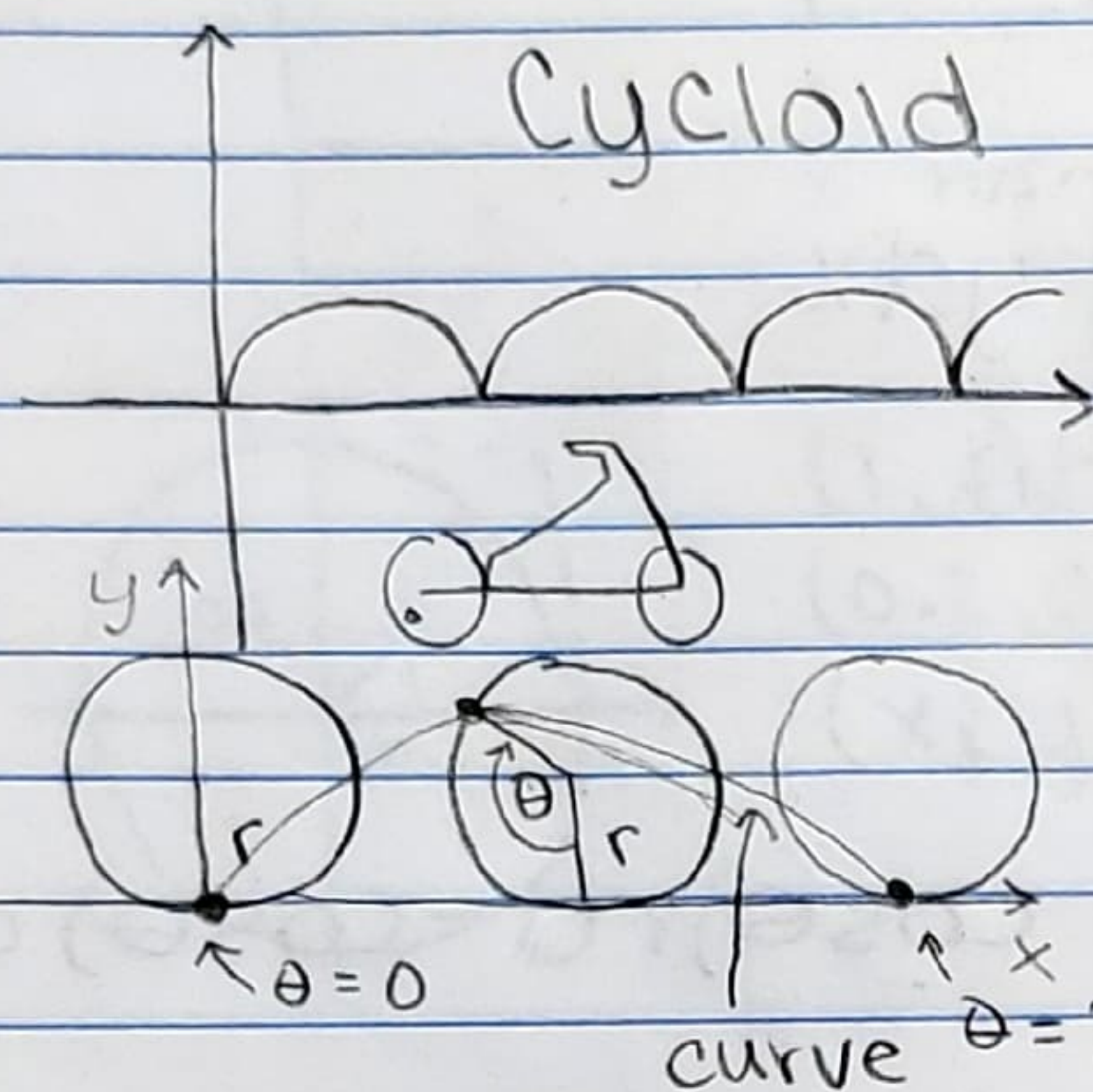


5/19/23

Find Area



$$\begin{cases} x = r(\theta - \sin\theta) \\ y = r(1 - \cos\theta) \end{cases}$$

