cdot R_2}$$

$$\omega_3 = \frac{1}{C_L \cdot \left(R_L \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m3}} \right)}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{\text{Gain}}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{\omega_1}\right) \left(1 + \frac{s}{\omega_2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{s}{\omega_3}\right)}$$

3. Find the approximate -3dB bandwidth (corner frequency) for each of the following circuits using zero-value time constant analysis. Include intrinsic capacitances and assume $r_o = \infty$.



(a)

$$\omega_{3dB} = \frac{1}{C_{gs} \cdot R_s + C_{gd} \cdot "R_{gd}"}$$

$$"R_{gd}" = R_s (1 + g_m R_L) + R_L$$

(b)

$$\omega_{3dB} = \frac{1}{C_{\pi 1} "R_{\pi 1}" + C_{\mu 1} "R_{\mu 1}" + C_{\pi 2} "R_{\pi 2}" + C_{\mu 2} "R_{\mu 2}" + (C_{gs3} + C_L) R_{out}}$$

$$"R_{\pi 1}" = R_B \parallel r_{\pi 1}$$

$$"R_{\mu 1}" = (R_B \parallel r_{\pi 1}) (1 + g_{m1} R_{out}) + R_{out}$$

$$"R_{\pi 2}" = \frac{R_2 + \frac{1}{g_{m3}}}{1 + g_{m2} \frac{1}{g_{m3}}} \parallel r_{\pi 2}$$

$$"R_{\mu 2}" = R_2 \parallel \left[r_{\pi 1} + \frac{1}{g_{m3}} (1 + \beta_2) \right]$$

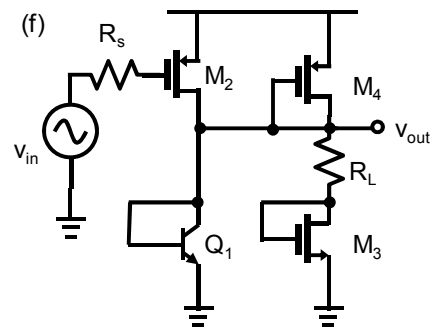
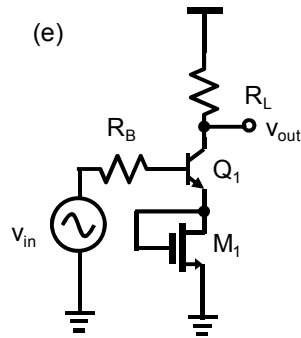
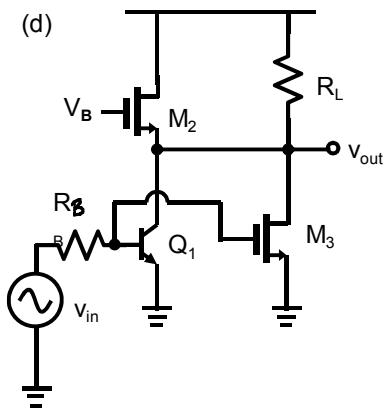
$$R_{out} = \frac{1}{g_{m3}} \parallel \frac{R_2 + r_{\pi 2}}{1 + \beta_2}$$

(c)

$$\omega_{3dB} = \frac{1}{C_{gs1} R_s + C_{gd1} "R_{gd1}" + C_{\pi 2} r_{\pi 2} + C_{\mu 2} "R_{\mu 2}"}$$

$$"R_{gd1}" = R_s (1 + g_{m1} r_{\pi 2}) + r_{\pi 2}$$

$$"R_{\mu 2}" = r_{\pi 2} (1 + g_{m2} R_2) + R_2$$



(d)

$$\omega_{3db} = \frac{1}{(C_{\pi 1} + C_{gs3}) "R_{\pi 1}" + (C_{\mu 1} + C_{gd3}) "R_{\mu 1}" + C_{gs2} \cdot R_{out}}$$

$$"R_{\pi 1}" = R_B \parallel r_{\pi 1}$$

$$"R_{\mu 1}" = (R_S \parallel r_{\pi 1}) (1 + [g_{m1} + g_{m3}] R_{out}) + R_{out}$$

$$R_{out} = \frac{1}{g_{m2}} \parallel R_L$$

(e)

$$\omega_{3db} = \frac{1}{C_{\pi 1} "R_{\pi 1}" + g_{m1} "R_{\mu 1}" + C_{gs1} \cdot "R_E"}$$

$$"R_{\pi 1}" = \frac{R_B + \frac{1}{g_{m1}}}{1 + g_{m1} \cdot \frac{1}{g_{m1}}} \parallel r_{\pi 1}$$

$$"R_{\mu 1}" = R_B \parallel \left[r_{\pi 1} + \frac{1}{g_{m1}} \cdot (1 + \beta) \right] \left(1 + \frac{r_{\pi 1} \cdot g_{m1} \cdot R_L}{r_{\pi 1} + (1 + \beta) \frac{1}{g_{m1}}} \right) + R_L$$

$$"R_E" = \frac{1}{g_{m1}} \parallel \frac{R_B + r_{\pi 1}}{1 + \beta}$$

(f)

$$\omega_{3db} = \frac{1}{(C_{\pi 1} + C_{gs4}) R_{out} + C_{gs3} "R_{gs3}" + C_{gs2} "R_{gs2}" + C_{gd2} "R_{gd2}"}$$

