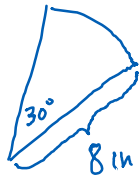


# Lecture 7

Friday, May 17, 2024

9:26 AM



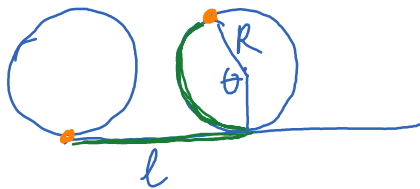
What is the area of this piece of pizza?

$$30^\circ = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) 8^2 = \frac{64\pi}{12} \approx \dots \text{ (in}^2\text{)}$$

Angular speed =  $\omega$  = number of radians in a unit of time

Linear speed = distance travelled in a unit of time



$$l = R\theta$$

Therefore,  $v = R\omega$   
↑ linear speed      ↑ angular speed

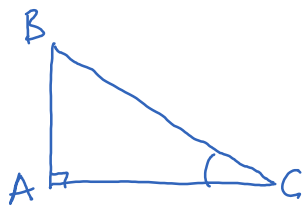
Ex A car is running. It is calculated that the wheel rotates two and a half rounds each second. What is the speed of the car?

$$\begin{aligned} 2.5 \text{ rounds} &= (2.5) 2\pi \text{ radians} \\ &= 5\pi \text{ radians} \end{aligned}$$

Suppose the radius of the wheel is 15 in. Then the (linear) speed of the car is  $v = 15(5\pi) = 75\pi$  (in/s)  $\approx 13$  miles/hour.

Trigonometry in right triangles

trigonometry  
triangle measure



$$\sin C = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}} = \frac{AB}{BC}$$

$$\cos C = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}} = \frac{AC}{BC}$$

$$\tan C = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}} = \frac{AB}{AC}$$

Notice:  $\sin C = \cos B$

$$\cot C = \tan B$$

$$\cos C = \sin B$$

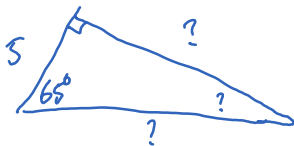
$$\sec C = \csc B$$

$$\tan C = \cot B$$

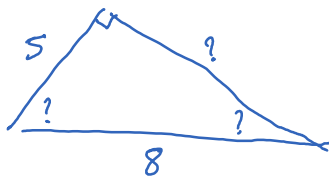
$$\csc C = \sec B$$

To solve a triangle is to find all the side lengths and the angles of that circle.

Ex

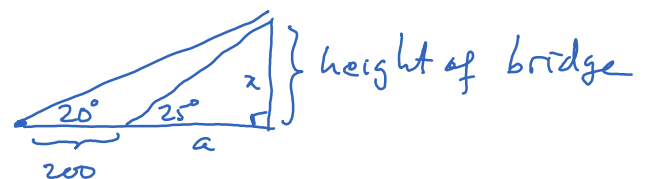


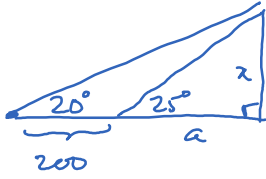
Ex



Ex

How to measure the height of a bridge?





$$\tan 20^\circ = \frac{x}{200+a}$$

$$\tan 25^\circ = \frac{x}{a}$$

$$\frac{\tan 20^\circ}{\tan 25^\circ} = \frac{a}{200+a}$$

$$\leadsto (200+a) \tan 20^\circ = a \tan 25^\circ$$

$$\leadsto a = \frac{200 \tan 20^\circ}{\tan 25^\circ - \tan 20^\circ} \approx 711$$

Then the height of the bridge is  $x = a \tan 25^\circ \approx 332$  (feet)