

Lecture 10

Thursday, April 20, 2023 1:47 AM

* Questions ...

Solve the inequality $\frac{150}{1+29e^{-0.8t}} \leq 130$

Let $x = e^{-0.8t}$

$$\frac{150}{1+29x} \leq 130 \Leftrightarrow \frac{15}{1+29x} \leq 13$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{15}{1+29x} - 13 \leq 0 \Leftrightarrow \frac{15 - 13(1+29x)}{1+29x} \leq 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{2 - 377x}{1+29x} \leq 0$$

x	$-\frac{1}{29}$	$\frac{2}{377}$		
$1+29x$	-	0	+	+
$2-377x$	+	0	-	-
$\frac{2-377x}{1+29x}$	-	0	+	-

$$x \in \left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{29}\right) \cup \left[\frac{2}{377}, \infty\right)$$

Because $x = e^{-0.8t} > 0$, we must have $x \in \left[\frac{2}{377}, \infty\right)$.

$$e^{-0.8t} \geq \frac{2}{377} \Leftrightarrow -0.8t \geq \ln \frac{2}{377}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow t \leq \frac{\ln \frac{2}{377}}{-0.8}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow t \in \left(-\infty, \underbrace{\frac{\ln \frac{2}{377}}{-0.8}}_{\approx 0.65...} \right]$$

Angles



Angle represents the openness between two rays.

There are two common systems of measurement of angles:

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{DMS: degree-minute-second (commonly used in real life)} \\ \text{radian: used in math} \end{array} \right.$

* Food for thought:

• Why are angles between 0° and 360° ? Why not between 0° and 100° ?

• Why is the fraction of angles measured in minute and second (just like time)?