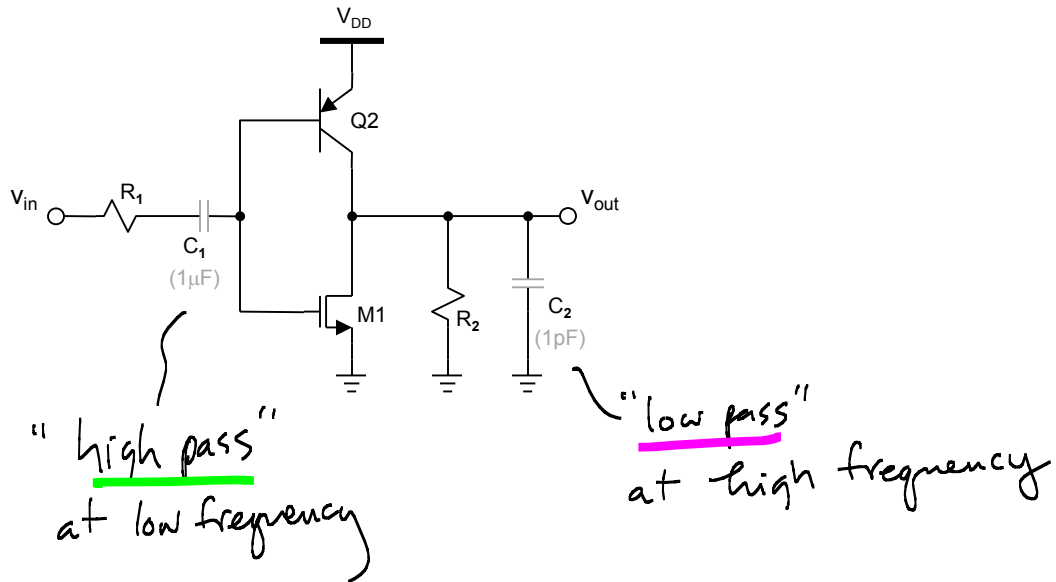
$$R_{out} = \frac{r_{\pi 1}}{1 + \beta} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m4}} \parallel \left[R_L + \frac{1}{g_{m3}} \right]$$

$$"R_{gs3}" = \frac{1}{g_{m3}} \parallel \left[R_L + \left(\frac{1}{g_{m4}} \parallel \frac{r_{\pi 1}}{1 + \beta} \right) \right]$$

$$"R_{gs2}" = R_S$$

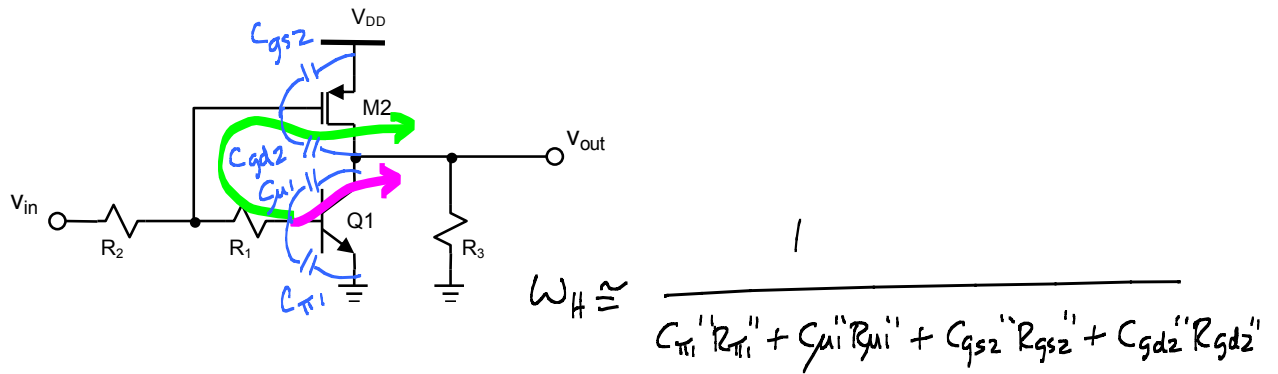
$$"R_{gd2}" = R_S (1 + g_{m2} R_{out}) + R_{out}$$

4. Find the input-to-output transfer function $H(s)$.



$$H(s) = \frac{-r_{\pi 2}}{R_1 + r_{\pi 2}} (g_{m1} + g_{m2}) R_2 \cdot \frac{s}{s + \frac{1}{C_1 \cdot [R_1 + r_{\pi 2}]}} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + s C_2 R_2}$$

5. Find the “upper 3dB frequency” ω_H (considering the intrinsic capacitances).



$$R_{\pi 1} = r_{\pi 1} \parallel (R_1 + R_2)$$

$$R_{m 1} = R_{\pi 1} \left(1 + \left(g_{m 1} + \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} g_{m 2} \right) R_3 \right) + R_3$$

$$R_{gs 2} = R_2 \parallel (R_1 + r_{\pi 1})$$

$$R_{gd 2} = R_{gs 2} \left(1 + \left(g_{m 2} + \frac{r_{\pi 1}}{R_1 + r_{\pi 1}} g_{m 1} \right) R_3 \right) + R_3$$