## Homework 3

Due 4/24/2020

1. Write the following complex numbers in either standard or polar form.
(a) $(1+i \sqrt{3})^{i+1}$
(b) $(-1)^{\sqrt{2}}$
(c) $(-1-i)^{1 / 4}$
(d) $\log \left(e^{i \frac{i 9}{4} \pi}\right)$
(e) $e^{i \sqrt{2}}$
2. Find all complex numbers satisfying the following equation. Write your results in either standard form or polar form.
(a) $e^{z}=-1$
(b) $2^{z}=4$
(c) $\sin z=1-2 i$
(d) $\cos z=1 / 2$
3. Decide if each of the following statements is true or false. If it is true, prove it. If it is false, give a counterexample.
(a) $\log (z)+\log (w)=\log (z w) \quad \forall z, w \in \mathbb{C}, z, w \neq 0$.
(b) $e^{\log z}=z \quad \forall z \in \mathbb{C}, z \neq 0$.
(c) $\sqrt{z^{2}-1}=\sqrt{z-1} \sqrt{z+1} \quad \forall z \in \mathbb{C}, z \neq \pm 1$.

Here the principal logarithm is used to compute square root: $\sqrt{w}=w^{1 / 2}=e^{1 / 2 \log w}$.
4. Determine all $z \in \mathbb{C}$ such that $z^{2}+1 \in \mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$. Here $\mathbb{R}_{\leq 0}$ denotes the negative real line. Hint: write $z=x+i y$ and then find the conditions on $x$ and $y$. There is also a geometric method solve this problem.
5. Before doing the following problem, please take a look at the supplemental material called "Mapping properties of the exponential function (continued)" posted on Canvas and course website. Make sure to include the Mathematica codes you use and some brief comments.
(a) Draw the image of the rectangle $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \times[-1,1]$ under $f(z)=\sin z$.
(b) Draw the images of some horizontal and vertical lines under $f$. Based on the picture, can you tell what the images of the line $x=-\frac{\pi}{2}$ and $x=\frac{\pi}{2}$ are?
(c) $f$ maps the vertical strip $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \times(-\infty, \infty)$ onto some region $\Omega$. What is $\Omega$ ? Is the map $f:\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \times(-\infty, \infty) \rightarrow \Omega$ a one-to-one mapping?
(d) $f$ maps the open vertical strip $\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \times(-\infty, \infty)$ onto some region $D$ ? What is $D$ ? Is the map $f:\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \times(-\infty, \infty) \rightarrow D$ a one-to-one mapping?

