

Quiz 8
11/13/2023

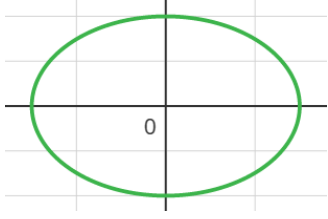
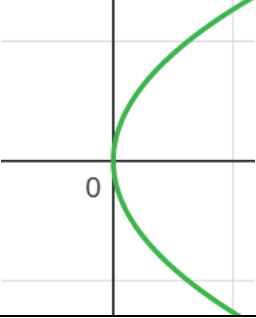
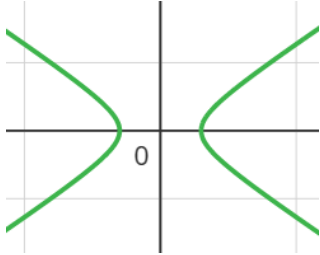
1. Identify the type of conic section whose equation in Cartesian coordinates is given by $x^2 - 2x = y^2$. Find the vertices, foci, eccentricity, directrix.

2. A conic section has an equation in polar coordinates as follows:

$$r = \frac{4}{5 - 4 \sin \theta}$$

Find the eccentricity, identify the conic, give an equation of the directrix, and sketch the conic.

Conic Section formulas

| | Ellipse | Parabola | Hyperbola |
|--|--|--|---|
| Cartesian equation | $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1 \quad (a \geq b)$ | $y^2 = 4px \quad (p > 0)$ | $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ |
| Shape |  |  |  |
| Vertex | $(\pm a, 0)$ | $(0, 0)$ | $(\pm a, 0)$ |
| Foci | $(\pm c, 0)$ where $c = \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}$ | $(p, 0)$ | $(\pm c, 0)$ where $c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ |
| Eccentricity | $e = \frac{c}{a}$ | $e = 1$ | $e = \frac{c}{a}$ |
| Directrices | $x = \pm d$ where $d = \frac{a^2}{c}$ | $x = -d$ where $d = p$ | $x = \pm d$ where $d = \frac{a^2}{c}$ |
| Polar equation (the pole being at one of the foci) | $r = \frac{ed}{1 \pm e \cos \theta}$ (d is the distance from the pole to the directrix) | | |