

## Lecture 28 (11/05/2021)

\* Prayer

\* Spiritual thought

\* Laplace transform of piecewise functions:

$$\boxed{\mathcal{L}\{u_c(t)f(t-c)\} = e^{-cs} \mathcal{L}\{f\}} \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{e^{-cs}F\} = u_c(t)f(t-c)$$

$$\underline{\text{Ex}}: \quad g(t) = u_1(t)t^2 + u_2(t)e^t = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } t < 1 \\ t^2 & \text{if } 1 < t < 2 \\ t^2 e^t & \text{if } t > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{g\} &= \mathcal{L}\{u_1(t)t^2\} + \mathcal{L}\{u_2(t)e^t\} \\ &= \mathcal{L}\{u_1(t)f_1(t-1)\} + \mathcal{L}\{u_2(t)f_2(t-2)\} \end{aligned}$$

$$f_1(t-1) = t^2 \rightsquigarrow f_1(t) = (t+1)^2$$

$$f_2(t-2) = e^t \rightsquigarrow f_2(t) = e^{t+2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{g\} &= e^{-s} \mathcal{L}\{f_1\} + e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{f_2\} = e^{-s} \mathcal{L}\{t^2 + t + 1\} + e^{-2s} e^2 \mathcal{L}\{e^t\} \\ &= e^{-s} \left( \frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s} \right) + e^{2-2s} \frac{1}{s-1} \\ &\approx \frac{e^{-s}(2 + s + s^2)}{s^3} + \frac{e^{2-2s}}{s-1} \end{aligned}$$

Ex Solve the initial value problem

$$\begin{cases} y'' + 2y' + 2y = f(t) \\ y(0) = y'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos t & \text{if } t < \pi \\ 0 & \text{if } t > \pi \end{cases}$$

Apply Laplace's transform on both sides:

$$\underbrace{\mathcal{L}\{y''\}}_{s^2 Y} + \underbrace{2\mathcal{L}\{y'\}}_{sY} + \underbrace{2\mathcal{L}\{y\}}_Y = \mathcal{L}\{f\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{f\} = \mathcal{L}\{\cos t - u_{\pi}(t)\cos t\} = \frac{s}{s^2+1} - \mathcal{L}\{u_{\pi}(t)\cos t\}$$

$$\cos t = f_1(t-\pi) \rightsquigarrow f_1(t) = \cos(t+\pi) = -\cos t$$

Thus,

$$\mathcal{L}\{f\} = \frac{s}{s^2+1} - e^{-\pi s} \mathcal{L}\{f_1\} = \frac{s}{s^2+1} + e^{-\pi s} \frac{s}{s^2+1}$$

$$\text{Then } Y = \frac{s}{(s^2+1)(s^2+2s+2)} + e^{-\pi s} \frac{s}{(s^2+1)(s^2+2s+2)}$$

Partial fractional decomposition:

$$\underbrace{\frac{s}{(s^2+1)(s^2+2s+2)}}_{Y_1(s)} = \frac{As+B}{s^2+1} + \frac{Cs+D}{s^2+2s+2} \quad \left( A = \frac{1}{5}, B = \frac{2}{5}, C = -\frac{1}{5}, D = \frac{4}{5} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y_1\} &= A \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{s^2+1}\right\} + B \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2+1}\right\} + C \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2+1}\right\} + (D-C) \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s+1)^2+1}\right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \cos t + \frac{2}{5} \sin t - \frac{1}{5} e^{-t} \cos t - \frac{3}{5} e^{-t} \sin t = g(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y_1\} + \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{e^{-\pi s} Y_1\} = g(t) + u_{\pi}(t) g(t-\pi)$$