Worksheet 11/8/2023
An observation in a statistical study is statistically significant if it is unlikely to have occurred by chance.

An observation is statistically significant at the $\mathbf{0 . 0 5}$ (or $\mathbf{0 . 0 1}$ ) level if the likelihood of seeing the opposite is $5 \%$ (or $1 \%$, respectively).

Sample proportion $=$ the proportion of data in the sample that satisfies a certain property
Sampling distribution $=$ the distribution of the sample proportion
If the sample size (called $n$ ) is large, the sampling distribution is approximately a normal distribution, and the standard deviation is approximately $\frac{1}{2 \sqrt{n}}$.

Null hypothesis: population parameter = claimed value
Alternative hypothesis: population parameter $\neq$ claimed value
Hypothesis test: to reject the null hypothesis or to not reject it (thus, support the alternative hypothesis).

Find the margin of error and the $95 \%$ confidence interval for the following studies. Briefly interpret the $95 \%$ confidence interval.

1) A survey of 65,000 households by the U.S. Department of Labor reported an unemployment rate of $4.3 \%$.
2) A 2021 Pew Research Center poll found that $55 \%$ of the 5360 adults surveyed believe that the U.S. President should be elected by popular vote (rather than by using the Electoral College).
3) In a 2021 Morning Consult poll of 1993 registered voters, $57 \%$ of those responding supported (strongly or somewhat) President Biden's decision to rejoin the Paris Climate Agreement.

Consider the following claims related to statistical studies. State the null and alternative hypotheses for a hypothesis test. Describe the two possible outcomes of the test, using the context of the given situation.
4) The Superintendent claims that the median salary of a high school teacher in her school district is above the national median of $\$ 62,000$.
5) The state hydrologist claims that the total precipitation for the year just ended is less than the average of 27.5 inches recorded over the prior ten years.

For each of the following events, state whether you think the difference between what occurred and what you would expect by chance is statistically significant. Explain.
6) In 120 rolls of a standard six-sided die, you get 2 sixes.
7) A basketball player with a $89 \%$ free-throw percentage misses 20 free throws in a row.

