1. An engineer is testing a leaky pipe and measuing the amount of water that is being drained from the pipe due to the leak. He starts his measurements at time $t=0$ hours and finds, for the next ten hours, that the total amount of leaked water at time $t$ is given by the equation

$$
f(t)=0.06 t^{2}+10 t
$$

where $f(t)$ is measured in milliliters.
1a. [8pts] At what rate (in milliliters / hour) is the pipe leaking at time $t=0$ ?

1 b . [8pts] At what rate is the pipe leaking at time $t=10$ ?
2. [10pts] Consider the curve described by the equation $x \cos y=x^{2}+y^{2}$. Use implicit differentiation to find an expression for $\frac{d y}{d x}$ in terms of $x$ and $y$. (You don't need to simply this expression, but you should have the equation solved for $d y / d x)$.
3. [15pts] An intersection between two roads is located 15 miles due west of a cell phone tower. At time $t=0$ a woman is driving north from the intersection at a constant rate of 40 miles per hour. At what rate is the distance between the woman and the cell phone tower increasing 30 minutes later?
4. [12pts] Find the absolute minimum and maximum values of the function $g(x)=12+4 x-x^{2}$ on the interval $[0,5]$.
5. Consider the graph below of the function $f(x)$. Answer the questions below the graph.


5a. [8pts] On what interval(s) is $f^{\prime}(x)>0$ ?

5b. [8pts] On what interval(s) is $f^{\prime \prime}(x)>0$ ?
6. [11pts] Suppose that $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are "inverse functions" which means that $f(g(x))=x$ for every value of $x$. Suppose that $f(x)$ is a function that is its own derivative. That is, $f^{\prime}(x)=f(x)$. Differentiate both sides of the equation $f(g(x))=x$ and use the result to find an expression for $g^{\prime}(x)$.
7. [20pts] Use curve sketching techniques to sketch a graph of the function $f(x)=2 \sqrt{x}-x$ as accurately as possible. Be sure to find all x-intercepts and y-intercepts as well as all local maxima or minima and inflection points. Also be sure to include end behavior as $x \rightarrow \infty$.