* where r is the radius of the wheel

* θ is the angle that the wheel has rotated

(a) Find the length of the curve. $\theta \in [0, 2\pi]$

$$(r(\theta - \sin\theta))'{}^2 + (r(1 - \cos\theta))'{}^2$$

$$(r(1 - \cos\theta))^2 + (r \sin\theta)^2$$

$$r^2(1 - \cos\theta)^2 + r^2 \sin^2\theta$$

$$r^2(1 - 2\cos\theta) + \underbrace{r^2 \cos^2\theta + r^2 \sin^2\theta}$$

$$r^2(\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta) = r^2$$

$$r^2(1 - 2\cos\theta) + r^2 = r^2(2 - 2\cos\theta)$$

$$= 2r^2(1 - \cos\theta)$$

Double Angle Identity

$$1 - \cos\theta = 2\sin^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$$

$$= 2r^2\left(2\sin^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$u = \frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{1}{2}\theta$$

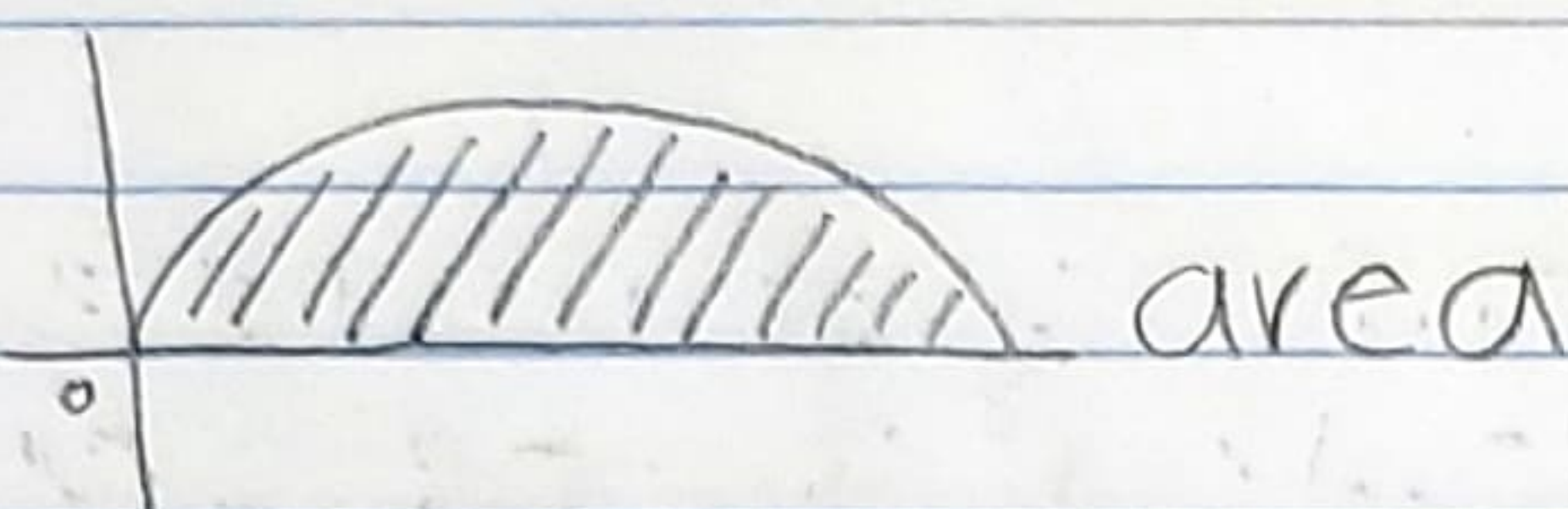
$$du = \frac{1}{2}d\theta$$

$$d\theta = 2du$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{2r^2(2\sin^2(\frac{\theta}{2}))} d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} 2r(\sin(\frac{\theta}{2})) d\theta$$

$$2r \int_0^{2\pi} \sin u (2du) = 4r \int_0^{\pi} \sin u = 4r(-\cos u) \Big|_0^{\pi}$$

$$4r(-\cos(\pi)) - 4r(-\cos(0)) = 4r + 4r = 8r$$



(b) find the area

$$y = y(x) \quad A = \int_0^{2\pi r} y dx$$

$$dx = x' d\theta = r(1 - \cos\theta) d\theta$$

x	0	2πr
θ	0	2π

$$A = \int_0^{2\pi} y x' d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} r(1 - \cos\theta) r(1 - \cos\theta) d\theta$$

$$r^2 \int_0^{2\pi} (1 - \cos\theta)^2 d\theta$$

$$(1 - \cos\theta)^2 = 1 - 2\cos\theta + \cos^2\theta$$

$$1 - 2\cos\theta + \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{2}$$